```
In [1]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import librosa
import librosa.display
import IPython.display as ipd
```

Loading Audio Files

Root-mean-squared energy with Librosa

```
In [7]: FRAME_SIZE = 1024
HOP_LENGTH = 512
In [10]: rms_debussy = librosa.feature.rms(y=debussy, frame_length=FRAME_SIZE, hop_length=HOP_LENGTH)[0]
rms_redhot = librosa.feature.rms(y=redhot, frame_length=FRAME_SIZE, hop_length=HOP_LENGTH)[0]
rms_duke = librosa.feature.rms(y=duke, frame_length=FRAME_SIZE, hop_length=HOP_LENGTH)[0]
```

Visualise RMSE + waveform

```
In [11]: frames = range(len(rms_debussy))
    t = librosa.frames_to_time(frames, hop_length=HOP_LENGTH)

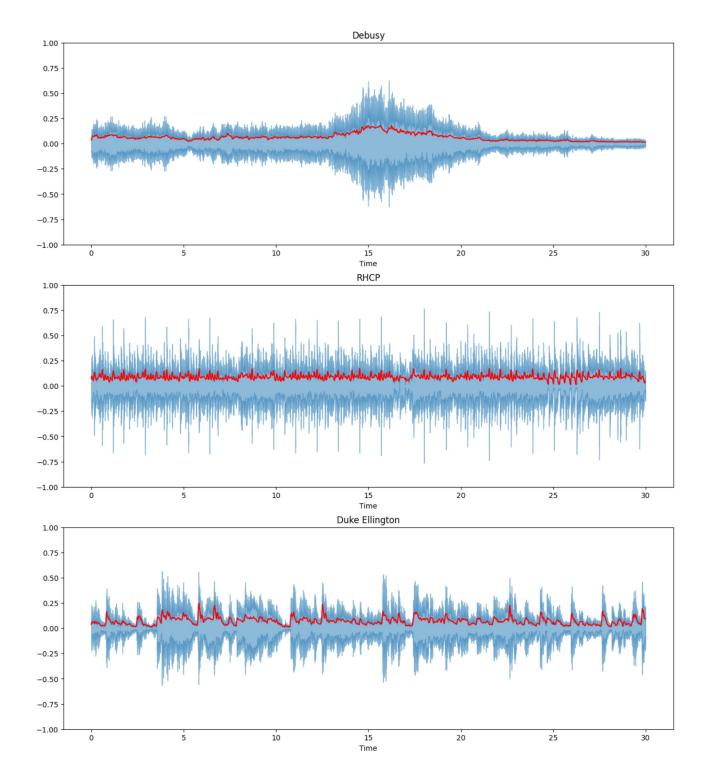
In [13]: # rms energy is graphed in red

plt.figure(figsize=(15, 17))

ax = plt.subplot(3, 1, 1)
    librosa.display.waveshow(debussy, alpha=0.5)
    plt.plot(t, rms_debussy, color="r")
    plt.ylim((-1, 1))
    plt.subplot(3, 1, 2)
    librosa.display.waveshow(redhot, alpha=0.5)
    plt.plot(t, rms_redhot, color="r")
    plt.ylim((-1, 1))
    plt.vilim((-1, 1))
    plt.vilim((-1, 1))
    plt.vilim((-1, 1))
    plt.vilim((-1, 1))
    plt.title("PHCP")

plt.subplot(3, 1, 3)
    librosa.display.waveshow(duke, alpha=0.5)
    plt.plot(t, rms_duke, color="r")
    plt.ylim((-1, 1))
    plt.ylim((-1, 1))
    plt.title("Duke Ellington")

plt.show()
```



RMSE from scratch

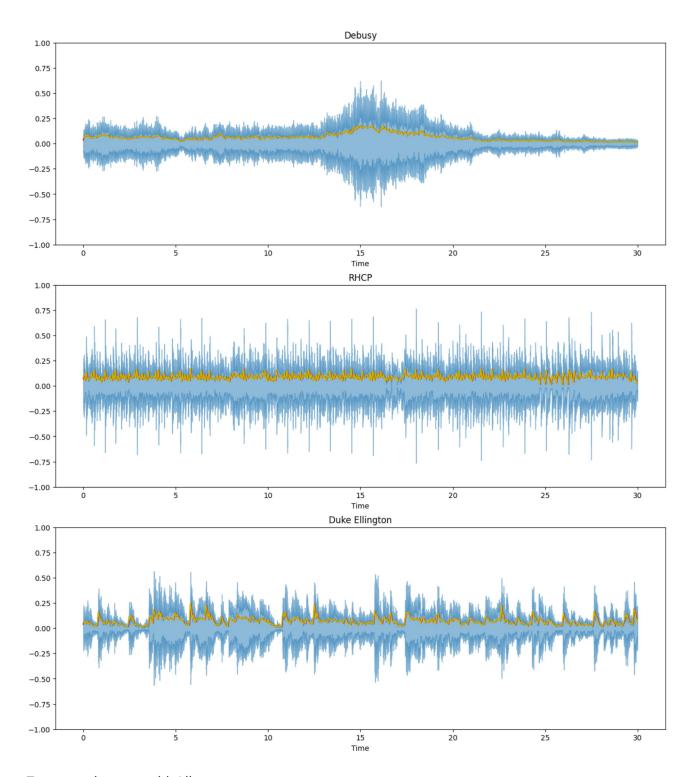
```
In [14]: def rmse(signal, frame_size, hop_length):
    rmse = []
    # calculate rmse for each frame
    for i in range(0, len(signal), hop_length):
        rmse_current_frame = np.sqrt(sum(signal[i:i+frame_size]**2) / frame_size)
        rmse.append(rmse_current_frame)
    return np.array(rmse)

In [15]: rms_debussy1 = rmse(debussy, FRAME_SIZE, HOP_LENGTH)
    rms_redhot1 = rmse(redhot, FRAME_SIZE, HOP_LENGTH)
    rms_duke1 = rmse(duke, FRAME_SIZE, HOP_LENGTH)
```

```
In [17]: plt.figure(figsize=(15, 17))
    ax = plt.subplot(3, 1, 1)
    librosa.display.waveshow(debussy, alpha=0.5)
    plt.plot(t, rms_debussy, color="r")
    plt.plot(t, rms_debussyl, color="y")
    plt.ylim((-1, 1))
    plt.title("Debusy")

plt.subplot(3, 1, 2)
    librosa.display.waveshow(redhot, alpha=0.5)
    plt.plot(t, rms_redhot, color="r")
    plt.plot(t, rms_redhot, color="r")
    plt.ylim((-1, 1))
    plt.title("RHCP")

plt.subplot(3, 1, 3)
    librosa.display.waveshow(duke, alpha=0.5)
    plt.plot(t, rms_duke, color="r")
    plt.subplot(3, 1, 3)
    librosa.display.waveshow(duke, alpha=0.5)
    plt.plot(t, rms_duke, color="r")
    plt.plot(t, tms_duke, tms_duke,
```



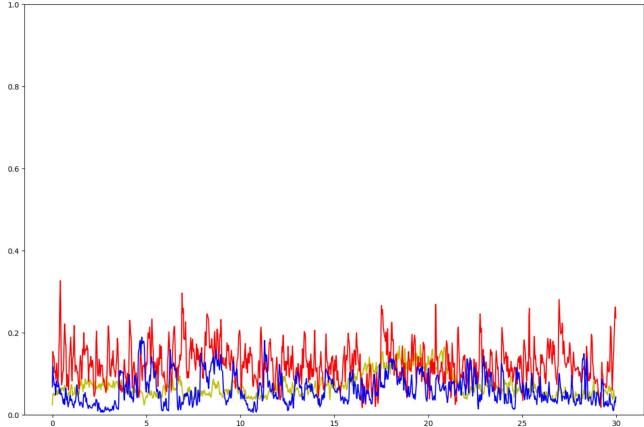
Zero-crossing rate with Librosa

```
In [18]: zcr_debussy = librosa.feature.zero_crossing_rate(debussy, frame_length=FRAME_SIZE, hop_length=HOP_LENGTH)[0]
zcr_redhot = librosa.feature.zero_crossing_rate(redhot, frame_length=FRAME_SIZE, hop_length=HOP_LENGTH)[0]
zcr_duke = librosa.feature.zero_crossing_rate(duke, frame_length=FRAME_SIZE, hop_length=HOP_LENGTH)[0]

In [19]: zcr_debussy.size
Out[19]: 1292
```

Visualise zero-crossing rate with Librosa

```
In [20]: plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
    plt.plot(t, zcr_debussy, color="y")
    plt.plot(t, zcr_dehot, color="r")
    plt.plot(t, zcr_duke, color="b")
    plt.ylim(0, 1)
    plt.show()
1.0
```



ZCR: Voice vs Noise

