Advanced Unix Programming Lab 6

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Q1) Write a program to take input from user for number of files to be scanned and word to be searched. write a multi threaded program to search the files and return pattern if found

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#define MAXLENGTH 32
void *search(void *arg);
int match(char *word, int fd);
// Structure helpful in searching
typedef struct {
       char *word;
       char *filename;
} pthreadstruct;
// global variable for thread exit
int flag = 0;
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
       if(argc < 2) {
               printf("Insufficient arguments\n");
               return -1;
       char *word = argv[1];
                                                    // pattern
       int num_files = argc - 2;
                                            // number of files
       pthreadstruct pths[num_files];
                                                    // struct for files
       pthread_t threads[num_files];
                                                    // pthread array
       int i = 0;
       for(i = 0; i < num_files; i++) {
               pths[i].word = word;
               pths[i].filename = argv[i + 2];
               if(pthread_create(&threads[i], NULL, search, &pths[i])) {
                      printf("Thread creation failed\n");
                      return -1;
               }
```

```
for(i = 0; i < num\_files; i++) {
               void *ret;
               if(pthread_join(threads[i], &ret)) {
                      printf("Thread join failed\n");
                      return -1;
               }
       return 0;
}
void *search(void *arg) {
       pthreadstruct *args = (pthreadstruct *)arg;
       fd = open(args->filename, O_RDONLY);
       if(fd == -1) {
               printf("File Not Found\n");
               pthread_exit(NULL);
       if(match(args->word, fd)) {
               printf("%s\n", args->filename);
               flag = 1;
               pthread_exit((char*)(args->filename));
       else {
               printf("Match not found in file %s\n", args->filename);
               pthread_exit(NULL);
       }
}
// utility for search function
int match(char *word, int fd) {
       char line[MAXLENGTH];
       char c:
       int i, n;
       while(((n = read(fd, line, MAXLENGTH)) > 0)) {
               if(strstr(line, word) != NULL) {
                      printf("The pattern is %s\n", line);
                      return 1;
               }
       }
       return 0;
}
```

Execution:

Here a struct pthstruct is declared which has char *word and char *filename as it's items. An array of pthread is created of size argc - 2. The &pths[i] is an argument to the search function of the ith thread created. The match function acts as a utility function to search function. In the above execution "printf" and "scanf" are the words to be searched for and 1.c and 2.c are the test files containing some code which are having these keywords. If incase a match is not found it prints "Match not found in file filename".

Q2) Write a program to find number of CPUs, create that many threads and attach those threads to CPUs

Code:

```
#define _GNU_SOURCE
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <sched.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void *threadcpu(void *arg);
int main() {
    int i, *args;
    long cpu;
    cpu_set_t *cpuset;
```

```
pthread_t *pthreadset;
       pthread_attr_t *pthreadattrset;
       cpu = sysconf(_SC_NPROCESSORS_ONLN);
       printf("The system has %ld processing cores\n", cpu);
       cpuset = (cpu_set_t*)malloc(sizeof(cpu_set_t) * (int)cpu);
       pthreadset = (pthread_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_t) * (int)cpu);
       pthread_attr_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_attr_t) * (int)cpu);
       args = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int) * (int)cpu);
       for(i = 0; i < (int)cpu; i++) {
              CPU_ZERO(&cpuset[i]);
       for(i = 0; i < (int)cpu; i++) {
              CPU_SET(i, &cpuset[i]);
       }
       for(i = 0; i < (int)cpu; i++) {
              pthread_attr_init(&pthreadattrset[i]);
       for(i = 0; i < (int)cpu; i++) {
              pthread_attr_setaffinity_np(&pthreadattrset[i], sizeof(cpu_set_t), &cpuset[i]);
       for(i = 0; i < (int)cpu; i++) {
              args[i] = i;
              pthread create(&pthreadset[i], &pthreadattrset[i], &threadcpu, (void*)&args[i]);
       }
       for(i = 0; i < (int)cpu; i++) {
              pthread_join(pthreadset[i], NULL);
       return 0;
}
void *threadcpu(void *arg) {
       int argu;
       argu = *(int *)arg;
       printf("Thread#%d is running on CPU#%d\n", argu, sched_getcpu());
       return NULL;
}
```

Execution:

```
sagar5mati@sagar5mati-HP-15-Notebook-PC: ~/btechcomp/aup/git/LAB-6
sagar5mati@sagar5mati-HP-15-Notebook-PC: ~/btechcomp/aup/git/LAB-6$ ./q2
The system has 4 processing cores
Thread#0 is running on CPU#0
Thread#2 is running on CPU#2
Thread#1 is running on CPU#1
Thread#3 is running on CPU#3
sagar5mati@sagar5mati-HP-15-Notebook-PC: ~/btechcomp/aup/git/LAB-6$
```

Q3)Write a short program that creates 5 threads which print a tread "id" that is passed to thread function by pointer.

```
Code:
```

```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include inits.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int charToInt(char *str) {
     int result = 0, count = 0;
     while(str[count]) {
          if(isdigit(str[count])) {
               result = result * 10 + (str[count] - '0');
          }
          else {
               return INT_MIN;
          count++;
     return result;
void *function(void *arg) {
       int *a;
       a = (int*) arg;
       printf("Thread number = %d\n", *a);
       pthread_exit(0);
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
       if(argc < 2) {
               printf("Not enough arguments\n");
               return 1;
       int num, count, i;
       pthread_t *th;
       num = charToInt(argv[1]);
       th = (pthread_t *) malloc(sizeof(pthread_t) * num);
       for(count = 0; count < num; count++) {</pre>
               i = count;
               pthread_create(&th[count], NULL, function, &i);
               pthread_join(th[count], NULL);
       return 0;
}
```

Execution:

```
abhijeet@abhijeet:~/Advanced-Unix-Programming---Lab/LAB-6$ cc 3.c -Wall -o 3 -lpthreadabhijeet:~/Advanced-Unix-Programming---Lab/LAB-6$ ./3 7
   Thread number = 0
    Thread number = 1
    Thread number = 2
Thread number = 3
Thread number = 4
Thread number = 5
    Thread number = 6
abhijeet@abhijeet:~/Advanced-Unix-Programming---Lab/LAB-6$ ./3 5
Thread number = 0
Thread number = 1
Thread number = 2
   Thread number =
    Thread number = 4
abhijeet@abhijeet:~/Advanced-Unix-Programming---Lab/LAB-6$ ./3 0 abhijeet@abhijeet:~/Advanced-Unix-Programming---Lab/LAB-6$ ./3 2
Thread number = 0
   Thread number = 1
abhijeet@abhijeet:~/Advanced-Unix-Programming---Lab/LAB-6$ ./3 4
   Thread number = 0
Thread number = 1
    Thread number = 2
    Thread number = 3
abhijeet@abhijeet:~/Advanced-Unix-Programming---Lab/LAB-6$
```

The above program takes the number of threads to be created a comand line argument. It then passes an integer to function which prints the integer.