### Why Should Files Be Ignored

Remember a couple sections back when we were learning about <code>git add</code>? Instead of adding the files one by one, there was a special character that we could use to indicate the current directory and all subdirectories. Do you remember what that character is?

That's right, the period (.)!

#### The Problem

Let's say you add a file like a Word document to the directory where your project is stored but don't want it added to the repository. (You can simulate adding a Word document by running touch project.docx) Git will see this new file, so if you run git status it'll show up in the list of files

```
richardkalehoff (master) new-git-project
$ git status
On branch master
Untracked files:
(use "git add <file>..." to include in what will be committed)

project.docx
nothing added to commit but untracked files present (use "git add" to track)
richardkalehoff (master) new-git-project
$ | |
```

The Terminal application showing the output of the <code>[git status]</code> command. The output shows a new Word document that is in Git's "Untracked files" section.

The potential problem with having this file in your project is that, because [git add] adds all files, the Word document might get accidentally committed to the repository.

### Git Ignore

If you want to keep a file in your project's directory structure but make sure it isn't accidentally committed to the project, you can use the specially named file, <code>.gitignore</code> (note the dot at the front, it's important!). Add this file to your project in the same directory that the hidden <code>.git</code> directory is located. All you have to do is list the *names* of files that you want Git to ignore (not track) and it will ignore them.

Let's try it with the "project.docx" file. Add the following line inside the .gitignore file:

```
project.docx
```

Now run git status and check its output:

The Terminal application showing the output of <a href="git status">[git status</a>. The Word document is no longer listed as an untracked file. The new ".gitignore" file is listed, though.

Git knows to look at the contents of a file with the name .gitignore. Since it saw "project.docx" in it, it ignored that file and doesn't show it in the output of git status.

## **Globbing Crash Course**

Let's say that you add 50 images to your project, but want Git to ignore all of them. Does this mean you have to list each and every filename in the <code>.gitignore</code> file? Oh gosh no, that would be crazy! Instead, you can use a concept called globbing.

Globbing lets you use special characters to match patterns/characters. In the <code>.gitignore</code> file, you can use the following:

- blank lines can be used for spacing
- # marks line as a comment
- \* matches 0 or more characters
- ? matches 1 character
- [abc] matches a, b, \_or\_ c
- \*\* matches nested directories a/\*\*/z matches
  - a/z
  - a/b/z
  - a/b/c/z

So if all of the 50 images are JPEG images in the "samples" folder, we could add the following line to gitignore to have Gitignore all 50 images.

samples/\*.jpg QUESTION 1 OF 2 Which of the following files will be ignored if \*.png is entered into the .gitignore file? ocean.jpg png-format.pdf not-a-png.jpeg logo.gif ✓ LOUDFILE.PNG SUBMIT QUESTION 2 OF 2 If you ask Git to ignore "be?rs", which of the following filenames will be ignored? bears beavers BeArS beers boars

# **Git Ignore Recap**

To recap, the <code>.gitignore</code> file is used to tell Git about the files that Git should not track. This file should be placed in the same directory that the <code>.git</code> directory is in.

SUBMIT

### Further Research

- Ignoring files from the Git Book
- gitignore from the Git Docs

• Ignoring files from the GitHub Docs

• gitignore.io

NEXT