

Numpy Array Indexing

Negative Indexing

```
import numpy as np
```

```
arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8, 9, 10]])
```

```
print('Last element from 2nd dim!' arr[:, -1])
```

Output

10

Numpy Array Slicing

[start : end]

[start : end : step]

If we don't pass start its considered 0
n n n n step n n 1

```
import numpy as np
```

```
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
```

```
print(arr[1:5])
```

Output

[2, 3, 4, 5]

5 will not be there because we know the rule of slicing which is the last value will not print out.

2) import numpy as np
 arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
 print(arr[4:])

Output
 [5, 6, 7]

3) import numpy as np
 arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
 print(arr[:4])

Output
 [1, 2, 3, 4]

Negative slicing

import numpy as np
 arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
 print(arr[-5:-2])

Output
 [5, 6]

STEP

Return every other element from index 1 to index 5:

1) import numpy as np
 arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
 print(arr[1:5:2])

Output
 [2, 4]

2) import numpy as np
 arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7])
 print(arr[::2])

Output
 [1, 3, 5, 7]

Slicing 2-D arrays

1) `import numpy as np`
`arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8, 9, 10]])`
`print(arr[1, 1:4])`
Output
`[7, 8, 9]`

2) `import numpy as np`
`arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8, 9, 10]])`
`print(arr[0:2, 2])`
Output
`[3, 8]`

3) `import numpy as np`
`arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8, 9, 10]])`
`print(arr[0:2, 1:4])`