

EE229: Signal Processing I

Practical Assignment 1

Virtual Reality with Convolution

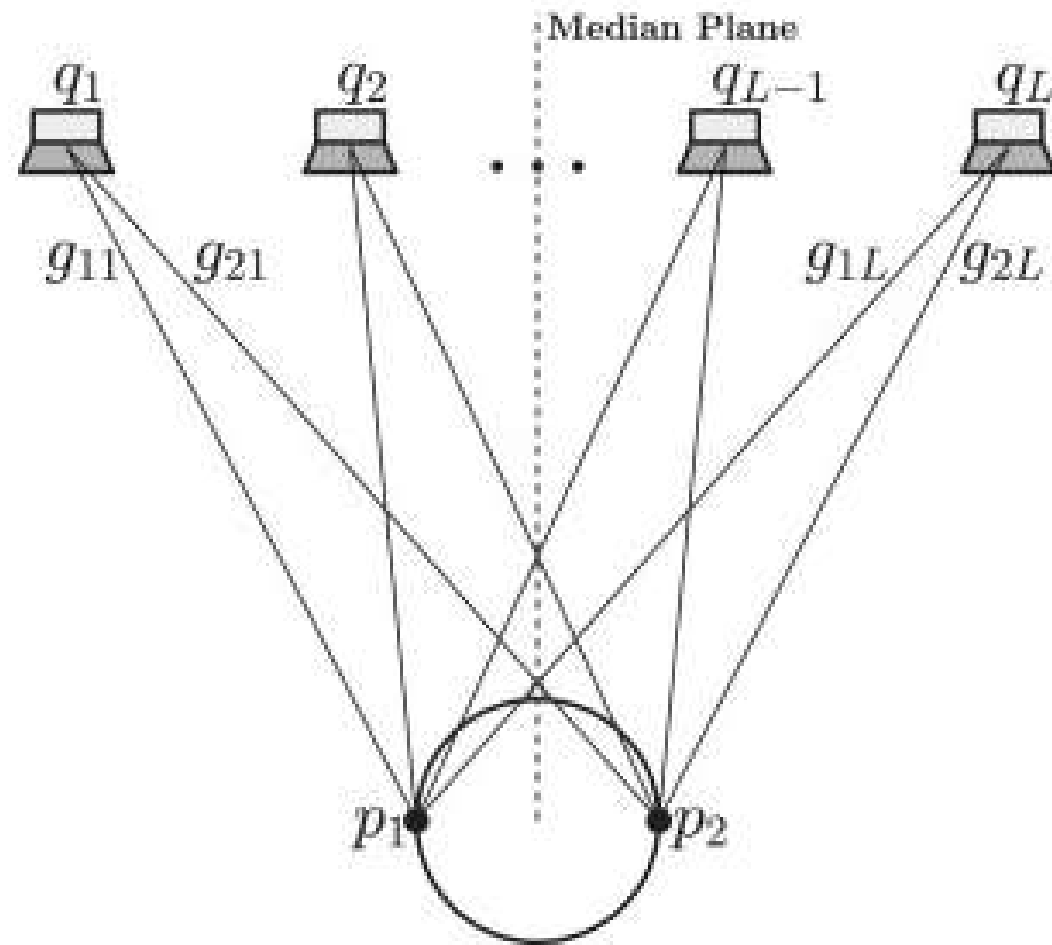
Audio processing for Virtual Reality

- To be able to create an “immersive” experience for the remote listener.

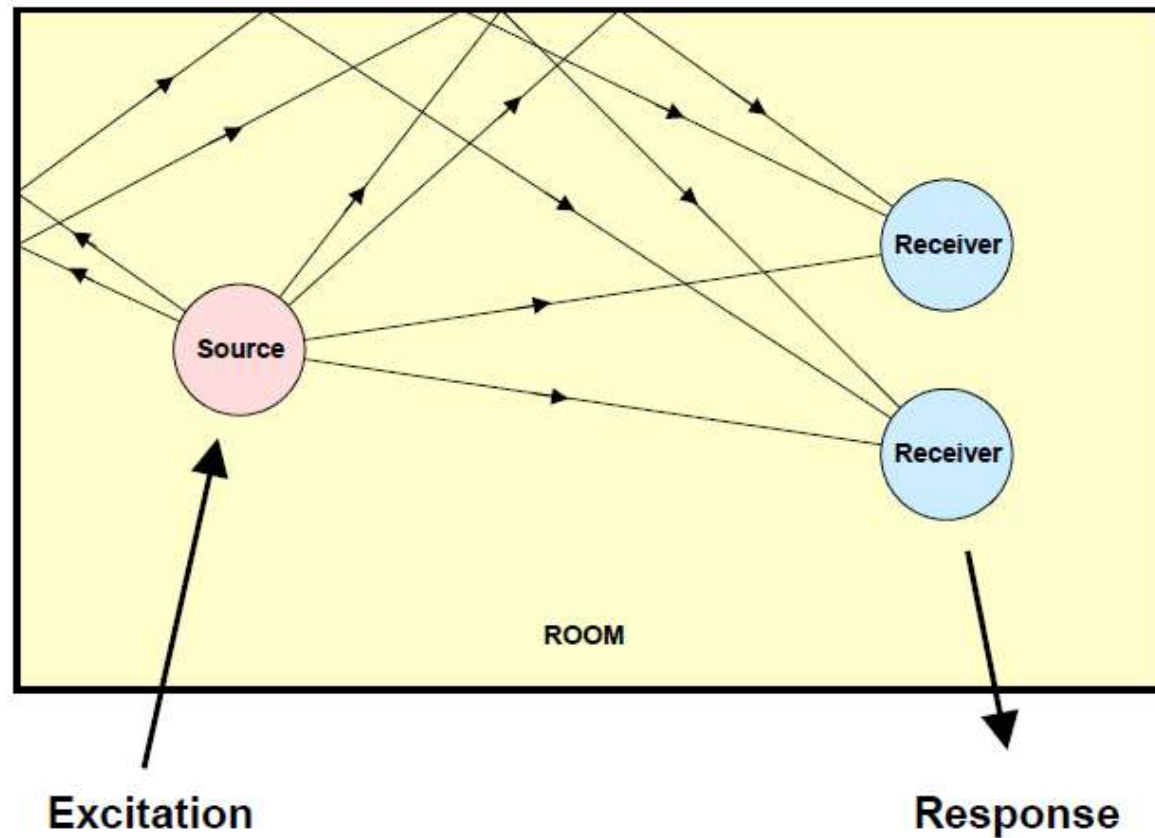
I.e. perceiving a source in its specific location in a specific environment. We need cues to (i) source location (ii) cues to the surrounding environment.

- There are two different methods of surround sound simulation. The first one uses numerous loudspeakers placed around a room. *The second one uses stereophonic headphones.*

Cues to sound source location



Cues to the source-listener environment





Ensemble recording in the NDR radio concert hall; Cortex dummy head at the right side

So how do we create the “immersive experience” for a remote listener?

The Sound of Music

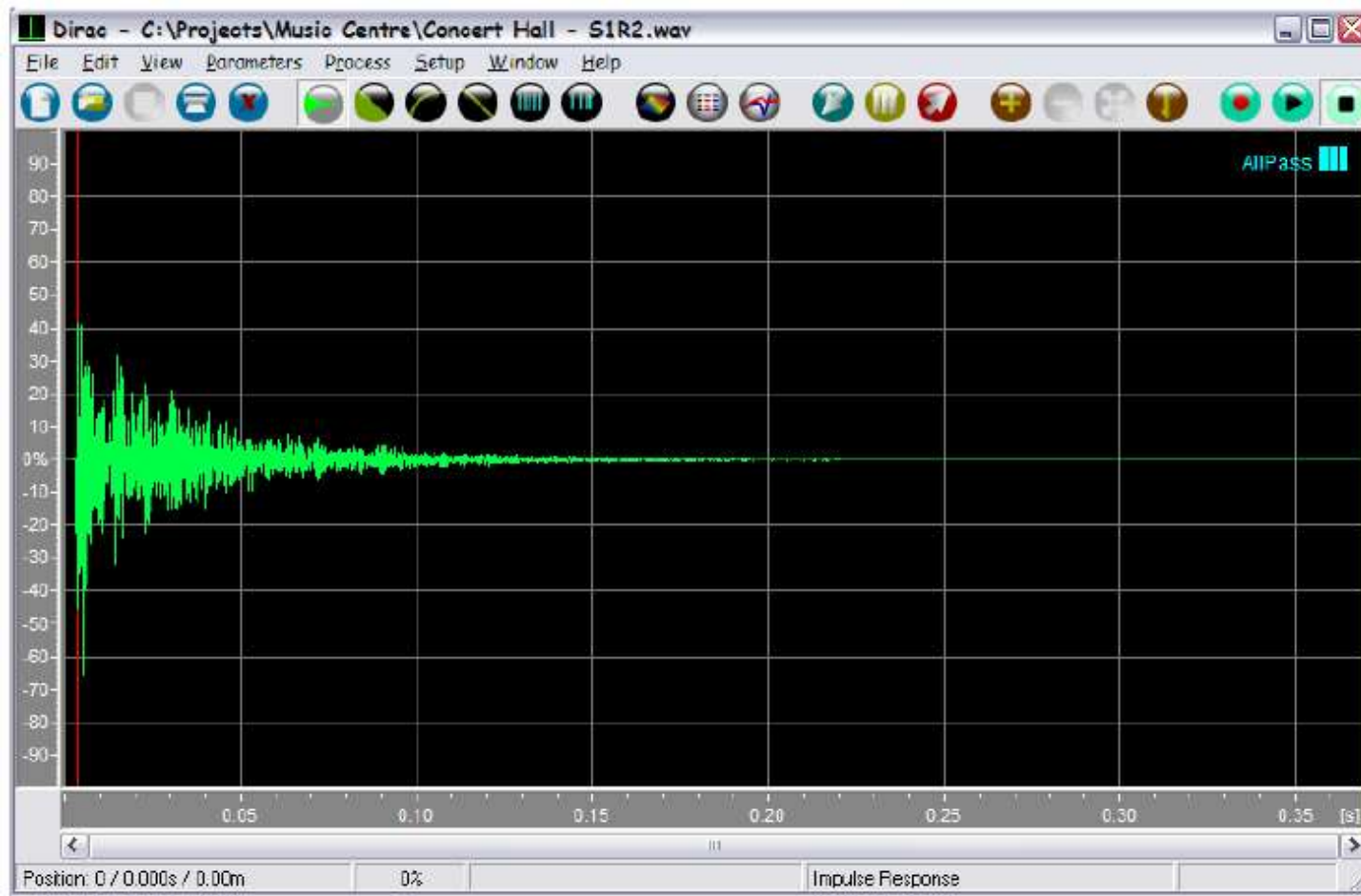


Manfred Schroeder's collaborators K F Siebrasse (left) and D Gottlob (right) and the dummy head through which they recorded the sounds of 20 European concert halls.

How about modeling?

- Our physical system takes the **source-emitted sound signal** as input and outputs the **left- and right-ear received signals**.
- Modeling the physical system would allow us to recreate the experience for a remote listener with *any* source signal.
- Physical modeling needs details of room dimensions and physical characteristics of walls, etc.
- **An attractive option for the (assumed LTI) system is...**

Impulse source to left-ear response in a hall

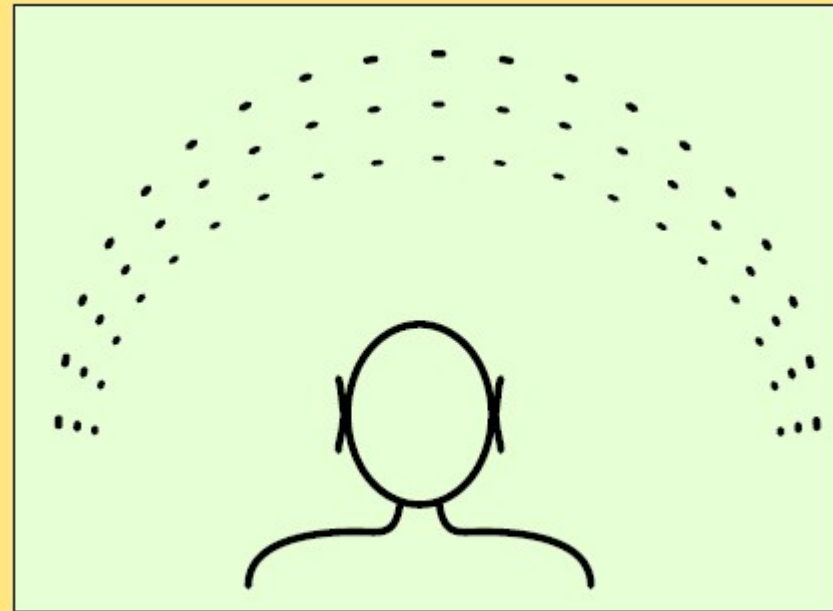


Attenuated, delayed responses from reflections

Impulse response measurement: BRIRs



<http://spatialaudio.net/free-database-of-single-channel-and-binaural-room-impulse-responses-of-a-64-channel-loudspeaker-array-for-different-room-configurations/>



HRTF measurement points

Binaural room impulse response (BRIR) databases

<http://www.voxengo.com/impulses/>

<http://recherche.ircam.fr/equipes/salles/listen/index.html>

<http://www.iks.rwth-aachen.de/en/research/tools-downloads/aachen-impulse-response-database/>

Computing assignment

- Provided are: an audio signal (part of a solo song), 3 different BRIR (2-channel impulse responses) from different “rooms” and fixed source-listener configuration.
- Use convolution to obtain binaural signals that you can listen to over headphones.
- Code fragments provided for Scilab.