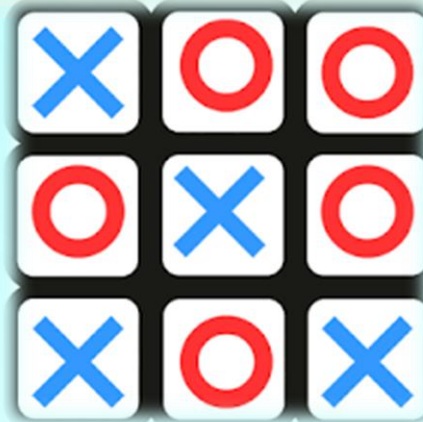


TICTACTOE



Team Members:
Wahid Mubarrat Bin Azhar
ID:220042136

Naybur Rahman Sinha
ID:220042128

•COURSE CODE DETAILS :

SWE 4202

APPLICATION OF OOC

OVERVIEW OF THE PROJECT

- **Create a console-based Tic Tac Toe game initially, and then expand it to have a graphical user interface (GUI) for better user interaction.**
- **Implement different game modes: Player vs Player (PvP), Player vs Computer(PvC).**
- **Using Algorithm for higher difficulty.**
- **Utilize Object-Oriented Programming concepts to design and structure the codebase, ensuring scalability and maintainability.**

DETAILS

- Can Play Player vs Player
- Can play against Computer
- Minimax algorithm used for ensuring maximum difficulty

INITIAL DESIGN

❖ Classes

- **TicTacToeGame**: Manages the game logic and flow
- **PlayerVsPlayer** : manages the game flow for PvP mode
- **PlayerVsComputer**: manages the game flow for PvC mode
- **MenuPanel** : Designs the main menu using JavaSwing

OOC CONCEPTS

- **Inheritance** : PlayerVsPlayer & PlayerVsComputer classes inherit from TicTacToeGame class
- **Encapsulation**: Data hiding within classes, methods for accessing/modifying data.
- **Polymorphism**: Different behavior of PvP and PvC through overriding methods
- **Interface** : TicTacToeGame class implements ActionListener

GITHUB REPOSITORY LINK

- <https://github.com/SinhaWiz/TiCTaCToEproject>


```

public void computerMove() {
    int bestScore = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
    int move = -1;
    for (int i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
        if (buttons[i].getText().equals("")) {
            buttons[i].setText("O");
            int score = minimax(buttons, 0, false);
            buttons[i].setText("");
            if (score > bestScore) {
                bestScore = score;
                move = i;
            }
        }
    }
    buttons[move].setForeground(new Color(87, 87, 189));
    buttons[move].setText("O");
    player1Turn = true;
    textfield.setText("X turn");
    check();
}

```

```

public void xWins() {
    textfield.setText("X wins");
    disableButtons();
}
public void oWins() {
    textfield.setText("O wins");
    disableButtons();
}
public void disableButtons() {
    for (JButton button : buttons) {
        button.setEnabled(false);
    }
}

```

```

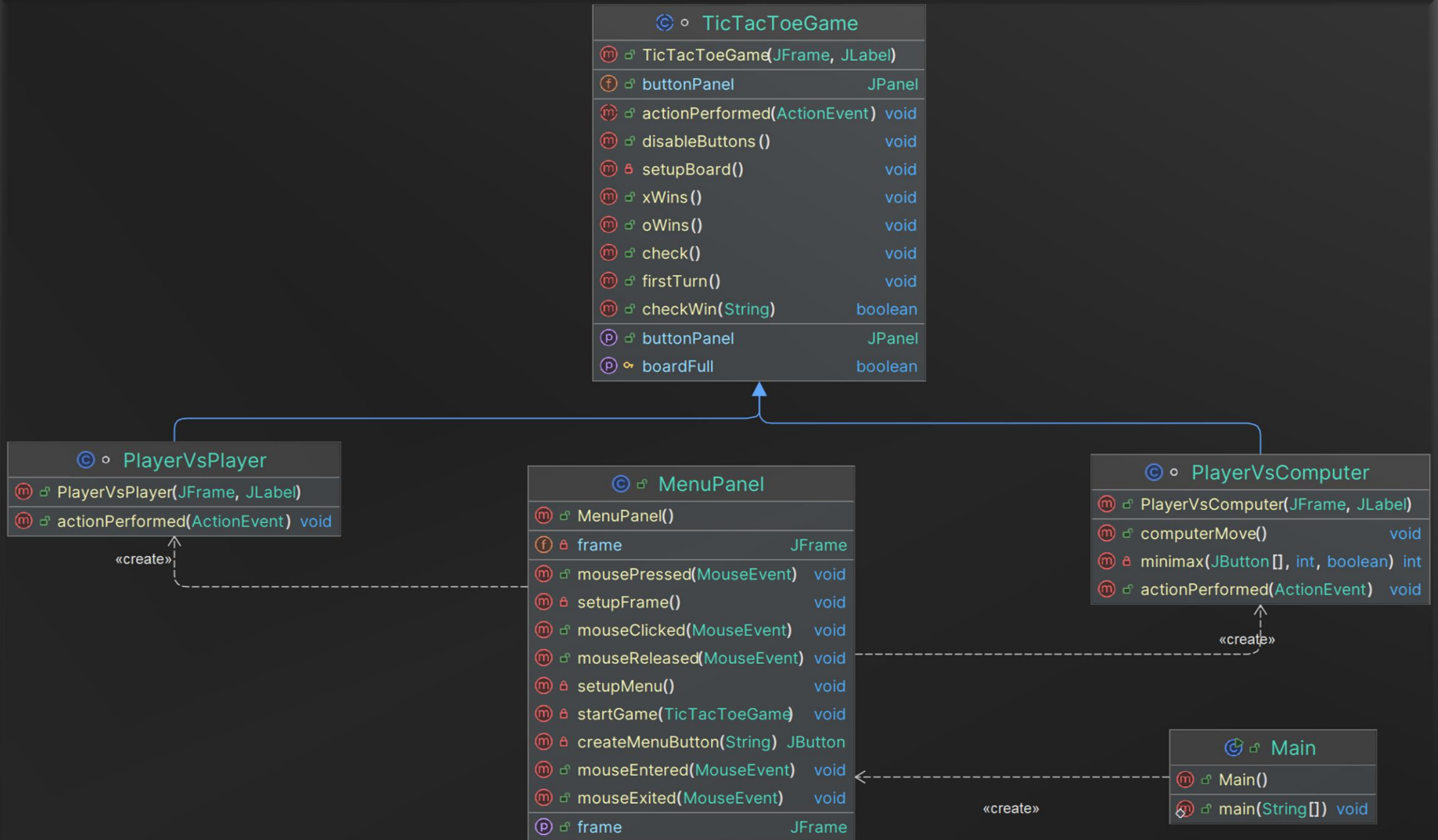
public void check() {
    if (checkWin("X")) {
        xWins();
    } else if (checkWin("O")) {
        oWins();
    } else if (isBoardFull()) {
        textfield.setText("DRAW -_-");
    }
}
protected boolean isBoardFull() {
    for (JButton button : buttons) {
        if (button.getText().equals("")) {
            return false;
        }
    }
    return true;
}

```

```

private int minimax(JButton[] board, int depth, boolean
isMaximizing) {
    if (checkWin("O")) {
        return 1;
    }
    if (checkWin("X")) {
        return -1;
    }
    if (isBoardFull()) {
        return 0;
    }
    if (isMaximizing) {
        int bestScore = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
        for (int i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
            if (board[i].getText().equals("")) {
                board[i].setText("O");
                int score = minimax(board, depth + 1, false);
                board[i].setText("");
                bestScore = Math.max(score, bestScore);
            }
        }
        return bestScore;
    } else {
        int bestScore = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
        for (int i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
            if (board[i].getText().equals("")) {
                board[i].setText("X");
                int score = minimax(board, depth + 1, true);
                board[i].setText("");
                bestScore = Math.min(score, bestScore);
            }
        }
        return bestScore;
    }
}
}

```





thank you!