Probability Assignment

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A black and a red dice are rolled.

1. Find the conditional probability of obtaining a sum greater than 9, given that the black die resulted in a 5.

2. Find the conditional probability of obtaining the sum 8, given that the red die resulted in a number less than 4.

Solution

Random Variable	Description
X_1	Outcome of Black die
X_2	Outcome of Red die

1. Given,
   Black die resulted in a 5.

   Conditional probability of event $(X_1 + X_2 > 9)$ given that $(X_1 = 5)$ has occurred is given by,

   $$\Pr\left((X_1 + X_2 > 9)\,|\,(X_1 = 5)\right) = \frac{\Pr\left((X_1 + X_2 > 9),(X_1 = 5)\right)}{\Pr\left(X_1 = 5\right)} \tag{1}$$

   The probability of obtaining a sum greater than 9 is given by,

   $$\Pr\left((X_1 + X_2 > 9),(X_1 = 5)\right) = \Pr\left((X_2 > 9 - 5),(X_1 = 5)\right) \tag{2}$$
   $$= \Pr\left(X_2 > 4\right)\Pr\left(X_1 = 5\right) \tag{3}$$
   $$= \left(\Pr\left(X_2 = 5\right) + \Pr\left(X_2 = 6\right)\right)\Pr\left(X_1 = 5\right) \tag{4}$$
   $$= \frac{2}{36} \tag{5}$$

   From (1) and (5),
   Conditional probability of event $(X_2 > 4)$ given that $(X_1 = 5)$ has occurred is,

   $$\Pr\left((X_2 > 4)\,|\,(X_1 = 5)\right) = \frac{\frac{2}{36}}{\frac{1}{6}} \tag{6}$$
   $$= \frac{1}{3} \tag{7}$$

   Hence the conditional probability of obtaining a sum greater than 9, when black die resulted in a 5 is $\frac{1}{3}$.

2. Given,
Red die resulted in a number less than 4.

Conditional probability of event $(X_1 + X_2 = 8)$ given that $(X_2 < 4)$ has occurred is given by,

$$\Pr\left((X_1 + X_2 = 8) \,|\, (X_2 < 4)\right) = \frac{\Pr\left((X_1 + X_2 = 8), (X_2 < 4)\right)}{\Pr\left(X_2 < 4\right)} \tag{8}$$

The probability of obtaining the sum 8 is given by,

$$\Pr\left((X_1 + X_2 = 8), (X_2 < 4)\right) = \Pr\left((X_1 = 8 - X_2), (X_2 < 4)\right) \tag{9}$$
$$= \left(\Pr\left(X_1 = 5\right) + \Pr\left(X_1 = 6\right) + \Pr\left(X_1 = 7\right)\right)\Pr\left(X_2 < 4\right) \tag{10}$$
$$= \frac{2}{36} \tag{11}$$

From (8) and (11),
Conditional probability of event $(X_1 + X_2 = 8)$ given that $(X_2 < 4)$ has occurred is,

$$\Pr\left((X_1 + X_2 = 8) \,|\, (X_2 < 4)\right) = \frac{\frac{2}{36}}{\frac{3}{6}} \tag{12}$$
$$= \frac{1}{9} \tag{13}$$

Hence the probability of obtaining the sum 8 when a number is less than 4 is $\frac{1}{9}$.