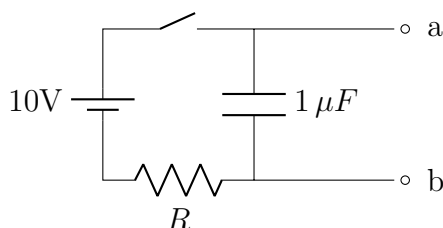


PHY 240: Basic Electronics

Homework Problem H9

October 17, 2024

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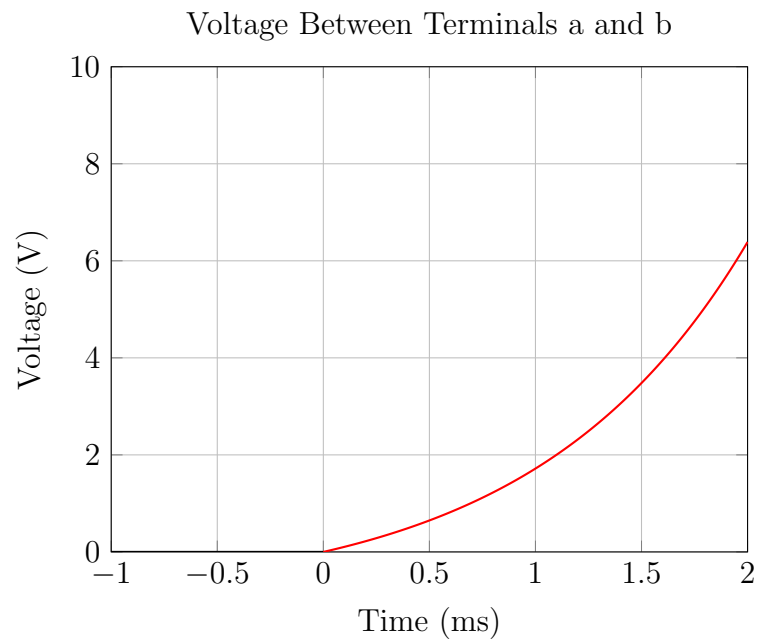
1. Charge Bucket.

- Consider the circuit above, in which the capacitor is initially uncharged. In this configuration, and with the output taken between terminals a and b, would you consider this a “high-pass circuit” or a “low-pass circuit”?
- Suppose that we choose a $2\text{ k}\Omega$ resistor for R . If we close the switch at time $t = 0$, sketch the voltage between terminals a and b, V_{ab} , for the time interval $-1\text{ ms} \leq t \leq 2\text{ ms}$. Make your sketch quantitative, labeling relevant voltages and times.
- Suppose that we now discharge the capacitor completely, replace the $2\text{ k}\Omega$ resistor that we used for R with a $200\ \Omega$ resistor, and again close the switch at time $t = 0$. Sketch the voltage that we now see between terminals a and b, V_{ab} , for the time interval $-1\text{ ms} \leq t \leq 2\text{ ms}$. Make your sketch quantitative, labeling relevant voltages and times.
- Explain clearly how the generic behavior that you sketched in parts (b) and (c) justifies the name that you gave in part (a).

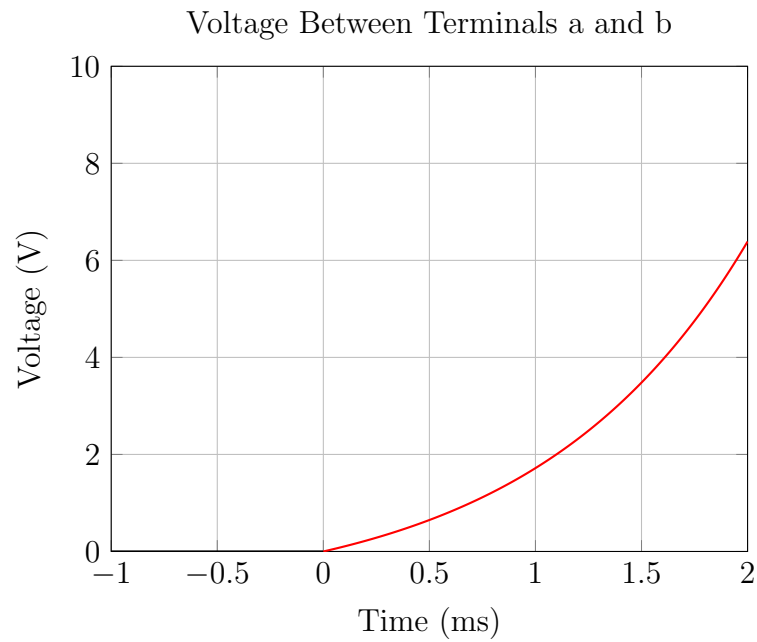
Solution:

- (a) This is a high pass filter because the low frequencies get consumed by the high impedance of the capacitor before returning to ground through the resistor.

(b) With $R = 2\text{ k}\Omega \dots$



(c) With $R = 200\text{ }\Omega \dots$



(d) My brother in christ, what are you talking about