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HACKTIV8 CAPSTONE PROJECT

BY : SION YEHUDA RADJA ABEDNEGO

Email
sionyehuda05@gmail.com

Website
[LinkedIn](#)

14 June 2025

About Me

A Business Management graduate with strong interest in business and data analytics.

I'm passionate about exploring trends and transforming them into meaningful insights to support decision-making, backed by quantitative reasoning, structured research, and data visualization.

Tools & Skills:

- Programming & Analytics: Python, Foursquare API, pandas, scikit-learn
- Data Platforms: Power BI, Excel, Google Colab
- Visualization & Dashboarding: Tableau, Folium, matplotlib
- Currently exploring: IBM Granite (LLM & AI-driven analytics)



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PROJECT PITCH

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BUILD WHERE
IT'S CROWDED—
OR WHERE IT'S
NEEDED?



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BACKGROUND

- **Singapore** = Asia's Shopping Capital
- Malls are not just stores — they're food, leisure & social destinations.
- **Retail Saturation**
 - Orchard, Marina, Bugis: overcrowded with malls, intense competition.
 - Suburbs are Rising
- Areas like Punggol & Sembawang are attracting footfall with:
 - New housing
 - MRT lines
 - Community-driven planning
- **The Challenge** : Where should the next shopping mall be built?
- **Why It's Critical**
 - Mall development = high-cost + long-term.
 - A wrong location = years of underperformance.
- **Project's Mission** : Leverage data + machine learning to guide mall site decisions — not guesswork.

BUSINESS PROBLEM

WHERE IN SINGAPORE SHOULD A NEW SHOPPING MALL BE OPENED TO MAXIMIZE RETURNS AND MINIMIZE COMPETITION RISK?

- Singapore's urban density makes land scarce and development expensive
- Many districts are already saturated with malls
- Poor site selection = high vacancy, low returns, long-term risk
- Traditional location decisions based on intuition or legacy patterns are no longer reliable



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TARGET AUDIENCES



WHO NEEDS THIS INSIGHT?

WHO BENEFITS FROM SMARTER MALL LOCATION DECISIONS?

- Property Developers
 - Identify low-saturation, high-opportunity zones
- Retail Investors & REITs
 - Back investments with data, not just sentiment
- Urban Planners & Authorities
 - Guide growth and prevent retail oversaturation
- Retail Tenants & Franchises
 - Find untapped markets to anchor their brands

DATA USED IN THIS PROJECT

What data did we use to find where malls are truly needed in Singapore?



16 Place Categories from Wikipedia

Selected diverse locations (e.g. Orchard, Punggol, Sentosa) to represent Singapore's urban zones



Geolocation via Geopy & Geocoder

Converted each location into latitude/longitude coordinates for spatial analysis



Venue Data from Foursquare API

Queried venues within 1 km radius, 50 venues per place. Retrieved name, location, and category for each



Filtered for “Shopping Mall” Venues

Retained only shopping malls for comparison



Computed Mall Frequency

$$\text{Mall Frequency (\%)} = \frac{(\# \text{ of Shopping Malls}}{50} \times 100$$

This normalized metric enabled fair comparison across locations



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Tools



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ANALYSIS



What tools I use?

🐍 Python as the core language

→ Entire analysis coded in Python using open-source libraries

🌐 Data Collection

→ Requests, BeautifulSoup for scraping Wikipedia

📍 Geocoding

→ Geopy, geocoder to convert place names to coordinates

☁️ API Integration

→ Foursquare API + requests for venue data

🧹 Data Wrangling & Cleaning

→ Pandas, numpy to format and transform data

🔢 Clustering Analysis

→ Scikit-learn (KMeans) for machine learning-based segmentation

gMaps Visualization

→ Folium for maps, matplotlib for plots

💻 Platform

→ Developed in Google Colab, published via GitHub



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Extraction Methodology

How did I extract and analyze pattern?

 **Defined 16 key areas**
Based on Wikipedia place categories
(e.g., Orchard, Punggol, Sentosa)

 **Geocoded all locations**
Used geopy and geocoder to get
latitude/longitude

 **Queried Foursquare API**
Retrieved 50 venues per location
within 1 km radius



 **Filtered for shopping malls only**
Cleaned names & calculated Mall
Frequency (%)

 **Applied K-Means clustering (k=3)**

- Labeled areas as:
- Cluster 2: Saturated
- Cluster 0: Competitive
- Cluster 1: Underserved

 **Mapped clusters using Folium**
Color-coded interactive map for
strategic visualization



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Findings



SINGAPORE'S

MALL LANDSCAPE CLUSTERING



DATA REVEAL??
TURN TO NEXT PAGE >>>

Cluster 1 – Underserved Residential Zones

- E.g. Punggol, Sembawang, Bukit Panjang
- 0-1% mall presence, high housing growth
- MRT-connected, but lacking retail infrastructure

Cluster 0 – Competitive Heartlands

- E.g. Toa Payoh, Bishan, Tampines
- 2-3% mall frequency, existing community loyalty
- Success depends on unique or themed concepts

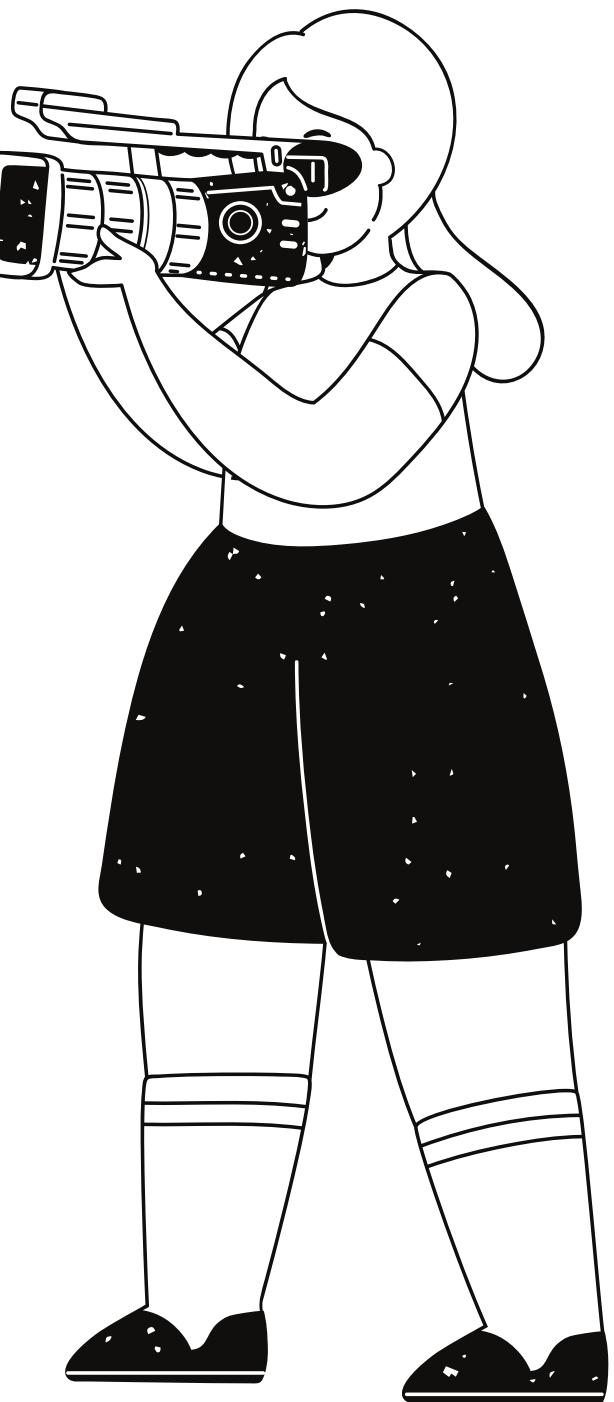
Cluster 2 – Saturated Urban Core

- E.g. Orchard, Marina Bay, Bugis
- 4-6% mall density, premium but overbuilt
- Needs radical innovation to justify new entry



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Decisions!!

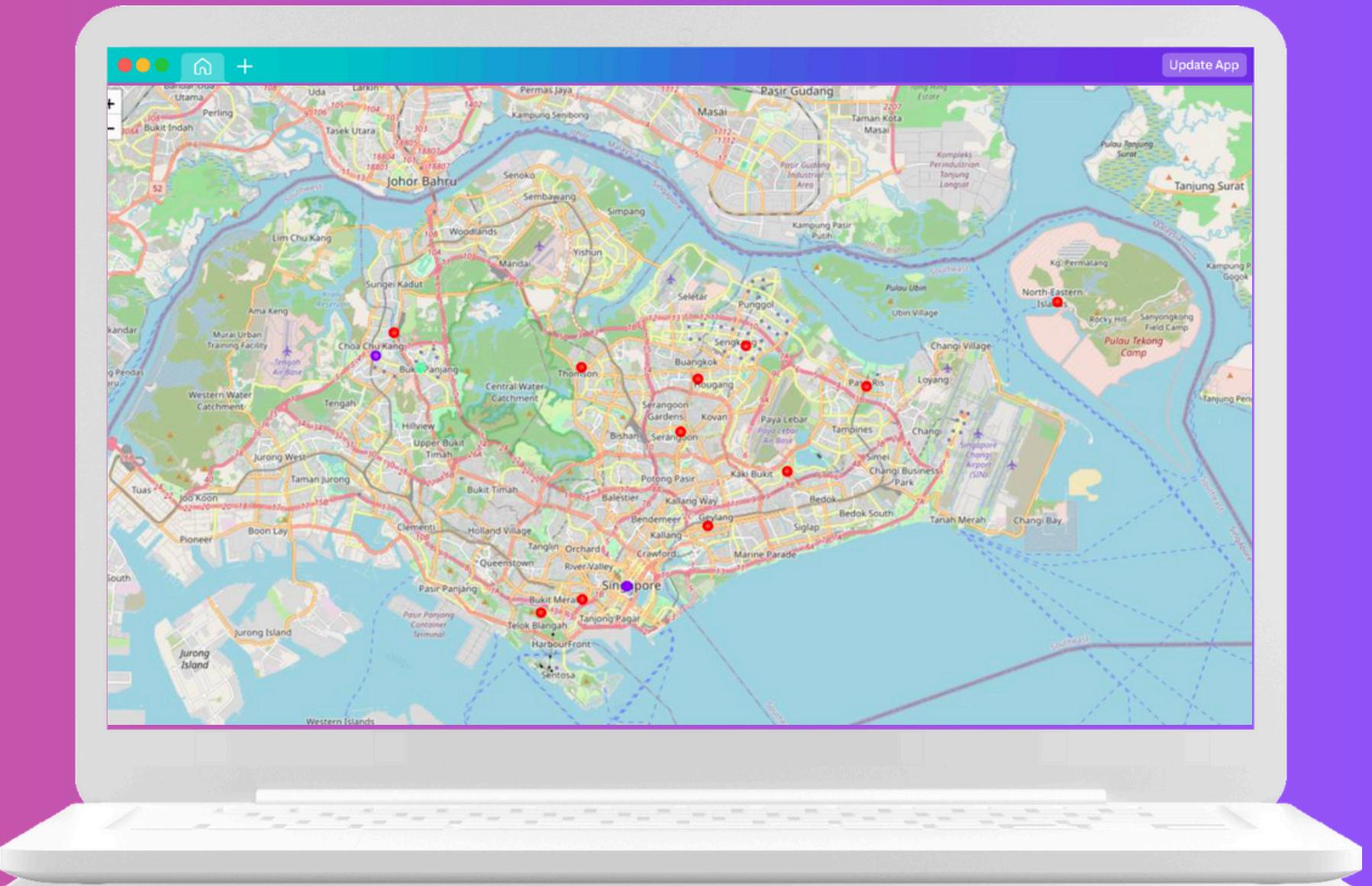


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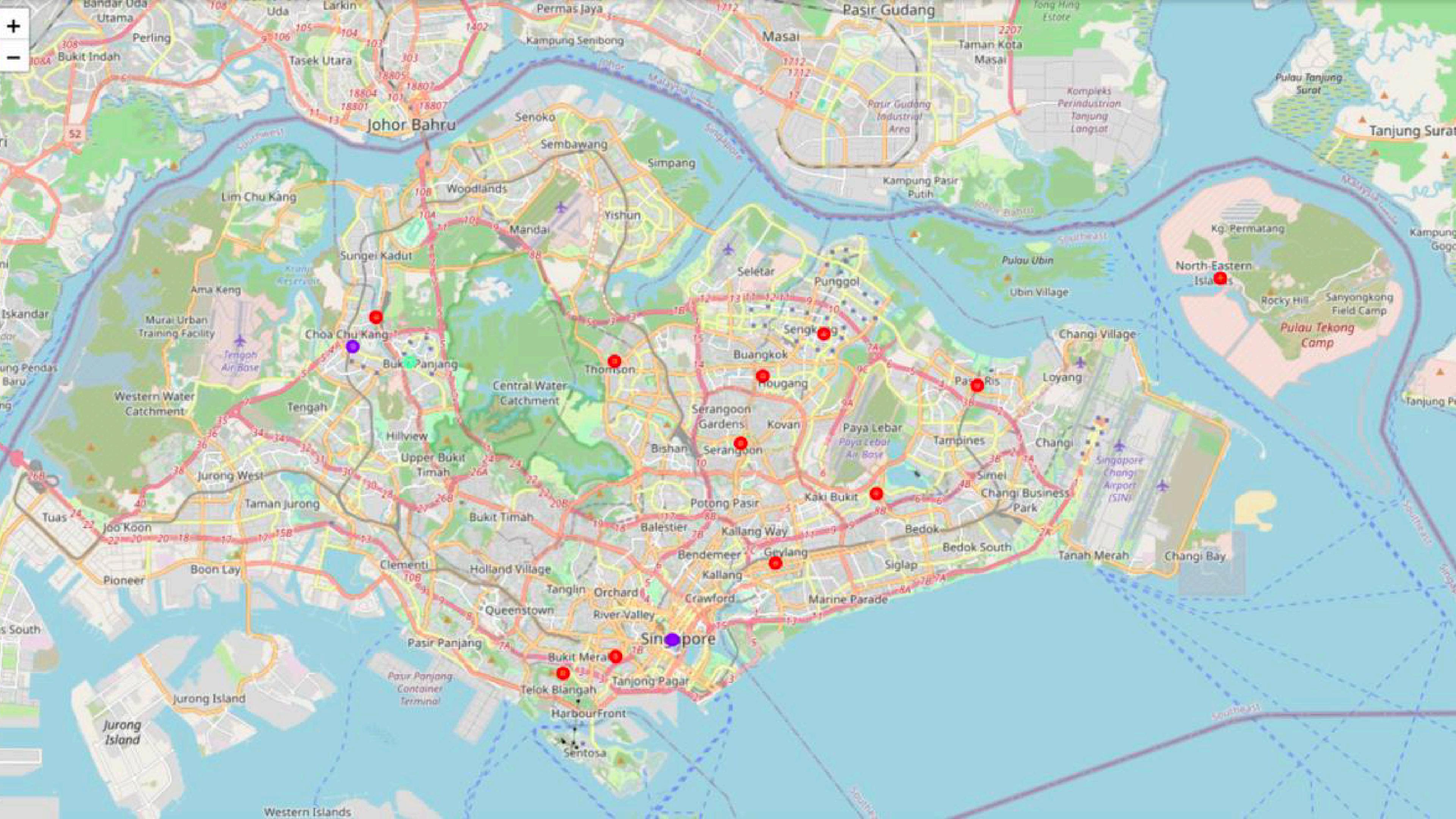
WHERE TO INVEST, WHERE TO AVOID



Zone Type	Example Areas	Decision
● Underserved Growth	Punggol, Sembawang, Pasir Ris	✓ Build – High potential, low risk
● Competitive Heartlands	Toa Payoh, Tampines, Serangoon	⚠ Build only if concept is differentiated
● Saturated Core	Orchard, Bugis, Marina Bay	✗ Avoid – Unless radically innovative



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*This strategic recommendation is based on data, not speculation
—and it supports an urban decentralization approach aligned
with Singapore's long-term development goals.*



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THANK YOU

● FOR YOUR NICE ATTENTION

Email
sionyehuda05@gmail.com

Website
[LinkedIn](#)

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