# Programmer Says (If\_Then\_) Game

This activity has 2 names which can be either call 'Programmer Says' Game or 'If\_Then\_' Game. The activity is made to teach the participants to learn the "If...Then..." which is one of the basic statement of coding.

### Definition of Programmer says (or If...Then...) game

For each game begin, One child will play the programmer and the other child will play the computers, the programmer will order to all computers "If I \_\_\_\_\_ (fill in the blank), then you \_\_\_\_\_ (fill in the blank)". For example, the Programmer below gave the command "If I turn in a circle, Then you turn in a circle."

#### What is If...Then... statement?

In brief explanation, If..then is basic statement for coding, the program queries if there is a condition and then instructs it to perform certain operations. It can be as basic as a true or false question and answer, or it can prompt for action.

#### Game in progress



## Type of Programmer says (or If...Then...) game

For this activity, multiple children are required to play together. Each round of the game will have different children to play the programmer (the one who gives orders). The difference in difficulty level will depend on the age of the children participating in the game (generally 3-8 years old).

Difficulty Level	Environment to play	Brief description
Level 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	The Programmer commands the Computers to do the same thing she does and to stop when she stops.
Level 2	that.	add the twist that the Computers should do something different than the Programmer, but still start and stop when they do. This one works the brain because they'll hear something different than they are seeing.
Level 3		the Programmer commands "If I raise my right arm, Then you raise your left arm, Else raise your right foot." So if he just stands there and does nothing, the Computers should all be raising their right foot. This gets pretty funny, pretty fast.
Level 4	IfThenElse Speed Round with eliminations.	Have the Computers "break" and sit down when they don't follow commands correctly. The last Computer standing wins.

(NOVEMBER 1, 2018 BY LEFTBRAINCRAFTBRAIN)

# Two stages of STEM education

The STEM education begins when learners are young to create better results because young children are easy to use. This event consists of 2 different stages.

Stage	STEM teaching content	Expected Outcome
Kindergartner	Programmer's player order to computer's player to do the same	and are willing to participate, and
	thing he does and to stop when he stops.	learning simple coding in the game.
Primary school	Make more complex games, such as adding a statement from If-ThenElse.	To Understand more complicated rules

General goal: Help your child learn the most basic programming knowledge in the game, improve their interest, exercise their brain and responsiveness.

Preparation: a playground.

# Confirm target participants

The reason why selects beginning level is:

- A. Younger children can also understand the rules of the game.
- B. The fun of children is cultivated in the form of games, because children are not willing to try boring things.
- C. For children who play programer, they can improve their organizational skills, and children who play computers can exercise their coordination skills.