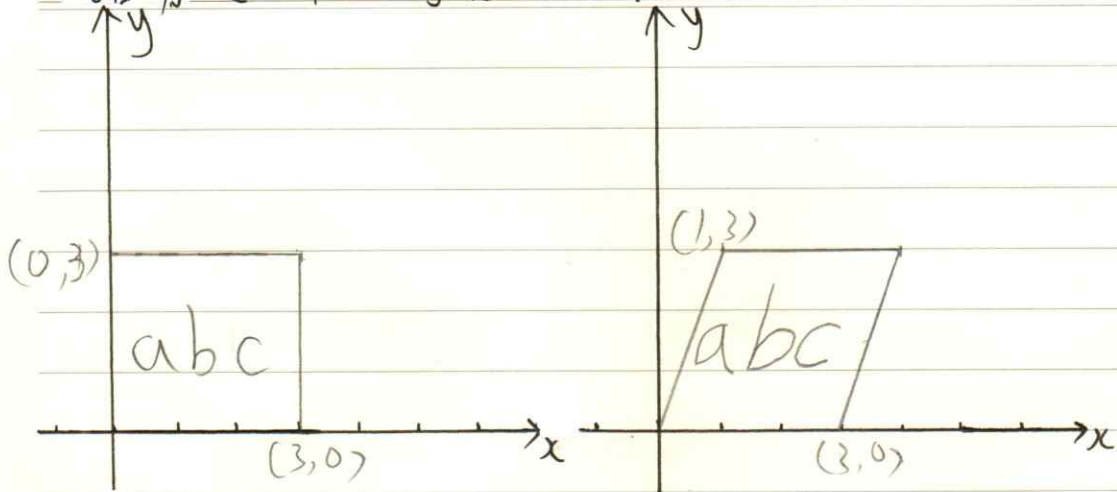


错切矩阵

Shear Matrix



$$\begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

e.g. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} \times \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} 1 = A \times 0 + B \times 3 & \text{①} \\ 3 = A \times 3 + B \times 0 & \text{②} \end{cases}$$

由①得: $1 = 3B$

$$B = \frac{1}{3} \quad \text{③}$$

将③代入②, 得: $3 = 3A$

$$A = 1$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} 3 = C \times 0 + D \times 3 & \text{④} \\ 0 = C \times 3 + D \times 0 & \text{⑤} \end{cases}$$

由④得: $3 = 3D$

$$D = 1 \quad \text{⑥}$$

将⑥代入⑤, 得: $0 = C \times 3$

$$C = 0$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} A = 1 \\ B = \frac{1}{3} \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} C = 0 \\ D = 1 \end{cases}$$

\therefore 该矩阵为 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, 推广到一般场景 $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & a \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.