

Nondimensional Longitudinal Stability Derivatives

Table 5.1

Summary—Longitudinal Derivatives

	C_x	C_z	C_m
\hat{u}^\dagger	$M_0 \left(\frac{\partial C_T}{\partial M} - \frac{\partial C_D}{\partial M} \right) - \rho u_0^2 \frac{\partial C_D}{\partial p_d} + C_{T_u} \left(1 - \frac{\partial C_D}{\partial C_T} \right)$	$-M_0 \frac{\partial C_L}{\partial M} - \rho u_0^2 \frac{\partial C_L}{\partial p_d} - C_{T_u} \frac{\partial C_L}{\partial C_T}$	$M_0 \frac{\partial C_m}{\partial M} + \rho u_0^2 \frac{\partial C_m}{\partial p_d} + C_{T_u} \frac{\partial C_m}{\partial C_T}$
α	$C_{l_0} - C_{D_\alpha}$	$-(C_{L_\alpha} + C_{D_0})$	$-a(h_n - h)$
$\dot{\alpha}$	Neg.	$* -2a_l V_H \frac{\partial \epsilon}{\partial \alpha}$	$* -2a_l V_H \frac{l_t}{c} \frac{\partial \epsilon}{\partial \alpha}$
\hat{q}	Neg.	$* -2a_l V_H$	$* -2a_l V_H \frac{l_t}{c}$

Neg. means usually negligible.

*means contribution of the tail only, formula for wing-body not available.

$$\dagger C_{T_u} = \frac{(\partial T / \partial u)_0}{\frac{1}{2} \rho u_0 S} - 2C_{T_0}; C_{T_0} = C_{D_0} + C_{w_0} \sin \theta_0$$

α derivatives

$$C_{m_\alpha} = C_{L_\alpha} (h - h_N)$$

$$C_{z_\alpha}$$

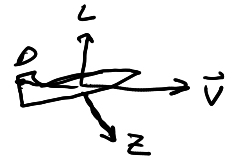
$$Z = -L \cos \alpha - D \sin \alpha$$

$$C_z = -(C_L \cos \alpha + C_D \sin \alpha)$$

$$= -(C_L + C_D \alpha)$$

$$C_{z_\alpha} \equiv \left. \frac{\partial C_z}{\partial \alpha} \right|_0 = -(C_{L_\alpha} + C_{D_0} + \alpha \frac{\partial C_D}{\partial \alpha})$$

$$C_{z_\alpha} = -(C_{L_\alpha} + C_{D_0})$$



u derivatives

3 important factors:

- Compressibility: Mach Number
- Dynamic Pressure: $p_d = \frac{1}{2} \rho V^2$
- Thrust

$$M \equiv \frac{V}{a} \leftarrow \text{speed of sound}$$

- Different from the dynamic pressure in nondimensionalization
Changes in C_L, C_D , etc. due to changes in dynamic pressure

$$C_{x_u} \equiv \left. \frac{\partial C_x}{\partial \hat{u}} \right|_0$$

$$* \in \{x, z, m\}$$

$$C_{*u} = \left. \frac{\partial C_*}{\partial M} \right|_0 \frac{\partial M}{\partial \hat{u}} \Big|_0 + \left. \frac{\partial C_*}{\partial p_d} \right|_0 \frac{\partial p_d}{\partial \hat{u}} \Big|_0 + \left. \frac{\partial C_*}{\partial C_T} \right|_0 \frac{\partial C_T}{\partial \hat{u}} \Big|_0$$

$$\rightarrow \left. \frac{\partial M}{\partial \hat{u}} \right|_0 = u_0 \left. \frac{\partial M}{\partial u} \right|_0 = \frac{u_0}{a} \left. \frac{\partial V}{\partial u} \right|_0 = M_0$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial p_d}{\partial u} \right|_0 = u_0 \left. \frac{\partial p_d}{\partial u} \right|_0 = u_0 \frac{1}{2} \rho \frac{\partial V^2}{\partial u} \Big|_0 = u_0 \rho u_0 = \rho u_0^2$$

$$C_T = \frac{T}{\frac{1}{2} \rho V^2 S}$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial C_T}{\partial u} \right|_0 = u_0 \left. \frac{\partial C_T}{\partial u} \right|_0 = u_0 \left(\frac{\partial T / \partial u}{\frac{1}{2} \rho V^2 S} - \frac{2T}{\frac{1}{2} \rho V^3 S} \right) \Big|_0 = \left. \frac{\partial T / \partial u}{\frac{1}{2} \rho u_0 S} \right|_0 - 2 C_{T_0}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right) = \frac{g'(x)f(x) - f'(x)g(x)}{g(x)^2}$$

$$C_{T_0} = C_{D_0} + C_{W_0} \sin \theta$$

3 cases

Gliding case: $C_{T_u} = 0$

Constant Thrust (Jet): $C_{T_u} = -2 C_{T_0}$

Constant Power (Prop): $C_{T_u} = -3 C_{T_0}$

$TV = \text{constant}$

$$\left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial u} \right|_0 = - \frac{T_0}{u_0}$$

C_{x_u}

$$C_x \approx C_T - C_D$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial C_x}{\partial M} \right|_0 = \left. \frac{\partial C_T}{\partial M} \right|_0 - \left. \frac{\partial C_D}{\partial M} \right|_0$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial C_x}{\partial p_d} \right|_0 = \left. \frac{\partial C_T}{\partial p_d} \right|_0 - \left. \frac{\partial C_D}{\partial p_d} \right|_0$$

$$\left. \frac{\partial C_x}{\partial C_T} \right|_0 = 1 - \left. \frac{\partial C_D}{\partial C_T} \right|_0$$

$$C_{x_u} = M_0 \left(\left. \frac{\partial C_T}{\partial M} \right|_0 - \left. \frac{\partial C_D}{\partial M} \right|_0 \right) - \rho u_0^2 \left. \frac{\partial C_D}{\partial p_d} \right|_0 + C_{T_u} \left(1 - \left. \frac{\partial C_D}{\partial C_T} \right|_0 \right)$$

C_{z_u}

Assume $C_z = -C_L$

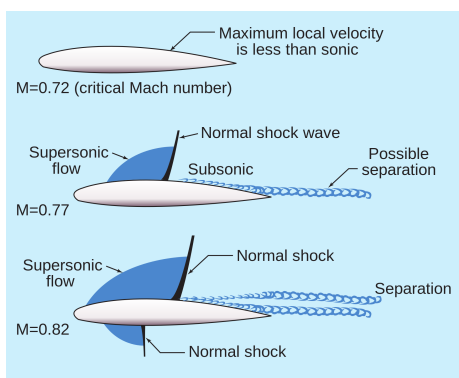
$$C_{z_u} = -M_0 \left. \frac{\partial C_L}{\partial M} \right|_0 - \rho u_0^2 \left. \frac{\partial C_L}{\partial p_d} \right|_0 - C_{T_u} \left. \frac{\partial C_L}{\partial C_T} \right|_0$$

Small except transonic

C_{m_u}

$$C_{m_u} = M_0 \left. \frac{\partial C_m}{\partial M} \right|_0 + \rho u_0^2 \left. \frac{\partial C_m}{\partial p_d} \right|_0 + C_{T_u} \left. \frac{\partial C_m}{\partial C_T} \right|_0$$

Mach Tuck



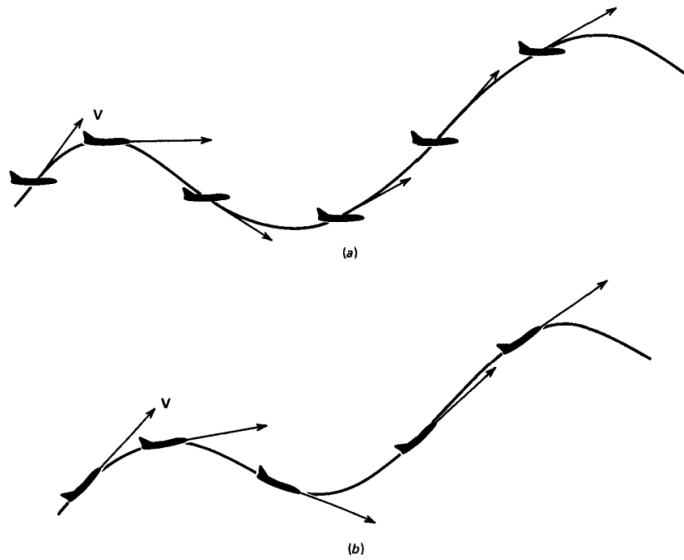
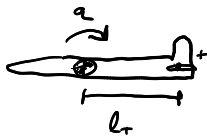


Figure 5.2 (a) Motion with zero q , but varying α_r . (b) Motion with zero α_r but varying q .

q -derivatives

Wing-body || Tail

Tail

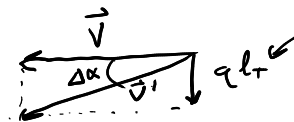


$(C_{Z_q})_{tail}$

$$C_{Z_q} = \frac{\partial C_Z}{\partial \hat{q}} \Big|_0 = \frac{Z_{u_0}}{\bar{c}} \frac{\partial C_Z}{\partial q} \Big|_0 = - \frac{Z_{u_0}}{\bar{c}} \frac{\partial C_L}{\partial q} \Big|_0$$

$$(C_{Z_q})_{tail} = \frac{-Z_{u_0}}{\bar{c}} a_+ \frac{S_+ l_+}{S u_0} = \boxed{-Z a_+ V_H}$$

velocity observed by tail



$$\Delta C_{L_r} = a_+ \Delta \alpha = a_+ \tan^{-1} \frac{q l_+}{u_0} \approx a_+ \frac{q l_+}{u_0}$$

$$\Delta C_L = \frac{S_+}{S} \Delta C_{L_r} = \frac{S_+}{S} a_+ \frac{q l_+}{u_0}$$

$$V_H = \frac{S_+ l_+}{S \bar{c}}$$

$(C_{mq})_{tail}$

$$C_{mq} = \frac{\partial C_m}{\partial \hat{q}} \Big|_0 = \frac{Z_{u_0}}{\bar{c}} \frac{\partial C_m}{\partial q} \Big|_0$$

$$\boxed{(C_{mq})_{tail} = -Z a_+ V_H \frac{l_+}{\bar{c}}}$$

$$\Delta C_m = -V_H \Delta C_{L_r} = a_+ V_H \frac{q l_+}{u_0}$$

Wing-Body

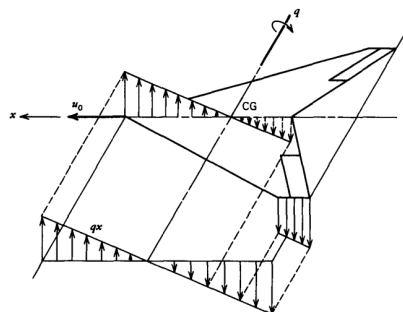


Figure 5.4 Wing velocity distribution due to pitching.

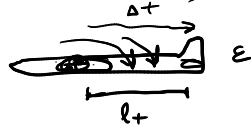
$\dot{\alpha}$ derivatives

Unsteady effects

Wing-Body \rightarrow Determined by initial response
or oscillation of wing in wind tunnel
or flight test

Tail

Downwash Lag



$$\Delta \varepsilon = -\frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial \alpha} \dot{\alpha} \Delta t = -\frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial \alpha} \dot{\alpha} \frac{l_t}{u_0} \\ = -\Delta \alpha_t$$

$(C_{z_{\dot{\alpha}}})_{tail}$

$$\Delta C_{L_t} = a_t \Delta \alpha_t = a_t \dot{\alpha} \frac{l_t}{u_0} \frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial \alpha}$$

$$\rightarrow \Delta C_L = a_t \dot{\alpha} \frac{l_t S_t}{u_0 S} \frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial \alpha}$$

$$C_{z_{\dot{\alpha}}} = \left. \frac{\partial C_z}{\partial \frac{\dot{\alpha} \varepsilon}{2 u_0}} \right|_0 = \frac{2 u_0}{\bar{c}} \frac{\partial C_z}{\partial \dot{\alpha}} = -2 a_t \frac{l_t S_t}{\bar{c} S} \frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial \alpha}$$

$$(C_{z_{\dot{\alpha}}})_{tail} = -2 a_t V_H \frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial \alpha}$$

$$(C_{m_{\dot{\alpha}}})_{tail} = -2 a_t V_H \frac{l_t}{\bar{c}} \frac{\partial \varepsilon}{\partial \alpha}$$