

## Short Period Approx

Dynamics of Flight, Eq. (4.9,18)

$$\dot{\mathbf{x}}_{lon} = \mathbf{A}_{lon}\mathbf{x}_{lon} + \mathbf{c}_{lon}$$

$$\mathbf{x}_{lon} = \left( egin{array}{c} \Delta u \ \Delta w \ \Delta q \ \Delta heta \end{array} 
ight) \qquad \mathbf{c}_{lon} = \left( egin{array}{c} rac{\Delta X_c}{m} \ rac{\Delta Z_c}{m - Z_{\dot{w}}} \ rac{\Delta M_c}{I_y} + rac{M_{\dot{w}}}{I_y} rac{\Delta Z_c}{(m - Z_{\dot{w}})} \ 0 \end{array} 
ight)$$

$$\mathbf{A}_{lon} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{X_u^l}{m} & \frac{X_w}{m} & 0 & -g\cos\theta_0 \\ \frac{Z_w}{m} & \frac{Z_w}{m-Z_w^l} & \frac{Z_w}{m-Z_w^l} & \frac{-mg\sin\theta_0}{m-Z_w^l} \\ \frac{1}{I_y} \left[ M_u + \frac{M_wZ_u}{m-Z_w^l} \right] & \frac{1}{I_y} \left[ M_w + \frac{M_wZ_w}{m-Z_w^l} \right] & \frac{1}{I_y} \left[ M_q + \frac{M_w(Z_l^l + mu_0)}{m-Z_w^{l-1}} \right] & \frac{-M_w mg\sin\theta_0}{I_y(m-Z_w^l)} \\ \mathbf{\Delta} \mathbf{Q} \\ \mathbf{\Delta} \mathbf{Q} \\ \mathbf{\Delta} \mathbf{Q} \end{pmatrix}$$

Assume: 
$$\Delta u = 0$$
 $\theta_0 = 0$ 
 $Z_{ij} \ll m$ 

If we also assume no vertical notion,  

$$\Theta_0^{=0}$$
 implies  $\Delta \Theta = \alpha \approx \frac{2\pi}{u_0}$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix}
\Delta \dot{w} \\
\Delta \dot{q}
\end{bmatrix} = 
\begin{bmatrix}
\frac{Z_w}{m} \\
\frac{1}{I_Y} [M_w + \frac{M_w Z_w}{m}] & \frac{1}{I_Y} [M_q + M_w u_0]
\end{bmatrix}
\begin{bmatrix}
\Delta w \\
\Delta q
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_{sp}$$

$$|A_{sp}-\lambda I| = \lambda^{2} - \left[ Z_{m} + \frac{1}{T_{y}} \left[ M_{q} + M_{ij} u_{o} \right] \right] \lambda - \left[ \frac{1}{T_{y}} \left( u_{o} M_{n} - \frac{M_{q} Z_{n}}{m} \right) \right] = 0$$

How does this relate to size and shape?

Dimensional Stab. Deriv. Nondim. Stab. Deriv. A/C Params  $Z_{w} = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial w} \Big|_{o} = \frac{1}{2} \rho u_{o} S C_{Z\alpha} C_{Z\alpha} C_{Z\alpha} C_{Z\alpha} = -C_{D_{o}} - C_{L\alpha}$ My  $C_{m\alpha} = C_{L\alpha}(h - h_{n})$ My  $C_{m\alpha} = C_{\alpha}(h - h_{n})$ Mq  $C_{m\alpha} = -Z_{\alpha} + V_{H} \frac{L_{T}}{c}$ How accurate is this approximation?

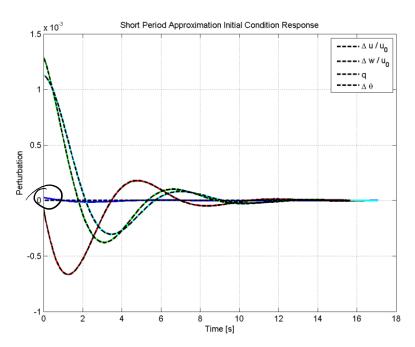
For 747 @ cruise

$$\frac{F_{ull} A_{bn}}{\lambda_{1,2}^{2} - 0.377} \pm 0.880;$$

$$S = 0.387$$

$$\omega_{n} = 0.967$$

$$\frac{5.P. \text{ approx}}{\lambda_{sp} = -0.371 \pm .889;}$$
  
 $S = 0.38S$   
 $\omega_{sp} = 0.963$ 



(note: here since AD # AW there is some vertical motion)

## Phagoid Mode

Lanchester (1908)

Assume conservation of energy

$$E = \frac{1}{2}mV^2 - mg\Delta_{E} = \frac{1}{2}mu_o^2$$

$$V^2 = \frac{2g\Delta_{E} + u_o^2}{C_L = C_{Lo} = C_{Wo}}$$

$$L = \frac{1}{2}\rho V^2 S C_L = \frac{1}{2}\rho u_o^2 S C_{Wo} + \rho g S C_{Wo} \Delta_{E} = W + \rho g S C_{Wo} \Delta_{E}$$

Newton's 2nd Law in Z

$$W^{-}L = m\Delta \ddot{z}_{E}$$

$$W^{-}(W+p) SCW_{0}\Delta z_{E}) = m\ddot{z}_{E}$$

$$\Delta \ddot{z}_{E} + \underbrace{pg SCW_{0}}_{W^{2}}\Delta z_{E} = 0$$

$$Z_{u} = -\rho u_{o} S C_{w_{o}} cos D_{o}^{1} + \frac{1}{2} \rho u_{o} S C_{z_{u}}$$

$$C_{z_{u}} = -M_{o} \frac{\partial C_{L}}{\partial M} - \rho u_{o}^{2} \frac{\partial C_{L}}{\partial \rho_{1}} - C_{T_{u}} \frac{\partial C_{L}}{\partial C_{T}} - C_{T_{u}} \frac{\partial C_{L}}{\partial C_{T}}$$

$$C_{z_{u}} = 0$$

$$Z_{u} \approx -\rho u_{o} S C_{w_{o}}$$

$$X_{u} = \rho_{u} \cdot S \cdot C_{w} \cdot sin\theta_{o}^{-D} + \frac{1}{2} \rho_{u} \cdot S \cdot C_{x_{u}}$$

$$C_{x_{u}} = -2C_{T_{o}} \quad (constant thrust)$$

$$C_{T_{o}} = C_{p_{o}} + C_{w_{o}} \cdot sin\theta_{o}^{-D}$$

$$X_{u} \approx -\rho \cdot u_{o} \cdot S \cdot C_{p_{o}}$$

$$W_{n} = \sqrt{-\frac{z_{u}q}{mu_{o}}} = \sqrt{\frac{\rho \cdot S \cdot C_{w_{o}}q}{m}} \quad S_{ame} \quad as \quad Lanchester$$

$$S = -\frac{X_{u}}{2} \sqrt{-\frac{u_{o}}{mt_{u}q}} = \rho \cdot \frac{u_{o} \cdot S \cdot C_{p_{o}}}{2} \sqrt{\frac{u_{o}}{2mq} \rho u_{o} \cdot S \cdot C_{u_{o}}}$$

$$= \frac{C_{p_{o}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}mq}} \frac{1}{C_{l_{o}}} \quad \text{High} \quad l/p = \frac{less energy}{loss}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{C_{p_{o}}}{C_{l_{o}}} \quad \text{High} \quad l/p = \frac{less energy}{loss}$$

$$= less denping$$

$$Ph \quad Approx$$

$$\frac{\text{Full} \quad \triangle_{10.5}}{\lambda_{3.4} = -3.79 \times 10^{-3} \pm 6.72} \times 10^{-2};$$

$$\int = 0.0489$$

$$\omega_{0} = 0.0673$$

$$\frac{Ph \quad Approx}{\lambda_{ph} = -3.43 \times 10^{-3} \pm 6.11 \times 10^{-2}}$$

$$\int = 0.0561$$

$$\omega_{n} = 0.0612$$

