

# CSE373 Notes

Aditya Balwani  
SBUID: 109353920

March 10, 2016

## 1 March 10

Given a problem of size N

- Break problem into several subproblems of size  $< n$
- solve several subproblems of size  $< n$
- Computer solution to the original problem from solutions to subproblems

Examples of DaQ : Quicksort and Merge Sort

### 1.1 Integer Multiplication

$T(n)$  = number of bit ops to multiple two n bit integers

$$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + O(n)$$

$$T(1) = O(1)$$

By master theorem since  $\log_b a = 2 > c = 1$

$$T(n) = O(n^{\log_b a} = O(n^2))$$

Using karatsube's algorithm

$$T(n) = 3T(n/2) + O(n)$$

$$T(1) = 1$$

By master theorem :

$$T(n) = O(n^{\log_2 3}) = O(n^{1.6}) = O(n^2)$$

### 1.2 Binary Exponentiation

Goal : Given x, a, m, all n-bit numbers compute  $x^a \text{ mod } m$