

CSE320

Practice Problems #1

Problem 1: For the following functions:

$$F(x, y, z) = xyz + xy'z' + x'y'z'$$

$$G(x, y, z) = (x + y)(x + z)(x' + z)$$

- How many literals in each expression? How many terms?
- Create the truth table.
- Name the minterms ($\sum m(?)$) and maxterms ($\prod M(?)$).
- Draw a 2-level gate network (AND-OR or OR-AND). Do NOT simplify the expression first.
- Simplify each expression using boolean logic.
- Draw 2-level gate networks for the simplified expressions in NAND-NAND or NOR-NOR form.
- Write the Boolean expressions for the complement of each (eg. F') in product of sums form.

Problem 2: Functions F through L are defined in the following way:

$$F = B + AC'$$

$$G = AB'C' + BC' + BC + AB$$

$$H = A + A'BC + BC'$$

$$I = A'B + BC + AC'$$

$$J = A'C' + A'B'C$$

$$K = A'B' + A'C'$$

$$L = A'B'C' + A'C' + B'C$$

Which of the functions are equivalent (same output for all input values)?

Problem 3: Find the complement for each expression. Apply DeMorgan's Law to simplify.

$$F(x, y, z) = x(y' + z)$$

$$G(x, y, z) = xy + x'z + yz'$$

$$H(w, x, y, z) = xyz'(y'z + x)' + (w'yz + x')$$

Problem 4: For each of the following functions f , g , and h :

x	y	z	f	g	h
0	0	0	0	1	0
0	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	1	0	1
1	1	0	1	0	1
1	1	1	1	1	1

- Name the minterms ($\sum m(?)$) and maxterms ($\prod M(?)$) of f , g , and h .
- Give the boolean expressions in the sum of products form for f and g . Simplify. Give the boolean expression in the product of sums form for h . Simplify.
- Name the minterms ($\sum m(?)$) and maxterms ($\prod M(?)$) for f' and g' .
- Draw 2-level gate networks for the simplified expression of f , g , and h in NAND-NAND or NOR-NOR form.

Problem 5: For the following truth table:

x	y	z	P	Q
0	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	1
1	1	0	1	1
1	1	1	1	0

- Name the minterms ($\Sigma m(?)$) and maxterms ($\Pi M(?)$) for P and Q.
- Draw a 2-level gate network (AND-OR or OR-AND). Do NOT simplify the expression first.
- Write the minterm and maxterm expression in boolean logic.
- Simplify each expression from (c) using boolean logic.
- Draw 2-level gate networks for the simplified expressions in NAND-NAND or NOR-NOR form.
- Write the Boolean expressions for the complement of each P and Q (ie. P' and Q') in product of sums form. DO NOT SIMPLIFY.

Problem 6: For each of the following functions:

$$J = ((A' + B)' + C')' + DC' + AB'$$

$$K = x(y + w'z) + (w' + x' + z')'$$

- Create the truth table for each expression.
- Name the minterms ($\Sigma m(?)$) and maxterms ($\Pi M(?)$) for each expression.
- Simplify each expression using boolean logic.
- Draw a 2-level gate network (AND-OR or OR-AND) for the expression in c), whichever form uses the fewest gates. DO NOT SIMPLIFY the expression first.
- How many literals in each expression from (c)? How many terms in the expression from (c)?
- Draw 2-level gate networks for the simplified expressions in NAND-NAND or NOR-NOR form.
- Write the Boolean expressions for the complement of each expression (eg. J') in product of sums form. DO NOT SIMPLIFY.

Problem 7: Using the postulates of Boolean algebra, prove the following formula:

$$A(xy) = x'y' + x'y + xy = x' + y$$

$$B(x, y, z) = y + x'z + xy' = x + y + z$$

$$C(x, y, z) = x'y + y'z' + xy + y'z = 1$$

$$D(x, y, z) = x'y'z' + x'y'z + x'yz + xy'z + xyz = x'y' + z$$

$$Y(A, B, C, D) = ((A' + B')' + A'B')(C'D' + CD) + (AC)' = A' + C' + BD$$

$$E(w, x, y, z) = wxy + w'xy + x'(zw + zy') + z(x'w' + y'x) = xy + z$$

$$G(x, y, z) = x'y + xyz' + xyz = y$$

$$G(w, x, y, z) = (xy' + w'z)(wx' + yz') = 0$$

$$H(x, y) = (x + y)(x' + y')' = xy$$

$$J(x, y, z) = x'y'z' + x'y'z + x'yz + xy'z + xyz = x'y' + z$$

$$K(X, Y, Z) = X'Y' + Y'Z + XZ + XY + YZ' = X'Y' + XZ + YZ'$$

$$Z(A, B, C, D) = ((A' + B')' + A'B')(C'D' + CD) + (AC)' = A' + C' + BD$$

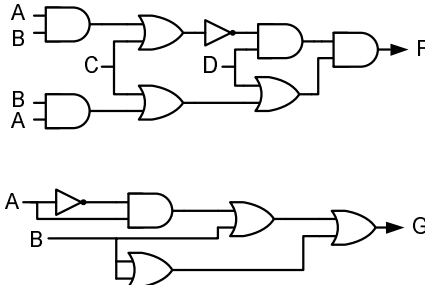
Problem 8: Using the Boolean identities, simplify each of the following formula.

$$F(x, y, z) = x'yz + x'yz' + xyz + yz'$$

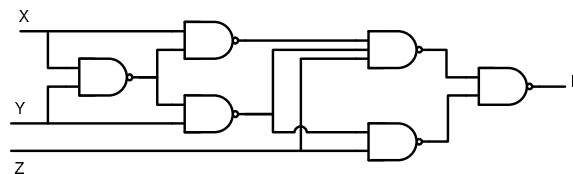
$$G(w, x, y, z) = w'x'y'z' + w'xy'z' + xx'y'z'$$

$$H(x, y, z) = x'(y'z + yz) + xyz$$

Problem 9: For the following diagrams, give the boolean expressions for F and G . Simplify and redraw the gate network.



Problem 10: Obtain the truth table for the circuit shown. Give the proper minimal boolean expression for this circuit (either sum of products or products of sums). Draw an equivalent circuit for F with fewer NAND gates.



Problem 11: Consider a logic circuit (Boolean expression) with 3 inputs (x , y , and z) representing the binary values 0-7, and three outputs (a , b , and c) also representing the binary values 0-7. When the input is 2, 3 or 4 the binary output should be 2 less than the input. When the input is 1, 5 or 6 the output should be 1 greater than the input value. When the input is 0 or 7, the output is the same value as the input.

- Create the truth table for the circuit
- Write the Boolean expression for each output in POS or SOP form. Think efficiency.
- Simplify each expression and draw the corresponding NAND-NAND or NOR-NOR network for each.

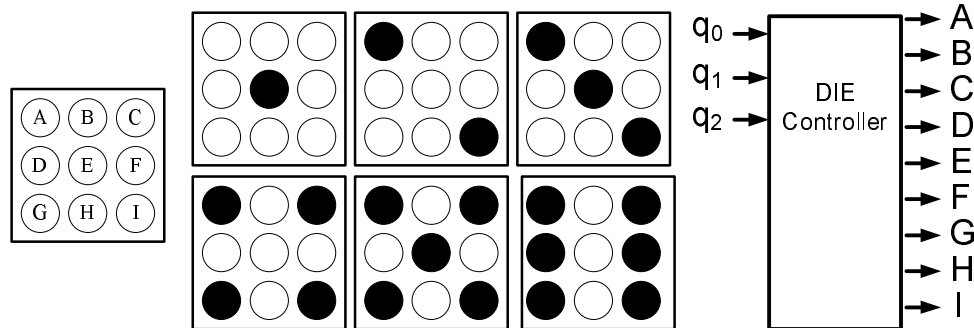
Problem 12: Find the minimal sum of products and products of sums for the functions shown in the k-maps. Implement Y using a NAND-NAND network, and implement Z using NOR-NOR network.

Y		X_1				X_2
		X_3X_2	X_1X_0			
		1	0	1	0	
		0	0	1	0	
		0	1	1	0	
		0	1	1	0	
		X_0				

Z		X_1				X_2
		X_3X_2	X_1X_0			
		1	1	0	0	
		1	1	0	0	
		0	1	1	1	
		1	0	0	0	
		X_0				

Problem 13: Design a controller to display an electronic die as shown below. Inputs to the controller represent a 3-bit number, which indicates what is to be displayed. There are nine outputs, A - I, one for each of the dots. A dot will light when given a 1, and is unlit when given a 0. If value 0 or 7 is given, no dots should light.

- Create the truth table.
- Write the boolean expression for each output (A-I) using the minimal number of terms (ie. use SOP or POS depending which form has less terms) Do not simplify the expressions.
- How many literals are in each expression? How many minterms/maxterms?
- Draw the 2-level gate networks for output A, D, and E in AND-OR or OR-AND form.
- Draw the 2-level gate networks for outputs A, D, and E in NAND-NAND or NOR-NOR form.



Problem 14: A logic circuit realizes the function $F(a,b,c,d) = a'b' + a'cd + ac'd + ab'd'$. Assuming that $a=c$ never occurs when $b = d = 1$, find a simplified expression for F . (Hint: When can Don't-Cares be used?)

Problem 15: Given two inputs $x = (x_1, x_0)$ and $y = (y_1, y_0)$, the output is the absolute value of their difference: $z = |2y - x|$.

- Write the truth table for the output values (hint: how many bits are needed to represent the values).
- Write the POS or SOP boolean expressions for each output bit.
- Simplify the expressions in b) and draw the corresponding gate networks using NAND-NAND or NOR-NOR

Problem 16: A circuit will either subtract 2-bit unsigned X from 2-bit unsigned Y or Y from X , depending on the value of A . If $A = 1$, the output should be $|X - Y|$, and if $A = 0$, the output should be $|Y - X|$.

- Write the truth table for the output values (hint: how many bits are needed to represent the values).
- Draw k-maps for each output.
- Draw the corresponding gate networks using NAND-NAND or NOR-NOR for each output.