

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ **SOLUTION** \_\_\_\_\_ ID: \_\_\_\_\_

No calculators, notes, or textbooks allowed. Show all your work for full credit.

Time limit: 20 minsProblem 1 [5 points]: Write the minimal POS expression for Z using the k-map.

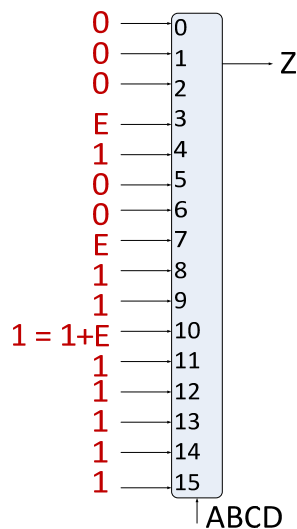
Y

		yz			
	wx	00	01	11	10
00		1	0	0	1
01		1	0	1	-
11		-	0	1	0
10		0	0	0	0

$$Y = (w' + z) (y + z') (x + z')$$

Problem 2 [5 points]: Implement the Z using one 16-input (4-bit selector) multiplexor with the selectors bits as ABCD.

$$Z(A,B,C,D,E) = AB'CD'E' + A'BC'D' + CDE + A$$



(More on back)

Problem 3 [5 points]: Implement the Q using **one** 4-input (2-bit selector) multiplexor and the **minimal** number of 2-input (1-bit selector) multiplexors.

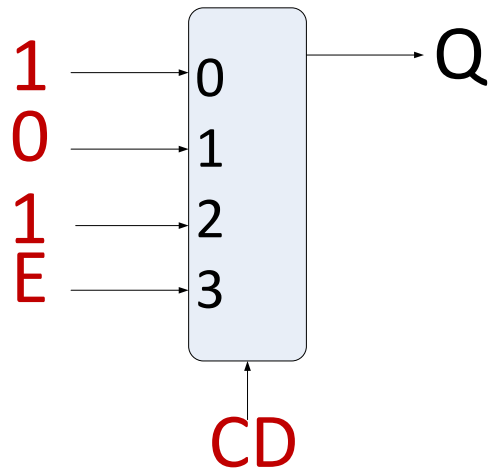
$$Q(A, B, C, D, E) = AB'CD'E' + CDE + D'$$

If you simplify:

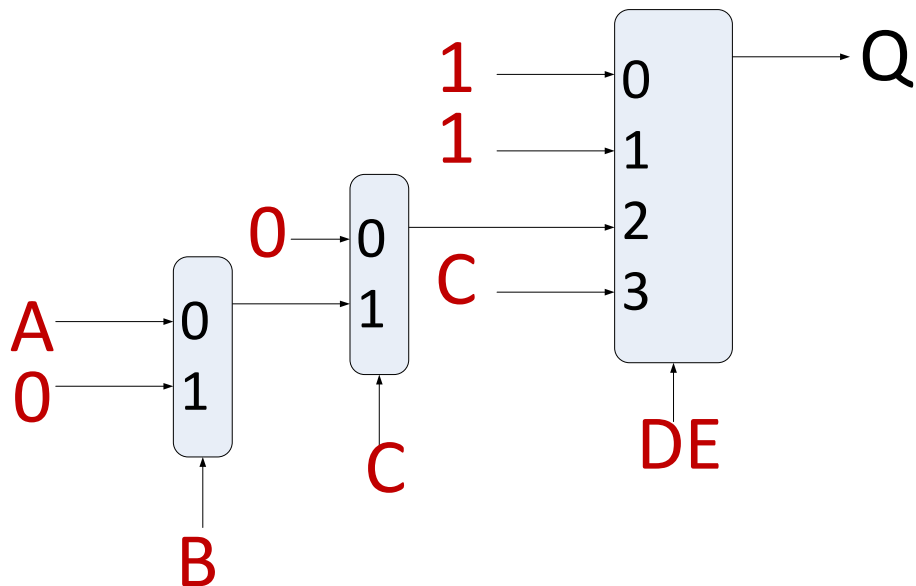
$$= AB'CD'E' + CDE + D'$$

$$= CD'(AB'E' + 1) + CD(E)$$

$$= CD'(1) + CD(E) + C'D'(1) + C'D(0)$$



Alternate possible solution without simplification (not minimal, but accepted)







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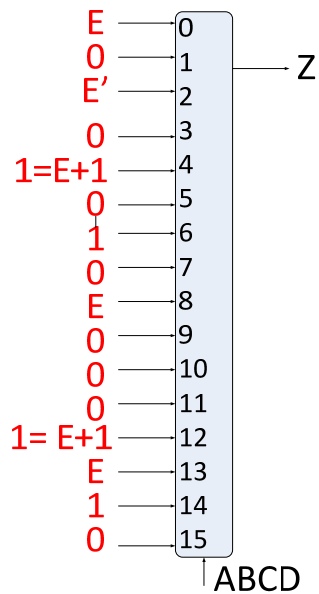
**Z**

	cd	00	01	11	10
ab	00	0	1	1	0
	01	0	-	1	0
	11	1	-	0	1
	10	0	-	1	0

$$Z = (b + d) (a' + b' + d') (a + d)$$

Problem 2 [5 points]: Implement the Z using one 16-input (4-bit selector) multiplexor with the selectors bits as ABCD

$$Z(A,B,C,D,E) = A'B'CD'E' + BD' + C'D'E + ABC'E$$



(More on back)

Problem 3 [5 points]: Implement the Q using **one** 4-input (2-bit selector) multiplexor and the **minimal** number of 2-input (1-bit selector) multiplexors.

$$Q(A, B, C, D, E) = A'B'CD'E' + BD' + A$$

