

Name: SOLUTION

No calculators, notes, or textbooks allowed. Show all your work for full credit.

ID: _____

Consider the following MIPS code

```
lw $4, 20($6)
lw $8, 20($4)
sub $3, $4, $8
add $5, $3, $4
sw $3, 20($6)
add $3, $7, $8
```

(a) What type of hazards occurs in the code above? Where do they occur?

+2 Data hazards

lw/lw \$4

lw/sub \$8

sub/lw \$4

add/sub \$3

(b) Assume, there is no forwarding in the pipeline. Label the instructions and insert stalls (bubbles) to eliminate all hazards (ie. There should be no forwarding lines)

lw \$4, 20(\$6)

lw \$8, 20(\$4) → stall

lw \$8, 20(\$4)

sub \$3, \$4, \$8 → stall

stall

sub \$3, \$4, \$8

add \$5, \$3, \$4 → stall

add \$5, \$3, \$4

sw

add

+2 per set of stall

(6 pts)

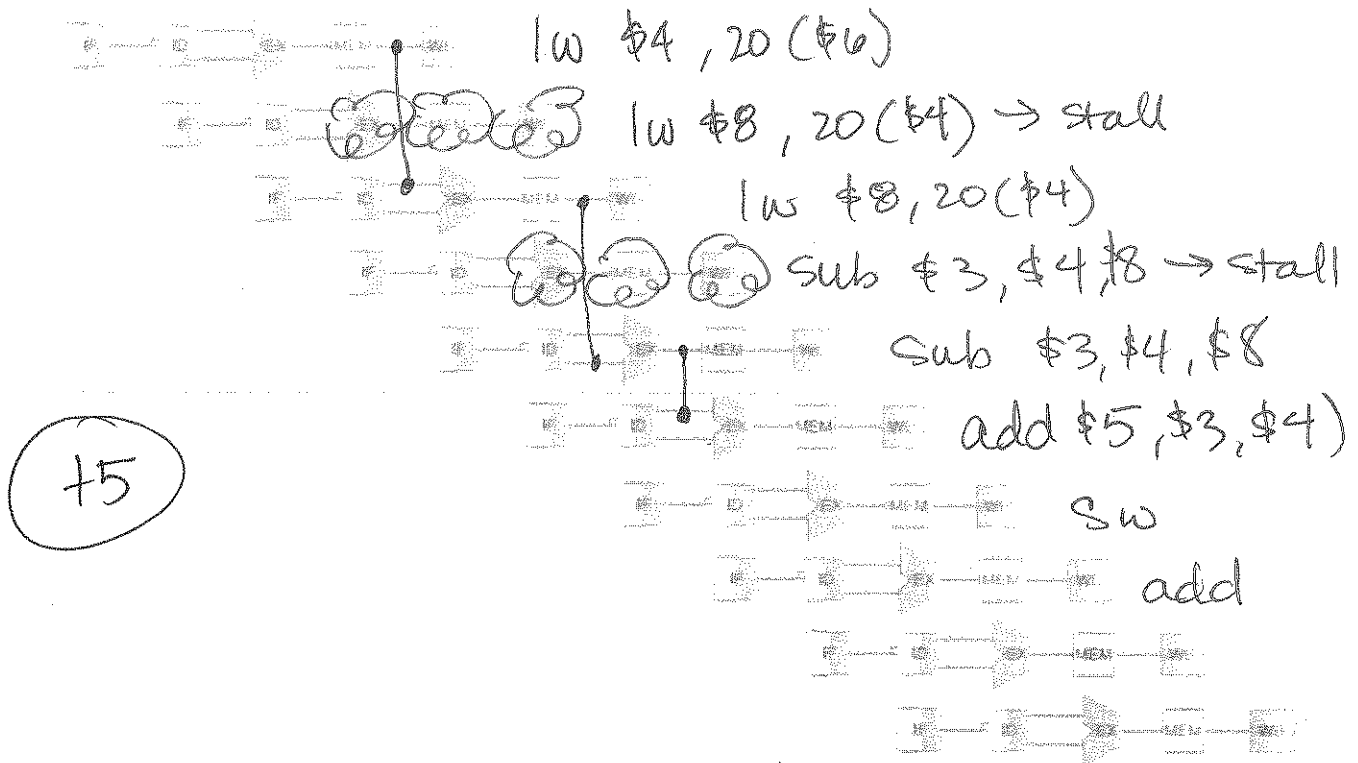
(more on back)

```

lw $4, 20 ($6)
lw $8, 20 ($4)
sub $3, $4, $8
add $5, $3, $4
sw $3, 20 ($6)
add $3, $7, $8

```

- (c) Assume there is forwarding in the pipeline. Label the instructions; show the forwarding paths and/or stalls needed to execute the code.



- (d) Can the code be reordered in order to improve performance? If Yes, Show how. If not, why?

No!

We need to insert an instr between lw/lw or lw/sub to remove stalls. All instr are dependant on the values from prev instr. therefore no instr can be inserted to eliminate stalls.

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SOLUTION

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Time limit: 15 mins

Consider the following MIPS code

```

sw $4, 20($6)
sub $3, $4, $6
add $5, $3, $2
lw $7, 100($5)
lw $8, 20($7)
add $3, $7, $8

```

(a) What type of hazards occurs in the code above? Where do they occur?

+2

data hazards

sub/add \$3
lw/add \$5
lw/lw \$7

lw/add \$8

add/lw \$7 (not actual hazard if stall)

(b) Assume, there is no forwarding in the pipeline. Label the instructions and insert stalls (bubbles) to eliminate all hazards (ie. There should be no forwarding lines)

sw \$4, 20(\$6)



sub \$3, \$4, \$6



add \$5, \$3, \$2 → stall



stall



add \$5, \$3, \$2



lw \$7, 100(\$5) → stall



stall



lw \$7, 100(\$5)



lw \$8, 20(\$7) → stall



stall



lw \$8, 20(\$7)



add \$3, \$7, \$8



add \$3, \$7, \$8



(more on back)

+1.5
per set
of stall

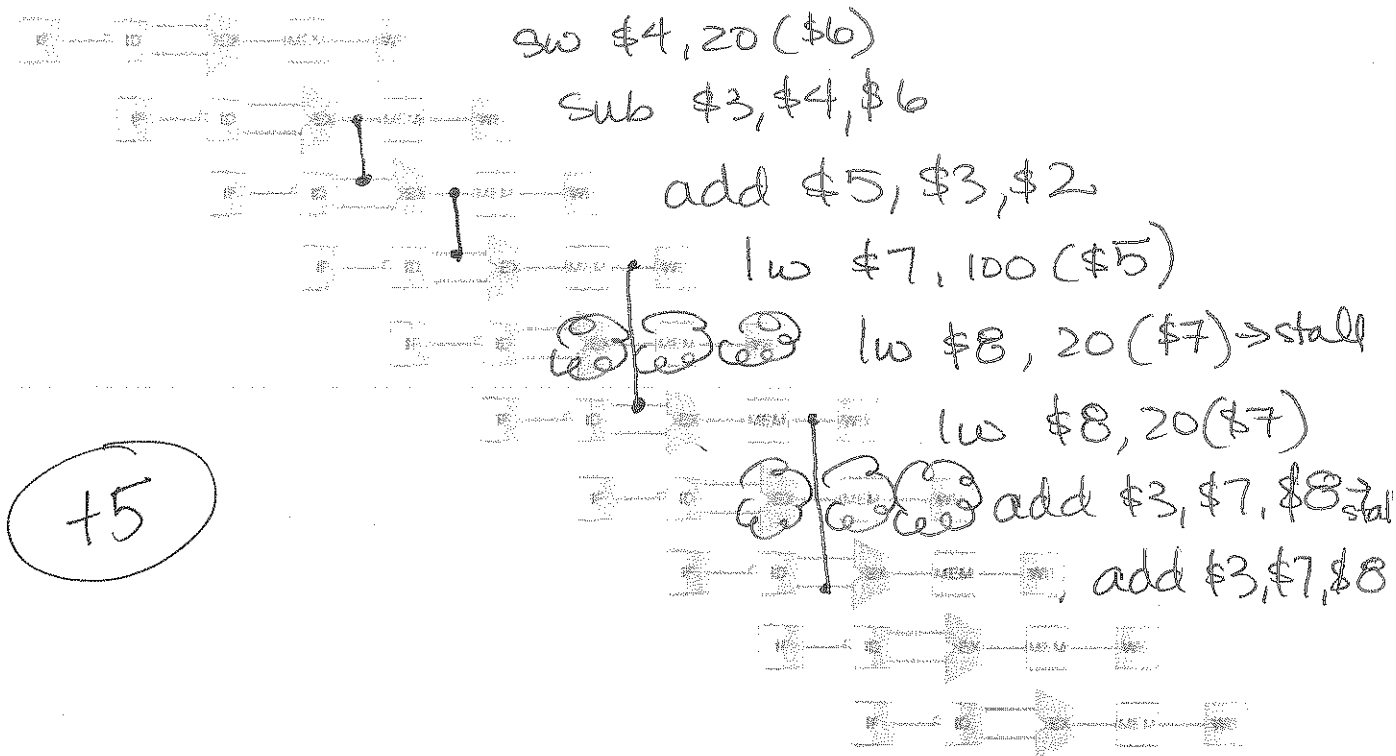
(6 pts)

```

sw $4, 20 ($6)
sub $3, $4, $6
add $5, $3, $2
lw $7, 100 ($5)
lw $8, 20 ($7)
add $3, $7, $8

```

- (c) Assume there is forwarding in the pipeline. Label the instructions; show the forwarding paths and/or stalls needed to execute the code.



- (d) Can the code be reordered in order to improve performance? If Yes, Show how. If not, why?

```

sub $3, $4, $6
add $5, $3, $2
lw $7, 100 ($5)
sw $4, 20 ($6)
lw $8, 20 ($7)
add $3, $7, $8

```

or

```

sub $3, $4, $6
add $5, $3, $2
lw $7, 100 ($5)
lw $8, 20 ($7)
sw $4, 20 ($6)
add $3, $7, $8

```

Yes

+3