

$$1) a) f(x, y) = x^4 y^3 + 8 x^2 y$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 4 y^3 x^3 + 16 y x$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 3 x^4 y^2 + 8 x^2$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} (c) \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} &= x \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x+y)^{-2} = \\ &= x(-2(x+y)^{-3} \cdot (0+1)) = \frac{-2x}{(x+y)^3} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$b) f(x, t) = \sqrt{x} \ln t = x^{\frac{1}{2}} \ln t$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\ln t}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial t} = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{t}$$

$$(c) f(x, y) = \frac{x}{(x+y)^2} = x(x+y)^{-2}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 1 \cdot \frac{1}{(x+y)^2} + x(-2(x+y)^{-3} \cdot (1+0)) = \frac{1}{(x+y)^2} - \frac{2x}{(x+y)^3} = \frac{-x+y}{(x+y)^3}$$