```
In [1]:
!pip install keras_self_attention
```

Requirement already satisfied: keras\_self\_attention in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (0.47.0)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from keras\_self\_attention) (1.18.5)

Requirement already satisfied: Keras in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from keras\_self\_attention) (2.4.3)

Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=0.14 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from Keras-> keras\_self\_attention) (1.4.1)

Requirement already satisfied: h5py in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from Keras-> keras\_self\_attention) (2.10.0)

Requirement already satisfied: pyyaml in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from Keras-> keras\_self\_attention) (3.13)

Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from h5py->Keras-> keras\_self\_attention) (1.15.0)

#### In [2]:

```
pip install keras_metrics
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: keras_metrics in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (1.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: Keras>=2.1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from keras_metrics) (2.4.3)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.9.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from Keras>=2.1.5->keras_metrics) (1.18.5)
Requirement already satisfied: h5py in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from Keras>=2.1.5->keras_metrics) (2.10.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyyaml in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from Keras>=2.1.5->keras_metrics) (3.13)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=0.14 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from Keras>=2.1.5->keras_metrics) (1.4.1)
Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from h5py->Keras>=2.1.5->keras_metrics) (1.15.0)
```

# In [3]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import nltk
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.experimental import enable iterative imputer
from sklearn.impute import IterativeImputer
from sklearn.model_selection import cross val score
from sklearn.model selection import RepeatedStratifiedKFold
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
import operator
from sklearn.model_selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences
from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from keras.initializers import Constant
from keras.layers import TimeDistributed
from keras self attention import SeqSelfAttention
from numpy.random import seed
import h5py
seed(1)
import codecs
import datetime
import logging
import plotly.graph objs as go
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pydot
import keras
from keras import backend as k
k.set learning_phase(1)
from keras import initializers
from keras.optimizers import RMSprop
from keras.models import Sequential,Model
from keras.layers import Dense, LSTM, GRU, Dropout, Input, Activation, Add, concatenate, Embedding, Repeat
Vector, Spatial Dropout 1D
from keras.layers.advanced activations import LeakyReLU,PReLU
from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
from keras.models import load_model
from keras.optimizers import Adam
from keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
import tensorflow as tf
%matplotlib inline
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
import re
import sys
import pickle
from tqdm import tqdm
import os
from keras.layers import BatchNormalization
from keras.layers import Bidirectional
import keras_metrics as km
WARNING:tensorflow:From <ipython-input-3-101e6e9988cc>:37: set learning phase (from
tensorflow.python.keras.backend) is deprecated and will be removed after 2020-10-11.
Instructions for updating:
Simply pass a True/False value to the `training` argument of the ` call ` method of your layer o
r model.
Tn [4]:
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call
drive.mount("/content/drive", force remount=True).
https://towardsdatascience.com/how-to-quickly-build-a-tensorflow-training-pipeline-15e9ae4d78a0
https://www.thepythoncode.com/article/text-classification-using-tensorflow-2-and-keras-in-python
In [51:
df1 = pd.read csv('/content/drive/My Drive/train CS2.csv')
#df1 = pd.read csv('train.csv')
print(df1.columns)
Index(['textID', 'text', 'selected text', 'sentiment'], dtype='object')
In [6]:
df1.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 27481 entries, 0 to 27480
Data columns (total 4 columns):
   Column
                    Non-Null Count Dtype
--- -----
                    -----
0 textID
                   27481 non-null object
                   27480 non-null object
 2 selected_text 27480 non-null object
    sentiment
                    27481 non-null object
dtypes: object(4)
memory usage: 858.9+ KB
```

### In [7]:

```
positive_text_y = df1[df1['sentiment'] == 'positive']['selected_text']
negative_text_y = df1[df1['sentiment'] == 'negative']['selected_text']
neutral_text_y = df1[df1['sentiment'] == 'neutral']['selected_text']
```

### In [8]:

```
# data cleaning
def cleantext(text):
   text = str(text)
   text = text.split()
    words= []
    for t in text:
       words.append(t)
    text=" ".join(words)
    text=text.lower()
    text=re.sub(r"9)/11"," 911 ", text)
    text=re.sub(r"\n"," ",text)
    text=re.sub(r":"," ",text)
    text=re.sub(r"-"," ",text)
    text=re.sub(r"\_"," ",text)
    text=re.sub(r"\d+","",text)
    text=re.sub(r"\.","",text)
    \#text=re.sub(r"\,",",",text)
    text=re.sub(r"[$#@%&!~?%{}()]"," ",text)
    return text
```

### In [9]:

```
# for setting the selected text to 1 in y pad
def set_to_one(X_train_pad,y_train_pad):
    y train pad1 = []
    for k in range(len(X_train_pad)):
        X1 = X train pad[k].copy()
        y = y train pad[k].copy()
        for i in range(len(X1)):
            if(X1[i] == 0):
                X1[i] = 2
            else:
                 flag = 0
                 for j in range(len(y)):
                     if (X1[i] == y[j]):
    X1[i] = 1
                         flag=1
                        break
                 if(flag == 0):
                     X1[i] = 0
        y train padl.append(X1)
    return(y_train_pad1)
```

## In [10]:

```
def maskedLoss(y_true, y_pred):
    y_true = tf.expand_dims(y_true,2)
    #getting mask value
    mask = tf.math.logical_not(tf.math.equal(y_true, 2))

#converting mask dtype to loss_ dtype
    mask = tf.cast(mask, dtype=y_true.dtype)

y_true = y_true * mask

loss_function = tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(from_logits=False, reduction='none')

#calculating the loss
loss_ = loss_function(y_true, y_pred)

#converting mask dtype to loss_dtype
```

```
mask = tf.cast(mask, dtype=loss_.dtype)

#applying the mask to loss
loss_ = loss_ * mask

#getting mean over all the values
loss_ = tf.reduce_sum(loss_) / tf.reduce_sum(mask)

return loss_
```

### In [11]:

```
def get_embedding_vectors(vocab_size, EMBEDDING_DIM, tokenizer):
  embeddings index = {}
  f = codecs.open('/content/drive/My Drive/wiki-news-300d-1M.vec', encoding='utf-8')
  for line in tqdm(f):
   values = line.rstrip().rsplit(' ')
   word = values[0]
   coefs = np.asarray(values[1:], dtype='float32')
   embeddings index[word] = coefs
  f.close()
 words not found = []
  nb_words = min(vocab_size , len(tokenizer.word index)+1)
  embedding matrix = np.zeros((nb words, EMBEDDING DIM))
  for word, i in tokenizer.word index.items():
   if i >= nb words:
     continue
    embedding vector = embeddings index.get(word)
    if (embedding_vector is not None) and len(embedding_vector) > 0:
       embedding matrix[i] = embedding vector
    else:
       words not found.append(word)
  return embedding matrix, nb words
```

# In [12]:

## In [13]:

```
(±±002[0]:000]PC(±110,:1,:00P]()
        #ndarr_train_temp.append(ndarr_train_temp[i])
    return( ndarr train temp)
In [14]:
def rev(arr1 train, X train pad):
   y_train_pad_rev = []
    for k in range(len(arr1 train)):
       X1 = arr1 train[k].copy()
        y = X train pad[k].copy()
        for i in range(len(X1)):
            if(X1[i] == 1):
               X1[i] = y[i]
       y train pad rev.append(X1)
    return y_train_pad_rev
In [15]:
# Function takes a tokenized sentence and returns the words
def sequence to text(list of indices, reverse word map):
  # Looking up words in dictionary
  words = [reverse word map.get(letter) for letter in list of indices]
 return (words)
In [16]:
def pred_txt(my_texts_train):
    predicted txts train = []
    for row in my_texts_train:
       words= []
       text = ''
        for word in row:
            if (word != None):
                words.append(word)
               text=" ".join(words)
       predicted txts train.append(text)
    return predicted txts train
#predicted txts
In [17]:
def jaccard(str1, str2):
```

```
def jaccard(str1, str2):
    a = set(str1.lower().split())
    b = set(str2.lower().split())
    c = a.intersection(b)
    if (len(a) == 0):
        return 0
    return float(len(c)) / (len(a) + len(b) - len(c))
```

### In [18]:

```
def jaccard_score(predicted_txts_train_pos,y_train_pos):
    jaccard_vals_train_pos = []
    for i in range(len(predicted_txts_train_pos)):
        jac = jaccard(predicted_txts_train_pos[i],y_train_pos.iloc[i].to_string())
        jaccard_vals_train_pos.append(jac)
    return np.mean(jaccard_vals_train_pos)
```

## In [19]:

```
def final_fun_1(df1):
    y = pd.DataFrame (df1['selected_text'])
    X = pd.DataFrame (df1['text'])

positive_text_X = df1[df1['sentiment'] == 'positive']['text']
    negative_text_X = df1[df1['sentiment'] == 'negative']['text']

neutral_text_X = df1[df1['sentiment'] == 'neutral']['text']

positive_text_y = df1[df1['sentiment'] == 'positive']['selected_text']

negative_text_y = df1[df1['sentiment'] == 'positive']['selected_text']
```

```
medactive ceve 1 - att fatt | penetment | --
                                            negative [[ betected text
 neutral_text_y = df1[df1['sentiment'] == 'neutral']['selected_text']
 positive_text_X = positive_text_X.apply(lambda x: cleantext(x))
 negative_text_X = negative_text_X.apply(lambda x: cleantext(x))
 neutral_text_X = neutral_text_X.apply(lambda x: cleantext(x))
 positive_text_y = positive_text_y.apply(lambda x: cleantext(x))
 negative text y = negative text y.apply(lambda x: cleantext(x))
 neutral_text_y = neutral_text_y.apply(lambda x: cleantext(x))
 positive_text_X = pd.DataFrame(positive_text_X)
 negative text X = pd.DataFrame(negative text X)
 neutral text X = pd.DataFrame(neutral text X)
 positive text y = pd.DataFrame(positive text y)
 negative_text_y = pd.DataFrame(negative_text_y)
 neutral_text_y = pd.DataFrame(neutral_text_y)
  # This is fixed.
 EMBEDDING DIM = 300
  #before tokenizing the data divided whole data into train and test sets
 X_train_pos, X_test_pos, y_train_pos, y_test_pos = train_test_split(positive_text_X, positive_text_y,
test size=0.2,random state=42)
 X train neg, X test neg, y train neg, y test neg = train test split(negative text X, negative text y,
test_size=0.2,random_state=42)
 X_train_neu, X_test_neu, y_train_neu, y_test_neu = train_test_split(neutral_text_X, neutral text y, te
st size=0.2, random state=42)
 X temp = X train pos.append(X train neg)
 X_train = X_temp.append(X_train_neu)
  # Tokenize: text-to-word-sequence
  # tokenizing and computing no of unique words
  tokenizer = Tokenizer()
 tokenizer.fit_on_texts(X_train['text'].values)
  # computed total vocabualry from 'text' column as 'selected_text' is subset of 'text'
 max length = max([len(s.split()) for s in X train['text']])
 vocab_size = len(tokenizer.word index) +1
 #converting texts to sequences
  X train pos tokens = tokenizer.texts to sequences(X train pos['text'].values)
 X_train_neg_tokens = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(X_train_neg['text'].values)
 X_train_neu_tokens = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(X_train_neu['text'].values)
 X_test_pos_tokens = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(X_test_pos['text'].values)
 X_test_neg_tokens = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(X_test_neg['text'].values)
 X_test_neu_tokens = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(X_test_neu['text'].values)
 y_train_pos_tokens = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(y_train_pos['selected_text'].values)
 y_train_neg_tokens = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(y_train_neg['selected_text'].values)
 y_train_neu_tokens = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(y_train_neu['selected_text'].values)
 y_test_pos_tokens = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(y_test_pos['selected_text'].values)
 y test neg tokens = tokenizer.texts to sequences(y test neg['selected text'].values)
 y test neu tokens = tokenizer.texts to sequences(y test neu['selected text'].values)
  #padding zeros at the end
 X_train_pos_pad = pad_sequences(X_train_pos_tokens, maxlen=max_length, padding='post', truncating
 X_train_neg_pad = pad_sequences(X_train_neg_tokens, maxlen=max_length, padding='post', truncating
='post')
 X train neu pad = pad sequences(X train neu tokens, maxlen=max length, padding='post', truncating
='post')
 X test pos pad = pad sequences(X test pos tokens, maxlen=max length, padding='post', truncating='
post')
 X test neg pad = pad sequences(X test neg tokens, maxlen=max length, padding='post', truncating='
 X_test_neu_pad = pad_sequences(X_test_neu_tokens, maxlen=max_length, padding='post', truncating='
post')
 y train pos pad = pad sequences(y train pos tokens, maxlen=max length, padding='post', truncating
```

```
- pust /
 y_train_neg_pad = pad_sequences(y_train_neg_tokens, maxlen=max_length, padding='post', truncating
='post')
 y train neu pad = pad sequences(y train neu tokens, maxlen=max length, padding='post', truncating
='post')
 y test pos pad = pad sequences(y test pos tokens, maxlen=max length, padding='post', truncating='
post')
 y test neg pad = pad sequences(y test neg tokens, maxlen=max length, padding='post', truncating='
 y test neu pad = pad sequences(y test neu tokens, maxlen=max length, padding='post', truncating='
post')
 y train_pos_pad = set_to_one(X_train_pos_pad,y_train_pos_pad)
 y train neg pad = set to one (X train neg pad, y train neg pad)
 y train neu pad = set to one (X train neu pad, y train neu pad)
 y_test_pos_pad = set_to_one(X_test_pos_pad,y_test_pos_pad)
 y_test_neg_pad = set_to_one(X_test_neg_pad,y_test_neg_pad)
 y_test_neu_pad = set_to_one(X_test_neu_pad,y_test_neu_pad)
 y_train_pos_pad = pd.DataFrame(y_train_pos_pad)
 y_train_neg_pad = pd.DataFrame(y_train_neg_pad)
 y train neu pad = pd.DataFrame(y train neu pad)
 y test pos pad = pd.DataFrame(y test pos pad)
 y_test_neg_pad = pd.DataFrame(y_test_neg_pad)
 y test neu pad = pd.DataFrame(y test neu pad)
  reverse word map = dict(map(reversed, tokenizer.word index.items())))
  embedding_matrix,nb_words = get_embedding_vectors(vocab_size, EMBEDDING_DIM,tokenizer)
 loss function = tf.keras.losses.BinaryCrossentropy(from logits=False, reduction='none')
 model = build_model(nb_words,EMBEDDING_DIM, max_length, weights=[embedding_matrix])
  #for positive tweets
  pos filepath = '/content/drive/My Drive/CS2 pos final model/weights pos best.h5'
  f1 = h5py.File(pos filepath, 'r')
 model.load weights(pos filepath)
 model.compile(loss = maskedLoss, optimizer='adam', metrics=[km.binary precision(), km.binary reca
11()])
 pos metrics = model.evaluate(X test pos pad, y test pos pad)
 #for negative tweets
 neg filepath = '/content/drive/My Drive/CS2 pos final model/weights neg best.h5'
 f2 = h5py.File(neg_filepath, 'r')
 model.load_weights(neg_filepath)
 model.compile(loss = maskedLoss, optimizer='adam', metrics=[km.binary precision(), km.binary reca
11()1)
 neg metrics = model.evaluate(X test neg pad, y test neg pad)
 #For neutral tweets
 neu filepath = '/content/drive/My Drive/CS2 pos final model/weights neu best.h5'
 f3 = h5py.File(neu filepath, 'r')
 model.load weights (neu filepath)
 model.compile(loss = maskedLoss, optimizer='adam', metrics=[km.binary precision(), km.binary reca
11()])
 neu metrics = model.evaluate(X test neu pad,y test neu pad)
 ndarr_train_pos = model.predict(X_train_pos_pad)
 ndarr test pos = model.predict(X test pos pad)
 ndarr train neg = model.predict(X train neg pad)
 ndarr test neg = model.predict(X test neg pad)
 ndarr train neu = model.predict(X train neu pad)
 ndarr test neu = model.predict(X test neu pad)
  arr1_train_pos = arr1_train_temp(ndarr_train_pos)
```

```
arrr_test_pos = arrr_trarn_temp(nuarr_test_pos)
  arr1_train_neg = arr1_train_temp(ndarr_train_neg)
 arr1_test_neg = arr1_train_temp(ndarr_test_neg)
 arr1_train_neu = arr1_train_temp(ndarr_train_neu)
 arr1_test_neu = arr1_train_temp(ndarr_test_neu)
  arr1_train_pos = arr1_train_pos.reshape(-1,33)
 arr1 test pos = arr1 test pos.reshape(-1,33)
 arr1_train_neg = arr1_train_neg.reshape(-1,33)
 arr1 test neg = arr1 test neg.reshape(-1,33)
 arr1 train neu = arr1 train neu.reshape(-1,33)
 arr1 test neu = arr1 test neu.reshape(-1,33)
 y_train_pos_pad_rev = rev(arr1_train_pos,X_train_pos_pad)
 y_test_pos_pad_rev = rev(arr1_test_pos, X_test_pos_pad)
 y train neg pad rev = rev(arr1 train neg, X train neg pad)
 y_test_neg_pad_rev = rev(arr1_test_neg, X_test_neg_pad)
 y_train_neu_pad_rev = rev(arr1_train_neu, X_train_neu_pad)
 y test neu pad rev = rev(arr1 test neu, X test neu pad)
 my texts train pos = []
 for i in range(len(y_train_pos_pad_rev)):
   words = sequence_to_text(y_train_pos_pad_rev[i], reverse_word_map)
   my_texts_train_pos.append(words)
 my texts test pos = []
  for i in range(len(y_test_pos_pad_rev)):
   words = sequence_to_text(y_test_pos_pad_rev[i],reverse_word_map)
   my_texts_test_pos.append(words)
 my_texts_train_neg = []
 for i in range(len(y train neg pad rev)):
   words = sequence_to_text(y_train_neg_pad_rev[i], reverse_word_map)
   my_texts_train_neg.append(words)
 my_texts_test_neg = []
  for i in range(len(y test neg pad rev)):
   words = sequence_to_text(y_test_neg_pad_rev[i], reverse_word_map)
   my_texts_test_neg.append(words)
 my_texts_train_neu = []
 for i in range(len(y_train_neu_pad_rev)):
   words = sequence_to_text(y_train_neu_pad_rev[i], reverse_word_map)
   my_texts_train_neu.append(words)
 my_texts_test_neu = []
 for i in range(len(y_test_neu_pad_rev)):
   words = sequence_to_text(y_test_neu_pad_rev[i], reverse_word_map)
   my_texts_test_neu.append(words)
 predicted_txts_train_pos = pred_txt(my_texts_train_pos)
 predicted txts test pos = pred txt(my texts test pos)
 predicted txts train neg = pred txt(my texts train neg)
 predicted txts test neg = pred txt(my texts test neg)
 predicted_txts_train_neu = pred_txt(my_texts_train_neu)
 predicted_txts_test_neu = pred_txt(my_texts_test_neu)
 jaccard_vals_train_pos = jaccard_score(predicted_txts_train_pos,y_train_pos)
 print('The jaccard score of train positive tweets is:', np.mean(jaccard_vals_train_pos))
 jaccard_vals_train_neg = jaccard_score(predicted_txts_train_neg,y_train_neg)
 print('The jaccard score of train positive tweets is:', np.mean(jaccard vals train neg))
 jaccard_vals_train_neu = jaccard_score(predicted_txts_train_neu,y_train_neu)
 print('The jaccard score of train positive tweets is:', np.mean(jaccard vals train neu))
predicted txts train pos, predicted txts test pos, predicted txts train neg, predicted txts test neg,
predicted_txts_train_neu,predicted_txts_test_neu
```

\*I

### In [20]:

```
predicted txts train pos, predicted txts test pos, predicted txts train neg, predicted txts test neg,
predicted_txts_train_neu,predicted_txts_test_neu = final_fun_1(df1)
999995it [01:42, 9712.90it/s]
WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras metrics/metrics.py:51:
calling Layer.add_update (from tensorflow.python.keras.engine.base_layer) with inputs is
deprecated and will be removed in a future version.
Instructions for updating:
`inputs` is now automatically inferred
WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras metrics/metrics.py:26:
Layer.updates (from tensorflow.python.keras.engine.base layer) is deprecated and will be removed i
n a future version.
Instructions for updating:
This property should not be used in TensorFlow 2.0, as updates are applied automatically.
0.6404
49/49 [=========== 0.5699 - recall:
0.4591
0.9942
The jaccard score of train positive tweets is: 0.22315528296274018
```

The jaccard score of train positive tweets is: 0.2348763945020372 The jaccard score of train positive tweets is: 0.5271872832847861