# SECURE BARCODE **GENERATION AND DECODING WITH ENCRYPTION TECHNIQUES**

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## **ABSTRACT**

- This project focuses on the development of a secure barcode generation and reading system that utilizes Caesar cipher encryption to ensure data confidentiality.
- > By integrating sensor-based hardware, the system can captures and decodes barcodes
- > System also protects sensitive information by encrypting it before embedding into the barcode.
- This method is especially beneficial for applications requiring secured data transmission, such as in logistics, healthcare, and secure identification processes.
- ➤ A secure and efficient barcode system that ensures confidentiality in automated identification.

## **INTRODUCTION**

- ➤ In today's digital world, the need for secure data handling within automated identification systems is greater than ever
- This project addresses these security concerns by introducing an innovative method to enhance the protection of barcode data through encryption.
- At the core of this system is the **Caesar cipher**, a classical encryption technique that shifts each character in the data by a fixed number of positions.
- After the data is encrypted, it is transformed into a barcode format, making it easy to scan and compatible with a wide range of hardware.
- > The barcode is then read by a specially configured device capable of scanning

## **OBJECTIVES**

Generate barcodes that encapsulate secure information using Caesar cipher encryption.

Develop a hardwareintegrated system for reading and decoding encrypted barcodes

Implement Caesar cipher encryption to restrict unauthorized access to barcode data.

Evaluate the effectiveness of the encryption method in ensuring data confidentiality

## **Environmental Parameter Configuration**

Barcode Size:

Ensures the readability and accuracy of generated barcodes in various lighting and environmental conditions.

Contrast Settings:
Adjusts hardware
settings to improve
barcode scanning
accuracy, especially
under different
lighting conditions

Distance and
Alignment: Calibrates
distance and
alignment for optimal
barcode capture,
critical in hardware
setup.

## **Sensor Integration and Data Capture**

#### **Sensor Selection:**

Choose a reliable barcode scanner compatible with standard barcode formats and Caesar cipher encoding.

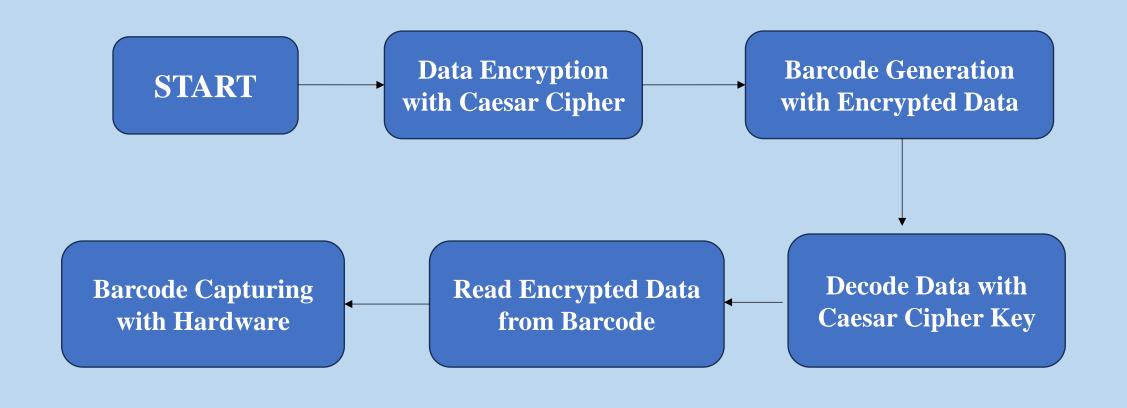
#### **Data Capture:**

Integrate the sensor with a microcontroller to read and transmit barcode data to a connected system.

#### Error Handling:

Implement error correction for reading inconsistencies, ensuring accurate capture and decoding

## **METHODOLOGY**



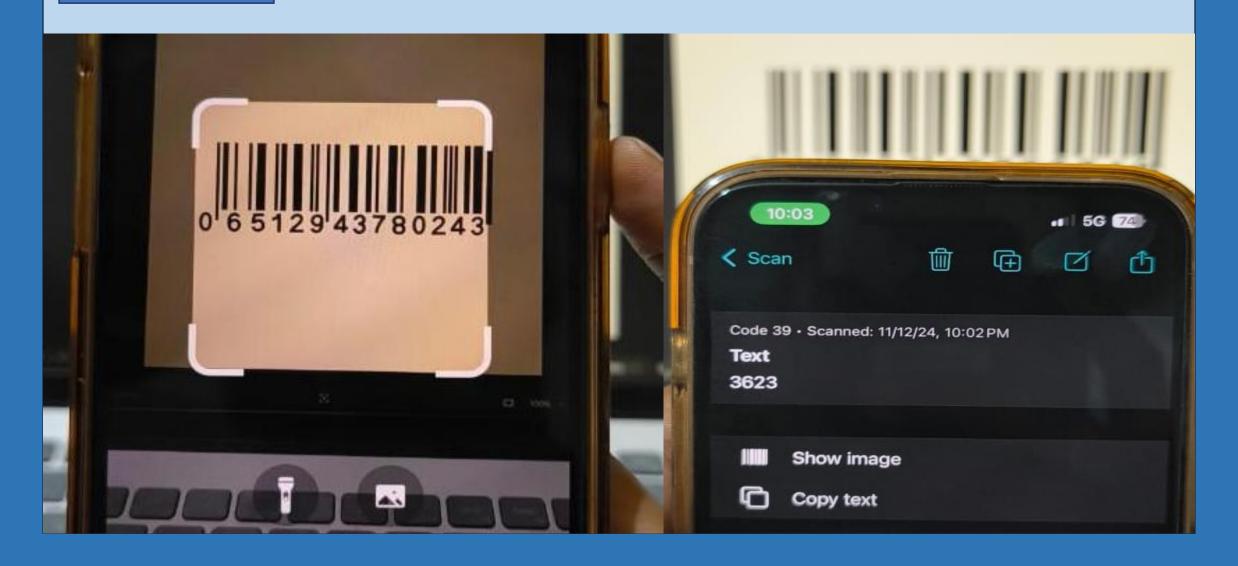
## **Code Explanation**

- 1. Library Inclusion: Including essential libraries for input/output and string handling.
- 2. Encryption Function Definition: Creating the encryptData function to apply Caesar cipher encryption.
- 3. Shifting Alphabet Characters: Applying Caesar cipher logic to shift alphabetic characters within their respective ranges.
- 4. Shifting Numeric Characters: Shifting numeric characters (0-9) and handling wrap-around to maintain valid digit values.
- 5. Barcode Generation Function: Defining generateBarcode to convert characters into a visual binary representation for a simple barcode.
- 6. Main Program Execution: Prompting user input, encrypting text, and displaying encrypted output
- .7. Generating and Displaying the Barcode: Visualizing the encrypted data as a binary-style barcode and displaying it to the user.

#### Output

```
∝ Share
                                     [] 6
main.cpp
                                                                        Output
                                                                                                                                     Clear
                                                              Run
                                                                      Enter text to generate barcode: 4253
43 \text{ r int main()} {
                                                                      Encrypted data: 7586
   std::string input;
                                                                      Barcode for: 7586
    int shift = 3; // Shift value for Caesar Cipher encryption
                                                                        | | | | |
   std::cout << "Enter text to generate barcode: ";</pre>
    std::getline(std::cin, input);
    // Validate input
                                                                      === Code Execution Successful ===
49 - if (!isValidInput(input)) {
50 std::cerr << "Invalid input! Please enter only alphanumeric
       characters." <<
51 std::endl;
52 return 1; // Exit with an error code
53 }
    // Encrypt the input data before generating the barcode
    std::string encryptedData = encryptData(input, shift);
    std::cout << "Encrypted data: " << encryptedData << std::endl;</pre>
    // Generate barcode for encrypted data
   generateBarcode(encryptedData);
59 return 0;
```

## **RESULTS**



### **Future Scope**

- The future scope of this project includes integrating advanced encryption algorithms like AES or RSA for stronger security.
- Expanding to dynamic barcode formats such as QR codes or Data Matrix for greater data capacity is possible.
- > Real-time barcode scanning and mobile/web integration could enhance usability.
- Adding error detection and correction mechanisms will improve reliability. Multi-layer security measures, such as digital signatures, could further strengthen data protection.

#### Conclusion

- This project demonstrates the process of generating and reading barcodes while securing the encoded data using the Caesar cipher encryption technique.
- ➤ By combining basic encryption with barcode technology, it offers a simple yet effective solution for securing data in environments where confidentiality is important.
- The barcode system allows easy encoding of encrypted information and provides a visual representation for scanning and decoding.
- ➤ While the current implementation is functional, future improvements can focus on enhancing security, scalability, and usability, making the system more robust and adaptable to diverse applications.

## THANK YOU