group-project-MLP-1

July 13, 2019

```
In [1]: import torch
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        from torch.utils.data import Dataset, DataLoader
        from torchvision import transforms, utils
        from torch.utils.data.sampler import SubsetRandomSampler
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import torch.nn as nn
        import torch.nn.functional as F
        import torch.optim as optim
        import torchvision
        device = torch.device('cuda:0')
In [2]: class PUBG_dataset(Dataset):
            def __init__(self, csv_file, transform=None):
                self.frame = pd.read_csv(csv_file)
                self.transform = transform
            def __len__(self):
                return len(self.frame)
            def __getitem__(self, idx):
                # get one line in csv
                player_id = self.frame.iloc [idx, 0]
                player_stats = torch.tensor(self.frame.iloc [idx, [x for x in range(3, 27) if x
                win_place_perc = torch.tensor(self.frame.iloc [idx, 28])
                if self.transform:
                    player_stats = self.transform(player_stats)
                sample = {
                    "player_id": player_id,
                    "player_stats": player_stats,
                    "win_place_perc": win_place_perc
                return sample
```

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In [3]: def get_dataset(csv_file, train_dataset_size_ratio, batch_size):
            dataset = PUBG_dataset(csv_file)
            # `torch.utils.data.random_split` meets server problem and lead to CRASH
            # see also:
            # - a denied fix PR for this problem: https://github.com/pytorch/pytorch/pull/9237
            #train_dataset, test_dataset = torch.utils.data.random_split(dataset, [train_size, t
            dataset_size = len(dataset)
            indices = list(range(dataset_size))
            split = int(np.floor((1-train_dataset_size_ratio) * dataset_size))
            train_indices, val_indices = indices[split:], indices[:split]
            train_sampler = SubsetRandomSampler(train_indices)
            valid_sampler = SubsetRandomSampler(val_indices)
            train_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(dataset, batch_size=batch_size, sampler=t
            test_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(dataset, batch_size=batch_size, sampler=va
            print("load dataset: train dataset: {}, test dataset: {}.".format(len(train_loader)*
            return (train_loader, test_loader)
In [4]: class Net(torch.nn.Module):
            def __init__(self, n_feature, n_hidden, n_output):
                super().__init__()
                self.hidden_layer = torch.nn.Linear(n_feature, n_hidden)
                self.predict_layer = torch.nn.Linear(n_hidden, n_output)
            def forward(self, x):
                hidden_result = self.hidden_layer(x)
                relu_result = F.relu(hidden_result)
                predict_result = self.predict_layer(relu_result)
                return predict_result
In [17]: def train(model, train_loader, loss_func, optimizer, device):
             total_loss = 0
             # train the model using minibatch
             for i, data in enumerate(train_loader):
                 stats, prec = data['player_stats'], data['win_place_perc']
                 stats, prec = stats.to(torch.float32).to(device), prec.to(device)
                 # forward
                 outputs = model(stats)
                 loss = loss_func(outputs, prec)
                 # backward and optimize
                 optimizer.zero_grad()
                 loss.backward()
                 optimizer.step()
                 total_loss += loss.item()
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#if (i + 1) % 10 == 0:
                      print ("Step [{}/{}] Train Loss: {:.4f}".format(i+1, len(train_loader), lo
             #print ("Train Loss: {:.4f}".format(loss.item()))
             return total_loss / len(train_loader)
In [6]: def evaluate(model, val_loader, device):
            model.eval()
            with torch.no_grad():
                loss = 0
                total = 0
                for i, data in enumerate(val_loader):
                    stats, prec = data['player_stats'], data['win_place_perc']
                    stats, prec = stats.to(torch.float32).to(device), prec.to(device)
                    outputs = model(stats)
                    loss += (torch.abs(torch.t(outputs) - prec)).sum()
                    total += prec.size(0)
                accuracy = loss / total
                #print('Test Loss: {:.4f}'.format(accuracy))
                return accuracy
In [7]: def show_curve(ys, title):
            x = np.array(range(len(ys)))
            y = np.array(ys)
            plt.plot(x, y, c='b')
            plt.axis()
            plt.title('{} curve'.format(title))
            plt.xlabel('epoch')
            plt.ylabel('{}'.format(title))
            plt.show()
In [19]: def fit(model, num_epochs, optimizer, device):
             loss_func = nn.MSELoss()
             model.to(device)
             if device == torch.device('cuda'):
                 model = torch.nn.DataParallel(model)
                 cudnn.benchmark = True
             loss_func.to(device)
             losses = []
             accs = []
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for epoch in range(num_epochs):
                 loss = train(model, train_loader, loss_func, optimizer, device)
                 losses.append(loss)
                 accuracy = evaluate(model, test_loader, device)
                 accs.append(accuracy)
                 if (epoch+1) \% 10 == 0:
                     print("Epoch {}/{}".format(epoch+1, num_epochs))
                     print("Train Loss: {:.4f}".format(loss))
                     print('Test Loss: {:.4f}'.format(accuracy))
             show_curve(losses, "train loss")
             show_curve(accs, "test accuracy")
In [9]: # load dataset
        csv_file = 'train_small.csv'
        train_dataset_size_ratio = 0.9
        batch_size = 128
        train_loader, test_loader = get_dataset(csv_file, train_dataset_size_ratio, batch_size)
load dataset: train dataset: 2048, test dataset: 1024.
In [29]: # training setting
         epoches = 100
         lr = 1e-5
         device = torch.device('cuda:0')
         net = Net(23, 10, 1)
         optimizer = optim.SGD(net.parameters(), lr=lr, momentum=0.9)
         print(net)
Net(
  (hidden_layer): Linear(in_features=23, out_features=10, bias=True)
  (predict_layer): Linear(in_features=10, out_features=1, bias=True)
)
In [30]: fit(net, epoches, optimizer, device)
Epoch 10/100
Train Loss: 0.1699
Test Loss: 0.3927
Epoch 20/100
Train Loss: 0.1676
Test Loss: 0.3657
Epoch 30/100
```

Train Loss: 0.1541 Test Loss: 0.3521 Epoch 40/100

Train Loss: 0.2058 Test Loss: 0.3465 Epoch 50/100

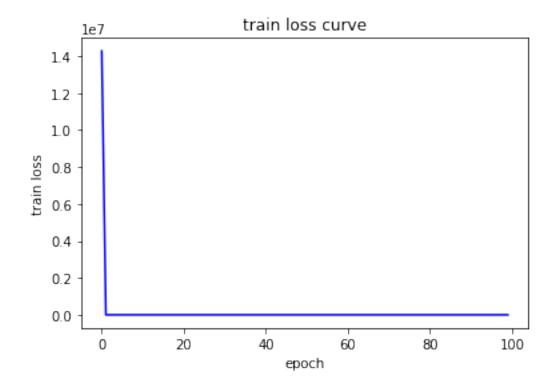
Train Loss: 0.1835 Test Loss: 0.3470 Epoch 60/100

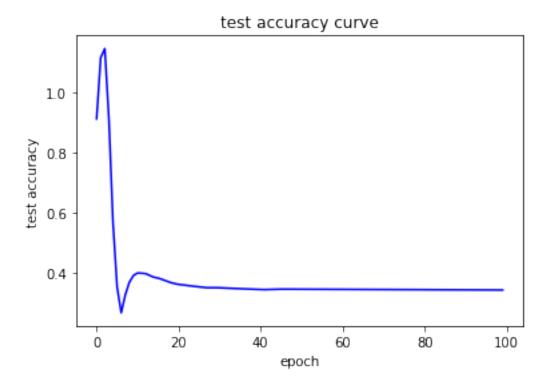
Train Loss: 0.1371 Test Loss: 0.3465 Epoch 70/100

Train Loss: 0.1628 Test Loss: 0.3460 Epoch 80/100

Train Loss: 0.1825 Test Loss: 0.3455 Epoch 90/100

Train Loss: 0.1565
Test Loss: 0.3449
Epoch 100/100
Train Loss: 0.1411
Test Loss: 0.3444





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In [60]: class MLP(nn.Module):
             def __init__(self, input_size, hidden_size, out_size):
                 super(MLP, self).__init__()
                 self.relu = nn.ReLU()
                 self.bn = nn.BatchNorm1d(100)
                 self.fc1 = nn.Linear(input_size, 28)
                 self.fc2 = nn.Linear(28, 28)
                 self.fc3 = nn.Linear(28, 1)
             def forward(self, input):
                 x = input
                 x = self.relu(self.fc1(x))
                 x = self.relu(self.fc2(x))
                 \#x = self.relu(self.fc3(x))
                 return self.fc3(x)
In [61]: # training setting
         epoches = 100
         lr = 1e-6
         batch\_size = 1024
         device = torch.device('cuda:0')
         mlp_net = MLP(23, 23, 1).to(device)
```

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optimizer = optim.SGD(net.parameters(), lr=lr, momentum=0.9)
         print(mlp_net)
MLP(
  (relu): ReLU()
  (bn): BatchNorm1d(100, eps=1e-05, momentum=0.1, affine=True, track_running_stats=True)
  (fc1): Linear(in_features=23, out_features=28, bias=True)
  (fc2): Linear(in_features=28, out_features=28, bias=True)
  (fc3): Linear(in_features=28, out_features=1, bias=True)
In [62]: fit(mlp_net, epoches, optimizer, device)
Epoch 10/100
Train Loss: 256.8290
Test Loss: 10.0996
Epoch 20/100
Train Loss: 171.1324
Test Loss: 10.0996
Epoch 30/100
Train Loss: 180.4366
Test Loss: 10.0996
Epoch 40/100
Train Loss: 210.8102
Test Loss: 10.0996
Epoch 50/100
Train Loss: 167.2534
Test Loss: 10.0996
Epoch 60/100
Train Loss: 275.3730
Test Loss: 10.0996
Epoch 70/100
Train Loss: 248.4081
Test Loss: 10.0996
Epoch 80/100
Train Loss: 139.9133
Test Loss: 10.0996
Epoch 90/100
Train Loss: 163.6002
Test Loss: 10.0996
Epoch 100/100
Train Loss: 164.3882
Test Loss: 10.0996
```

