

# **Module 5: Firebase & AI**

**Authentication, Cloud Storage & Gemini**

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# **Agenda**

- 1. Module App**
- 2. Firebase Auth & Firestore**
- 3. Firebase Storage & App Check**
- 4. Firebase AI Logic & Gemini**
- 5. Deep Dive**
- 6. Challenge Lab**

# AI Chef App

An app that uses AI to analyze ingredients from photos and generate recipes.

Recipe List	Generator	Detail
 <p>Mis Recetas</p> <p>Bowl Arcoíris de Camarón y Frutos Secos 25 Dec 2025, 22:24 Ingredientes: 1 taza de mezcla de arroz salvaje y blanco, 1 taza de pasta fusilli integral, 200 gramos de camarones fr... 8 pasos</p> <p>Festín Tropical de Camarones y Granos Crujientes 25 Dec 2025, 22:20 Ingredientes: 1 taza de mezcla de arroz salvaje e integral, 1 taza de pasta fusilli integral, 1 manzana roja cortada en lá... 7 pasos</p> <p>Gran Bol Arcoíris Mediterráneo-Asiático 25 Dec 2025, 22:13 Ingredientes: 1 taza de mezcla de arroz salvaje y negro, 1 taza de pasta fusilli integral, 200 gramos de gambas cocid... 7 pasos</p> <p>Ensalada de Pasta y Arroz del Sol con Langostinos 25 Dec 2025, 21:09 Ingredientes: 1 taza de arroz salvaje mezclado, 1 taza de pasta fusilli integral, 200 gramos de langostinos cocidos... 8 pasos</p> <p>Bol Energético del Huerto con Langostinos y... 25 Dec 2025, 21:06 Ingredientes: 150 gramos de mezcla de arroz salvaje e integral, 150 gramos de pasta fusilli integral, 12 langostin... 8 pasos</p> <p>Ensalada Crunchy de la Tierra y el Mar con A...</p>	 <p>Generar Receta</p> <p>Bowl Arcoíris de Camarón y Frutos Secos</p> <p>¡Imagen lista! Presiona el botón para generar tu receta</p> <p>Cambiar Imagen</p> <p>Generar Receta con IA</p>	 <p>Bowl Arcoíris de Camarón y Frutos Secos</p> <p>Ingredients</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>✓ 1 taza de mezcla de arroz salvaje y blanco</li><li>✓ 1 taza de pasta fusilli integral</li><li>✓ 200 gramos de camarones frescos y limpios</li><li>✓ 1 taza de guisantes dulces o tirabeques</li><li>✓ 2 zanahorias grandes cortadas en bastones</li><li>✓ 1 manzana roja cortada en gajos</li><li>✓ 1 taza de uvas verdes frescas</li><li>✓ 1 puñado de mezcla de nueces, castañas y avellanas</li><li>✓ 3 cucharadas de salsa de cacahuete cremosa</li><li>✓ 2 cucharadas de aceite de oliva</li></ul> <p>Preparación</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1 Cocina el arroz salvaje y la pasta integral por separado en agua hirviendo con una pizca de sal hasta que estén al diente, luego</li></ol>

# What We're Building

## Features:

- 1. User Auth:** Email/password authentication
- 2. Photo Analysis:** Gemini analyzes ingredient images
- 3. Recipe Generation:** AI creates recipes from ingredients
- 4. Image Generation:** AI creates photorealistic dish images
- 5. Cloud Storage:** Cache generated images

## The Challenge:

Coordinate Auth + Firestore + Storage + AI in a clean architecture.

## **2. Firebase Auth & Firestore**

**User Authentication & Real-time Database**

# Firebase Auth: Why?

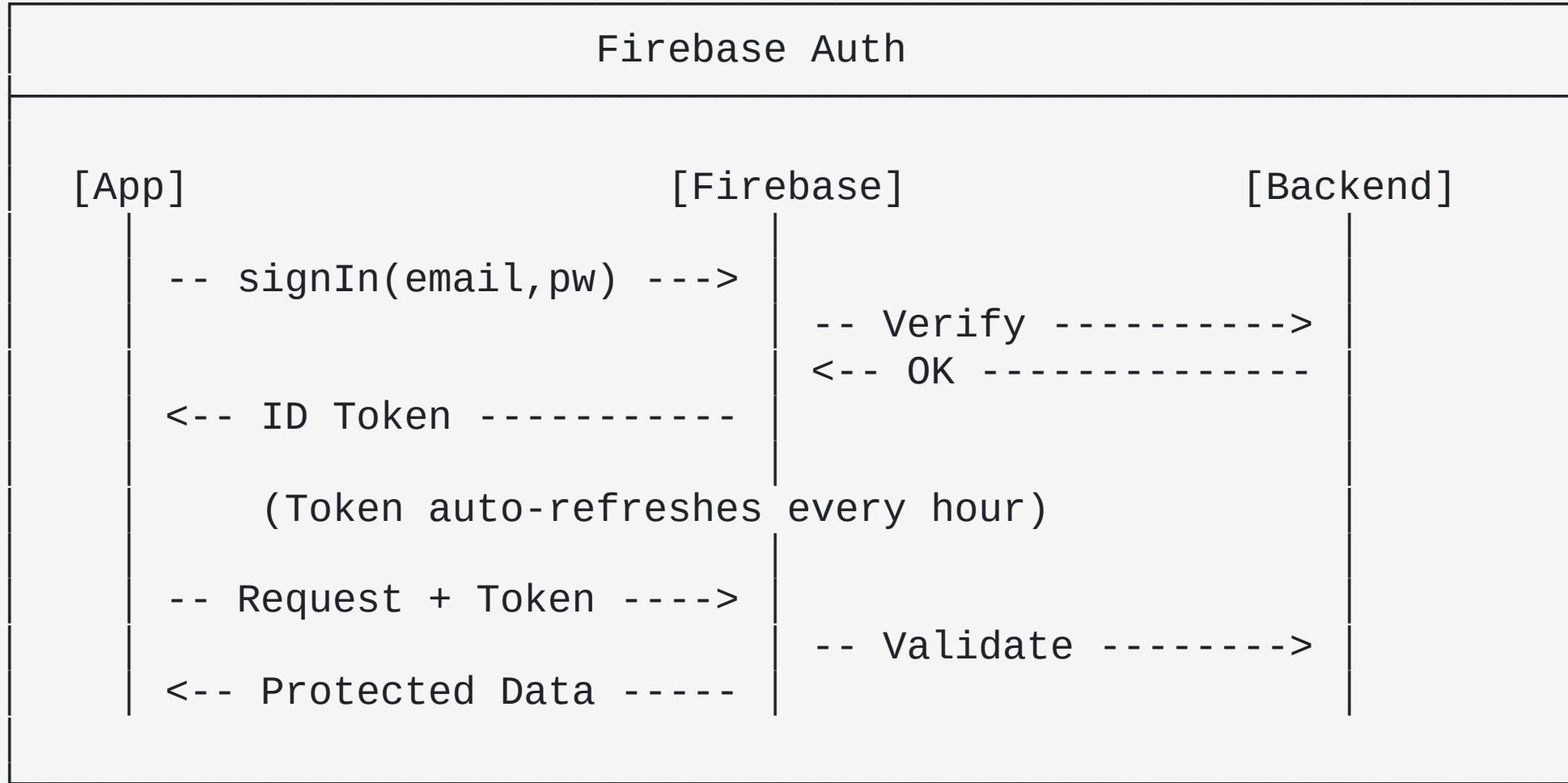
## The Problem (DIY Auth):

- Build password hashing, token management, session handling
- Implement email verification, password reset
- Handle security vulnerabilities
- Scale your auth server

## The Solution (Firebase Auth):

- Pre-built, battle-tested authentication
- Multiple providers (Email, Google, Apple, etc.)
- Automatic token refresh
- Security rules integration

# Auth Flow Visualization



# Live Code: AuthRepository Interface

```
//data/firebase/IAuthRepository.kt
interface IAuthRepository {
    val currentUserId: String?
    val isLoggedIn: Boolean

    fun observeAuthState(): Flow<AuthState>
    suspend fun signIn(email: String, password: String): Result<String>
    suspend fun signUp(email: String, password: String): Result<String>
    fun signOut()
}

sealed class AuthState {
    data object Loading : AuthState()
    data class Authenticated(val userId: String, val email: String?) : AuthState()
    data object Unauthenticated : AuthState()
}
```

# Live Code: AuthRepository Implementation

```
//data/firebase/AuthRepository.kt
class AuthRepository @Inject constructor() : IAuthRepository {
    private val auth: FirebaseAuth = FirebaseAuth.getInstance()

    override val currentUserId: String?
        get() = auth.currentUser?.uid

    override val isLoggedIn: Boolean
        get() = auth.currentUser != null

    override suspend fun signIn(email: String, password: String): Result<String> {
        return try {
            val result = auth.signInWithEmailAndPassword(email, password).await()
            val userId = result.user?.uid
                ?: return Result.failure(Exception("User not found"))
            Result.success(userId)
        } catch (e: FirebaseAuthInvalidUserException) {
            Result.failure(Exception("User not found"))
        } catch (e: FirebaseAuthInvalidCredentialsException) {
            Result.failure(Exception("Incorrect password"))
        }
    }
}
```

# Callback to Flow: AuthStateListener

```
override fun observeAuthState(): Flow<AuthState> = callbackFlow {
    val authStateListener = FirebaseAuth.AuthStateListener { firebaseAuth ->
        val user = firebaseAuth.currentUser
        val state = if (user != null) {
            AuthState.Authenticated(
                userId = user.uid,
                email = user.email
            )
        } else {
            AuthState.Unauthenticated
        }
        trySend(state) // Emit to Flow
    }
    auth.addAuthStateListener(authStateListener)
    // Cleanup when Flow is cancelled
    awaitClose {
        auth.removeAuthStateListener(authStateListener)
    }
}
```

# Cloud Firestore: Why?

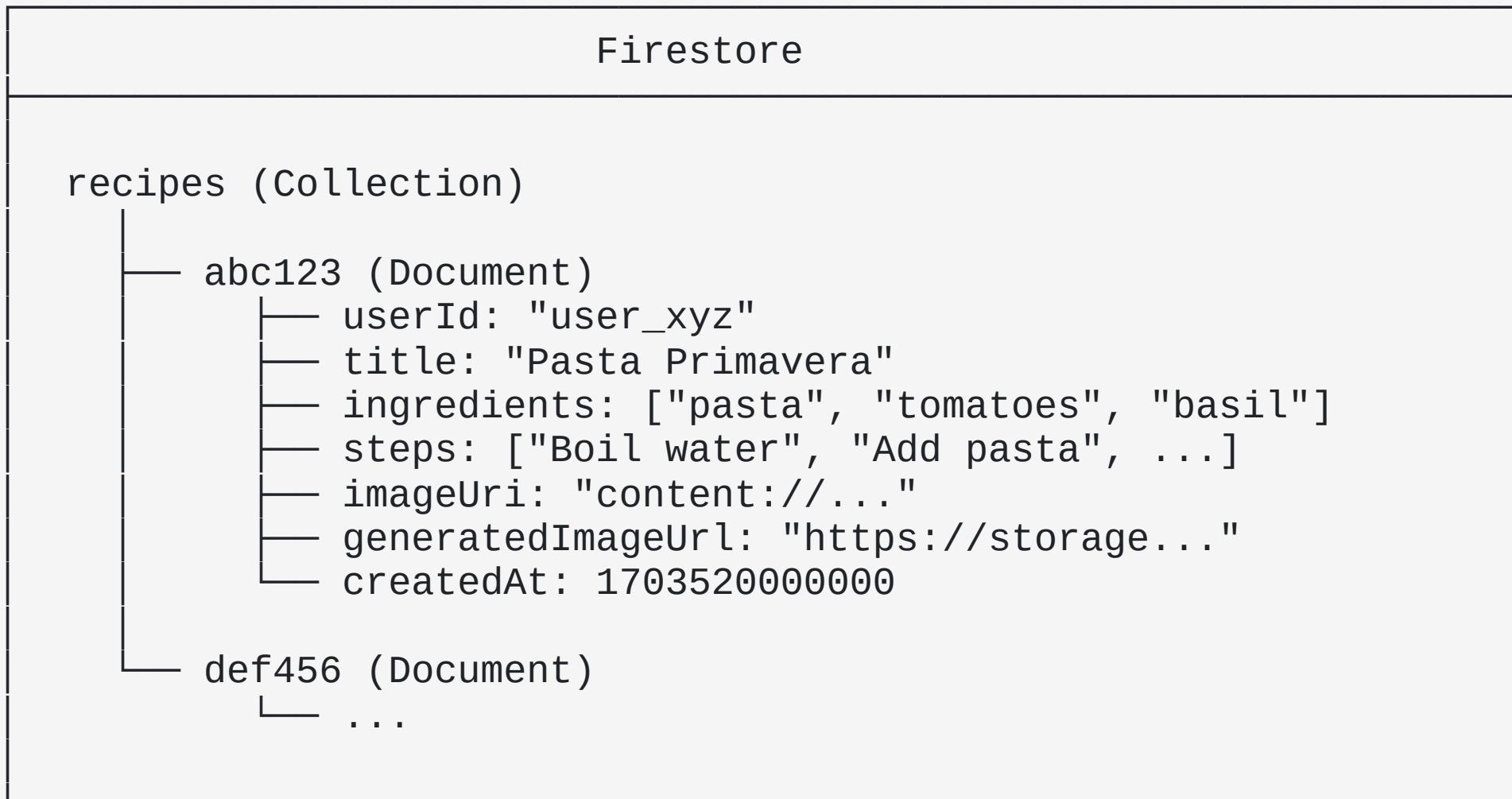
## The Problem (REST API):

- Polling for updates (inefficient)
- Manual caching logic
- Build your own query system
- No offline support

## The Solution (Firestore):

- **Real-time listeners:** Data syncs instantly
- **Offline persistence:** Works without internet
- **Structured queries:** Filter, order, paginate
- **Security rules:** Server-side access control

# Firebase Data Model



# Live Code: Recipe Data Model

```
//domain/model/Recipe.kt
data class Recipe(
    val id: String = "",
    val userId: String = "",
    val title: String = "",
    val ingredients: List<String> = emptyList(),
    val steps: List<String> = emptyList(),
    val imageUri: String = "",
    val generatedImageUrl: String = "",
    val createdAt: Long = System.currentTimeMillis()
) {
    fun toMap(): Map<String, Any> = mapOf(
        "userId" to userId,
        "title" to title,
        "ingredients" to ingredients,
        "steps" to steps,
        "imageUri" to imageUri,
        "generatedImageUrl" to generatedImageUrl,
        "createdAt" to createdAt
    )
}
```

# Live Code: FirestoreRepository

```
//data/firebase/FirebaseRepository.kt
class FirestoreRepository @Inject constructor() : IFirebaseRepository {
    private val firestore = FirebaseFirestore.getInstance()
    private val recipesCollection = firestore.collection("recipes")

    override suspend fun saveRecipe(recipe: Recipe): Result<String> {
        return try {
            val documentRef = recipesCollection.add(recipe.toMap()).await()
            Result.success(documentRef.id)
        } catch (e: Exception) {
            Result.failure(Exception("Error saving: ${e.message}"))
        }
    }

    override suspend fun updateGeneratedImageUrl(
        recipeId: String,
        imageUrl: String
    ): Result<Unit> {
        return try {
            recipesCollection.document(recipeId)
                .update("generatedImageUrl", imageUrl)
                .await()
            Result.success(Unit)
        } catch (e: Exception) {
            Result.failure(e)
        }
    }
}
```

# Real-time Sync with Snapshot Listeners

```
override fun observeUserRecipes(userId: String): Flow<List<Recipe>> = callbackFlow {
    val query = recipesCollection
        .whereEqualTo("userId", userId)
        .orderBy("createdAt", Query.Direction.DESCENDING)

    val listenerRegistration = query.addSnapshotListener { snapshot, error ->
        if (error != null) {
            trySend(emptyList())
            return@addSnapshotListener
        }

        val recipes = snapshot?.documents?.mapNotNull { document ->
            Recipe.fromFirestore(document.id, document.data ?: emptyMap())
        } ?: emptyList()

        trySend(recipes) // Emit updated list
    }

    awaitClose { listenerRegistration.remove() }
}
```

# Firebase Security Rules

```
rules_version = '2';
service cloud.firestore {
  match /databases/{database}/documents {
    match /recipes/{recipeId} {
      // Anyone logged in can read
      allow read: if request.auth != null;

      // Only owner can create (must set own userId)
      allow create: if request.auth != null
                    && request.auth.uid == request.resource.data.userId;

      // Only owner can update/delete
      allow update, delete: if request.auth != null
                            && request.auth.uid == resource.data.userId;
    }
  }
}
```

### **3. Firebase Storage & App Check**

#### **File Storage & Security**

# Firebase Storage: Why?

## The Problem:

- Store images on device → Lost on uninstall
- Store images in Firestore → Document size limit (1MB)
- Build your own file server → Cost, scaling, CDN

## The Solution (Firebase Storage):

- Built on Google Cloud Storage
- Automatic CDN distribution
- Resumable uploads
- Security rules integration
- Up to 5GB per file

# Storage Architecture

## Firebase Storage

gs://your-bucket.appspot.com/

└── recipe\_images/

    ├── abc123.jpg (Recipe ID as filename)

    ├── def456.jpg

    └── ghi789.jpg

[App] -- upload(bitmap) --> [Storage] -- returns --> [URL]

Download URL: [https://firebasestorage.googleapis.com/...](https://firebasestorage.googleapis.com/)

# Live Code: StorageRepository

```
//data/firebase/StorageRepository.kt
class StorageRepository @Inject constructor() : IStorageRepository {
    private val storage = Firebase.storage
    private val recipeImagesRef = storage.reference.child("recipe_images")

    override suspend fun uploadRecipeImage(
        recipeId: String,
        bitmap: Bitmap
    ): Result<String> {
        return try {
            val imageRef = recipeImagesRef.child("$recipeId.jpg")

            // Compress Bitmap to JPEG
            val baos = ByteArrayOutputStream()
            bitmap.compress(Bitmap.CompressFormat.JPEG, 85, baos)
            val imageData = baos.toByteArray()

            // Upload bytes
            imageRef.putBytes(imageData).await()

            // Get download URL
            val downloadUrl = imageRef.downloadUrl.await().toString()
            Result.success(downloadUrl)
        } catch (e: Exception) {
            Result.failure(e)
        }
    }
}
```

# Cache-First Strategy

```
override suspend fun imageExists(recipeId: String): Boolean {  
    return try {  
        val imageRef = recipeImagesRef.child("$recipeId.jpg")  
        imageRef.metadata.await() // Throws if not exists  
        true  
    } catch (e: Exception) {  
        false  
    }  
}  
  
override suspend fun getImageUrl(recipeId: String): String? {  
    return try {  
        val imageRef = recipeImagesRef.child("$recipeId.jpg")  
        imageRef.downloadUrl.await().toString()  
    } catch (e: Exception) {  
        null  
    }  
}
```

**Why cache?** AI image generation is expensive. Generate once, reuse forever.

# Storage Security Rules

```
rules_version = '2';
service firebase.storage {
  match /b/{bucket}/o {
    match /recipe_images/{imageId} {
      // Anyone logged in can read
      allow read: if request.auth != null;

      // Write with restrictions
      allow write: if request.auth != null
          // Max 5MB
          && request.resource.size < 5 * 1024 * 1024
          // Only images
          && request.resource.contentType.matches('image/.*');

    }
  }
}
```

# App Check: Why?

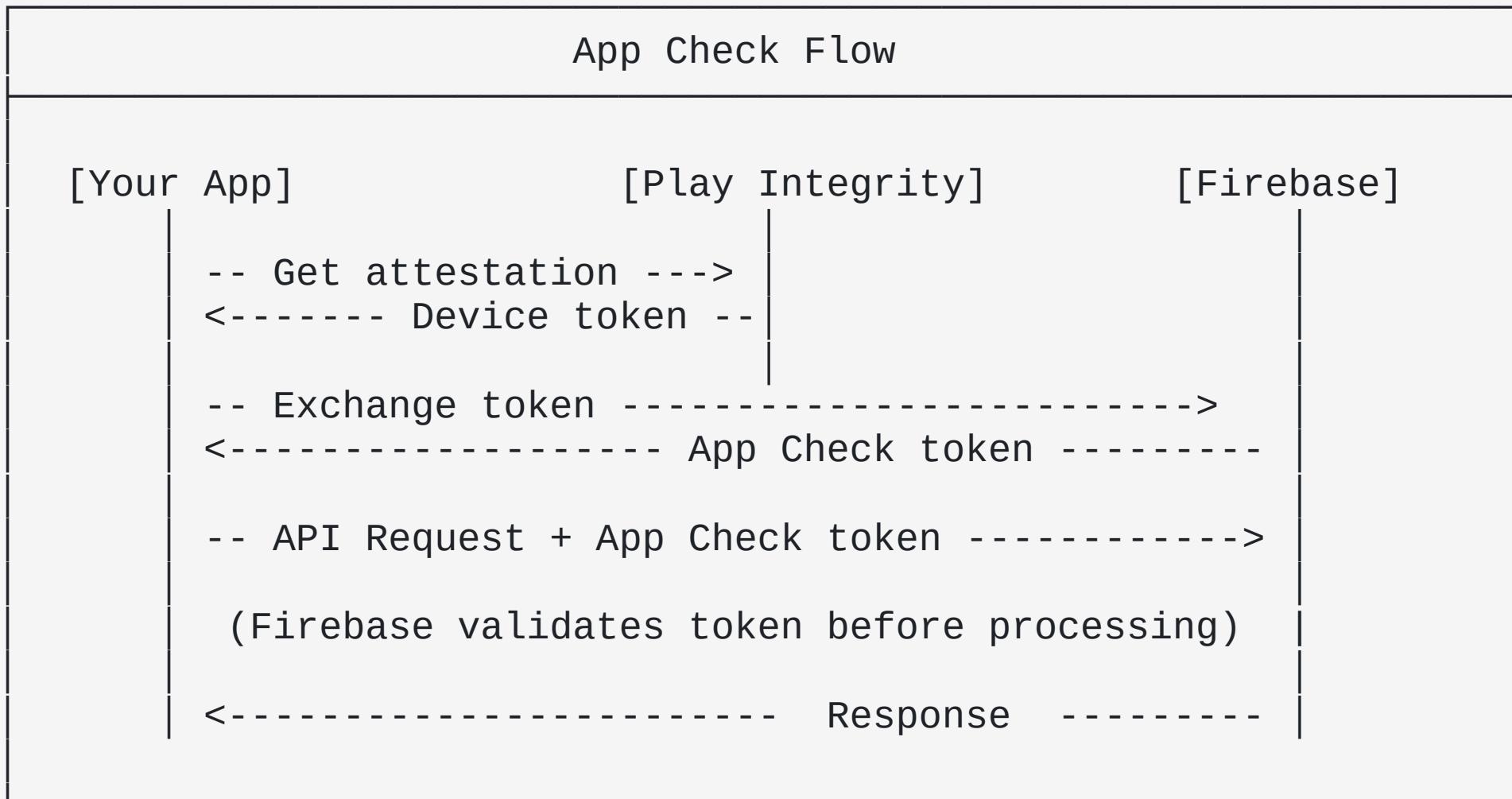
## The Problem:

- Anyone can call your Firebase APIs with your API key
- API keys are visible in APK (easy to extract)
- Bots and scrapers abuse your backend
- You pay for fraudulent requests

## The Solution (App Check):

- Verifies requests come from YOUR app
- Uses device attestation (Play Integrity, DeviceCheck)
- Blocks requests from modified apps, emulators, scripts
- **Required for Firebase AI Logic**

# App Check Flow



# App Check Setup

```
//AiChefApplication.kt
@HiltAndroidApp
class AiChefApplication : Application {

    override fun onCreate() {
        super.onCreate()

        // Initialize Firebase
        Firebase.initializeApp(this)

        // ===== CRITICAL FOR FIREBASE AI LOGIC =====
        // Firebase AI Logic REQUIRES App Check enabled
        Firebase.appCheck.installAppCheckProviderFactory(
            // DEBUG: Use debug provider (generates debug token)
            DebugAppCheckProviderFactory.getInstance()

            // PRODUCTION: Use Play Integrity
            // PlayIntegrityAppCheckProviderFactory.getInstance()
        )
    }
}
```

# Debug Token Registration

**Step 1:** Run app in debug mode

**Step 2:** Find token in Logcat

```
D/DebugAppCheckProvider: Enter this debug token in Firebase Console:  
xxxxxxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxx-xxxxxxxxxxxx
```

**Step 3:** Register in Firebase Console

```
Firebase Console → Build → App Check → Apps →  
Your App → Manage debug tokens → Add debug token
```

**Step 4:** Wait ~5 minutes for propagation

## **4. Firebase AI Logic & Gemini**

**Multimodal AI in Your App**

# Firebase AI Logic: What Is It?

## The Evolution:

1. `com.google.ai.client.generativeai` → Direct Gemini API (deprecated)
2. `firebase-vertexai` → Vertex AI backend (deprecated)
3. `firebase-ai` → Firebase AI Logic (current, 2025+)

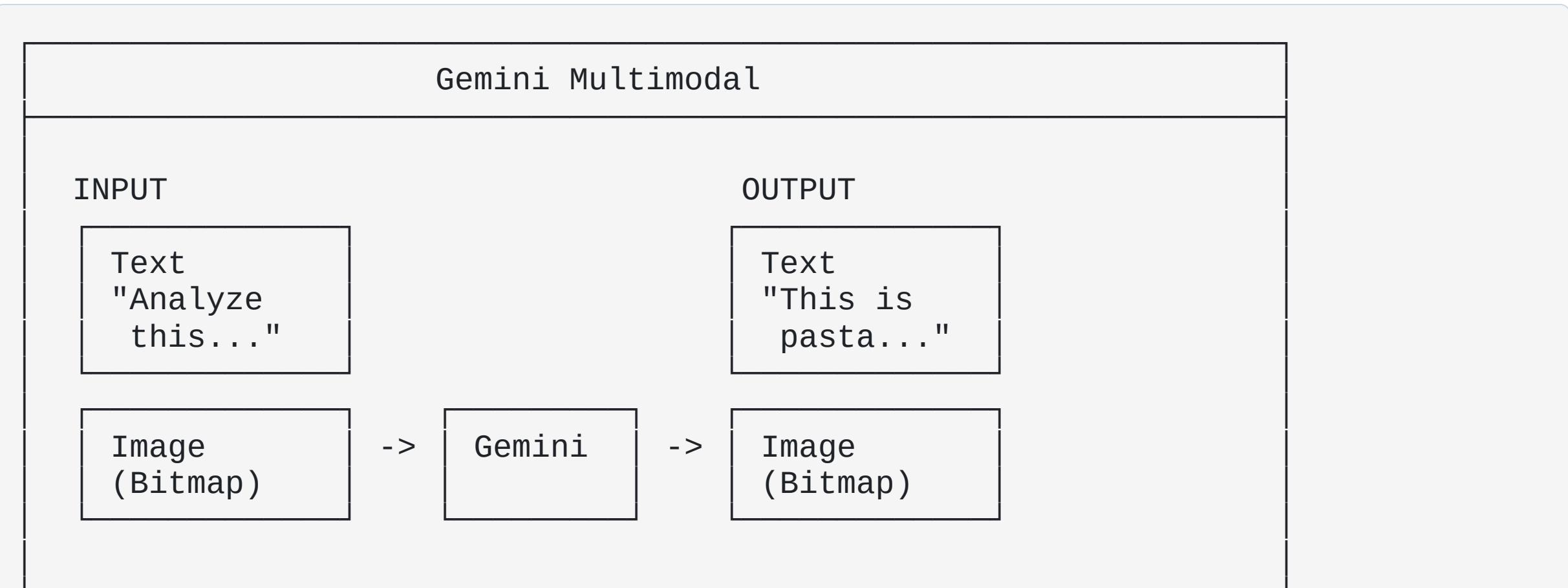
## Why Firebase AI Logic?

- Unified with Firebase ecosystem
- App Check integration (prevents abuse)
- Automatic token management
- Access to latest Gemini models

# Multimodal AI Explained

**Traditional AI:** Text in → Text out

**Multimodal AI:** Text + Images + Audio → Text + Images



# Two Models, Two Purposes

```
//data/remote/AiLogicDataSource.kt

// MODEL 1: Recipe Analysis (Text output from Image input)
private val generativeModel = Firebase.ai(
    backend = GenerativeBackend.googleAI()
).generativeModel("gemini-3-flash-preview")

// MODEL 2: Image Generation (Image output from Text input)
private val imageModel = Firebase.ai(
    backend = GenerativeBackend.googleAI()
).generativeModel(
    modelName = "gemini-3-pro-image-preview",
    generationConfig = generationConfig {
        // Tell Gemini we want images back
        responseModalities = listOf(
            ResponseModality.TEXT,
            ResponseModality.IMAGE
        )
    }
)
```

# Live Code: Recipe from Image

```
override suspend fun generateRecipeFromImage(imageBitmap: Bitmap): GeneratedRecipe {  
    val prompt = content {  
        image(imageBitmap) // Multimodal: Add image  
        text("""  
            Analyze this image of ingredients and generate a recipe.  
  
            Respond EXACTLY in this format:  
  
            TÍTULO: [creative recipe name]  
  
            INGREDIENTES:  
            - [ingredient 1 with quantity]  
            - [ingredient 2 with quantity]  
  
            PASOS:  
            1. [first step]  
            2. [second step]  
        """"  
        .trimIndent()  
    }  
  
    val response = generativeModel.generateContent(prompt)  
    val responseText = response.text ?: throw Exception("Empty response")  
  
    return parseRecipeResponse(responseText)  
}
```

# Parsing AI Response

```
private fun parseRecipeResponse(response: String): GeneratedRecipe {  
    // Extract title  
    val titleRegex = Regex("""TÍTULO:\s*(.+)""", RegexOption.IGNORE_CASE)  
    val title = titleRegex.find(response)?.groupValues?.get(1)?.trim()  
    ?: "Mystery Recipe"  
  
    // Extract ingredients section  
    val ingredientsSection = response  
        .substringAfter("INGREDIENTES:", "")  
        .substringBefore("PASOS:", "")  
  
    val ingredients = ingredientsSection  
        .lines()  
        .filter { it.trim().startsWith("-") }  
        .map { it.removePrefix("-").trim() }  
        .filter { it.isNotBlank() }  
  
    // Extract steps section  
    val stepsSection = response.substringAfter("PASOS:", "")  
  
    val steps = stepsSection  
        .lines()  
        .filter { it.trim().firstOrNull()?.isDigit() == true }  
        .map { it.replace(Regex("""^\d+\.\s*"""), "").trim() }  
  
    return GeneratedRecipe(title, ingredients, steps)  
}
```

# Live Code: Image Generation

```
override suspend fun generateRecipeImage(  
    recipeTitle: String,  
    ingredients: List<String>  
): Bitmap {  
    val ingredientsList = ingredients.take(5).joinToString(", ")  
  
    val prompt = content {  
        text("""  
            Generate a professional food photography image:  
  
            Dish: $recipeTitle  
            Ingredients: $ingredientsList  
  
            Requirements:  
            - Photorealistic, appetizing  
            - Beautiful plating  
            - Warm lighting  
            - Restaurant-quality presentation  
        """"  
        .trimIndent()  
    }  
  
    val response = imageModel.generateContent(prompt)  
  
    // Extract Bitmap from response  
    return response.candidates  
        .firstOrNull()?.content?.parts  
        ?.filterIsInstance<ImagePart>()  
        ?.firstOrNull()?.image  
        ?: throw Exception("No image generated")  
}
```

# Response Structure

```
GenerateContentResponse

candidates: List<Candidate>
└─ [0]: Candidate
    └─ content: Content
        └─ parts: List<Part>
            ├─ [0]: TextPart("Here's your dish...")
            └─ [1]: ImagePart(bitmap: Bitmap)

// Extract image:
response.candidates[0].content.parts
    .filterIsInstance<ImagePart>()
    .first().image // Bitmap
```

# ViewModel: Putting It Together

```
//ui/viewmodel/ChefViewModel.kt
fun generateRecipe(imageBitmap: Bitmap) {
    viewModelScope.launch {
        try {
            _generationState.value = UiState.Loading("Analyzing...")
            // 1. AI analyzes image
            val recipe = aiLogicDataSource.generateRecipeFromImage(imageBitmap)
            // 2. Save to Firestore
            val result = firestoreRepository.saveRecipe(
                Recipe(
                    userId = authRepository.currentUserId!!,
                    title = recipe.title,
                    ingredients = recipe.ingredients,
                    steps = recipe.steps
                )
            )
            result.fold(
                onSuccess = { id -> _generationState.value = UiState.Success(id) },
                onFailure = { e -> _generationState.value = UiState.Error(e.message) }
            )
        } catch (e: Exception) {
            _generationState.value = UiState.Error(e.message)
        }
    }
}
```

# Image Caching Flow

```
fun generateRecipeImage(  
    recipeId: String,  
    existingImageUrl: String, // From Firestore  
    recipeTitle: String,  
    ingredients: List<String>  
) {  
    viewModelScope.launch {  
        // 1. Check cache first  
        if (existingImageUrl.isNotBlank()) {  
            _imageState.value = UiState.Success(existingImageUrl)  
            return@launch  
        }  
  
        // 2. Generate with AI  
        _imageState.value = UiState.Loading("Generating image...")  
        val bitmap = aiLogicDataSource.generateRecipeImage(recipeTitle, ingredients)  
  
        // 3. Upload to Storage  
        val url = storageRepository.uploadRecipeImage(recipeId, bitmap)  
  
        // 4. Save URL to Firestore (cache)  
        firestoreRepository.updateGeneratedImageUrl(recipeId, url)  
  
        _imageState.value = UiState.Success(url)  
    }  
}
```

## **5. Deep Dive**

### **Under the Hood**

# 1. callbackFlow: Bridging Callbacks to Coroutines

```
fun observeAuthState(): Flow<AuthState> = callbackFlow {
    // 1. Create callback
    val listener = FirebaseAuth.AuthStateListener { auth ->
        trySend(mapToState(auth.currentUser)) // Emit to Flow
    }

    // 2. Register callback
    auth.addAuthStateListener(listener)

    // 3. CRITICAL: Cleanup when Flow is cancelled
    awaitClose {
        auth.removeAuthStateListener(listener)
    }
}
```

## Key Rules:

- Use `trySend()` (non-blocking) not `send()` (suspending)
- Always call `awaitClose {}` to prevent memory leaks

## 2. flatMapLatest: Switching Flows

```
val recipes: StateFlow<List<Recipe>> = authState
    .flatMapLatest { state ->
        when (state) {
            is AuthState.Authenticated ->
                firestoreRepository.observeUserRecipes(state.userId)
            else -> flowOf(emptyList())
        }
    }
    .stateIn(viewModelScope, ...)
```

### What happens:

1. User logs in → authState emits Authenticated
2. flatMapLatest cancels previous Flow (if any)
3. Starts new Flow for user's recipes
4. User logs out → cancels recipes Flow, emits empty list

### 3. Firestore Composite Index

Error you might see:

```
FAILED_PRECONDITION: The query requires an index.  
You can create it here: https://console.firebaseio.google.com/...
```

Why?

Firestore can only use ONE index per query. Queries with multiple fields need a **composite index**.

```
// This query needs: userId (ASC) + createdAt (DESC)  
recipesCollection  
    .whereEqualTo("userId", userId)  
    .orderBy("createdAt", Query.Direction.DESCENDING)
```

**Solution:** Click the link in the error to auto-create the index.

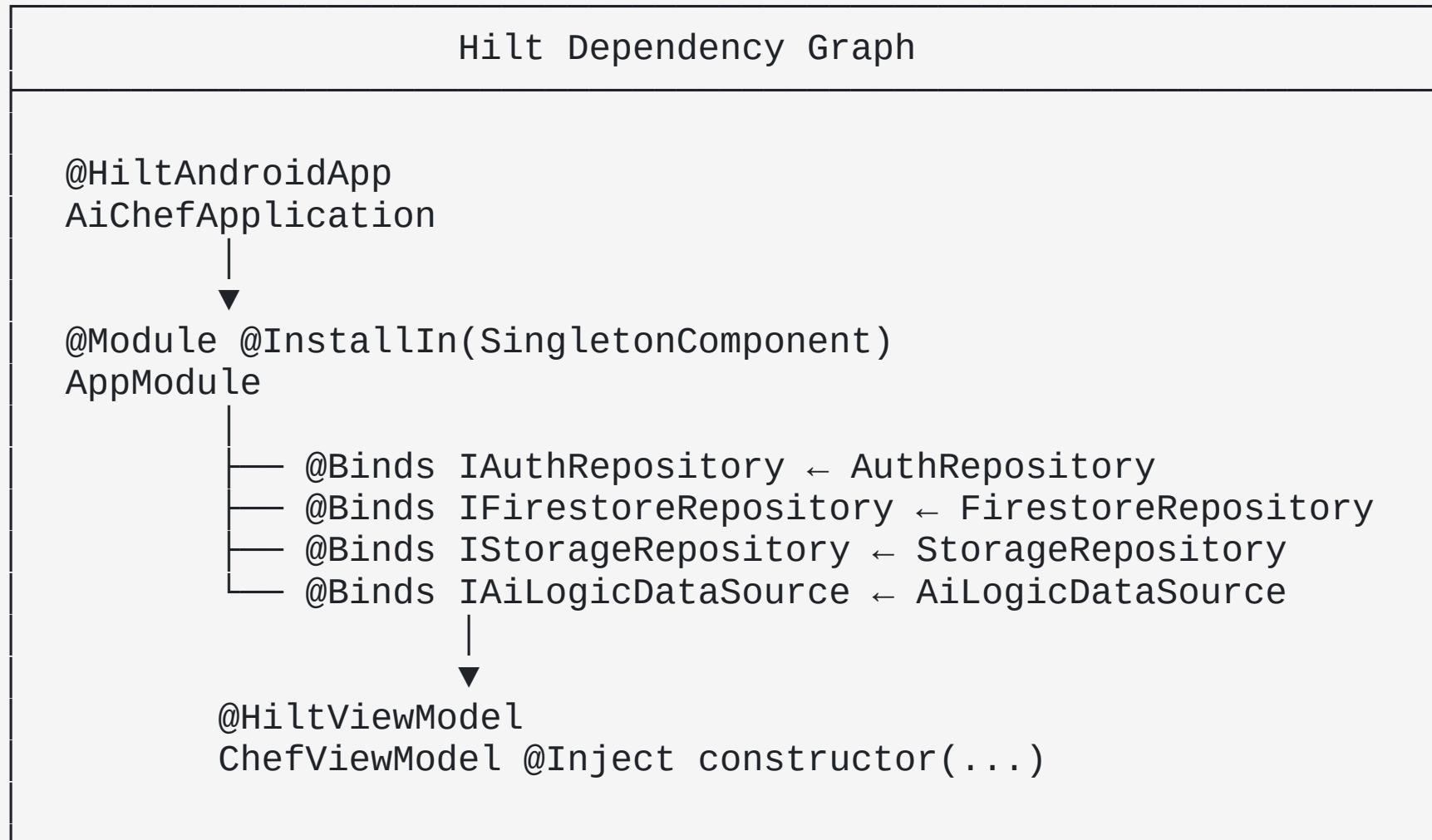
## 4. App Check Token Flow



### Production:

Replace `DebugAppCheckProviderFactory` with `PlayIntegrityAppCheckProviderFactory`. This uses hardware attestation (SafetyNet successor).

# 5. Hilt Dependency Graph



## **6. Challenge Lab**

**Practice & Application**

# Part 1: Recipe Favorites

## Context:

Users can save recipes but have no way to mark their favorites. We need a favorites system with filtering capability.

## Your Task:

Implement a favorites feature that:

- Adds a heart icon to each recipe card
- Toggles favorite status on tap (updates Firestore)
- Provides a filtered view showing only favorites
- Persists across sessions (stored in Firestore)

## Files to Modify:

- domain/model/Recipe.kt
- data/firebase/FirebaseRepository.kt
- ui/viewmodel/ChefViewModel.kt
- ui/screens/RecipeListScreen.kt (or equivalent)

# Part 1: Definition of Done

Criteria	Description
Model updated	Recipe has isFavorite: Boolean field
Firestore sync	toggleFavorite() updates document in Firestore
Heart icon visible	Each recipe card shows filled/outlined heart
Toggle works	Tapping heart updates state and syncs to cloud
Filter exists	User can switch to "Favorites only" view
Real-time updates	Changes reflect immediately (Firestore listener)
Optimistic UI	Heart toggles instantly, reverts on error

## Part 2: Recipe Sharing

### Context:

Users want to share their AI-generated recipes with friends via social media or messaging apps.

### Your Task:

Implement recipe sharing that:

- Captures the recipe detail view as an image
- Includes the AI-generated dish photo and recipe info
- Uses Android's native share sheet
- Works with any app that accepts images

## Files to Modify:

- ui/screens/RecipeDetailScreen.kt
- Create util/ShareUtils.kt
- AndroidManifest.xml (FileProvider if needed)

## Part 2: Definition of Done

Criteria	Description
Share button exists	FAB or menu item triggers sharing
Composable captured	Recipe card rendered as Bitmap
Image includes content	Generated image + title + ingredients visible
Share sheet opens	Android's native app chooser appears
Multiple apps work	Can share to WhatsApp, Telegram, Email, etc.
File cleanup	Temporary files deleted after sharing
Loading state	Shows progress while preparing share image

# **Resources & Wrap-up**

# Resources

<b>Firebase Auth</b>	<b>Cloud Firestore</b>
<a href="#">Firebase Auth Documentation</a>	<a href="#">Firestore Documentation</a>
<a href="#">Auth with Email/Password</a>	<a href="#">Security Rules</a>
<a href="#">Auth State Listener</a>	<a href="#">Realtime Listeners</a>
<a href="#">Custom Auth Claims</a>	<a href="#">Offline Persistence</a>
<a href="#">Codelab: Firebase Auth</a>	<a href="#">Composite Indexes</a>

# Resources

<b>Firebase Storage &amp; App Check</b>	<b>Firebase AI Logic (Gemini)</b>
<a href="#">Storage Documentation</a>	<a href="#">Firebase AI Logic Overview</a>
<a href="#">Storage Security Rules</a>	<a href="#">Gemini API Quickstart</a>
<a href="#">App Check Overview</a>	<a href="#">Multimodal Prompting</a>
<a href="#">Debug Provider Setup</a>	<a href="#">Image Generation with Gemini</a>
<a href="#">Play Integrity Integration</a>	<a href="#">Prompt Engineering Guide</a>

# Recommended Articles

## Firebase Auth & Firestore

- [Firebase Auth Best Practices](#) - Firebase Developers
- [Firestore Data Modeling](#) - Firebase Developers
- [Offline-First with Firestore](#) - ProAndroidDev

## Generative AI in Android

- [Integrating Gemini in Android Apps](#) - Android Developers
- [Multimodal AI: Vision + Text](#) - ProAndroidDev
- [Prompt Engineering for Developers](#) - DeepLearning.AI (Free Course)