

Assignment #7: 贪心和DP

Updated 0919 GMT+8 Oct 24, 2023

2023 fall, Compiled by 同学的姓名、院系

说明:

1) 请把每个题目解题思路 (可选), 源码Python, 或者C++/C (已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC), 截图 (包含Accepted, 学号), 填写到下面作业模版中 (推荐使用 typora <https://typoraio.cn>, 或者用word)。AC 或者没有AC, 都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。

3) 提交时候先提交pdf文件, 再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧“作业评论”。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、作业评论有md或者doc。

4) 如果不能在截止前提交作业, 请写明原因。

另外, CF的题目, 在洛谷有中文翻译, 例如 <https://www.luogu.com.cn/problem/CF1764C>

编程环境

(请改为同学的操作系统、编程环境等)

操作系统: macOS Ventura 13.4.1 (c)

Python编程环境: Spyder IDE 5.2.2, PyCharm 2023.1.4 (Professional Edition)

C/C++编程环境: Mac terminal vi (version 9.0.1424), g++/gcc (Apple clang version 14.0.3, clang-1403.0.22.14.1)

1. 必做题目

158B. Taxi

*special problem, greedy, implementation, 1100

<https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/158/B>

思路:

贪心

代码

```
1  '''
2  刘思瑞 2100017810
3  '''
4  sum = 0
5  a = [0]*4
6  n = int(input())
7  for i in map(int,input().split()):
8      a[i-1] += 1
```

```

9  sum += a[3]+a[2]
10 if a[0] <= a[2]:
11     a[0] = 0
12 else:
13     a[0] -= a[2]
14 sum += a[1] // 2
15 a[1] = a[1]%2
16 if a[1]:
17     sum+=1
18     if a[0] <= 2:
19         a[0] = 0
20     else:
21         a[0] -= 2
22 sum += a[0]//4
23 if a[0] %4:
24     sum += 1
25 print(sum)

```

代码运行截图

By meinvader, contest: VK Cup 2012 Qualification Round 1, problem: (B) Taxi, **Accepted**,

```

...
刘思瑞 2100017810
...
sum = 0
a = [0]*4
n = int(input())
for i in map(int,input().split()):
    a[i-1] += 1
sum += a[3]+a[2]
if a[0] <= a[2]:
    a[0] = 0
else:
    a[0] -= a[2]
sum += a[1] // 2
a[1] = a[1]%2
if a[1]:
    sum+=1
    if a[0] <= 2:
        a[0] = 0
    else:
        a[0] -= 2
sum += a[0]//4
if a[0] %4:
    sum += 1
print(sum)

```

545D. Queue

greedy, implementation, sortings, 1300

<https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/545/D>

思路：

代码

```
1 '''
2 刘思瑞 2100017810
3 '''
4 sum = 0
5 n = int(input())
6 l = list(map(int,input().split()))
7 l.sort()
8 for i in l:
9     if i >= sum:
10         sum += i
11     else:
12         n -= 1
13 print(n)
```

代码运行截图

By meinvader, contest: Codeforces Round 303 (Div. 2), problem: (D) Queue, **Accepted**, 4

```
'''
刘思瑞 2100017810
'''
sum = 0
n = int(input())
l = list(map(int,input().split()))
l.sort()
for i in l:
    if i >= sum:
        sum += i
    else:
        n -= 1
print(n)
```

→ **Judgement Protocol**

803A. Maximal Binary Matrix

constructive algorithms, 1400

<https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/803/A>

思路:

先按字典序的一层一层填满, 填不满时考虑奇偶性, 看是否需要再往下一层的对角元

代码

```
1 '''
2 刘思瑞 2100017810
3 '''
4 def build(n,k):
5     if k > n ** 2:
```

```

6         print(-1)
7         return
8     a = []
9     m = 0
10    for i in range(n):
11        a.append([0]*n)
12    while True:
13        if k == 0:
14            for i in a:
15                for j in i:
16                    print(j,end=' ')
17                print('')
18            return
19        if k >= 2*n - 2*m - 1 :
20            for i in range(2*n - 2*m - 1):
21                a[m][i + n - 1 - (2*n - 2*m - 2)] ,a[i + n - 1 - (2*n -
22 2*m - 2)][m] = 1,1
23                k -= 2*n - 2*m - 1
24                m+=1
25            else:
26                a[m][m] = 1
27                k -= 1
28                if k%2:
29                    a[m+1][m+1] = 1
30                    k = k//2
31                    for i in range(k):
32                        a[m][i + m + 1], a[i+m+1][m] = 1,1
33                        k = 0
34    n , k = map(int,input().split())
35    build(n,k)

```

代码运行截图

```
'''
刘思瑞 2100017810
'''
def build(n,k):
    if k > n ** 2:
        print(-1)
        return
    a = []
    m = 0
    for i in range(n):
        a.append([0]*n)
    while True:
        if k == 0:
            for i in a:
                for j in i:
                    print(j,end=' ')
                print('')
            return
        if k >= 2*n - 2*m - 1 :
            for i in range(2*n - 2*m - 1):
                a[m][i + n - 1 -(2*n - 2*m - 2)] ,a[i + n - 1 -(2*n - 2*m - 2)][m] = 1,1
            k -= 2*n - 2*m - 1
            m+=1
        else:
            a[m][m] = 1
            k -= 1
            if k%2:
                a[m+1][m+1] = 1
            k = k//2
            for i in range(k):
                a[m][i + m + 1], a[i+m+1][m] = 1,1
            k = 0
    n , k = map(int,input().split())
    build(n,k)
```

1793C. Dora and Search

constructive algorithms, data structures, two pointers, 1200,

<https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/1793/C>

思路:

不停判断两端是否为最值，建立活动窗口来删除元素

代码

```
1  '''
2  刘思瑞 2100017810
3  '''
4  def find(n,l):
5      maxx = n
6      minn = 1
7      r = 0
8      p = n-1
9      while minn<maxx:
10         if l[r] == minn:
11             minn += 1
12             r += 1
13         if l[p] == minn:
14             p -= 1
15             minn += 1
16         if l[r] == maxx:
17             maxx -= 1
```

```

18         r += 1
19         if l[p] == maxx:
20             p -= 1
21             maxx -= 1
22         if (l[p] not in (maxx,minn)) and (l[r] not in (maxx,minn)):
23             return r+1,p+1
24     return -1,None
25 testnum = int(input())
26 for i in range(testnum):
27     n = int(input())
28     li = list(map(int,input().split()))
29     l = li[:]
30     maxx,minx = find(n,l)
31     if minx:
32         print(maxx,minx)
33     else:
34         print(-1)

```

代码运行截图

By meinvader, contest: Codeforces Round 852 (Div. 2), problem: (C) Dora and Search, **Accepted**, #,

```

...
刘思瑞 2100017810
...
def find(n,l):
    maxx = n
    minn = 1
    r = 0
    p = n-1
    while minn<maxx:
        if l[r] == minn:
            minn += 1
            r += 1
        if l[p] == minn:
            p -= 1
            minn += 1
        if l[r] == maxx:
            maxx -= 1
            r += 1
        if l[p] == maxx:
            p -= 1
            maxx -= 1
        if (l[p] not in (maxx,minn)) and (l[r] not in (maxx,minn)):
            return r+1,p+1
    return -1,None
testnum = int(input())
for i in range(testnum):
    n = int(input())
    li = list(map(int,input().split()))
    l = li[:]
    maxx,minx = find(n,l)
    if minx:
        print(maxx,minx)
    else:
        print(-1)

```

→Judgement Protocol

2. 选做题目

368B. Sereja and Suffixes

data structures, dp, 1100

<https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/368/B>

思路：

代码

```
1 #
2
```

代码运行截图 (AC代码截图，至少包含有"Accepted")

1764C. Doremy's City Construction

graphs, greedy, 1400

<https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/1764/C>

思路：

代码

```
1 #
2
```

代码运行截图 (AC代码截图，至少包含有"Accepted")

3. 学习总结和收获

这周是期中周末来不及写选座了，下周一起补上。感觉虽然对一些算法不是很熟练，但是对语法已经基本掌握了，不会出现特别低级的bug了