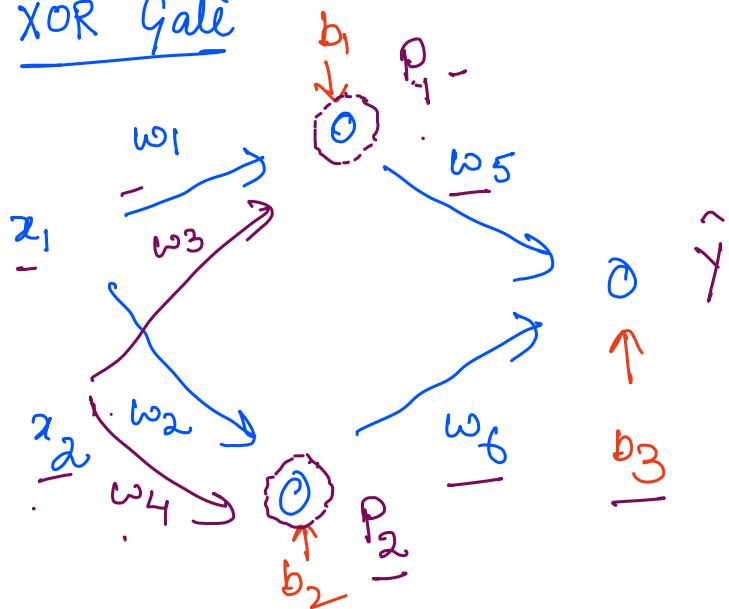


Perception 2

XOR Gate



x_1	x_2	y
0	0	0 ✓
0	1	1 ✓
1	0	1
1	1	0

Single Layer 2 neurons

↓
1 Hidden Layer with 2 neurons

$$\text{if } \begin{cases} \omega_1 = \omega_2 = \omega_3 = \omega_4 = 1 \\ b_1 = -0.5 \quad b_2 = -1.5 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \omega_5 &= 1 & \omega_6 &= -\frac{1}{2} \\ b_3 &= -0.5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{AF: } \phi = \begin{cases} 0 & \omega \cdot x + b \leq 0 \\ 1 & \omega \cdot x + b > 0 \end{cases}$$

1st Case

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_1 &= \omega_1 x_1 + \omega_2 x_2 + b_1 \\ &= 1 \times 0 + 1 \times 0 + (-0.5) \\ &= 0 - 0.5 \\ &= -0.5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\phi(P_1) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} P_2 &= \omega_1 x_1 + \omega_2 x_2 + b_2 \\ &= 0 \times 1 + 0 \times 1 + (-1.5) \\ &= -1.5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\phi(P_2) \geq 0$$

$$\hat{y} = \phi(P_1) \times \omega_5 + \phi(P_2) \times \omega_6 + b_3$$

$$= 0 \times 1 + 0 \times -1 + (-0.5)$$

$$= -0.5$$

$$\underline{\phi(\hat{x})} = \underline{0}$$

2nd Case

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 1$$

$$P_1 = x_1 \omega_1 + x_2 \omega_3 + b_1$$

$$= 0 \times 1 + 1 \times 1 + (-0.5)$$

$$= 0.5$$

$$\phi(P_1) = 1$$

$$P_2 = x_1 \omega_2 + x_2 \omega_4 + b_2$$

$$= 0 \times 1 + 1 \times -1 - 0.5$$

$$= -0.5$$

$$\phi(P_2) = 0$$

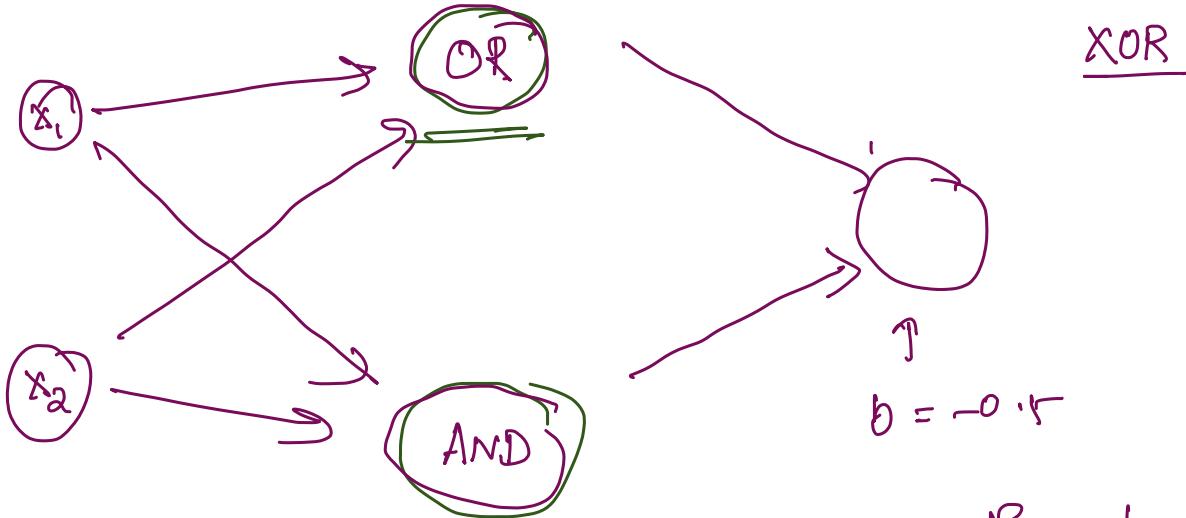
$$\hat{y} = \phi(P_1) \times \omega_5 + \phi(P_2) \times \omega_6 + b_3$$

$$= 1 \times 1 + 0 \times (-1) - 0.5$$

$$= 1 - 0.5$$

$$= 0.5 \geq 0$$

$$\phi(\hat{x}) = 1 \quad \checkmark$$



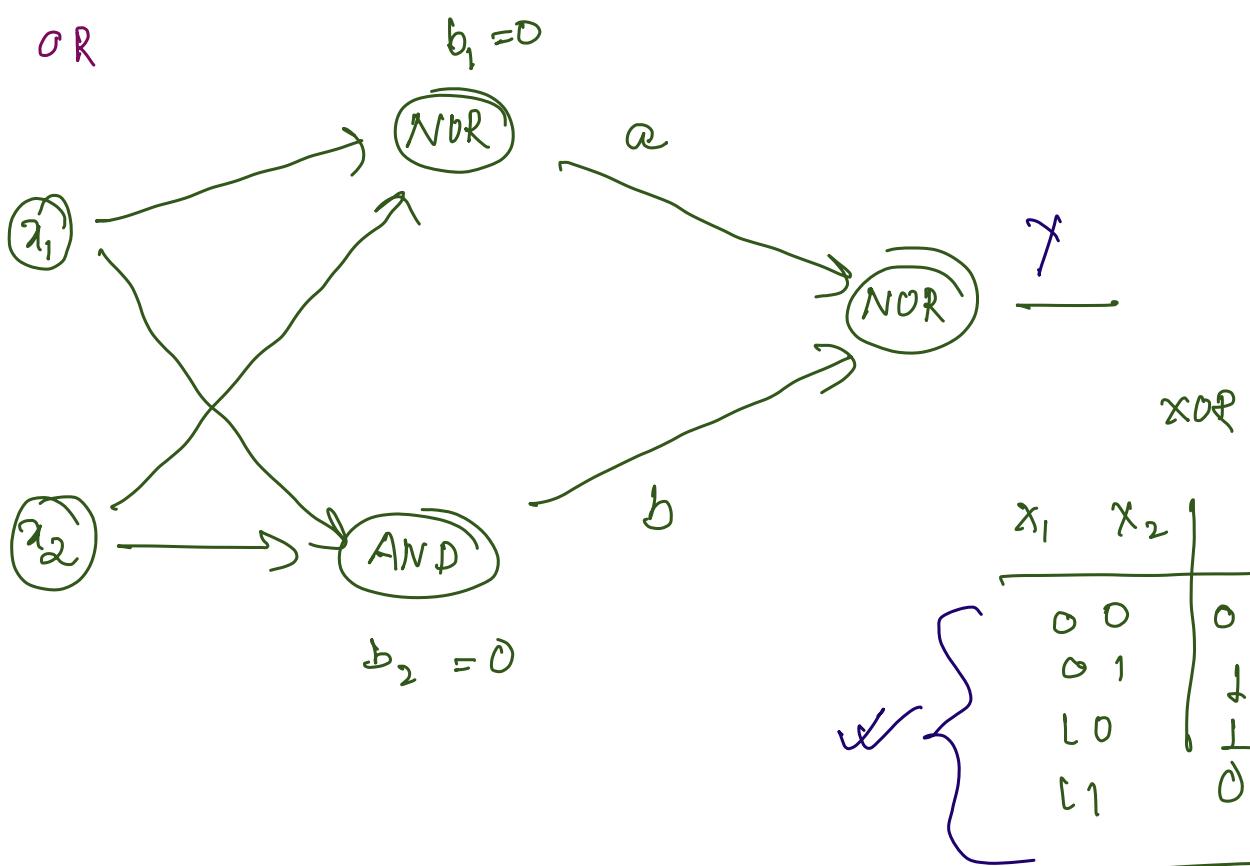
Is \neg the only way to solve \neg XOR? NO

NOR
OR + NOT

x_1	x_2	$y \Leftarrow \text{Not}$
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

NOR

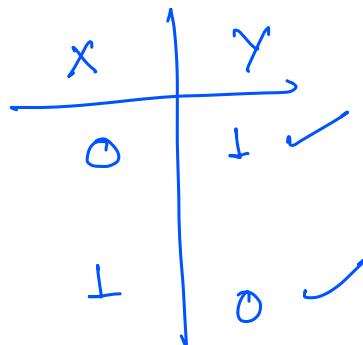
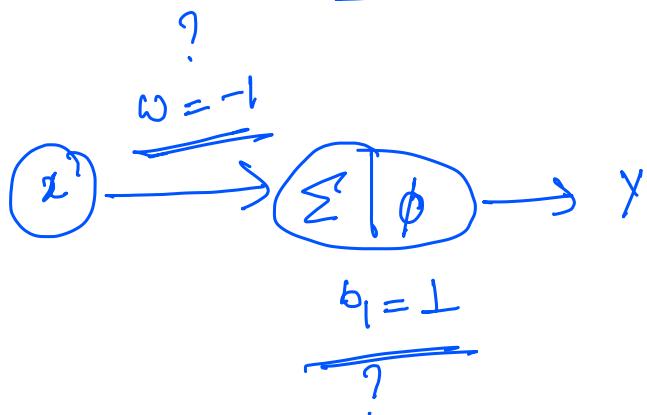
x_1	x_2	y
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	0



x_1	x_2	<u>NOR (a)</u>	<u>AND (b)</u>	<u>NOR (a\cupb)</u>
0	0	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	1
1	1	0	1	0

$-x-$

NOT Gate



1st Case

$$x=0$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma &= xw + b \\ &= 0 \times (-1) + 1 \\ &= 1\end{aligned}$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = 1$$

2nd Case

$$x=1$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma &= 1 \times (-1) + 1 \\ &= -1 + 1 \\ &= 0 \leq 0\end{aligned}$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\phi = \begin{cases} 0 & w\Sigma + b \leq 0 \\ 1 & w\Sigma + b > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\underline{\omega = 1 \quad b = -0.5}$$

$$\underline{1^{\text{st}} \text{ Case} \quad x=0}$$

$$\Sigma = x\omega + b$$

$$= 0 \times 1 - 0.5$$

$$= -0.5$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = 0 \times$$

$$\underline{2^{\text{nd}} \text{ Case} \quad x=1}$$

$$\Sigma = x\omega + b$$

$$= 1 \times 1 - 0.5$$

$$= 1 - 0.5$$

$$= 0.5$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = 1$$

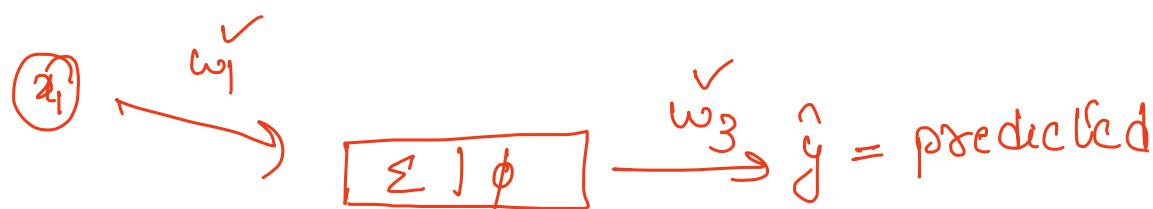
X

Perception Learning

Learning \rightarrow weights & bias

\hookrightarrow Algorithm can change itself

Hyperparameters x



$$\phi = \begin{cases} 0 & w \cdot x + b \leq 0 \\ 1 & w \cdot x + b > 0 \end{cases}$$

\hookrightarrow Fixed

hyperparameters

η = learning rate

w_i = weights

Δw_i = amount of change required

y = actual class

\hat{y} = predicted class

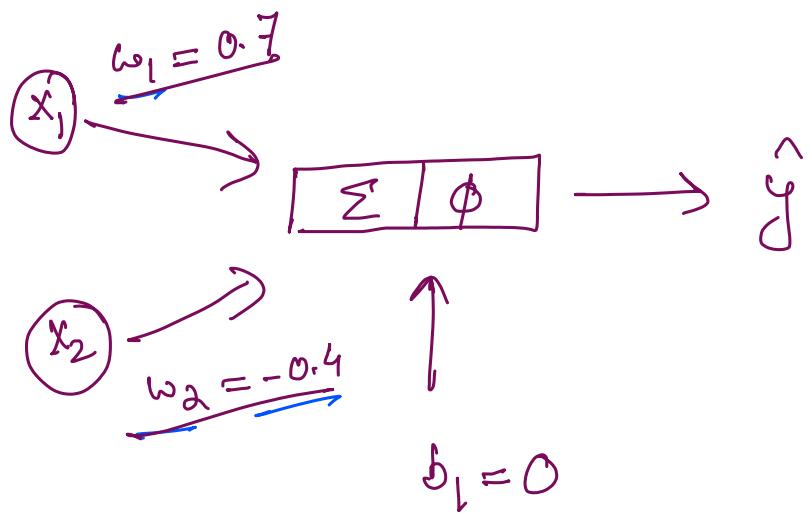
x_i = input sample

Learning

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} w_i &= w_i + \Delta w \\ \Delta w_i &= \eta(y - \hat{y}) x_i \end{aligned}}$$

Example

OR Gate



i/p		Y
x_1	x_2	
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

$$\omega_1 = 0.7 \quad \omega_2 = -0.4$$

$$\eta = 0.6$$

$$\phi = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } \Sigma + b \leq 0 \\ 1 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

1st Case

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma &= x_1 w_1 + x_2 w_2 + b_1 \\ &= 0 \times 0.7 + 0 \times (-0.4) + 0 \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = 0$$

2nd Case ←

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Sigma &= x_1 w_1 + x_2 w_2 + b_1 \\ &= 0 \times 0.7 + 1 \times (-0.4) + 0 \\ &= -0.4 \end{aligned}$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = 0$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \omega_i = \omega_i + \Delta\omega \\ \omega_1 = \omega_1 + \Delta\omega_1 \rightarrow (1) \\ \omega_2 = \omega_2 + \Delta\omega_2 \rightarrow (2) \\ (1) \quad \Delta\omega_1 = \eta(y - \hat{y}) x_1 \\ = 0.6(1 - 0) \underline{0} \\ = \underline{0} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\textcircled{1} \Rightarrow \omega_1 = \omega_1 + \frac{\Delta\omega_1}{\hookrightarrow 0}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \omega_1 = 0.7 \\ \omega_2 = -0.4 \end{array} \right\} \text{Initially}$$

$$\underline{\omega_1 = \omega_1}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \Rightarrow \Delta\omega_2 = \gamma(y - \hat{y}) \underline{x_2}$$

$$= \underline{0.6} (\underline{1} - 0) \perp$$

$$= \underline{0.6}$$

New weight

$\omega_1 = 0.7$
$\underline{\omega_2 = 0.2}$

$$\omega_2 = \omega_2 + \Delta\omega_2$$

$$= \underline{-0.4} + \underline{0.6}$$

$$= \underline{0.2}$$

1st Case

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 0$$

$$\Sigma = 0$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = 0 \quad \checkmark$$

2nd Case

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 1$$

$$\Sigma = \gamma_1 \omega_1 + \gamma_2 \omega_2 + b$$

$$= 0 + 1 \times (0.2) + 0$$

$$= 0.2 > 0$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = 1$$

3rd Case

$$x_1 = 1 \quad x_2 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma &= \alpha_1 w_1 + \alpha_2 w_2 + b_1 \\ &= 1 \times 0.7 + 0 + 0 \\ &= 0.7\end{aligned}$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = 1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\hat{y} = y$$

$$\Delta w_i = \eta \underbrace{(y - \hat{y})}_{\downarrow} x_i$$

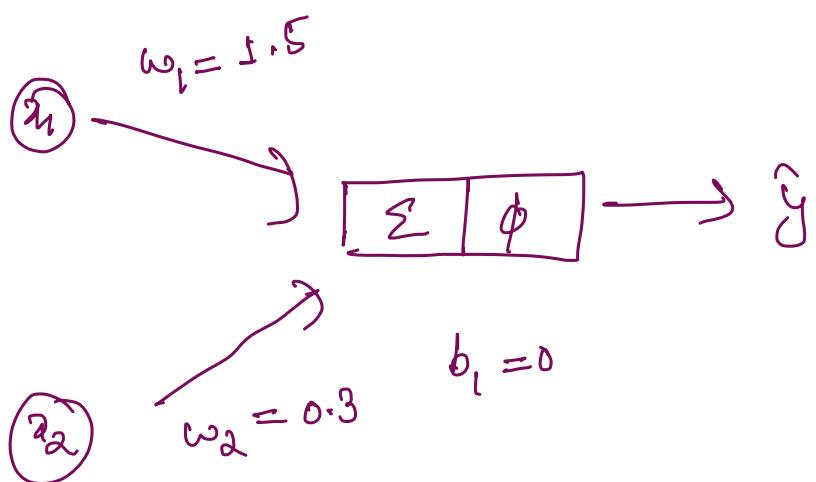
4th
 $x_1 = 1 \quad x_2 = 1$

$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma &= \alpha_1 w_1 + \alpha_2 w_2 + b_1 \\ &= 0.7 + 0.2 + 0 \\ &= 0.9 > 0\end{aligned}$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = 1$$

$$\hat{y} = y$$

AND



x_1	x_2	y
0	0	0 ✓
0	1	0 ✓
1	0	0 ✓
1	1	1 ✓

1st Case

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma &= x_1 w_1 + x_2 w_2 + b \\ &= 0 < 1\end{aligned}$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = 0 ✓$$

$$w_1 = 1.5 \quad w_2 = 0.3$$

$$\eta = 0.7$$

$$\phi = \begin{cases} 0 & \omega \cdot x + b < 1 \\ 1 & \omega \cdot x + b \geq 1 \end{cases}$$

Applying weight update

$$w_1 = w_1 + \Delta w_1$$

$$\Delta w_1 = \eta (\underline{y} - \hat{y}) \underline{x}_1$$

$$= \eta (0 - 0) \underline{x}_1$$

$$= 0$$

$$\underline{w_1 = w_1}$$

$$w_2 = w_2 + \Delta w_2$$

$$\Delta w_2 = \eta (\underline{0} - 0) \underline{x}_2$$

$$= 0$$

$$\underline{w_2 = w_2}$$

3rd Case

$$x_1 = 1 \quad x_2 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma &= \omega_1 x_1 + \omega_2 x_2 + b \\ &= 1 \times 1.5 + 0 + 0 \\ &= 1.5 > 1\end{aligned}$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = \underline{1} \quad \underline{y}$$

Apply weight update

Repeat 3rd Case

$$x_1 = 1 \quad x_2 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma &= \omega_1 x_1 + \omega_2 x_2 + b \\ &= 1 \times 0.8 + 0 + 0 \\ &= 0.8 < 1\end{aligned}$$

$$\phi(\Sigma) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}\omega_1 &= 1.5 \\ \omega_2 &= 0.3\end{aligned}$$

} Initial

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned}\omega_i &= \omega_i + \Delta\omega_i \\ \Delta\omega_i &= \eta(y - \hat{y}) x_i\end{aligned}}$$

$$\eta = 0.7$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned}\omega_1 &= 0.8 \\ \omega_2 &= 0.3\end{aligned}}$$

updated

Check for 1st & 2nd Case!

4th Case

$$x_1 = 1 \quad x_2 = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Sigma &= \omega_1 x_1 + \omega_2 x_2 + b \\ \phi(\Sigma) &= \phi(0.8 + 0.3 + 0)\end{aligned}$$

$$= \phi(1.1) \rightarrow 1$$

$$= \underline{1} \quad \checkmark$$

$(y - \hat{y})$

LR is very very small

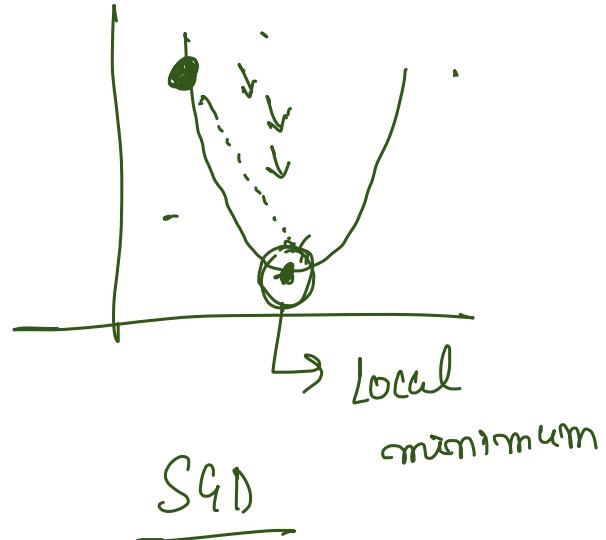
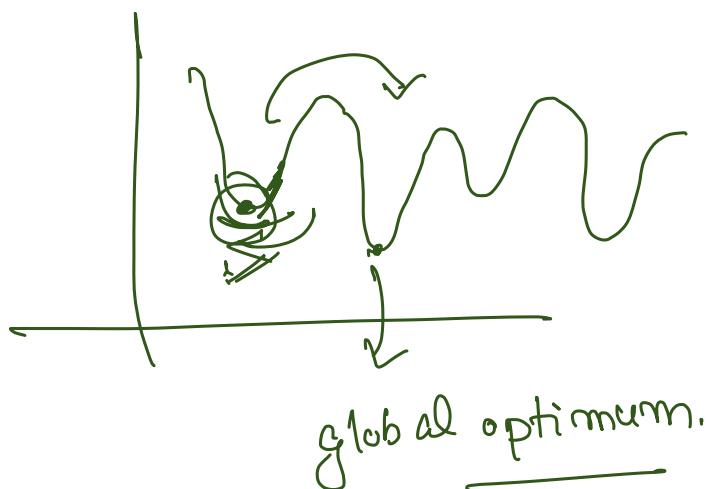
$$\Delta w_1 = \eta (y - \hat{y}) x_1$$

Adjust +
LR

$$\eta \approx 10^{-3}$$

$$1 \times 10^{-2}$$

Real life problem



Convex optimization