

## Tasks to Complete:

- Field 2C:
  - Apply nutrients using litter based on Soil Test Phosphorus recommendation OR Phosphorus Threshold Method
- Field 2A:
  - Apply litter to meet phosphorus need
- Field 10:
  - Use maximum amount of dairy manure using Threshold Method
  - BONUS! Apply nutrients with only commercial fertilizer
- Field 14A:
  - Fertilizer recommendations no manure

Field Name	Ac.	Crop Rotation	Expctd Yield (bu or tons)	Nutrient Needs (from soil test & expctd yield) N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O	Nitrogen Residual (leg./ organic)	Days before Incorp	Organic Material Applied (1000 gal. or tons/ac)	Org. Nut. Applied N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O Need or (Surplus)	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> - K <sub>2</sub> O (comm ercial)	Notes
HF-1	8	Orchard- grass Pasture	2.94 ac/au	50-40-70	0/14						
HF-2A	16	Corn (grain)	121 bu/ac	120-80-100	0/14	>7					
HF-2B (P- 1.5x) P- Index	12	Corn (grain)	90 bu/ac	90-0-0	0/0	>2					
HF-2C (N- based) Thres.	9	Orchard- grass Hay (maint.)	3.3 t/ac	140-40-95	0/0						
HF-3A	11	Corn (grain)	100 bu/ac	100-100-80	0/14	>1					
HF-3B	11.3	Corn (silage)	22.5 t/ac	165-120-240	0/7	>2					

Field Name	Ac.	Crop Rotation	Expctd Yield (bu or tons)	Nutrient Needs (from soil test & expctd yield) N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O	Nitrogen Residual (leg./ organic)	Days before Incorp	Organic Material Applied (1000 gal. or tons/ac)	Org. Nut. Applied N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> - K <sub>2</sub> O	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O Need or (Surplus)	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O (commercial)	Notes
HF-4B	25	Hay/ Pasture	SPG II	120-60-120	0/0	>7					
HF-5	12	Corn (grain)	150 bu/ac	150-80-100	70/0						
HF-10 (P-1x) Thresh	34	Corn (grain)	180 bu/ac	180-0-40	0/0						
HF-11	11	Soybeans	45.8 bu/ac	0-0-30	0/0						
HF-14A	23	Tomatoes	20 t/ac		0/0						
HF-14B (P-1x) P-Index	18	Corn (silage)*	22.7 t/ac	170-0-210	0/0	>7					



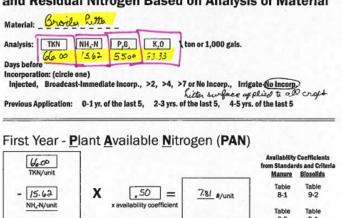
Field	Crop	Expected	V	irginia 1	ech So	il Test V	'alue	Va Tech Buffer	Lime Needs	Nu	trient Nee	eds	Environmental
Name	·	Ÿield	P #	#/ac	K ‡	#/ac	pН	рН	(tons/ac)	N	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	K <sub>2</sub> O	Sensitivity
HF-1	Orchard- grass Pasture	2.94 ac/au	11	L+	30	L	6.3	6.38	0	50	40	70	L
HF-2A	Corn (grain)	121 bu/ac	15	M-	40	L	6.2	6.34	0	120	80	100	М
HF-2B	Corn (grain)	90 bu/ac	340	VH	320	VH	6.3	6.34	0	90	0	0	L
HF-2C	Orchard- grass Hay	3.3 tons/ac	45	H-	130	М	6.2	6.32	0	70	40	95	L
HF-3A	Corn (grain)	100 bu/ac	6	L	62	L+	5.8	6.14	1.5	100	100	80	L
HF-3B	Corn (silage)	22.5 tons/ac	30		90		6.3	6.34	0	165	120	240	L



Field		Expected		Virginia	a Tech	Soil Tes	t Value	Va Tech	Lime Needs	Nutrient Needs			Environmental	
Name	Crop	Yield	Ρ#	‡/ac	K #/ac		рН	Buffer pH	(tons/ac)	N	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	K <sub>2</sub> O	Sensitivity	
HF-4B	Hay/Pasture	SPG II*	41	H-	115	М	5.6	6.02	2	120	60	120	(FF)	
HF-5	Corn (grain)	150 bu/ac	26	М	62	L+	6.5	6.4	0	150	80	100	L	
HF-10	Corn (grain)	180 bu/ac	168	VH	256	Н	6.1	6.28	0	180	0	40	L	
HF-11	Soybeans	45.8 bu/ac	428	VH	219	Н	5.8	6.1	1.5	0	0	30	М	
HF-14A	Tomatoes	20 tons/ac	170	VH	50	L	6.6	6.5	0	75	(20)	250	L	
HF-14B	Corn (silage)	22.7 tons/ac	310	VH	125	М	5.5	5.9	2.5	170	0	210	Н	

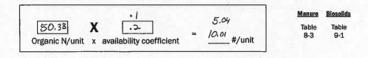


### Nitrogen Calculations for Ammonium, Organic and Residual Nitrogen Based on Analysis of Material



50.38 30,23 #/unit .60 Applications made to x availability coefficient Organic N/unit Spring Crops 38-04 #/unit TOTAL PAN 38.04 1,000 1,000 gallons #N/ac. needed PAN# Unit = Ton or 1,000 Gallons

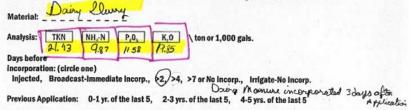
Residual - Plant Available Nitrogen (for following year)



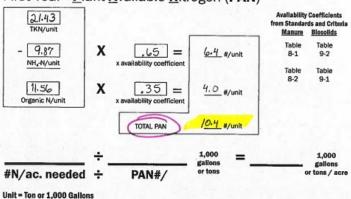
\_\_\_\_\_ #/unit x \_\_\_\_\_ units/ac. = \_\_\_\_\_ # Residual Nitrogen/ac.



### Nitrogen Calculations for Ammonium, Organic and Residual Nitrogen Based on Analysis of Material



#### First Year - Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN)



#### Residual - Plant Available Nitrogen (for following year)

	Manure	Biosolids
// √2 Organic N/unit x availability coefficient	7.16 Table 8-3	Table 9-1

$$\frac{2.3}{1.16}$$
 #/unit x 6 units/ac. =  $\frac{13.8}{6.7}$  # Residual Nitrogen/ac.



- Field 2C: Apply nutrients using litter based Soil Test Recommendation or Phosphorus Environmental Threshold Application
  - Standards & Criteria (page 48)
  - Poultry Litter Analysis (Plant Available Nitrogen [P.A.N] calculation)
  - Balance Sheet



# **Option 1: Soil Test**

- Crop: Orchard Grass Hay
- Nutrient Applications: Broiler Litter and Supplemental Fertilizer
- Litter Analysis: 38.04 N- 55 P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>- 53.33 K<sub>2</sub>O
- Nutrient Needs: 140-40-95



- Litter Analysis:
  - $-38.04 \text{ N} 55 \text{ P}_2\text{O}_5 53.33 \text{ K}_2\text{O}$
- Need to calculate tons of litter required to meet P needs
  - −40 lbs P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> are required and there are
     55 lbs P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> in litter
  - -40 lbs / 55 lbs = 0.73 tons litter/ac tomeet  $P_2O_5$  needs
  - Not practical application!!!



#### Field 2C: Soil Test Method Manure Application

Field Name	Ac.	Crop Rotation	Expctd Yield (bu or tons)	Nutrient Needs (from soil test & expctd yield) N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O	Nitrogen Residual (leg./ organic)	Days before Incorp	Organic Material Applied (1000 gal. or tons/ac)	Org. Nut. Applied N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O Need or (Surplus)	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> - K <sub>2</sub> O (comm ercial)	Notes
HF-1	8	Orchard- grass Pasture	2.94 ac/au	50-40-70	0/14						
HF-2A	16	Corn (grain)	121 bu/ac	120-80-100	0/14	>7					
HF-2B (P- 1.5x) P- Index	12	Corn (grain)	90 bu/ac	90-0-0	0/0	>2					
HF-2C (N- based) Thres.	9	Orchard- grass Hay (maint.)	3.3 t/ac	140-40-95	0/0		0.73				
HF-3A	11	Corn (grain)	100 bu/ac	100-100-80	0/14	>1					
HF-3B	11.3	Corn (silage)	22.5 t/ac	165-120-240	0/7	>2					



# Option 2: Phosphorous Environmental Threshold

- Allows for higher P application than crops require for certain circumstances
- Need to convert P lb/ac to P ppm
- Nutrient need table shows Field 2C with a soil test P level of 45 lb/ac
  - To convert to ppm see page 39 of S&C
  - Divide lb/ac by 2 (or multiply by 0.5)
  - -45/2=23 ppm P



 Based on the table 4-2, S&C pg. 48, or the Middle/Upper Coastal Plain we can apply manure to meet N needs, not restricted by P



- Litter Analysis:
  - $-38.04 \text{ N} 55 \text{ P}_2\text{O}_5 53.33 \text{ K}_2\text{O}$
- Applying litter to meet N needs
- 140 lbs of N are required and there are 38.04 lbs/ton of P.A.N.
  - 140 lbs N/ac. ÷ 38.04 lbs/ton of N= 3.68 tons/ ac
  - Much more acceptable rate to spread to get even pattern than under a ton of litter/ ac



- Organic Nutrient Application:
- 3.68 tons/ac x 55 lbs/ton  $P_2O_5 = 202$  lbs  $P_2O_5$  / ac
- 3.68 tons/ac x 53.33 lbs/ton  $K_2O = 196.3$  lbs  $K_2O / ac$  140 N-202  $P_2O_5$  -196.3  $K_2O$  (nutrients from litter)



- Any additional fertilizer required?
  - -Nutrient needs of
    - 140 N-40 P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>-95 K<sub>2</sub>O
  - -140-202-196.3 nutrients from litter
  - N: 140– 140= 0 No additional N required
  - $-P_2O_5$ : 40- 202= (162) over application of  $P_2O_5$
  - $-K_2O$ : 95- 193.3= (100) over application of  $K_2O$



#### Field 2C: Threshold Method Manure Application

Field Name	Ac.	Crop Rotation	Expctd Yield (bu or tons)	Nutrient Needs (from soil test & expctd yield) N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O	Nitrogen Residual (leg./ organic)	Days before Incorp	Organic Material Applied (1000 gal. or tons/ac)	Org. Nut. Applied N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O Need or (Surplus)	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> - K <sub>2</sub> O (comm ercial)	Notes
HF-1	8	Orchard- grass Pasture	2.94 ac/au	50-40-70	0/14						
HF-2A	16	Corn (grain)	121 bu/ac	120-80-100	0/14	>7					
HF-2B (P- 1.5x) P- Index	12	Corn (grain)	90 bu/ac	90-0-0	0/0	>2					
HF-2C (N- based) Thres.	9	Orchard- grass Hay (maint.)	3.3 t/ac	140-40-95	0/0	>7	3.68 t/ac	140-202-196	0- (162)-(101)		3
HF-3A	11	Corn (grain)	100 bu/ac	100-100-80	0/14	>1					
HF-3B	11.3	Corn (silage)	22.5 t/ac	165-120-240	0/7	>2					

<sup>3.</sup> Nitrogen needs are shown for 2 cuttings of hay: 140 lbs N applied before spring green-up if organic source is used; 70 lbs N applied at spring green-up and 70 lbs after first cutting if commercial fertilizer is used.



- Field 2A: Apply litter to meet phosphorus need
  - Balance Sheet
  - Poultry Litter Analysis (P.A.N calculation)



- Crop: Corn Grain
- Nutrient Applications: Broiler Litter and Supplemental Fertilizer
- Litter Analysis:
  - $-38.04 \text{ N} 55 \text{ P}_2\text{O}_5 53.33 \text{ K}_2\text{O}$
- Nutrient Needs:
  - $-120 \text{ N-}80 \text{ P}_2\text{O}_5\text{-}100 \text{ K}_2\text{O}$



- Litter Analysis:
  - $-38.04 \text{ N} 55 \text{ P}_2\text{O}_5 53.33 \text{ K}_2\text{O}$
- Need to calculate tons of litter required to meet P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> needs
  - −80 lbs/ac P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> are required and there are 55 lbs/ton P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> in litter
  - -80 lbs/ac  $P_2O_5 \div 55$  lbs/ton  $P_2O_5 = 1.45$  tons litter/ac to meet  $P_2O_5$  needs



- Organic Nutrient Application:
- 1.45 tons x 38.04 lbs/ton N=
   55.1 lbs N/ ac
- 1.45 tons/ac x 53.33 lbs/ton  $K_2O = 77.3$  lbs  $K_2O$  / ac 55.1-80-77.3 nutrients from litter



- Any additional fertilizer required?
- Nutrient needs of 120 N-80 P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> -100 K<sub>2</sub>O
  - -55.1 80 77.3 from litter
  - N: 120- 14 (residual)- 55.1 (organic)= 51lbs N needed
  - $-P_2O_5$ : 80- 80= No Additional  $P_2O_5$  required
  - $-K_2O$ : 100- 77.3= 23 lbs  $K_2O$  needed
    - Commercial Fertilizer needs: 51 lbs N and 23 lbs of P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>



#### Field 2A: Soil Test Method Manure Application

Field Name	Ac.	Crop Rotation	Expctd Yield (bu or tons)	Nutrient Needs (from soil test & expctd yield) N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O	Nitrogen Residual (leg./ organic)	Days before Incorp	Organic Material Applied (1000 gal. or tons/ac)	Org. Nut. Applied N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O Need or (Surplus)	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> - K <sub>2</sub> O (commer cial)	Notes
HF-1	8	Orchard- grass Pasture	2.94 ac/au	50-40-70	0/14						
HF-2A	16	Corn (grain)	121 bu/ac	120-80-100	0/14	>7	1.45 tons/ac	55-80-77.3	51-0-23	0-023 br 20-0-0 ba 31-0-0 sd	1 2
HF-2B (P- 1.5x) P- Index	12	Corn (grain)	90 bu/ac	90-0-0	0/0	>2					
HF-2C (N- based) Thres.	9	Orchard- grass Hay (maint.)	3.3 t/ac		0/0	>7					
HF-3A	11	Corn (grain)	100 bu/ac	100-100-80	0/14	>1					
HF-3B	11.3	Corn (silage)	22.5 t/ac	165-120-240	0/7	>2					

Application Methods: Ba= Banded, Br = Broadcast, Sd = Sidedress, Pd = Plow down, Di = Disk-in

- 1. Apply Litter as close to planting as possible.
- 2. Apply sidedress N when corn is between on 12 and 24 inches tall.



- Field 10: Use maximum amount of dairy manure using Threshold Method
  - Standards & Criteria (page 48, 55)
  - Dairy Slurry Analysis (P.A.N. calculation)
  - Balance Sheet



- Crop: Corn Grain
- Nutrient Applications: Dairy Slurry and Supplemental Fertilizer
- Nutrient Needs:
  - $-180 \text{ N}-0 \text{ P}_2\text{O}_5-40 \text{ K}_2\text{O}$
- Manure Analysis:
  - $-10.4 \text{ N-}11.58 \text{ P}_2\text{O}_5 19.85 \text{ K}_2\text{O}$



- Need to convert P lb/ac to P ppm
- Nutrient need table shows field 10 with a soil test P level of 168 lb/ac
  - To convert to ppm see page 39 of S&C
  - Divide Ib/ac by 2
  - $-168 \div 2 = 84 \text{ ppm P}$ 
    - Standards & Criteria page 48 Table 4-2: 55-136 ppm P for Middle/Upper coastal: N cannot exceed N needs; P application shall not exceed crop removal



- Crop removal: Found on page 55 table 4-7 of S&C
  - Corn Grain P removal= 0.38 lb P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>/ bushel
  - 180 bu/ ac x 0.38 lb/bushel = 68.4 lbs  $P_2O_5$  removed
- 68.4 lbs removed ÷ 11.58 P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>/kgal =
   5.9k gal/ac of manure



- Manure Analysis: 10.4-11.58-19.85
- Organic Nutrient Application:
- 5.9k gal/ac x 10.4 lbs N/kgal =
   61lbs N/ ac
- 5.9k gal/ac x 19.85 lbs  $K_2O$  / kgal = 117 lbs  $K_2O$  / ac 61 N-68  $P_2O_5$  -117  $K_2O$  nutrients from manure



- Any additional fertilizer required?
- Nutrient needs of 180-0-40
  - -61-68-117 nutrients from manure
  - -N: 180-61=119 lbs/ac N needed
  - $-P_2O_5$ : 0-68= (68)  $P_2O_5$  over applied
  - $-K_2O$ : 40- 117= (77)  $K_2O$  over applied
    - Commercial Fertilizer needs: 119 lbs N/ac



#### Field 10: Threshold Method Manure Application

Field Name	Ac.	Crop Rotation	Expctd Yield (bu or tons)	Nutrient Needs (from soil test & expctd yield) N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O	Nitrogen Residual (leg./ organic)	Days before Incorp	Organic Material Applied (1000 gal. or tons/ac)	Org. Nut. Applied N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> - K <sub>2</sub> O	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O Need or (Surplus)	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O (commercial)	Notes
HF-4B	25	Hay/ Pasture	SPG II	120-60-120	0/0	>7					
HF-5	12	Corn (grain)	150 bu/ac	150-80-100	70/0						
HF-10 (P-1x) Thresh	34	Corn (grain)	180 bu/ac	180-0-40	0/0	>2	5.9k/ ac Dairy	61-68-117	119-(68)-(77)	30-0-0 ba 89-0-0 sd	2
HF-11	11	Soybeans	45.8 bu/ac	0-0-30	0/0						
HF-14A	23	Tomatoes	20 t/ac		0/0						
HF-14B (P-1x) P-Index	18	Corn (silage)*	22.7 t/ac	170-0-210	0/0	>7					

Application Methods: Ba= Banded, Br = Broadcast, Sd = Sidedress, Pd = Plow down, Di = Disk-in

2. Apply sidedress N when corn is between on 12 and 24 inches tall.



## **BONUS ROUND!**

- Just because you CAN apply P doesn't mean you SHOULD
- Fields high in P that do not have to be used for manure purposes can just receive commercial fertilizer



Field Name	Ac.	Crop Rotation	Expctd Yield (bu or tons)	Nutrient Needs (from soil test & expctd yield) N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O	Nitrogen Residual (leg./ organic)	Days before Incorp	Organic Material Applied (1000 gal. or tons/ac)	Org. Nut. Applied N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> - K <sub>2</sub> O	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O Need or (Surplus)	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O (commercial)	Notes
HF-4B	25	Hay/ Pasture	SPG II	120-60-120	0/0	>7					
HF-5	12	Corn (grain)	150 bu/ac	150-80-100	70/0						
HF-10 (P-1x) Thresh	34	Corn (grain)	180 bu/ac	180-0-40	0/0				180-0-40	30-0-40 br 150-0-0 sd	
HF-11	11	Soybeans	45.8 bu/ac	0-0-30	0/0						
HF-14A	23	Tomatoes	20 t/ac		0/0						
HF-14B (P-1x) P-Index	18	Corn (silage)*	22.7 t/ac	170-0-210	0/0	>7					



- Field 14A
  - Standards & Criteria (page 48)
  - Case Study Narrative Sheet
  - Case Study Vegetable Supplement
  - Balance Sheet



- Crop: Tomatoes- Processing
- Nutrient Application: Fertilizer- No Manure
- Nutrient Needs: 75 N-0 P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> -250 K<sub>2</sub>O
  - These needs come from Nutrient Needs
     Table and are based off of criteria from page 20 in Vegetable Supplement



## \*\*SPECIAL CONDITION\*\*

 Even though the soil test recommend no P page 22 paragraph 5 of the vegetable supplement has a caveat that if soil temps are BELOW 65 degrees F up to 20 lbs of P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> may be applied to match crop removal



#### Field 14A: Fertilizer Only Application

Field Name	Ac.	Crop Rotation	Expctd Yield (bu or tons)	Nutrient Needs (from soil test & expctd yield) N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O	Nitrogen Residual (leg./ organic)	Days before Incorp	Organic Material Applied (1000 gal. or tons/ac)	Org. Nut. Applied N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O Need or (Surplus)	N-P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub> -K <sub>2</sub> O (commercial)	Notes
HF-4B	25	Hay/ Pasture	SPG II	120-60-120	0/0	>7					
HF-5	12	Corn (grain)	150 bu/ac	150-80-100	70/0						
HF-10 (P-1x) Thres	34	Corn (grain)	180 bu/ac	180-0-40	0/0	>2					
HF-11	11	Soybeans	45.8 bu/ac	0-0-30	0/0						
HF-14A	23	Tomatoes	20 t/ac	75-0-250	0/0				75-20-250	0-0-100 br/d 0-0-150 br/pd 25-20-0 ba 50-0-0 sd	6
HF-14B (P-1x) P-Index	18	Corn (silage)*	22.7 t/ac	170-0-210	0/0	>7					

Application Methods: Ba= Banded, Br = Broadcast, Sd = Sidedress, Pd = Plow down, D = Disk-in

6. Apply Phosphorus ONLY if soil temperature is below 65 degrees F at time of transplanting. (2005 Commercial Veg Guide, pg B5)