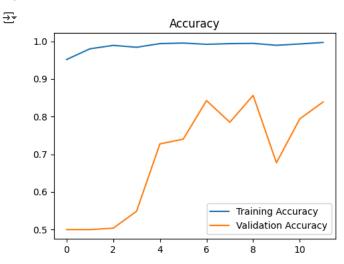
```
#Install kaggle
!pip install -q kaggle
#Upload you API token kaggle.json:
from google.colab import files
files.upload()
Choose Files kaggle.json

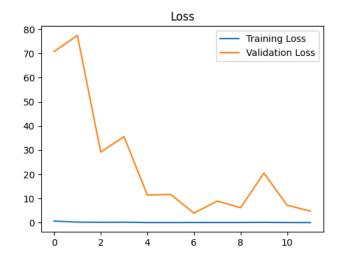
    kaggle.json(application/json) - 69 bytes, last modified: 1/25/2025 - 100% done

     Saving kaggle.json to kaggle.json
 #Create a directory kaggle , move the kaggle.json to kaggle directory , change permissions to the file :
!mkdir ~/.kaggle
!mv kaggle.json ~/.kaggle/
!chmod 600 ~/.kaggle/kaggle.json
#!/bin/bash
!kaggle datasets download -d kaggleashwin/vehicle-type-recognition
Dataset URL: <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/kaggleashwin/vehicle-type-recognition">https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/kaggleashwin/vehicle-type-recognition</a>
     License(s): apache-2.0
     Downloading vehicle-type-recognition.zip to /content
      96% 153M/159M [00:01<00:00, 143MB/s]
     100% 159M/159M [00:01<00:00, 149MB/s]
#!/bin/bash
!kaggle datasets download kaushalrimal619/lumpy-skin-disease-cow-images
Dataset URL: <a href="https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/kaushalrimal619/lumpy-skin-disease-cow-images">https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/kaushalrimal619/lumpy-skin-disease-cow-images</a>
     License(s): unknown
     Downloading lumpy-skin-disease-cow-images.zip to /content
     100% 4.27G/4.28G [00:58<00:00, 85.9MB/s]
     100% 4.28G/4.28G [00:58<00:00, 78.4MB/s]
!unzip lumpy-skin-disease-cow-images.zip
import tensorflow as tf
# Check for GPU availability
print("Num GPUs Available: ", len(tf.config.list_physical_devices('GPU')))
if tf.test.gpu_device_name():
    print(f"Using GPU: {tf.test.gpu_device_name()}")
else:
    print("No GPU found. Make sure you've enabled GPU in Colab.")
→ Num GPUs Available: 1
     Using GPU: /device:GPU:0
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D, Flatten, Dense, Dropout, BatchNormalization
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
import os
import shutil
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Step 1: Organize Dataset
infected_dir = '/content/infected'
normal_dir = '/content/normal/normal'
def create_dataset(infected_dir, normal_dir):
    dataset_dir = '/content/dataset'
    train_dir = os.path.join(dataset_dir, 'train')
```

```
os.makedirs(train_dir, exist_ok=True)
   infected_train_dir = os.path.join(train_dir, 'infected')
   normal_train_dir = os.path.join(train_dir, 'normal')
   os.makedirs(infected_train_dir, exist_ok=True)
   os.makedirs(normal_train_dir, exist_ok=True)
   for file in os.listdir(infected_dir):
       shutil.copy(os.path.join(infected_dir, file), infected_train_dir)
   for file in os.listdir(normal_dir):
       shutil.copy(os.path.join(normal_dir, file), normal_train_dir)
   return dataset dir
dataset_dir = create_dataset(infected_dir, normal_dir)
# Step 2: Data Generators
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
   rescale=1.0 / 255,
   validation_split=0.2,
   rotation_range=20,
   width_shift_range=0.2,
   height_shift_range=0.2,
   zoom_range=0.2,
   horizontal_flip=True
)
train_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
   os.path.join(dataset_dir, 'train'),
   target_size=(128, 128),
   batch_size=32,
   class_mode='binary',
   subset='training'
)
val_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
   os.path.join(dataset_dir, 'train'),
   target_size=(128, 128),
   batch_size=32,
   class_mode='binary',
   subset='validation'
)
Found 3200 images belonging to 2 classes.
    Found 800 images belonging to 2 classes.
# Step 3: Build the Model
model = Sequential([
   Conv2D(32, (3, 3), activation='relu', input_shape=(128, 128, 3)),
   BatchNormalization(),
   MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)),
   Conv2D(64, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
   BatchNormalization(),
   MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)),
   Conv2D(128, (3, 3), activation='relu'),
   BatchNormalization(),
   MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2, 2)),
   Flatten(),
   Dense(256, activation='relu'),
   Dropout(0.5),
   Dense(1, activation='sigmoid') # Output layer for binary classification
1)
🚁 /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/convolutional/base_conv.py:107: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`inpu
       super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer, **kwargs)
# Step 4: Compile the Model
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='binary_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
```

```
# Step 5: Train the Model
early_stop = EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=5, restore_best_weights=True)
history = model.fit(
    train_generator,
    epochs=25,
    validation data=val generator,
    callbacks=[early_stop]
)
→ Epoch 1/25
     /usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/keras/src/trainers/data_adapters/py_dataset_adapter.py:122: UserWarning: Your `PyDataset` class
       self._warn_if_super_not_called()
     100/100
                                 • 157s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.8976 - loss: 1.5282 - val accuracy: 0.5000 - val loss: 70.8111
     Epoch 2/25
     100/100 -
                                 – 132s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.9831 - loss: 0.1825 - val_accuracy: 0.5000 - val_loss: 77.4527
     Epoch 3/25
                                 – 134s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.9876 - loss: 0.2018 - val_accuracy: 0.5038 - val_loss: 29.1804
     100/100 -
     Epoch 4/25
     100/100 -
                                 - 149s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.9862 - loss: 0.1574 - val_accuracy: 0.5487 - val_loss: 35.5958
     Enoch 5/25
     100/100 -
                                 - 124s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.9926 - loss: 0.0601 - val_accuracy: 0.7275 - val_loss: 11.4234
     Epoch 6/25
     100/100 -
                                 - 140s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.9950 - loss: 0.0513 - val accuracy: 0.7400 - val loss: 11.6773
     Epoch 7/25
                                 - 132s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.9908 - loss: 0.0958 - val_accuracy: 0.8425 - val_loss: 3.9482
     100/100 -
     Epoch 8/25
     100/100 -
                                 - 124s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.9939 - loss: 0.0628 - val accuracy: 0.7850 - val loss: 8.9398
     Epoch 9/25
     100/100
                                 - 140s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.9911 - loss: 0.1514 - val_accuracy: 0.8562 - val_loss: 6.1548
     Epoch 10/25
     100/100 -
                                 - 142s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.9947 - loss: 0.0572 - val_accuracy: 0.6775 - val_loss: 20.4675
     Epoch 11/25
     100/100 -
                                 - 132s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.9920 - loss: 0.0654 - val_accuracy: 0.7937 - val_loss: 7.1895
     Epoch 12/25
     100/100
                                 – 133s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.9988 - loss: 0.0072 - val_accuracy: 0.8388 - val_loss: 4.7486
    4
# Step 6: Save the Model
model.save('cow_health_classifier.h5')
环 WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `keras.saving.save_model(model)`. This file format is consi
# Step 7: Plot Training and Validation Accuracy and Loss
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Training Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Validation Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.title('Accuracy')
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Training Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Validation Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.title('Loss')
plt.show()
```





from google.colab import files
files.download('cow\_health\_classifier.h5')

