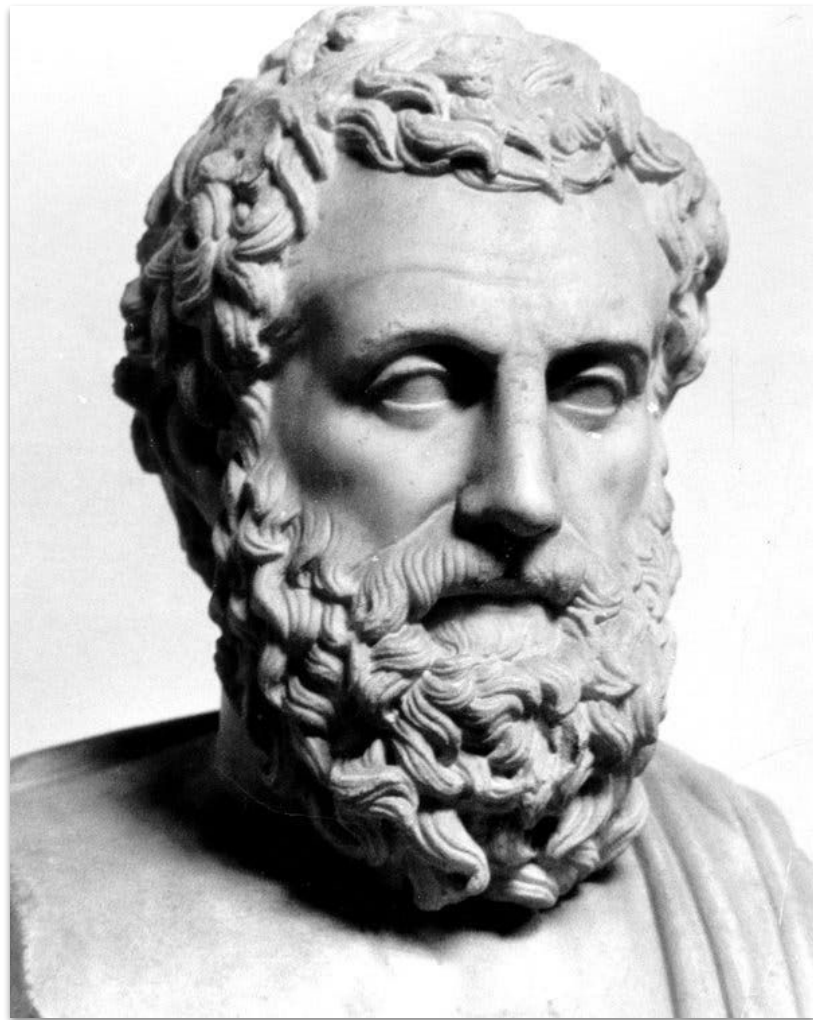
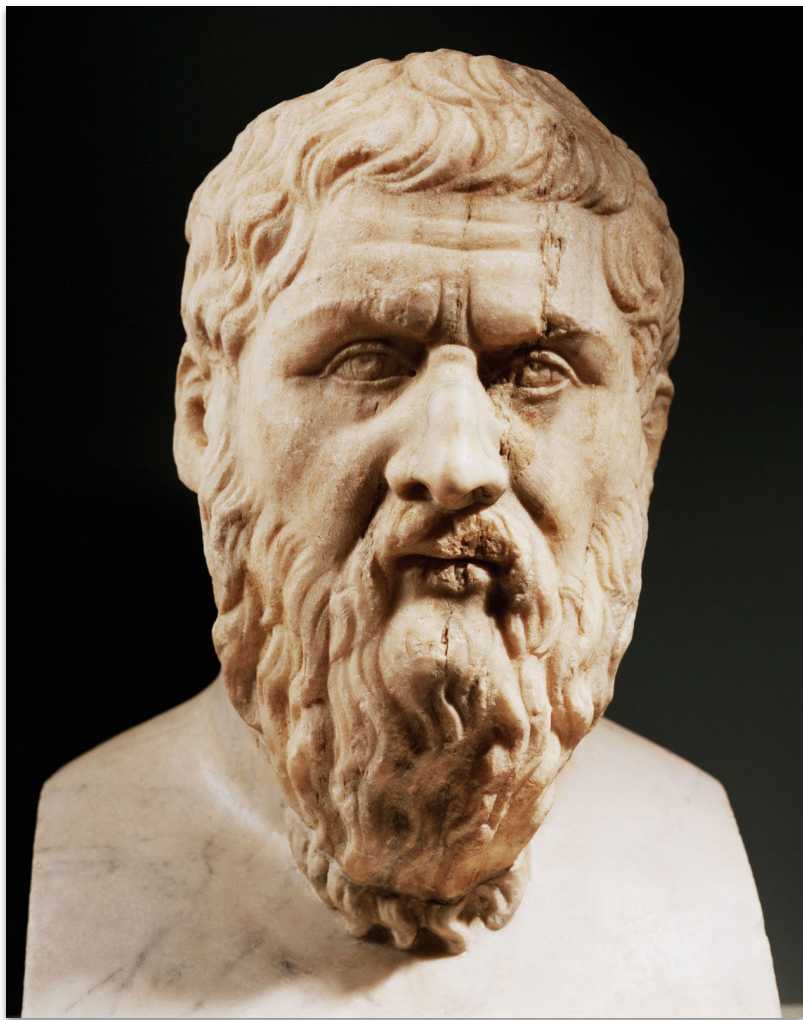




# Childish Rebellion

Tragedy According to Aristotle

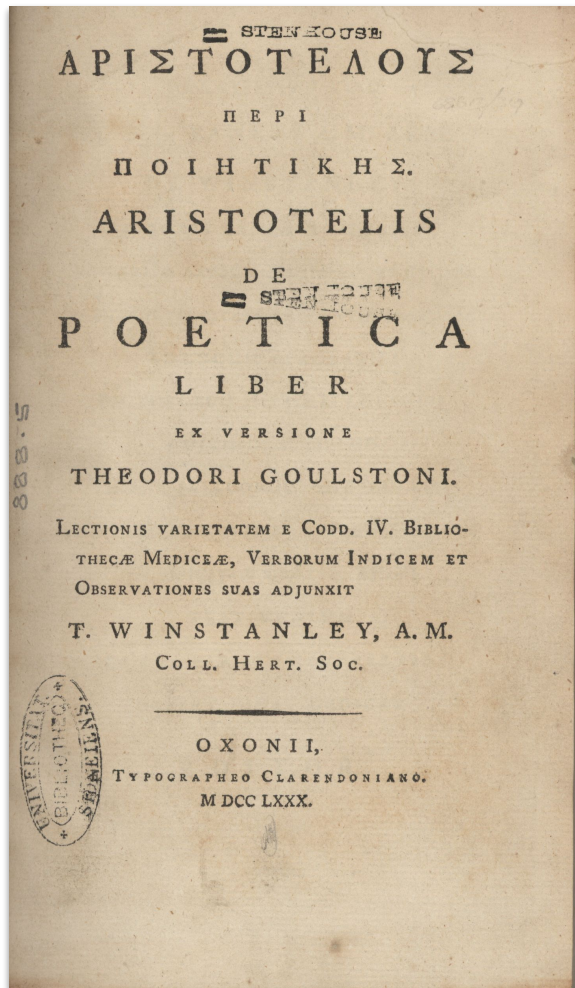


## Plato

- Born 428 BCE
- Died 348 BCE
- Distinguished philosopher
- Teacher of Aristotle
- Decidedly against the Dramatic arts
- "Life is an illusion"

## Aristotle

- Born 384 BCE
- Died 322 BCE
- Distinguished philosopher
- Student of Plato
- "poetry utters universal truths, history particular statements"



# The Poetics

4<sup>th</sup> century BC, some time after  
335 BC.

*poetic* **mimesis**

# The Six Elements of Tragedy

- **Plot**
- **Character**
- Diction
- Thought
- Spectacle (scenic effect)
- Song (music)

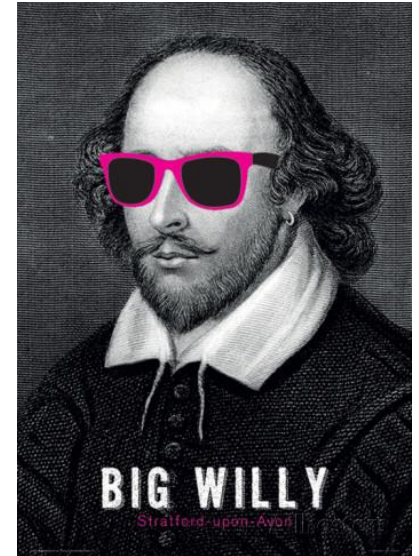
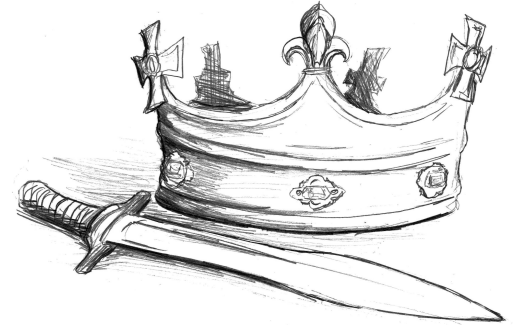


\* Bolded = Most Significant



# How is this relevant to Macbeth?

- Conveys all of the six elements of tragedy
- Allows viewers to be purged of all negative thoughts
- The story is possible
- Unity of action
- All incidents contribute to the seriousness of the tragedy



*why did this topic*  
***interest me?***



*Thank you for  
your attention!*  
***any questions?***



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