

## 07 - Functions

Ex. No. : 7.1

Date:

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### Abundant Number

An abundant number is a number for which the sum of its proper divisors is greater than the number itself. Proper divisors of the number are those that are strictly lesser than the number.

#### **Input Format:**

Take input an integer from stdin **Output**

#### **Format:**

Return Yes if given number is Abundant. Otherwise, print No **Example**

#### **input:**

12

#### **Output:**

Yes

#### **Explanation**

The proper divisors of 12 are: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, whose sum is  $1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 6 = 16$ . Since sum of proper divisors is greater than the given number, 12 is an abundant number.

#### **Example input:**

13

#### **Output:**

No

#### **Explanation**

The proper divisors of 13 is: 1, whose sum is 1. Since sum of proper divisors is not greater than the given number, 13 is not an abundant number.

For example:

Test	Result
print(abundant(12))	Yes
print(abundant(13))	No

### **Program:**

```
def abundant(n):
```

```
    l,s=[],0    for i in
```

```
range(1,int(n//2)+1):
```

```
    if(n%i==0):
```

```

        l.append(i)

for i in l:

s+=i    if(s>n):

return("Yes")

else:

return("No")

```

Output:

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	print(abundant(12))	Yes	Yes	✓
✓	print(abundant(13))	No	No	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

## 7.2

### Automorphic number or not

An automorphic number is a number whose square ends with the number itself. For example, 5 is an automorphic number because  $5 \times 5 = 25$ . The last digit is 5 which same as the given number.

If the number is not valid, it should display “Invalid input”.

If it is an automorphic number display “Automorphic” else display “Not Automorphic”.

Input Format:

Take a Integer from Stdin Output

Format:

Print Automorphic if given number is Automorphic number, otherwise Not Automorphic

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Example input: 5 Output: Automorphic Example input: 25 Output: Automorphic

· Example input: 7 Output: Not Automorphic For example:

Test	Result
print(automorphic(5))	Automorphic

## Program:

```
def automorphic(n):  
    a=str(n*n)    if(int(a[-  
1])==n):  
        return("Automorphic")  
    else:  
        return("Not Automorphic")
```

## Output:

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	print(automorphic(5))	Automorphic	Automorphic	✓
✓	print(automorphic(7))	Not Automorphic	Not Automorphic	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

### 7.3

## Check Product of Digits

Write a code to check whether product of digits at even places is divisible by sum of digits at odd place of a positive integer.

Input Format:

Take an input integer from stdin.

Output Format:

Print TRUE or FALSE.

Example Input:

1256

Output:

TRUE

Example Input:

1595

Output:

FALSE

For example:

Test	Result
<code>print(productDigits(1256))</code>	True
<code>print(productDigits(1595))</code>	False

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## Program:

```
def productDigits(n):  
    a=str(n)    s,p=0,1    for  
    i in range(0,len(a),2):  
        s+=int(a[i])    for i in  
    range(1,len(a),2):  
        p*=int(a[i])  
    if(p%s==0):  
        return("True")  
    else:  
        return("False")
```

## Output:

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	print(productDigits(1256))	True	True	✓
✓	print(productDigits(1595))	False	False	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

7.4

## Christmas Discount

An e-commerce company plans to give their customers a special discount for Christmas.

They are planning to offer a flat discount. The discount value is calculated as the sum of all the prime digits in the total bill amount.

Write an python code to find the discount value for the given total bill amount.

### Constraints

$1 \leq \text{orderValue} < 10^{100000}$

### Input

The input consists of an integer orderValue, representing the total bill amount.

### Output

Print an integer representing the discount value for the given total bill amount.

### Example Input

578

### Output

12

### For example:

Test	Result
<code>print(christmasDiscount(578))</code>	12

## Program:

```
def christmasDiscount(n):
```

```
    res=0
```

```
    while n!=0:
```

```
        rem=n%10
```

```
            flag=0        for i in
```

```
range(1,rem+1):            if
```

```
rem%i==0:
```

```
                flag+=1
```

```
if flag==2:
```

```
    res=res+rem
```

```
    n=n//10
```

```
    return res
```

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Output:

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	print(christmasDiscount(578))	12	12	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

## Coin Change

complete function to implement coin change making problem i.e. finding the minimum number of coins of certain denominations that add up to given amount of money. The only available coins are of values 1, 2, 3, 4 Input Format:

Integer input from stdin.

Output Format:

return the minimum number of coins required to meet the given target.

Example Input:

16

Output:

4

Explanation:

We need only 4 coins of value 4 each Example

Input:

25

Output:

7

Explanation:

We need 6 coins of 4 value, and 1 coin of 1 value

## Program:

```
def coinChange(amount):    #
```

```
    Available coin denominations
```

```
        coins = [1, 2, 3, 4]
```

```
        # Initialize a list to store the minimum number of coins for each amount
        from 0 to the target amount    dp = [float('inf')] * (amount + 1)
```

```
        dp[0] = 0 # Base case: 0 coins needed to make amount 0
```



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```
# Iterate through all amounts from 1 to the target amount
for i in range(1, amount + 1):

    # Iterate through all available coin denominations
    for coin in coins:

        # If the current coin denomination is less than or equal to the
        # current amount
        if coin <= i:

            # Update dp[i] to be the minimum between its current
            # value and dp[i - coin] + 1
            dp[i] = min(dp[i], dp[i - coin] + 1)

# The result is stored at dp[amount]
return dp[amount]

amount =
int(input())
print(coinChange(amount))
```

Output:

	Test	Expected	Got
✓	<code>print(coinChange(16))</code>	4	4

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

**Ex. No. : 7.6**

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**Name:**

## **Difference Sum**

Given a number with maximum of 100 digits as input, find the difference between the sum of odd and even position digits.

Input Format:

Take a number in the form of String from stdin.

Output Format:

Print the difference between sum of even and odd digits Example

input:

1453

Output:

1

Explanation:

Here, sum of even digits is  $4 + 3 = 7$  sum

of odd digits is  $1 + 5 = 6$ .

Difference is 1.

Note that we are always taking absolute difference

## Program:

```
def differenceSum(n):
```

```
    a=[]  b=[]  k=str(n)
```

```
for i in range(len(k)):
```

```
if int(i)%2==0:
```

```
    a.append(int(k[i]))
```

```
else:
```

```
    b.append(int(k[i]))
```

```
s=sum(b)
```

```
    r=sum(a)
```

```
j=s-r  
return j
```

Output:

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	print(differenceSum(1453))	1	1	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Ex. No. : 7.7

Date:

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Name:

## Ugly number

A number is considered to be ugly if its only prime factors are 2, 3 or 5. [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, ...] is the sequence of ugly numbers.

Task: complete the function which takes a number n as input and checks if it's an ugly number. return ugly if it is ugly, else return not ugly Hint:

An ugly number U can be expressed as:  $U = 2^a * 3^b * 5^c$ , where a, b and c are nonnegative integers. **For example:**

Test	Result
print(checkUgly(6))	ugly
print(checkUgly(21))	not ugly

## Program:

```
def checkUgly(n):
    for i in range(n):
        for j in range(n):
            for k in range(n):
                if(n==(2**i)+(3**j)+(5**k)):
                    return("ugly")
    return("not ugly")
```

## Output:

	Test	Expected	Got	
✓	print(checkUgly(6))	ugly	ugly	✓
✓	print(checkUgly(21))	not ugly	not ugly	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

**Correct**

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.