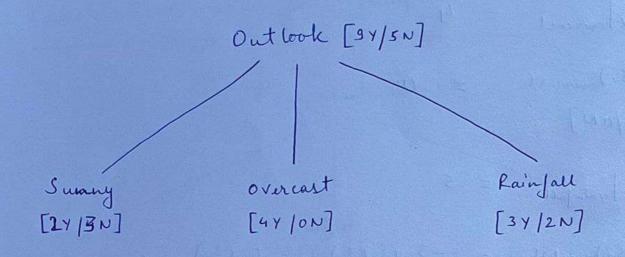
| Day | Out look | Temperature | Humidity | Wind | Decision |
|-----|------------|-------------|----------|--------|----------|
| 1 | Sunny | Hat | High | weak | No |
| 2 | Sunny | Hat | High | Strong | No |
| 3 | over cast | Hat | High | weak | yes |
| 4 | Rainfall | Mild | High | weak. | yes |
| 5 | Rainfall . | Cool | Normal | weak | yes |
| 6 | Rainfall | Cool | Normal | Strong | No |
| 7 | Over cast | Cool | Narmal | Strong | yes |
| 8 | Sunny | Mild | High | weak | No |
| 9 | Sunny | Cool | Normal | weak | yes |
| 10 | Rainfall | mild | Normal | weak | yes |
| 1.1 | Sunny | mild. | Normal | Strong | yes |
| 12 | o ver cast | mild | High - | Strong | yes |
| 13 | over cast | Hat | Normal | weak | yes. |
| 14 | Rainfall | mild | Migh | Strong | No |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | 1 | | | | |



$$H(s) = Root$$
 feature Entrapy of out look
 $= -P_{y} \times log_{2}(P_{y}) - P_{N} \times log_{2}(P_{N})$
 $= -\frac{9}{14} \times log_{2}(\frac{9}{14}) - \frac{5}{14} \times log_{2}(\frac{5}{14})$
 $= 0.94$
 $|S_{v}|_{Sumy} = 5$, $|S| = 14$
 $|S_{v}|_{Sumy} = -\frac{2}{5} log_{2}(\frac{2}{5}) - \frac{3}{5} log_{2}(\frac{3}{5})$
 $|S_{v}|_{Sumy} = -\frac{2}{5} \times (-1.32) - \frac{3}{5} \times (-0.737)$
 $= .528 + .442$
 $= 0.97$

$$|Sv|_{overcast} = 4$$

$$H(Sv)_{overcast} = 0$$

$$[44/0N]$$

$$|Sv|_{value}|_{all} = 5$$

$$H(Sv)_{value}|_{all} = -\frac{3}{5} \log_2(\frac{3}{5}) - \frac{2}{5} \log_2(\frac{2}{5})$$

$$[34/2N]$$

$$= 0.97$$
Putting all above values in the

Putting all above values in the
$$I \cdot G$$

Jermulae = $H(s) - \sum_{|S|} |Sv| \times H(Sv)$

$$= .94 - \left[\frac{5}{14} \times .97 + \frac{4}{14} \times 0 + \frac{5}{14} \times .97\right]$$

$$= .94 - \left[0.357 \times 0.97 + 0.357 \times 0.97\right]$$

$$= .94 - [0.346 + 0.346]$$

Calculating I. G for temperature.

$$|Sv|_{Hot} = 4$$
 $|Sv|_{Hot} = -\frac{1}{2} (og_2(\frac{1}{2}) - \frac{1}{2} (og_2(\frac{1}{2})) - \frac{1}{2} (og_2(\frac{1}{2}))$
 $[2Y|2N] = 1$

$$H(S_{v})_{\text{milel}} = -\frac{4}{6} \left(\log_{2}(\frac{4}{6}) - \frac{2}{6} \log_{2}(\frac{2}{6}) \right)$$

$$= -\frac{2}{3} \log_{2}(\frac{2}{3}) - \frac{1}{3} \log_{2}(\frac{1}{3})$$

$$= -0.66 \times (-0.584) - 0.33 \times (-1.584)$$

$$= 0.385 + 0.522$$

$$|S_{v}|_{coal} = 4$$

$$H(S_{v})_{coal} = -\frac{3}{4} \log_{2}(\frac{3}{4}) - \frac{1}{4} \log_{2}(\frac{1}{4})$$

$$= -.45 \times (-0.415) - .25 \times (-2)$$

$$= 0.311 + 0.5$$

$$= 0.811$$

Putting above value in I. G formulae

$$I \cdot G_{Temp} = ,94 - \left[\frac{4}{14} \times 1 + \frac{6}{14} \times .907 + \frac{4}{14} \times .811 \right]$$

$$= .94 - [.285 + .388 + .231]$$

Humidity [94/5N]

[34/4N]

High Normal Normal [6Y/1N]

H(s) Mumichity = . 94 [94 | 2 N]

= 7 104 - 111 = | Sv | High

 $H(S_{v})_{nigh} = -\frac{3}{4} \log_{2}(\frac{3}{4}) - \frac{4}{4} \log_{2}(\frac{4}{4})$ $= -.428 \times (-1.22) -.571 \times (-.807)$

= .522 + .460

= .982

SV Normal = 7

$$H(S_{V})_{Normal} = -\frac{6}{7} \log_{2}(\frac{6}{7}) - \frac{1}{7} \log_{2}(\frac{1}{7})$$

$$= -.85 \times (-.222) -.14 \times (-2.8)$$

$$= .188 + .392$$

$$= .58$$
Putting above value in T. Germulae
$$I.G_{Humidity} = .94 - \left[\frac{7}{14} \times .982 + \frac{7}{14} \times .58\right]$$

$$= .94 - [.491 + .29]$$

$$= .94 - .781$$

$$= .159$$

$$H(s)_{wind} = .94$$

$$[9Y|SN]$$

$$|SV|_{weak} = 8$$

$$H(S_{V})_{weak} = -\frac{6}{8} \log_{2}(\frac{6}{8}) - \frac{2}{8} \log_{2}(\frac{2}{8})$$

$$= -\frac{3}{4} \log_{2}(\frac{3}{4}) - \frac{1}{4} \log_{2}(\frac{1}{4})$$

$$H(S_v)$$
 strong = 1
 $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 3 & N \end{bmatrix}$

Putting above values in I. Gr formulae

I. Grained =
$$.94 - \left[\frac{8}{14} \times .811 + \frac{6}{14} \times 1\right]$$

= $.94 - \left[.571 \times .811 + .428\right]$
= $.94 - \left[.463 + .428\right]$

=> I.G = 0.049 Comparing information gain of each feature! I. Groutlook = 0.248 | I. Green = 0.036 I. G wind = 0.049 I. Gramidity = 0.159 From above we have: I. Grout leak > I. Grunichity > I. Grunichity > I. Grunnichity > I. Grunnichity > Outlook will provide best injo. Step 2: Building 2nd decision Tree. Considering Sunny from the Outlook and building Temp, Humidity and wind Tree out ofit. Sunny [24/3N] Sunny Sunny [24/3N] [24 |3 N] Humidity Treings. Temp Termer [14/2N] [14/1N] [IY/ON] Just [01/2N] [11/IN] [OY /3N] [24/0N]

I. Gr one by one for each: Calculating Hsummy, Temp! H(s) summy [2y/3N] S = Sunny = ·97 = H(s)(s,T) T- Temp. H- Hat M- Mild $|S_v|_{T,H} = 2$ C- cool. Hu- Humidity H(SV) = 0 [04/2N] \$ 15 × 17, c = 1 $|S_v|_{T,M} = 2$ H (Sv) T, M = 1 \ H(S,) T, c = 0 [IY/IN] [(NON) Putting all values to find I. Gr $.97 - \left[\frac{2}{5} \times 0 + \frac{2}{5} \times 1 + \frac{1}{5} \times 0\right]$

Putting all values to find I. G $= .97 - \left[\frac{2}{5} \times 0 + \frac{2}{5} \times 1 + \frac{2}{5} \times 0\right]$ = .97 - .4 = 0.57Thus, $(I.G)_{S.T} = 0.57$

 $H_{suny, Humidity}$; $H(s) = 0.97 = H(s)_{s,HU}$ $|S_{v}|_{HU, Hi} = 3$, $|H(s_{v})|_{HU, Hi} = 0$ [04/3N] $|S_{v}|_{HU, N} = 2$, $|H(s_{v})|_{HU, N} = 0$ [24/0N]

HU- Humidity
Hi - High
N - Normal.

Putting all values to find I.G
$$= .97 - \left[\frac{3}{5} \times 0 + \frac{3}{5} \times 0\right]$$

$$= .97$$

Hsung, wind !

$$H(s_v)_{w,we} = -\frac{1}{3} \log_2(\frac{1}{3}) - \frac{2}{3} \log_2(\frac{2}{3})$$

$$[14/2N] = .528 + .386$$

Putting all values to fing I.G.
$$= .97 - \left[\frac{3}{5} \times .914\right]$$

w - wind we - weak S - Strong From above (I.G)_{s,HU} = .97 is more of all forom (I.G)_{s,T}, (I.G)_{s,W}

Thus, the left side final Decision Tree be:

Outlook
[94/5N]

Sungy.

Humidity
[2Y/3N]

[0Y/3N] [2Y/0N]

Thus, we have considered Humidity as further tree from Sunny which is having Pure node for both High and Normal.

Step 3; Buiding 3rd decision Tree. Considering overcast from the outlook and which is Pure node so we need not to buid it Jurther. Step 4: Buiding 4th decision Tree! Considering Rainfall from the outlook and drawing fur ther. Rainfall Rainfall
[34/2N]
[34/2N] wind [34/2N] [34/2N] Temp

Humidity

you mittel & [14/1N]

[24/1N]

[14/1N]

[24/1N]

[24/1N] from above tree we have two pure nodes in wind, thus I. Gr will be more for case of => (I.67) = 0.97 is most of all Thus, combaning and drawing final decision tree, we get:

