EXP 3 210701250

Map Reduce program to process a weather dataset.

Aim:

To implement MapReduce program to process a weather dataset

Procedure:

Step 1: Create Data File:

Create a file named "word_count_data.txt" and populate it with text data that you wish toanalyse.

Login with your hadoop user.

Download the dataset (weather data) Output: "dataset - Notepad"

atput.	d											_		×
File Edit Format	View He	elp												
23907 20150103	2.423	-98.08	30.62	15.9	2.3	9.1	7.5	3.1	11.00 C	16.4	2.9	7.3	100.0	
23907 20150104	2.423	-98.08	30.62	9.2	-1.3	3.9	4.2	0.0	13.24 C	12.4	-0.5	4.9	82.0	
23907 20150105	2.423	-98.08	30.62	10.9	-3.7	3.6	2.6	0.0	13.37 C	14.7	-3.0	3.8	77.9	
23907 20150106	2.423	-98.08	30.62	20.2	2.9	11.6	10.9	0.0	12.90 C	22.0	1.6	9.9	67.7	
23907 20150107	2.423	-98.08	30.62	10.9	-3.4	3.8	4.5	0.0	12.68 C	12.4	-2.1	5.5	82.7	
23907 20150108	2.423	-98.08	30.62	0.6	-7.9	-3.6	-3.3	0.0	4.98 C	3.9	-4.8	-0.5	57.7	
23907 20150109	2.423	-98.08	30.62	2.0	0.1	1.0	0.8	0.0	2.52 C	4.1	1.2	2.5	87.8	
23907 20150110	2.423	-98.08	30.62	0.5	-2.0	-0.8	-0.6	3.9	2.11 C	2.5	-0.1	1.4	99.9	
23907 20150111	2.423	-98.08	30.62	10.9	0.0	5.4	4.4	2.6	6.38 C	12.7	1.3	5.8	100.0	
23907 20150112	2.423	-98.08	30.62	6.5	1.4	4.0	4.3	0.0	1.55 C	6.9	2.7	5.1	100.0	
23907 20150113	2.423	-98.08	30.62	3.0	-0.7	1.1	1.2	0.0	3.26 C	5.6	0.7	2.9	99.7	
23907 20150114	2.423	-98.08	30.62	2.9	0.9	1.9	1.8	0.7	1.88 C	4.7	2.0	3.1	99.6	
23907 20150115	2.423	-98.08	30.62	13.2	1.2	7.2	6.4	0.0	13.37 C	16.4	1.4	6.7	98.9	
23907 20150116	2.423	-98.08	30.62	16.7	3.5	10.1	9.9	0.0	13.68 C	19.2	1.3	8.7	80.2	
23907 20150117	2.423	-98.08	30.62	19.5	5.0	12.2	12.3	0.0	10.96 C	20.9	3.3	10.6	87.7	
23907 20150118	2.423	-98.08	30.62	20.9	7.6	14.3	13.7	0.0	15.03 C	23.4	3.5	11.9	45.9	
23907 20150119	2.423	-98.08	30.62	23.9	6.7	15.3	14.3	0.0	14.10 C	25.6	3.8	12.6	65.3	
23907 20150120	2.423	-98.08	30.62	26.0	9.5	17.8	15.9	0.0	14.57 C	27.9	6.5	14.5	88.4	
23907 20150121	2.423	-98.08	30.62	11.0	6.9	8.9	8.9	1.7	2.71 C	13.1	6.8	9.7	99.2	
23907 20150122	2.423	-98.08	30.62	8.6	3.5	6.1	5.6	40.0	1.28 C	9.1	4.1	6.3	99.6	
23907 20150123	2.423	-98.08	30.62	9.4	2.2	5.8	4.2	7.5	6.58 C	11.1	2.0	4.8	98.4	
23907 20150124	2.423	-98.08	30.62	16.0	1.4	8.7	8.0	0.0	14.26 C	18.8	0.4	7.7	92.0	
23907 20150125	2.423	-98.08	30.62	20.2	6.4	13.3	12.7	0.0	14.99 C	22.0	4.4	11.0	69.2	
23907 20150126	2 423	-98 A8	30 62	21 5	7)	14 4	14 1	a a	12 A1 C	22 9	5.5	12 2	56.8	,
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Step 2: Mapper Logic - mapper.py:

Create a file named "mapper.py" to implement the logic for the mapper. The mapper will read input data from STDIN, split lines into words, and output each word with its count.

nano mapper.py

Copy and paste the mapper.py code

#!/usr/bin/env python

import sys

input comes from STDIN (standard input)

the mapper will get daily max temperature and group it by month. so output will be (month,dailymax_temperature)

```
for line in sys.stdin:
  # remove leading and trailing whitespace
  line = line.strip()
  # split the line into words
  words = line.split()
  #See the README hosted on the weather website which help us understand how each
position represents a column
  month = line[10:12]
  daily max = line[38:45]
  daily_max = daily_max.strip()
  # increase counters
  for word in words:
    # write the results to STDOUT (standard output);
    # what we output here will be go through the shuffle proess and then
    # be the input for the Reduce step, i.e. the input for reducer.py
    # tab-delimited; month and daily max temperature as output
    print ('%s\t%s' % (month ,daily_max))
```

Step 3: Reducer Logic - reducer.py:

Create a file named "reducer.py" to implement the logic for the reducer. The reducer will aggregate the occurrences of each word and generate the final output.

```
nano reducer.py
# Conv and paste the reducer by code
```

```
reducer.py
#!/usr/bin/env python
 from operator import itemgetter
 import sys
 #reducer will get the input from stdid which will be a collection of key, value(Key=month,
 value= daily max temperature)
 #reducer logic: will get all the daily max temperature for a month and find max temperature
 for the month
 #shuffle will ensure that key are sorted(month)
 current\_month = None
 current max = 0
 month = None
 # input comes from STDIN
 for line in sys.stdin:
```

```
# remove leading and trailing whitespace
  line = line.strip()
  # parse the input we got from mapper.py
  month, daily_max = line.split('\t', 1)
  # convert daily max (currently a string) to float
    daily_max = float(daily_max)
  except ValueError:
     # daily_max was not a number, so silently
    # ignore/discard this line
     continue
  # this IF-switch only works because Hadoop shuffle process sorts map output
  # by key (here: month) before it is passed to the reducer
  if current_month == month:
     if daily_max > current_max:
       current_max = daily_max
  else:
     if current_month:
       # write result to STDOUT
       print ('%s\t%s' % (current_month, current_max))
     current_max = daily_max
     current month = month
# output of the last month
if current_month == month:
  print ('%s\t%s' % (current_month, current_max))
```

Step 4: Prepare Hadoop Environment:

Start the Hadoop daemons and create a directory in HDFS to store your data.

```
start-all.sh
```

Step 6: Make Python Files Executable:

Give executable permissions to your mapper.py and reducer.py files.

```
chmod 777 mapper.py reducer.py
```

Step 7: Run the program using Hadoop Streaming:

Download the latest hadoop-streaming jar file and place it in a location you can easily access.

Then run the program using

Hadoop Streaming.hadoop fs -

mkdir -p /weatherdata

hadoop fs -copyFromLocal

/home/sx/Downloads/dataset.txt /weatherdatahdfs

dfs -ls /weatherdata

hadoop jar /home/sx/hadoop-3.2.3/share/hadoop/tools/lib/hadoop-streaming-3.2.3.jar \setminus

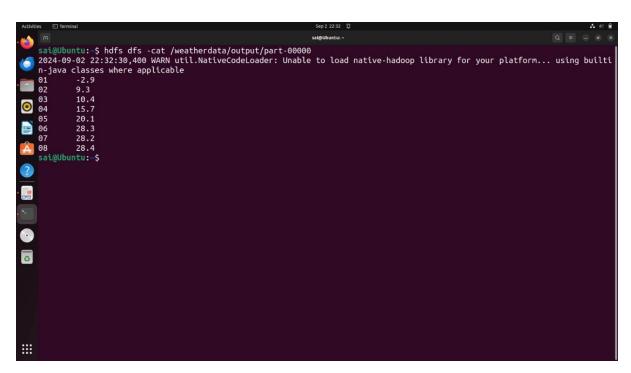
- -input /weatherdata/dataset.txt \
- -output /weatherdata/output \
- -file "/home/sx/Downloads/mapper.py" \
- -mapper "python3 mapper.py" \
- -file "/home/sx/Downloads/reducer.py" \
- -reducer "python3 reducer.py"

hdfs dfs -text /weatherdata/output/* > /home/sx/Downloads/outputfile.txt

Step 8: Check Output:

Check the output of the program in the specified HDFS output directory.

OUTPUT:



Result:

Thus, the program for weather dataset using Map Reduce has been executed successfully.