

Apache Sqoop

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Apache Sqoop Exercise 1



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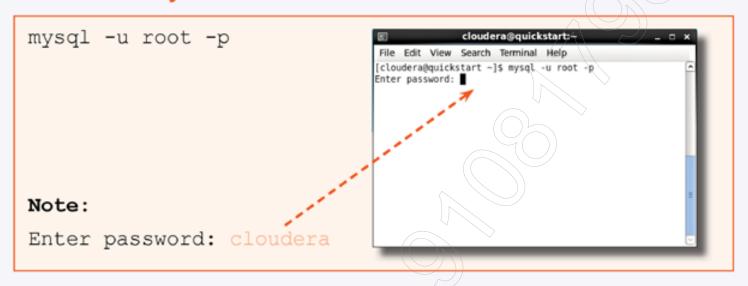
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Sqoop Basics

To enter into MySQL:

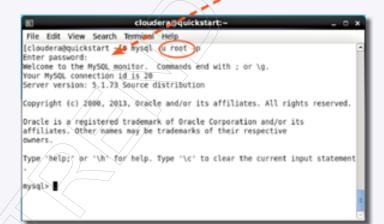


MySQL root user:

root user has acess to all the databases.

mysql -u root -p

(Enter password: cloudera)

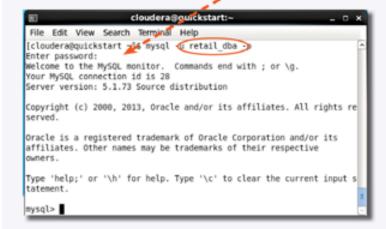


MySQL reatil_dba user:

retail_dba user has acess to limited databases.

mysql -u retail_dba -p

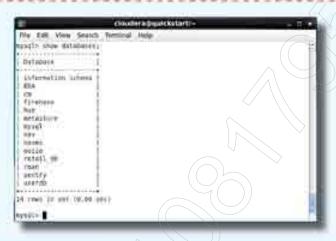
(Enter password: cloudera)





To display databases in MySQL:

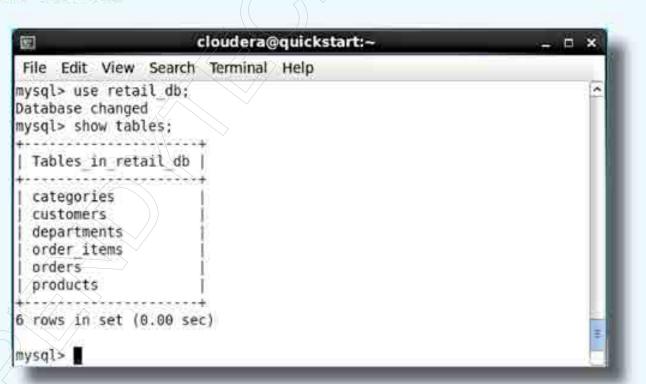
show databases;



Use databases and display tables:

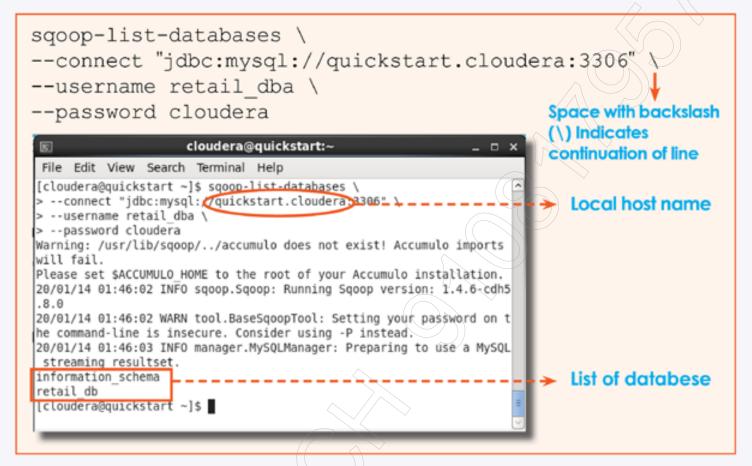
use retail_db;

show tables;

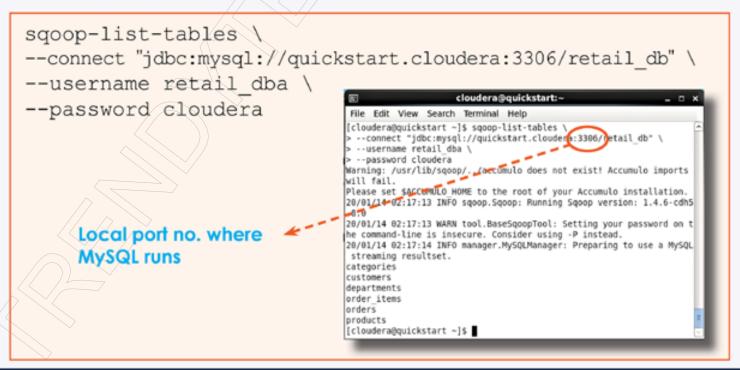




Acessenig MySQL databses from Hadoop using Sqoop:

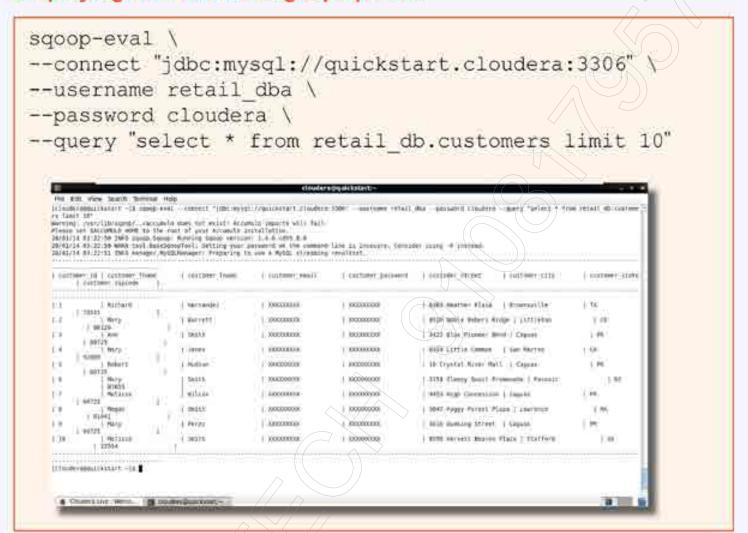


Acessenig MySQL tables using the *root* **user**:

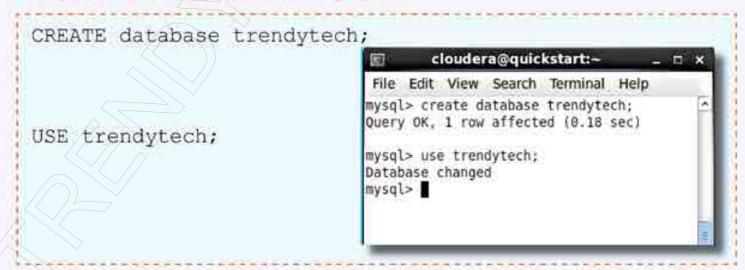




Displaying table data using sqoop-eval:



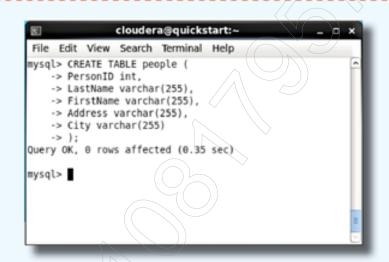
Create and use a database in MySQL:





Create a table in MySQL:

```
CREATE TABLE people
(
PersonID int,
LastName varchar(255),
FirstName varchar(255),
Address varchar(255),
City varchar(255)
);
```



Insert records into the people table:

```
insert into people values
101, 'rao', 'mohan', 'whitefield', 'banglore'), (
102, 'reddy', 'srinivash', 'habala', 'hyderabad'), (
103, 'sharma', 'amit', 'marathali', 'banglore'), (
104, 'bhargav', 'asutosh', 'majestic', 'hyderabad'
);
                                              cloudera@quickstart:~
                                 File Edit View Search Terminal Help
                                 mysgl> insert into people values
                                    -> 101, 'rao', 'mohan', 'whitefield', 'banglore'),(
                                    -> 102, 'reddy', 'srinivash', 'habala', 'hyderabad'), (
                                    -> 103, 'sharma', 'amit', 'marathali', 'banglore'),(
                                    -> 104, 'bhargav', 'asutosh', 'majestic', 'hyderabad'
                                Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.13 sec)
                                Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
commit:
                                mysql>
```



Import data from MySQL to Sqoop:

```
sqoop import \
--connect jdbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306/retail_db \
--username root \
--password cloudera \
--table orders \
--table orders \
--target-dir /queryresult

Note: If table don't have primary key than it will not import.
```

To display contents of queryresult directory in HDFS (use terminal):

```
hadoop fs -ls /queryresult
                               cloudera@quickstart:~
                                                                              _ 0 ×
     File Edit View Search Terminal Help
     [cloudera@quickstart ~]$\hdfs\dfs\/ls /queryresult1
     Found 5 items
     - rw - r - - r - -
                 1 cloudera supergroup
                                                0 2020-01-17 03:15 /queryresult1/ SU
     CCESS
      rw-r--r--
                 1 cloudera supergroup
                                          741614 2020-01-17 03:14 /queryresult1/par
     t-m-00000
                 1 cloudera supergroup
                                           753022 2020-01-17 03:14 /queryresult1/par
     t-m-00001
                 1 cloudera supergroup
                                           752368 2020-01-17 03:15 /queryresult1/par
     rw-r--r--//
     t-m-00002
     -rw-r--r-- 1 cloudera supergroup
                                           752940 2020-01-17 03:15 /queryresult1/par
     t-m-00003
     [cloudera@quickstart ~]$
```

Note: By default the number of mappers are 4, so 4 output files are created.



Instructions ► Import the **people** table (which we have created earlier in MySQL) with same command as we did above.

To import people table from MySQL to HDFS:

NOTE: it will throw error. Becasue **people** table doesn't have primary key.

Instructions ► Now, run the above command with mapper (-m 1):

To import people table from MySQL to HDFS with one Mapper:

```
sqoop import

--connect jdbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306/trendytech \
--username root \
--password cloudera \
--table people \
--table people \
--target-dir /peopleresult1

--target-dir
```



To display people table from HDFS:

```
hadoop fs -ls /peopleresult1
hadoop fs -cat /peopleresult1/*
                                     cloudera@quickstart:~
      File Edit View Search Terminal Help
      [cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /peopleresult1/
      Found 2 items
      rw-r--r-- 1 cloudera supergroup
      rw-r--r-- 1 cloudera supergroup 0 2020-01-17 05:36 /peopleresult1/_SUCCESS
rw-r--r-- 1 cloudera supergroup 145 2020-01-17 05:36 /peopleresult1/part-m-00000
                                              0 2020-01-17 05:36 /peopleresult1/ SUCCESS
      [cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -cat /peopleresult1/*
      101,rao,mohan,whitefield,banglore
      102, reddy, srinivash, habala, hyderabad
      103, sharma, amit, marathali, banglore
      104,bhargav,asutosh,majestic,hyderabad
      [cloudera@quickstart ~]$
Note: You will find one mapper file only (part-m-00000).
```

To import all tables from "MySQL" database:

```
sqoop-import-all-tables \
--connect jdbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306/retail_db \
--username retail_dba \
--password cloudera \
--as-sequencefile \
--m 4 \
--warehouse-dir /user/cloudera/sqoopdir
File Format
```

Note: Here no of mappers are 4 that means we will get 4 files

We can also mention **file format** while importing data as mentioned above.



Sqoop supports 4 types of file formats:

- · Text file format
- · Sequence file format
- Avro file format
- Parquet file format

Note: If you do not mention any file format, by default it will be text file format.

By default Sqoop provides 4 mappers - so we can skip the above -m 4 command and still get the same result.

Difference between Sqoop target directory & warehouse directory.

The difference is that:

-target-dir is a full directory path and the data files will be created directly inside the specified folder.

-warehouse-dir is used to specify a base directory within hdfs where SQOOP will create a sub folder inside with the name of the source table, and import the data files into that folder.

Directory structure for retail_db will be:

/user/cloudera/sqoopdir/employee /user/cloudera/sqoopdir/customer /user/cloudera/sqoopdir/table3 /user/cloudera/sqoopdir/tablw4



Now try to run following code to import the *orders* table with --warehouse-dir path:

```
sqoop import \
--connect jdbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306/retail_db \
--username root \
--password cloudera \
--table orders \
--warehouse-dir /ordersresult
```

To check the file structure in HDFS:

hadoop fs -ls /ordersresult/

/user/cloudera/warehouse/ordersresult/orders part-m-00000_0 File Edit View Search Terminal Help [cloudera@quickstart ~]\$ hadoop fs -ls /ordersresult/ Found 1 items - cloudera supergroup 0 2020-01-17 22:09 /ordersresult/orders drwxr-xr-x [cloudera@quickstart -]\$ hadoop fs -ls /ordersresult/orders/ Found 2 items rw-r--r--1 cloudera supergroup 0 2020-01-17 22:09 /ordersresult/orders/_SUCCESS 1 cloudera supergroup 2999944 2020-01-17 22:09 /ordersresult/orders/part-m-00000 [cloudera@quickstart ~]\$ hadoop fs -cat /ordersresult/orders/* | head 1,2013-07-25 00:00:00.0,11599,CLOSED 2,2013-07-25 00:00:00.0,256,PENDING PAYMENT 3,2013-07-25 00:00:00.0,12111,COMPLETE 4,2013-07-25 00:00:00.0,8827,CLOSED 5,2013-07-25 00:00:00.0,11318,COMPLETE 6,2013-07-25 00:00:00.0,7130,COMPLETE 7,2813-87-25 88:88:88.8,4538,COMPLETE 8,2013-07-25 00:00:00.0,2911,PROCESSING 9,2013-07-25 00:00:00.0,5657,PENDING_PAYMENT 10,2013-07-25 00:00:00.0,5648,PENDING_PAYMENT cat: Unable to write to output stream [cloudera@quickstart ~]\$



To display a list of all available tools:

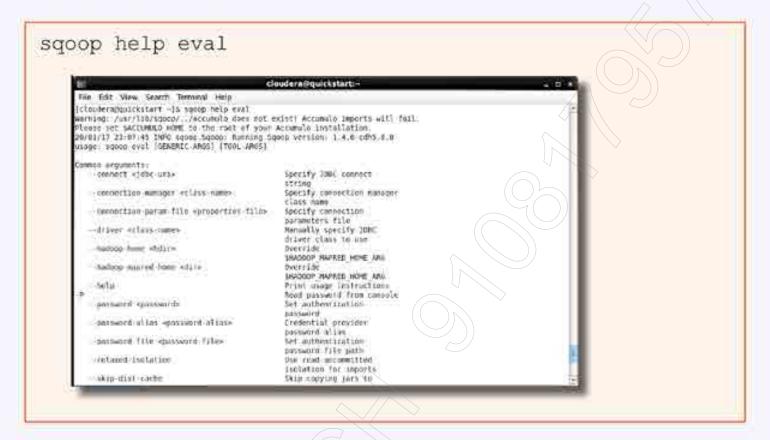
sqoop help cloudera@quickstart:-File Edit View Search Terminal Help [cloudera@quickstart ~]5 sqoop help Warning: /usr/lib/sqoop/../accumulo does not exist? Accumulo imports will fail. Please set SACCUMULO HOME to the root of your Accumulo Installation 28/91/17 22:49:12 INFO sqoop.Sqoop: Rumming Sqoop version: 1.4.6-cdh5.8.0 usage: sqoop COMMAND [ARGS] Available commands: Generate code to interact with database records codegen create-hive table Import a table definition into Hive Evaluate a SQL statement and display the results eval Export an HDFS directory to a database table export help List available commands import Import a table from a database to HDFS import-all-tables. Import tables from a database to HDFS import-mainframe Import datasets from a mainframe server to HDFS Work with saved jobs list-databases List available databases on a server list-tables List available tables in a database merge Merge results of incremental imports metastore Rum a standalone Sqoop metastore version Display version information See 'sgoop help COMMAND' for information on a specific command. [cloudera@quickstart -|s |

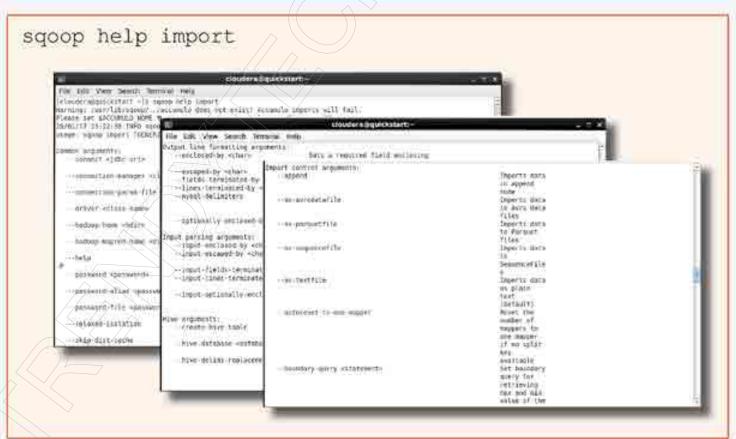
To know sqoop version:

| Cloudera@quickstart:- | X | File Edit View Search Terminal Help. | Cloudera@quickstart -| \$ sqoop version | Warning: /usr/lib/sqoop/../accumulo does not exist! Accumulo imports will fail. | Please set SACCUMULO HOME to the root of your Accumulo installation. | 20/01/17 23:01:50 INFO sqoop. Sqoop: Running Sqoop version: 1.4.6-cdh5.8.0 | Sqoop 1,4.6-cdh5.8.0 | git commit id | Compiled by jenkins on Thu Jun 16 12:25:21 PDT 2016 | Cloudera@quickstart -| \$ | I



Sqoop help with command Aliases







The argument --password takes authentication password in plain text.

```
sqoop-list-databases \
--connect jdbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306
--username retail dba \
--password cloudera
                                          cloudera@quickstart:~
                       File Edit View Search Terminal Help
                      [cloudera@wickstart ~]$ sqoop-list-databases \
                       --connect idbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306" \
                       --username retail dha
                       --passwo@d cloudera
                      Warning: /usr/tib/sqoop/../accumulo does not exist! Accumulo imports
                      will fail.
                      Please set $ACCUMULO HOME to the root of your Accumulo installation.
                      20/01/14 01:46:02 INFO sqoop.Sqoop: Running Sqoop version: 1.4.6-cdh5
                      20/01/14 01:46:02 WARN tool.BaseSqoopTool: Setting your password on t
                      he command-line is insecure. Consider using -P instead.
                      20/01/14 01:46:03 INFO manager.MySQLManager: Preparing to use a MySQL
                       streaming resultset.
```

While the argument -p read password from console.

```
sqoop-list-databases/\
--connect jdbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306 \
--username retail dba \
-P
                                       cloudera@quickstart:~
               File Edit View Search Terminal Help
              [cloudera@quickstart ~]$ sqoop-list-databases \
               --connect jdbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306 \
               > --username retail dba \
              Warning: /usr/lib/sqoop/../accumulo does not exist! Accumulo imports will fail.
              Please set $ACCUMULO HOME to the root of your Accumulo installation.
              20/01/20 18:08:30 INFO sqoop.Sqoop: Running Sqoop version: 1.4.6-cdh5.13.0
              Enter password:
              20/01/20 18:08:49 INFO manager.MySQLManager: Preparing to use a MySQL streaming
              resultset.
              information schema
              retail db
              [cloudera@quickstart ~]$
```



The argument --query can be replaced with -e.

```
sqoop-eval \
--connect jdbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306
--username retail_dba \
--password cloudera \
--query "select * from retail_db.customers limit 10"

OR

sqoop-eval \
--connect "jdbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306" \
--username retail_dba \
--password cloudera \
--password cloudera \
--e "select * from retail_db.customers limit 10"
```

Similarly -m and --num-mappers are same.

```
sqoop import \
--connect jdbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306/trendytech \
--username root \
--password cloudera \
--table people -m 1 \
--target-dir /peopleresult1

OR

sqoop import \
--connect jdbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306/trendytech \
--username root \
--password cloudera \
--table people --num-mappers 1 \
--target-dir /peopleresult1
```



Redirecting logs:

To check the content of the queryresult4:

```
hadoop fs -ls /queryresult4/orders/
                                                  cloudera@quickstart:~
       File Edit View Search Terminal Help
      [cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /queryresult4/
      Found 1 items
      drwxr-xr-x - cloudera supergroup
                                                           0 2020-01-20 20:51 /queryresult4/orders
      [cloudera@quickstart ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /queryresult4/orders/
      Found 5 items
      -rw-r--r 1 cloudera supergroup
                                                          0 2020-01-20 20:51 /queryresult4/orders/_SUCCESS
                                                741614 2020-01-20 20:50 /queryresult4/orders/part-m-00000
753022 2020-01-20 20:50 /queryresult4/orders/part-m-00001
752368 2020-01-20 20:51 /queryresult4/orders/part-m-00002
752940 2020-01-20 20:51 /queryresult4/orders/part-m-00003
      - FW - F - - F - -
                     1 cloudera supergroup
                   1 cloudera supergroup
      -rw-r--r--
      -rw-r--r- 1 cloudera supergroup
                                                    752940 2020-01-20 20:51 /queryresult4/orders/part-m-00003
      [cloudera@quickstart ~]$
```



To check the contents of log files:

cat query.out



cat query.err

```
cloudera@quickstart:-
file Edit View Search Terminal Help
[clouderappinckstart -15 cat query,err
20/01/20 20:49:05 INFO sqoop Sqoop: Munning Sqoop version: 1/4/0 cdh5.13:0
26/81/28 28:49:83 MAPA tool BaseSqoopTool: Setting your password on the command-line is insecure. Consider using -P
Enstrand
                                                                cloudera@quickstart:-
28/01/20 20:49
20/01/20 20:40 File Edit View Search Terminal Help.
20/01/29 20:49
                                 HDFS: Number of bytes written=2999944
26/01/20 29:49
                                 HDF5: Number of reed operations=10
26/01/26 20:45
                                 HDFS: Number of large read operations=0
Note: /tmp/kgc
                                 HDFS: Number of write operations=0
Note: Recompil
                        Job Counters
20/01/20 20:45
                                 Launched nos tasks=4
875a75c8e6/ord
                                 Other local map basks 4
28/81/28 28:49
                                 Total time spent by all maps in occupied stats (ms)=195315
26/01/20 20:45
                                 Total time spent by all reduces in occupied slots (ms)+0
Total time spent by all map tasks (ms)=195315
26/01/26 26:49
28/61/20 26:49
                                 Total score-milliseronds taken by mil map tasks=195315
Total megabyte-milliseconds taken by all map tasks=200002368
20/01/20 20:49
26/01/20 29:49
                        Map Reduce Francyork
er address
                                 Map input records-68883
28/81/28 26:49
                                 Map output records-68883
28/01/29 20:49
                                 Input split bytes=469
26/01/20 28:49
                                 Spilled Records=0
28/81/28 28:49
                                 Failed Shufflesed
20/01/20 20:49
                                 Merged Map outputs=0
orders
                                 OC time elapsed (mx)+694
20/01/20 20:49
                                 CPU time spent (ms)=24738
20/01/20 20:49
                                 Physical memory (bytes) snapshot=628457472.
Virtual memory (bytes) snapshot=638893184
20/01/20 20:49
26/81/26 26:49
                                 Total committed heap usage (bytes)=392691712
28/01/20 20:49
                        File Input Format Counters
                                 Bytes Read=0
                        File Output Format Counters
                                 Bytes Wriften=2999944
                20/01/20 28:51:08 INFO mapreduce importJobBase; Transferred 2,861 MB in 102:9298 seconds (28.4624 KB/sec)
                20/01/20 20:51:08 INFO magreduce.ImportJobBoyo: Retrieved 63883 records
               [cloudera@quickstart.-]$
```



Sgoop import execution flow

How Mappers devide their work when a query fired:

 Selects 1 record and by using that it gets the metadata and builds the java file

Using above java file it builds the jar file

```
20/61/20 23:08:25 INFO manager.SqlManager: Executing SQL statement: SELECT t.* FROM 'orders' AS t LIMIT 1
20/61/20 23:08:25 INFO manager.SqlManager: Executing SQL statement: SELECT t.* FROM 'orders' AS t LIMIT 1
20/61/20 23:08:25 INFO orm.CompilationManager: HADOOP MAPRED HOME is /usr/lib/hadoop-mapreduce
Note: /tmp/sqoop-cloudera/compile/8d692f80ec566e5b217ab5df20dbec7c/orders lava uses or overrides a deprecated API.
Note: Recompile with 'Alint:deprecation for details.
20/01/20 23:08:29 INFO orm.CompilationManager: Writing jar file: /tmp/sqoop-cloudera/compile/8d692f80ec566e5b217ab5df20dbec7c/orders.
20/01/20 23:08:29 WARN manager: HysglManager; It looks like you are importing from mycql.
```

BoundingValsQuery based on min and max on primary key

```
28/81/20 23:88:33 INFO client, RMProxy; Connecting to BesourceManager at (8.8.8.8832 28/81/30 23:88:39 INFO db.DBInputFormat: Using read committed transaction isolation 28/01/20 23:88:39 INFO db.DataDrivenDBInputFormat: BoundingValsQuery: SELECT MIN(`order_id`), MAX(`order_id`) FROM `orders` 26/01/20 23:88:39 INFO db.IntegerSplitter: Split size: 17220; Num splits: 4 from: 1 to: 68883 26/01/20 23:88:40 INFO magreduce.3obSubmitter: Submitting tokens for job: job_1579528165914_0010 26/01/20 23:88:49 INFO impl.YarnClientImpl: Submitted application application_1579528165914_0010
```

Calculates (max - min)/4 and it gets the split size.

```
26/61/20 23:08:33 INFO client.RMProxy: Connecting to ResourceManager at /0.0.0.0:8032
26/61/20 23:08:39 INFO db.Dainputrormat: Using read committee transaction isolation
26/61/20 23:08:39 INFO db.Dainputrormat: BoundingValsQuery: SELECT MIN('order_id'), MAX('order_id') FROM 'orders'
26/61/20 23:08:49 INFO db.IntegerSplitter: Split size: 17220; Num splits: 4 from: 1 to: 68883
20/01/20 23:08:40 INFO mapreduce.Jobsubmitter: number of splits: 4
20/01/20 23:08:40 INFO mapreduce.Jobsubmitter: Submitting tokens for job: job 1579528165914 0010
20/01/20 23:08:49 INFO mapreduce.Jobsubmitter: Submitted application_epplication_1579528165914 0010
20/01/20 23:08:49 INFO mapreduce.Job: The url to track the Job: <a href="http://quickstart.cloudera:8088/proxy/application_1579528165914">http://quickstart.cloudera:8088/proxy/application_1579528165914 0010/20/01/20 23:08:49 INFO mapreduce.Job: Running job: job 1579528165914 0010</a>
```



File formats:

Sqoop import supports following file formats:

- 1. Text file format command argument --as-textfile
- 2. Sequence file format command argument --as-sequencefile
- 3. Avro file format command argument --as-avrodatafile
- 4. Parquet file format command argument -- as-parquetfile

Note: If you are not mentioning any file format, by default sqoop uses --as-textfile

Text file format:

```
sqoop-import \
--connect jdbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306/retail_db \
--username retail_dba \
--password cloudera \
--table orders \
--as-textfile \
-m 4 \
--warehouse-dir /user/cloudera/textfileformat
```



Sequence file format:

```
sqoop-import \
--connect jdbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306/retail_db \
--username retail_dba \
--password cloudera \
--table orders \
--as-sequencefile \
-m 4 \
--warehouse-dir /user/cloudera/sequencefileformat
```



Note: SequenceFiles are a binary format that store individual records in custom record-specific data types. These data types are manifested as Java classes.



Avro file format:

Parquet file format:

```
sqoop-import \
--connect jdbc:mysql://quickstart.cloudera:3306/retail_db \
--username retail_dba --password cloudera \
--table orders \
--as-parquetfile -m 4 \
--warehouse-dir /user/cloudera/parquetfileformat

| Cloudera@quickstart-|
| File Edit View Search Terminal Hielp |
| Order date | Green | Gree
```



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