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# **Discussion on the implementation:**

Changes done in the following files *sysproc.c* 

- 1. Declared a variable syscallnum[23] as int datatype array
- 2. The count of number of system calls invoked is done by the int systemcall sys\_syscallnum(void) where the index of all the system call is stored in the array and it gets incremented when the system call is invoked either by system or by a user program Example:

```
cprintf("\n Fork calls-> %d",syscallnum[1]);
cprintf("\n Exit calls -> %d",syscallnum[2]);
```

3. After the listing of all the system calls present in the xv6, the counter has to be set to zero as per the requirment and so the following syntax is called to make the count in the array to "Zero" and the bitwise representation is known memset is used as below,

```
memset(syscallnum, 0, sizeof(syscallnum));
```

## <u>syscall.c</u>

1. Declared the user defined

```
variable syscallnum[] as extern int array function sys_syscallnum(void) as extern system call [SYS syscallnum] sys syscallnum
```

- 2. In the syscall function which is predefined in the xv6 incremented the array syscallnum[0]
- 3. and if the system declared variable num==each systemcall then the array will be incremented to count the number of times that particular system call is invoked.

### Example:

```
if(num==SYS_fork){
syscallnum[num]++;
}
else if ()// user code in the similar way mentioned above
```

4. In the above way 21 predefined system calls along with 1 user defined system call SYS\_syscallnum is coded.

#### assignment2.c – User Program

In this program, the user defined system call SYS\_syscallnum is invoked to get the count of all the systemcall invoked.

#### <u>syscall.h</u>

In this file defined the user system call as SYS syscallnum with the index value of 22

#### user.h

In this file declared the system call as int syscallnum(void);

#### make

In this file mentioned the user program assignment2.c under UPROGS=\ as \_assignment2 for the user program to get executed by the xv6

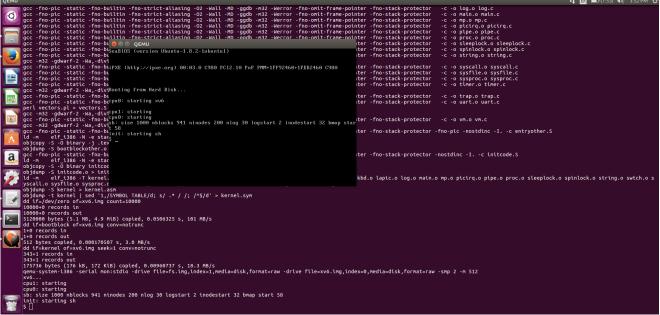
# **Output:**

With all the changes mentioned above, the user defined system call is invoked by the user program and the output is printed in the xv6 kernel.

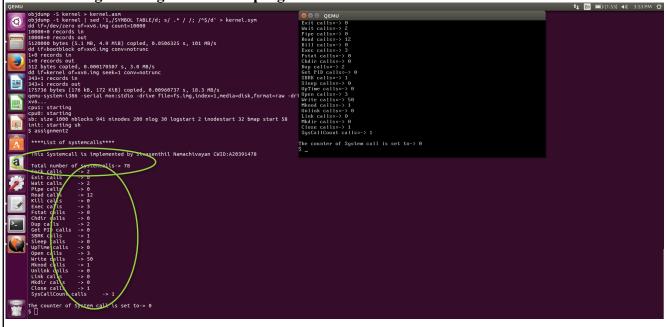
## **Details to be mentioned in the output:**

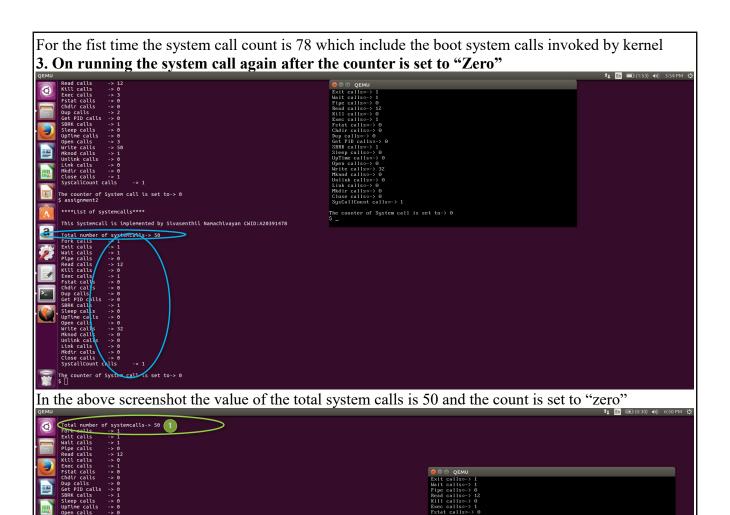
- 1. It lists all the systems calls present in the xv6 along with the one the user done and the number of count it is been invoked till now.
- 2. The counter of the system calls are again set to zero so that when the program is executed again it will display a consistent number of the system calls count for better understanding.
- 3. The count of the system call set to zero after the completion of the program is also mentioned in the output.

1. On booting xv6



2. On running the assignment2 user program on xv6





When it is executed again the same number of count is printed as mentioned in the screenshot above.

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#### **README:**

A new xv6 with modified kernel to support the changes done for assignment2-introduce a new system call that returns the number of total system calls invoked.

### To run the program:

- 1. Copy the rar file attached to the desired location in ubuntu OS
- 2.Extract the rar file
- 3. Navigate to the xv6 folder location in the ubuntu terminal using cd command
- 4. Type make clean in ubuntu terminal to clean the object files
- 5. Type make to compile the codes in ubuntu terminal.
- 6. Type make qemu to boot xv6 operating system in ununtu terminal.

Once the boot is done, you can mention the name of my C program which invoke the systemcall to print the output

- 7. Type assignment2 to run the user program
- 8. The output will show all the systemcall invoked and its count
- 9. Type again as assignment2 to run the same program again
- 10. You will notice that the total number of system call are updated
- 11. Type again as assignment2 to run the same program again
- 12. You will notice that the total number of system call is the same as in step 10.