

Software Systems Architecture (CS-586)

Homework #3

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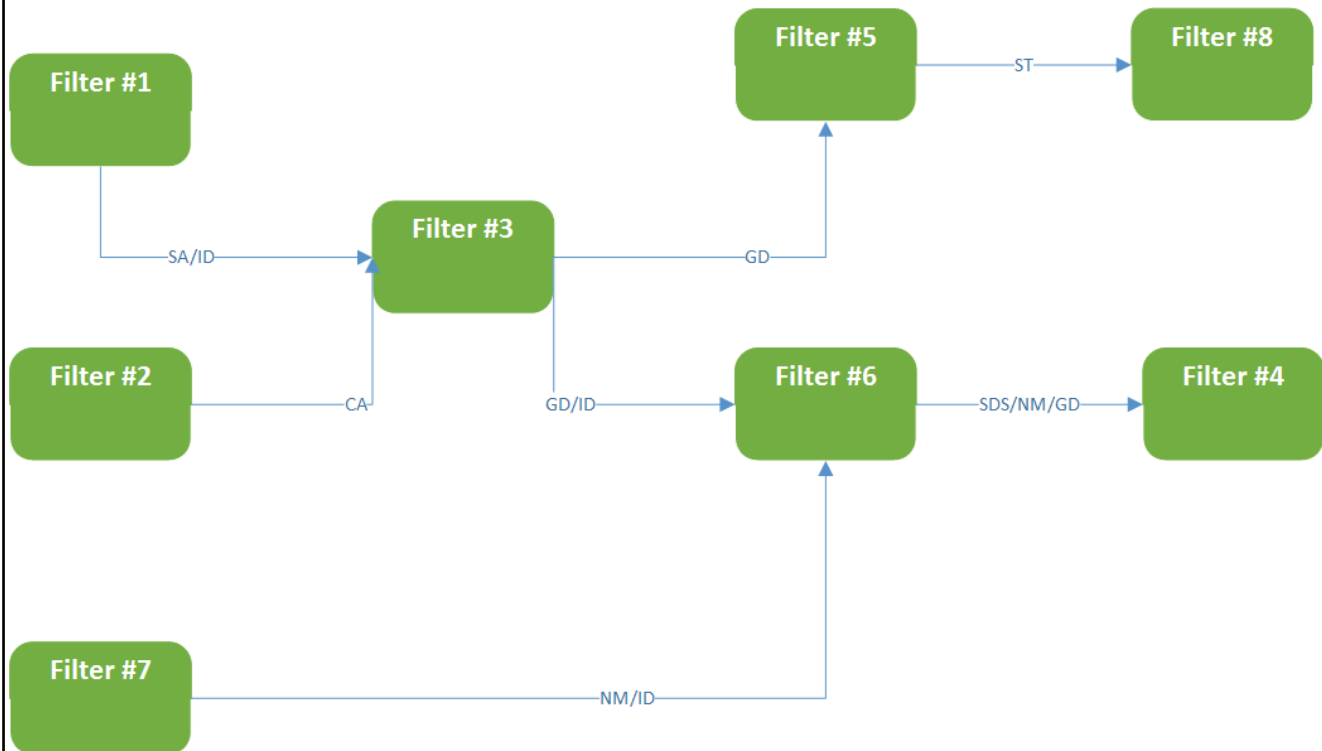
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Problem #1

Pipes and Filters

Part A:



Filters

Filter #1: this filter reads student's test answers together with student's IDs

Filter #2: this filter reads correct answers for the test

Filter #3: this filter computes test grades with student ID

Filter #4: this filter prints test grades with student names in the order as they are read from an input pipe

Filter #5: this filter computes test statistics

Filter #6: this filter sort student names in the descending order with respect to the grades

Filter #7: this filter reads the student's name together with their IDs

Filter #8: this filter reports the test statistics

Pipes

SA: Student's test answers together with student's ID

CA: Correct answers for the test

GD: Student's test grades

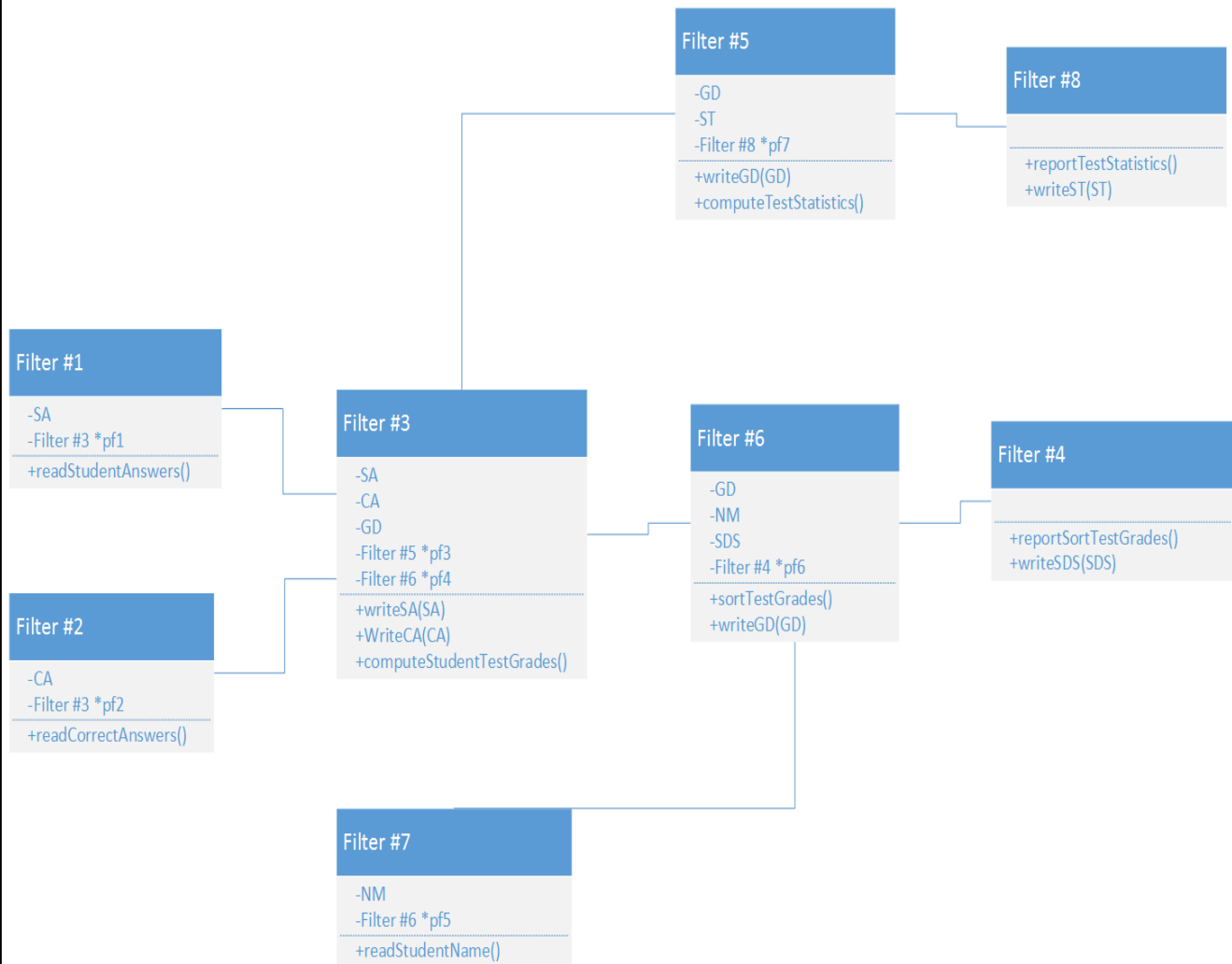
NM: Student's name together with student's ID

ST: Test Statistics (# of A Grades, # of b Grades)

SDS: Student names sorted in descending order with respect to the grades

Part B:

2. Class Diagram



Pseudo-code

Class Filter #1

Filter #3 *pf1

SA- Student's test answers together with the student's ID

readStudentAnswers()

{

 read students test answers together with the student ID into SA;

 pf1 → writeSA(SA);

```

}

Class Filter #2
Filter #3 *pf2
CA- Correct answers for the test
readCorrectAnswers()
{
    read correct answers into CA;
    pf2 → writeCA(CA);
}

Class Filter #3
SA- Student's test answers along with student's ID
CA- Correct Answers for the test
GD- Test Grades(A,B,C,E) along with the student's ID
Filter #5 *pf3
Filter #6 *pf4
flagCA=false;
flagSA=false;
writeSA(SA)
{
    1. Store into SA
    2. check if (flagCA==true)
    //CA is in
    call computeStudentGrades()
        flagCA=false;
        flagSA=false;
    else flagSA=true;
}
writeCA(CA)
{
    1. Store into CA
    2. check if (flagSA==true)
    //SA is in
    call computeStudentGrades()
        flagCA=false;
        flagSA=false;
    else flagCA=true;
}
ComputeStudentGrades()
{
    //flags will be true when we have both the data structures SA and CA
    GD= computeStudentTestGrades(CA,SA)
    pf3→ writeGD(GD)
    pf4→ writeGD(GD)
}

```

```

computeStudentTestGrades(CA,SA)
{
    grade Student Answers into GD
}

Class Filter #4
SDS- Students name sorted in descending order with respect to Grades received
writeSDS(SDS)
{
    1. Store into SDS
    2. //SDS is in
    call reportSortTestgrades()
}

reportSortTestGrades()
{
    print student names sorted in descending order with respect to the grades (descending order of
        name with grade A, descending order of Name with Grade B and descending order of
        name with grade C)
}

Class Filter #5
Filter #8 *pf7
GD- Student Grade
ST- Student Test Statistics (# of A grades, # of B Grades)
WriteGD(GD)
{
    1. Store into GD
    2. //GD is in
    call ComputeTestStatistics()
}

computeTestStatistics()
{
    //flag will be true when we have the data structure GD compute statistics into ST using GD
    compute and return test statistics (Number of students who got A grade, Number of students
        got B, Number of students got C and number of students got E)
    pf7→ writeST(ST)
}

Class Filter #6
GD- Student Grade
NM- Student Name received from Filter #7
SDS- Students names sorted in descending order with respect to the grades received
Filter #4 *pf6
WriteGD(GD)

```

```

{
1. Store into GD
2. //GD is in
    call SorttestGrades()
}

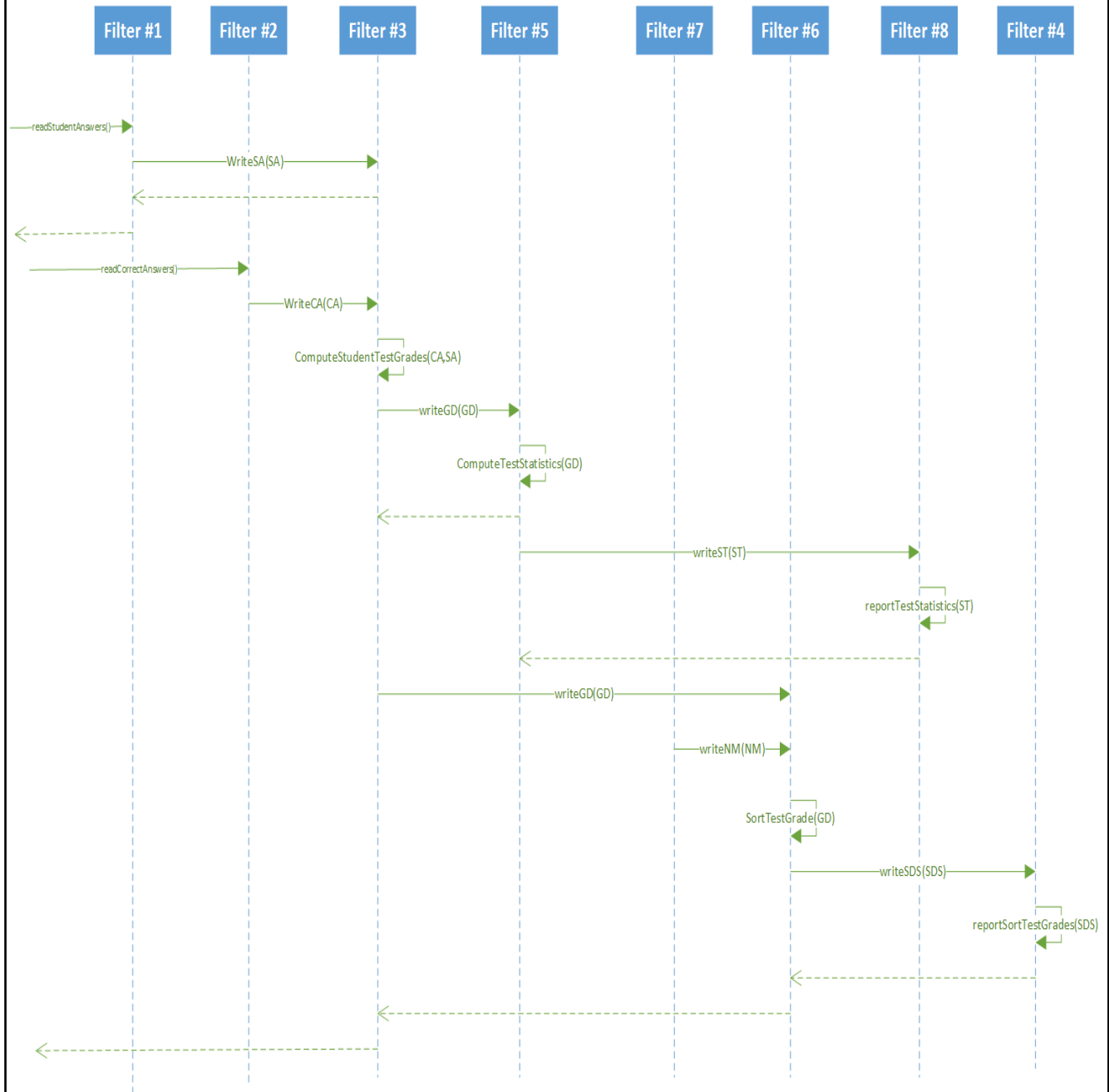
sortTestGrades()
{
    Sort student names in descending order of the name with respect to the grades
    pf6→ writeSDS(SDS)
}

Class Filter #7
NM- Student Names
Filter #6 *pf5
readStudentName()
{
    read Student names into NM;
    pf5→ writeNM(NM);
}

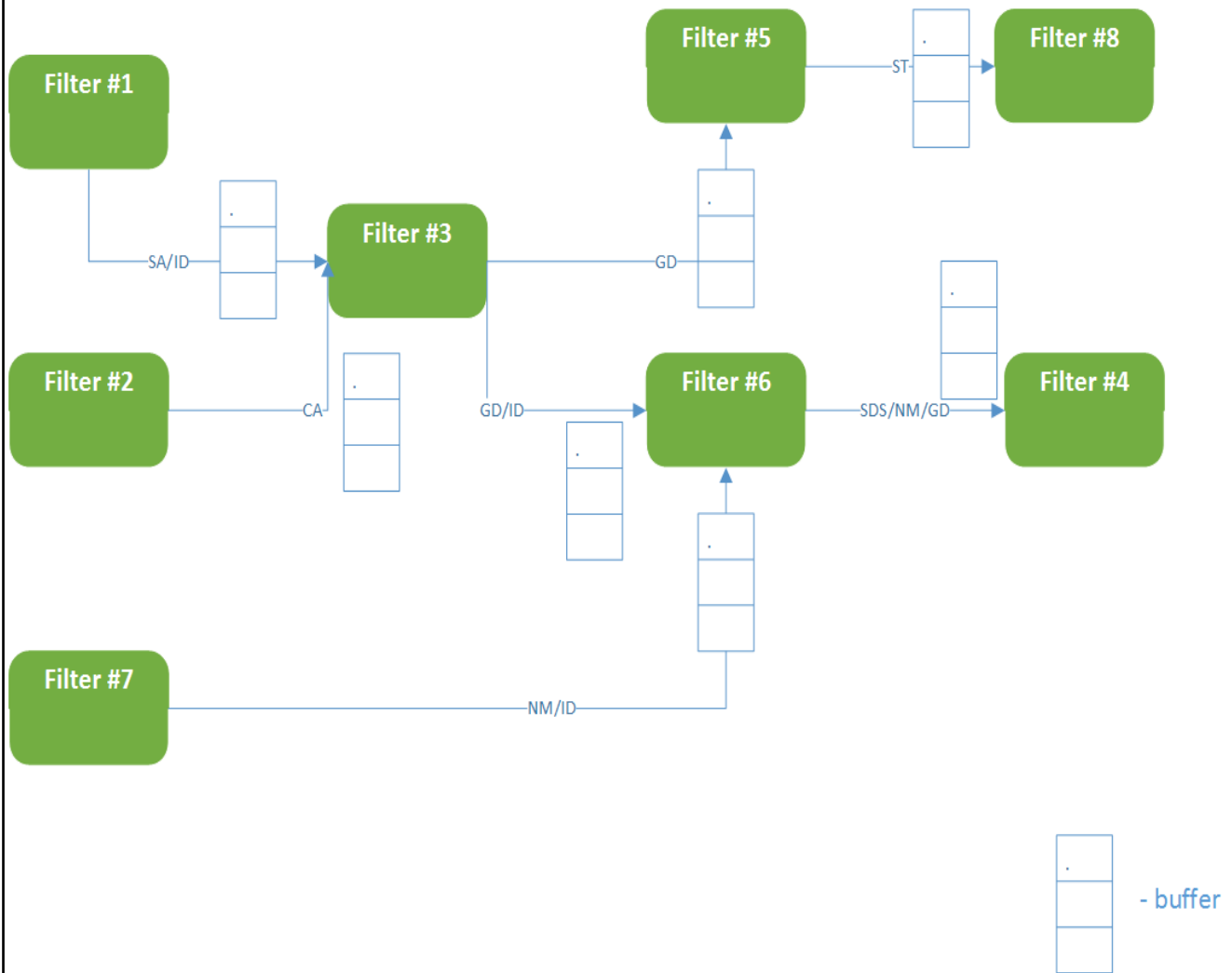
Class Filter #8
ST- Students grade statistics (# of students got A, # of students got B, # of students got C and # of
students got E)
WriteST(ST)
{
1. Store into ST
2. //ST is in
    call reportTestStatistics()
}
reportTestStatistics()
{
    report/print the statistics
}

```

3. Sequence Diagram



Part C:



Filters

Filter #1: this filter reads student's test answers together with student's IDs

Filter #2: this filter reads correct answers for the test

Filter #3: this filter computes test grades with student ID

Filter #4: this filter prints test grades with student names in the order as they are read from an input pipe

Filter #5: this filter computes test statistics

Filter #6: this filter sort student names in the descending order with respect to the grades

Filter #7: this filter reads the student's name together with their IDs

Filter #8: this filter reports the test statistics

Pipes

SA: Student's test answers together with student's ID

CA: Correct answers for the test

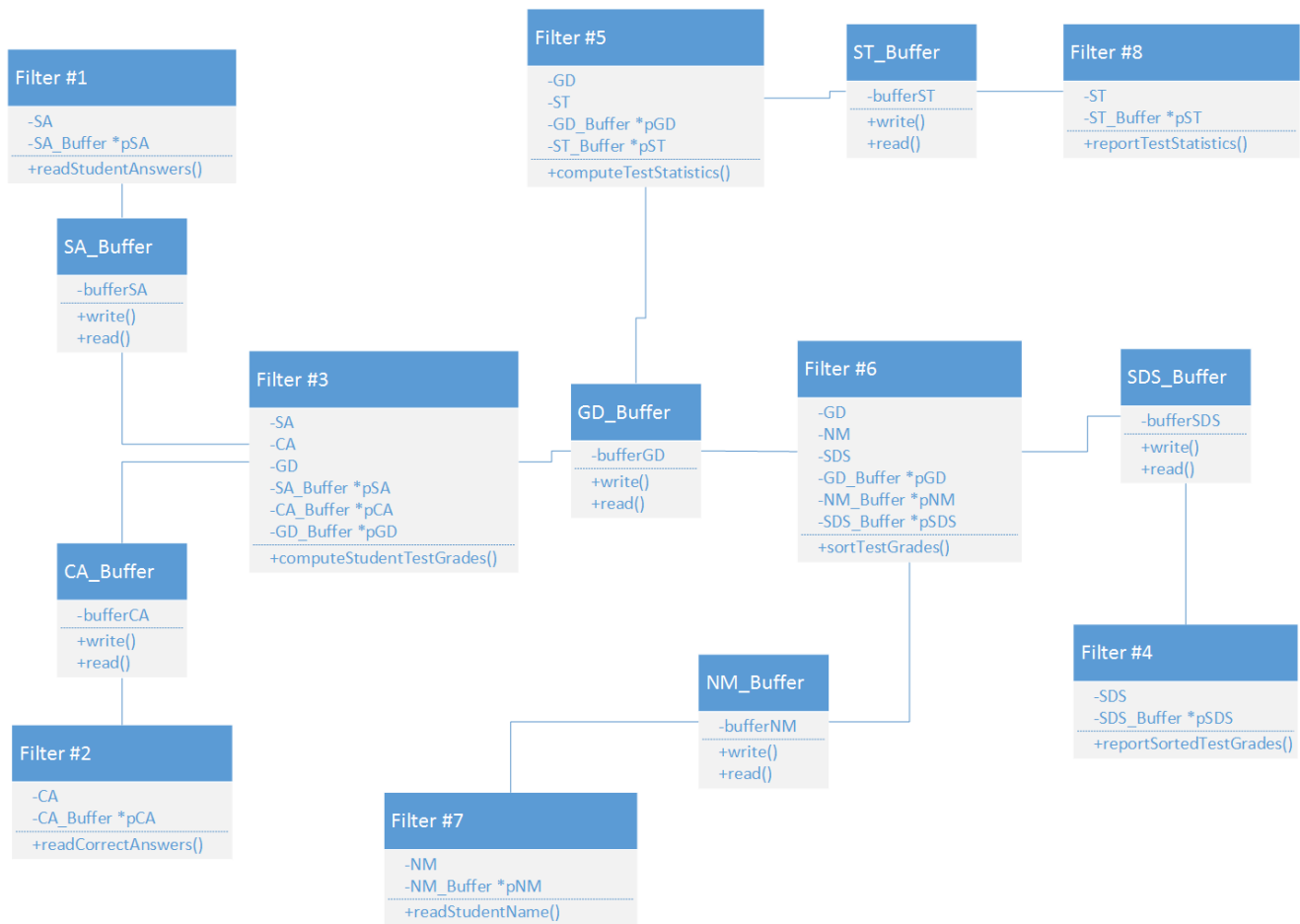
GD: Student's test grades

NM: Student's name together with student's ID

ST: Test Statistics (# of A Grades, # of B Grades)

SDS: Student names sorted in descending order with respect to the grades

2. Class Diagram



Pseudo-code

Class Filter #1

SA- Student's test answers together with the student's ID

SA_Buffer *pSA

readStudentAnswers()

{

Loop

 read students test answers together with the student ID into SA;

 pSA → write(SA);

EndLoop

}

Class Filter #2

CA- Correct answers for the test

CA_Buffer *pCA

readCorrectAnswers()

{

Loop

 read correct answers into CA;

 pCA → write(CA); // Correct answers for the test

EndLoop

}

Class Filter #3

SA- Student's test answers along with student's ID

CA- Correct Answers for the test

GD- Test Grades(A,B,C,E) along with the student's ID

SA_Buffer *pSA

CA_Buffer *pCA

GD_Buffer *pGD

computeStudentTestGrades()

{

Loop

 SA = pSA → read() // read Student's test answers together with the student ID

 CA = pCA → read() // read Correct answers

 computes test grades with SA and CA

 put student's test grade together with students ID into GD

 pGD → write(GD);

EndLoop

}

Class Filter #4

SDS- Students name sorted in descending order with respect to Grades received

SDS_Buffer *pSDS

reportSortedTestGrades()

```

{
Loop
    SDS= pSDS→ read()// read student names sorted in descending order with respect to the
                                grades
    print SDS
EndLoop
}

```

Class Filter #5
GD- Student Grade
ST- Student Test Statistics (# of A grades, # of B Grades)
GD_Buffer *pGD
ST_Buffer *pST

```

computeTestStatistics()
{
Loop
    GD= pGD→ read() // read student's test grade from pipe GD
    compute test statistics with GD
    return ST
EndLoop
}

```

Class Filter #6
GD- Student Grade
NM- Student Name received from Filter #7
SDS- Students names sorted in descending order with respect to the grades received
GD_Buffer *pGD
NM_Buffer *pNM
SDS_Buffer *pSDS
sortTestGrades()
{
Loop
 GD= pGD→ read() //read student's test grade with student ID
 Sort student names in descending order of the name with respect to the grades
 pSDS→ write(SDS)
EndLoop
}

Class Filter #7
NM- Student Names
NM_Buffer *pNM
readStudentName()
{
Loop
 read Student names into NM;

```
    pNM → write(NM) // students Name
EndLoop
}
```

Class Filter #8

ST- Students grade statistics (# of students got A, # of students got B, # of students got C and # of students got E)

ST_Buffer *pST

reportTestStatistics()

```
{
Loop
    ST = pST → read() read statistics
    print ST
EndLoop
}
```

Pipe Classes

buffer B

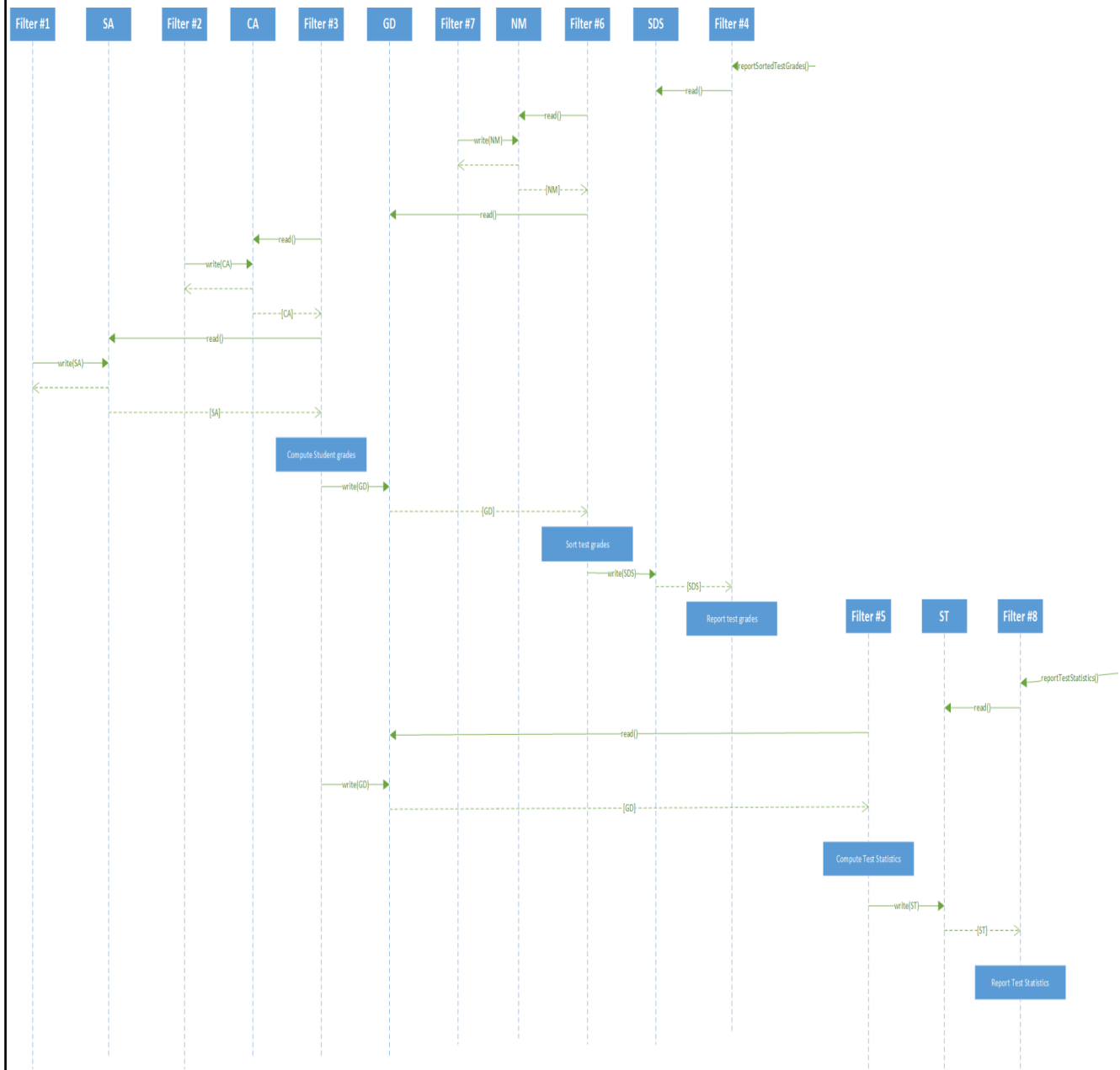
list read()

```
{
    if buffer B is empty then
        wait until the buffer is not empty
        delete list from buffer B
        return list
    EndIf
}
```

write(list)

```
{
    put list into buffer B
}
```

3. Sequence Diagram

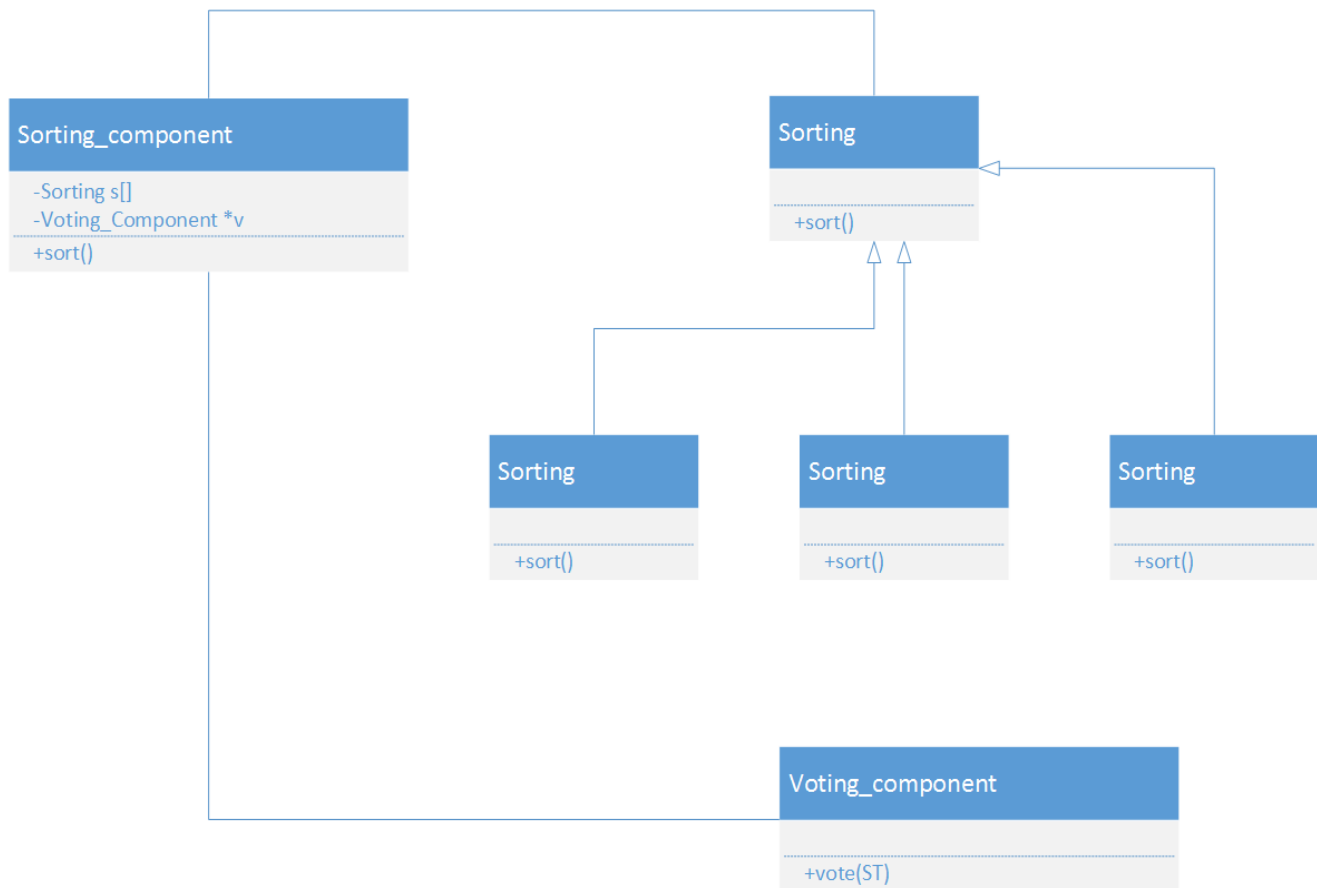


Problem #2

Fault Tolerant Architecture

1. N-Version Architecture

Class Diagram



Pseudo-code

Class Sorting_Component

Sorting s[]

Voting_component *v

Void sort(in int n, int L[], out int m,int SL[])

{

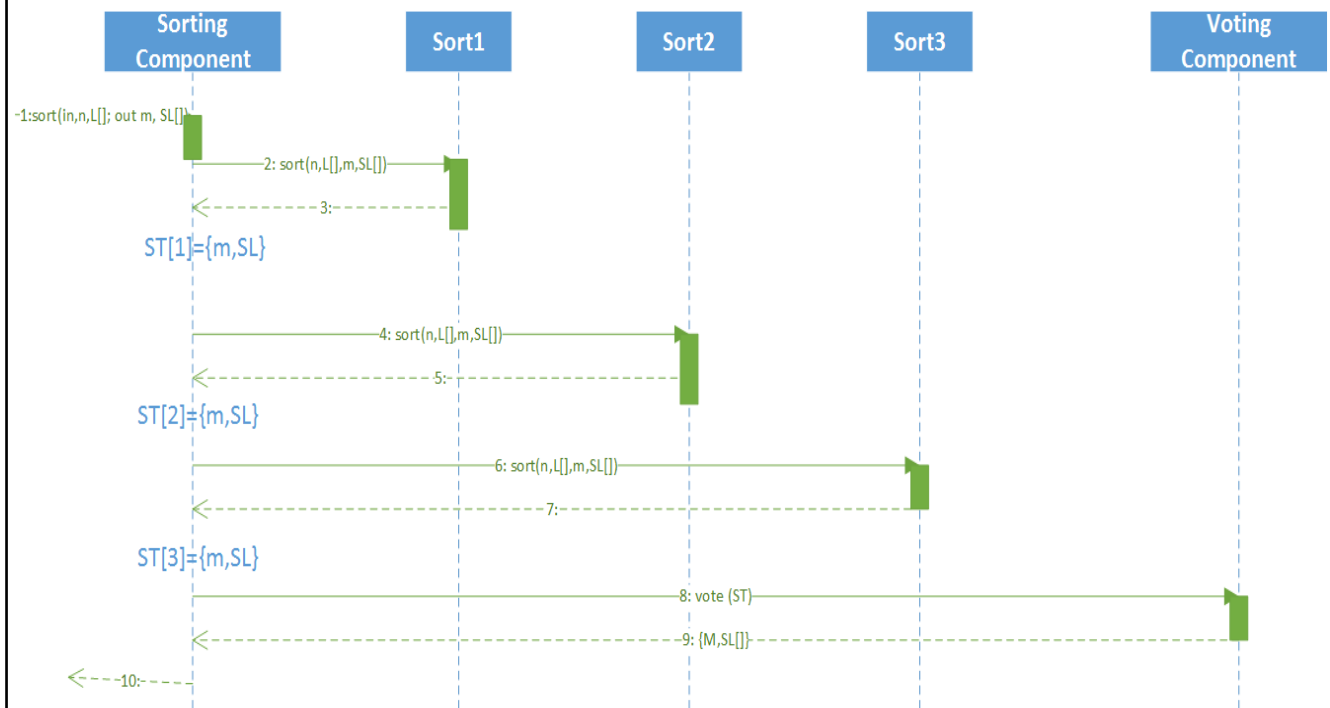
ST[int,int]

```

sorting s[];
s[1] = new sort1()
s[2]= new sort2()
s[3]= new sort3()
for Y=1 to 3
s[i]→ sort(n,L[],m,SL[])
ST[Y] = {m, SL[]}
End for
{m,SL[]} = v→ sort(ST)
}
Class Voting_Component:
{int,int} sort (in:SRT)
{
If ST[1] == ST[2] then
return ST[1]
else If ST[2]== ST[3] then
return ST[2]
else If ST[1] == ST[3] then
return ST[3]
endif
ran = random (1,3)
return ST[ran]

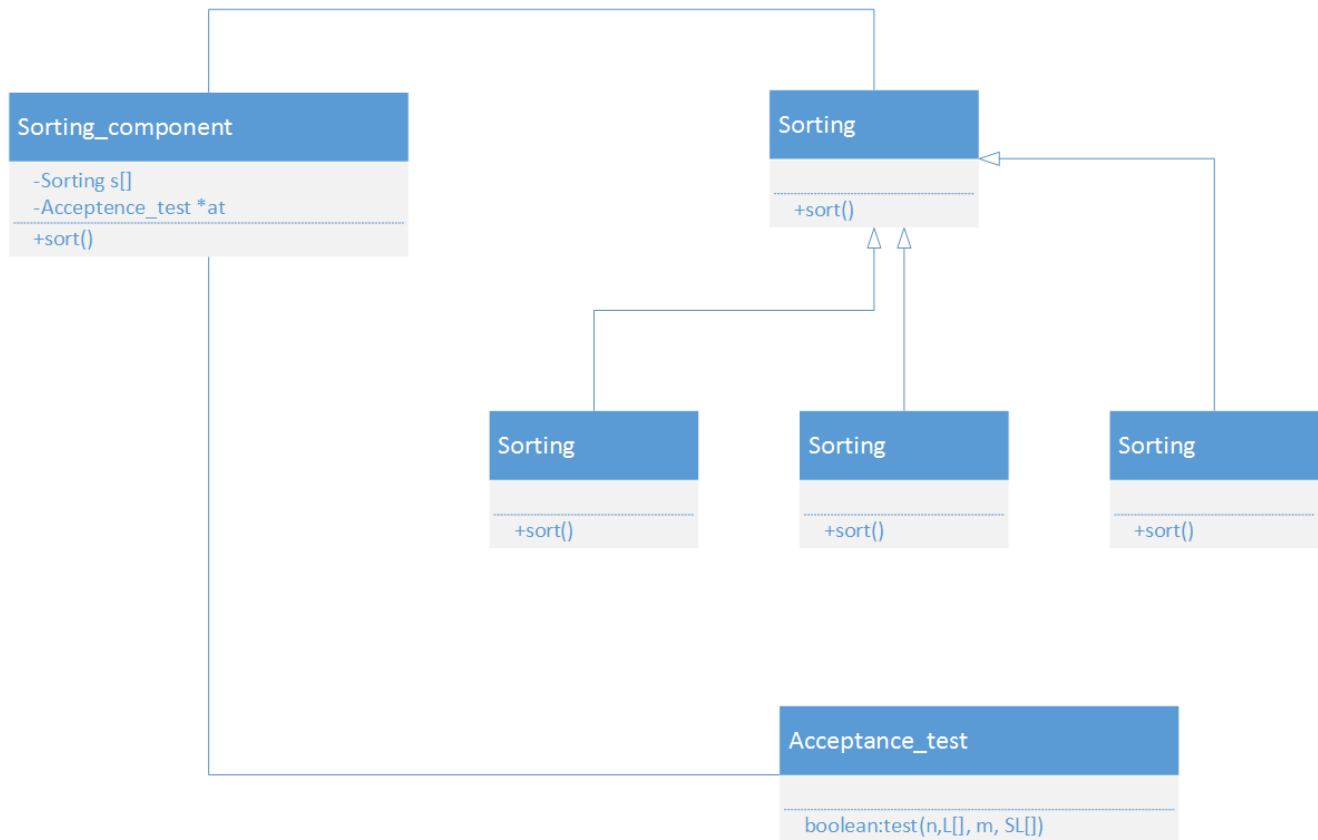
```


Sequence Diagram



2. Recovery- Block Architecture

Class Diagram



Pseudocode

Class acceptance_test

boolean test (in : int n, int L, out: int m, int SL)

{

For i=1 to n where n=number of outputs

if $SL[i] > SL[i+1]$

elseif $SL[i+1] < 0$

then

return false

```

endif
endfor
Class Sorting_component
sorting s[]
acceptance_test *at
void sorting (in: int n, int L, int m,int SL)
{
{m,SL}ST[]
S[1] = new sort()
S[1]→ sort(n,L,m,SL)
ST[1] = {m.SL}
testsort = at→ test(n,L,m,SL)
if testsort == true then
exit
S[2] = new sort()
S[2]→ sort(n,L,m,SL)
ST[1] = {m.SL}
testsort = at→ test(n,L,m,SL)
if testsort == true then
exit
S[3] = new sort()
S[3]→ sort(n,L,m,SL)
ST[1] = {m.SL}
testsort = at→ test(n,L,m,SL)
if testsort == true then
exit
endif

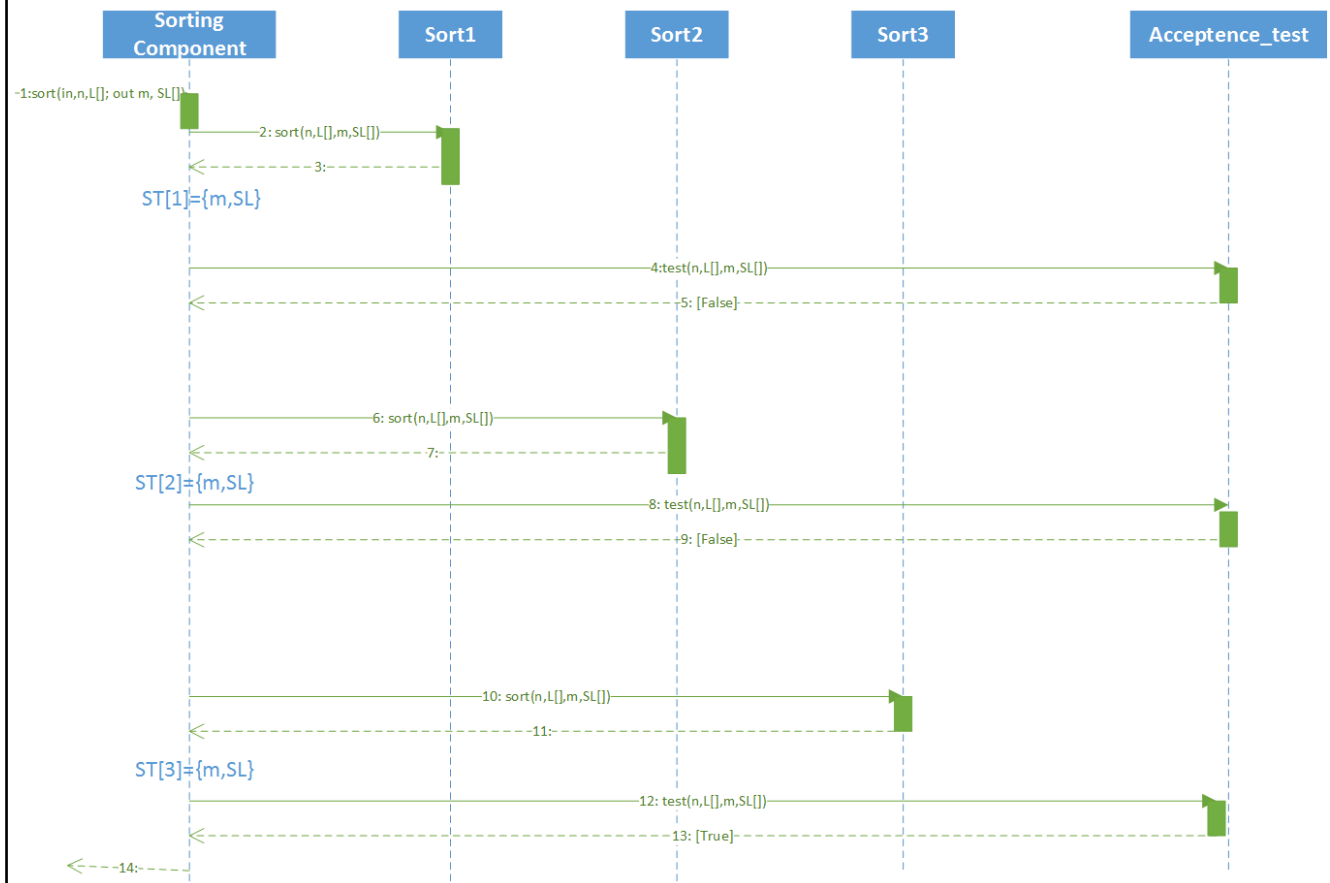
```

ran = random(1,3)

{n,L}=ST[r]

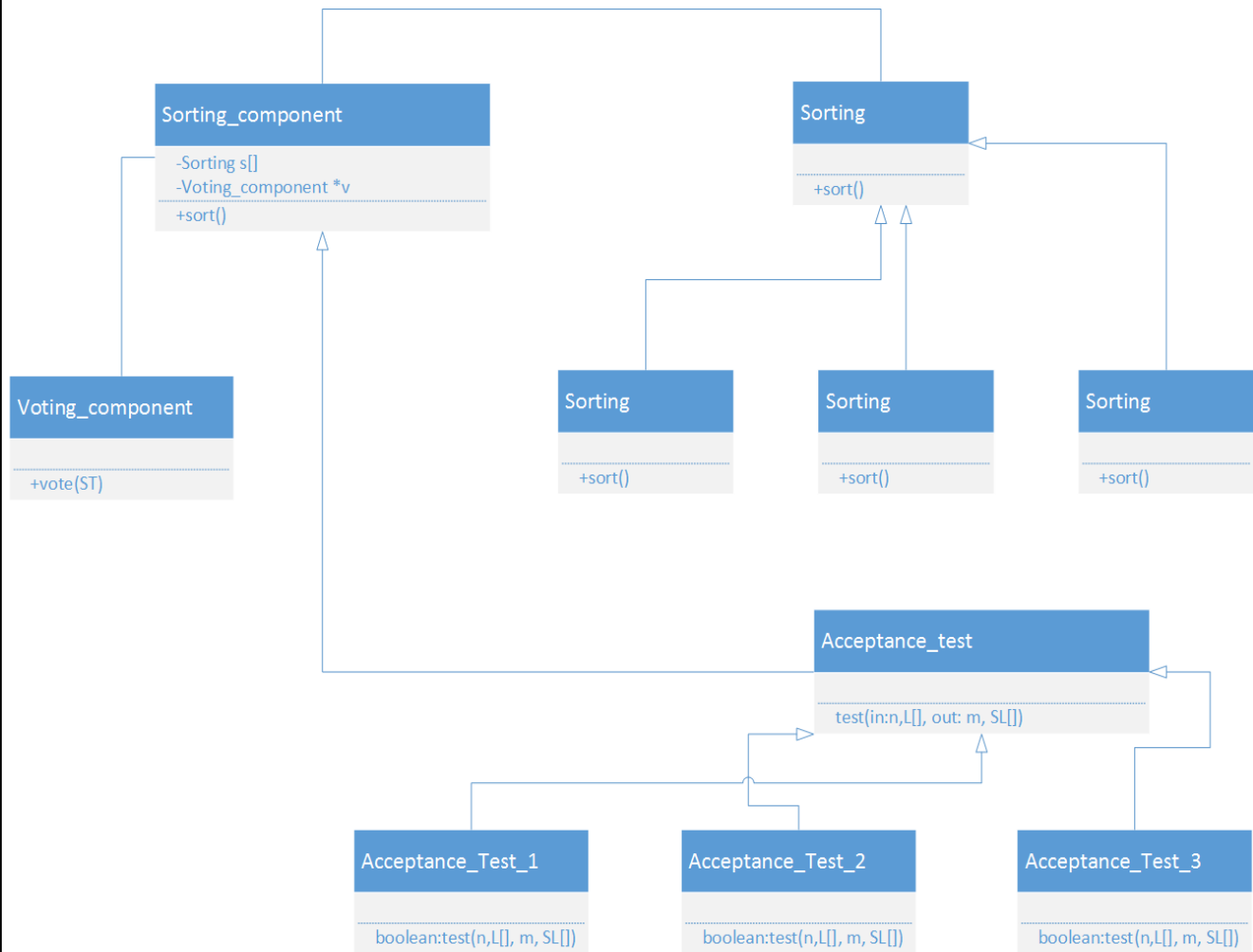
}

Sequence Diagram



3. N-Self Checking Architecture

Class Diagram



Pseudocode

Class Sorting_component

Sorting s[]

Acceptance_test *at

Voting_Component *v

void sort(in int n, int L[]; out int m, int SL[])

{

ST[] // an array of {int,int}

AST[] // an array of {int, int}

sorting s[]

Acceptance_test AT[]

S[1] = new sort(1)

AT[1] = new test(1)

S[2] = new sort(2)

AT[2] = new test(2)

S[3] = new sort(3)

AT[3] = new test(3)

K=0

for i=1 to 3

s[i] → sorting (n,L,m,SL)

ST[i] = {m,SL}

testsort=AT[i] → test(n,L,m,SL)

if testsort == true then

k=k+1

AST[k] = {m,SL}

end if

end for

```

if k=0 then
ran= random(1,3)
{m,SL} =ST[rand]
else if
{m,SL}= vc → vote (AST,k)
endif
}
Class Voting_component
{
{int ,int} vote (in: AST,k)
{
if k==3 then
if AST[1]==AST[2] then
return AST[1]
else if AST[2]==AST[3] then
return AST[2]
else if AST[1]==AST[3] then
return AST[3]
endif
r=random(1,3)
return AST()
else if k==2 then // if 2 results pass their respective tests
if AST[1]==AST[2] then
return AST[1]
endif
ran=random (1,2)
return AST[r]

```

```

elseif k==1 then
return AST[1]
endif
}

Class Acceptence_test_1
boolean test(n, L[]; m, SL[]){
int count
For i=1 to m
If(SL[i]>0)
then,
for i=1 to m// if the elements in SL are not sorted
for j=i+1 to m-1
if (SL[i] < SL[j])
return true.
Else
Return false.
Else
Return false.
endif
Endfor
Endfor
}

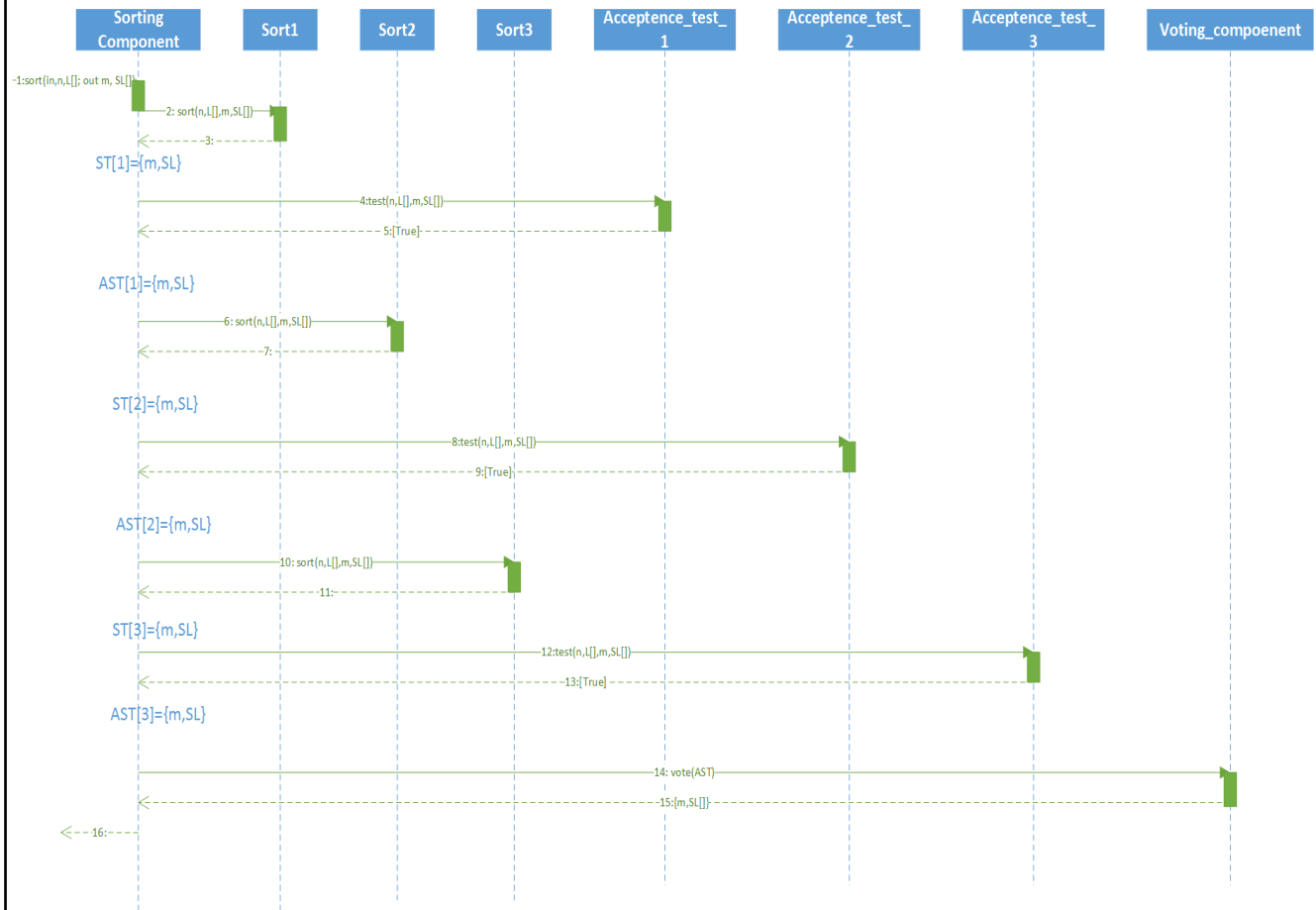
Class Acceptence_test_2
boolean test( n, L[],m, SL[]){
int count
For i=1 to n
if(L[i]>=0) then
count++
end if
end for
}
If(m!=count)// if the number of positive integers in SL is not equal to that of the positive
integers in L
return false

```



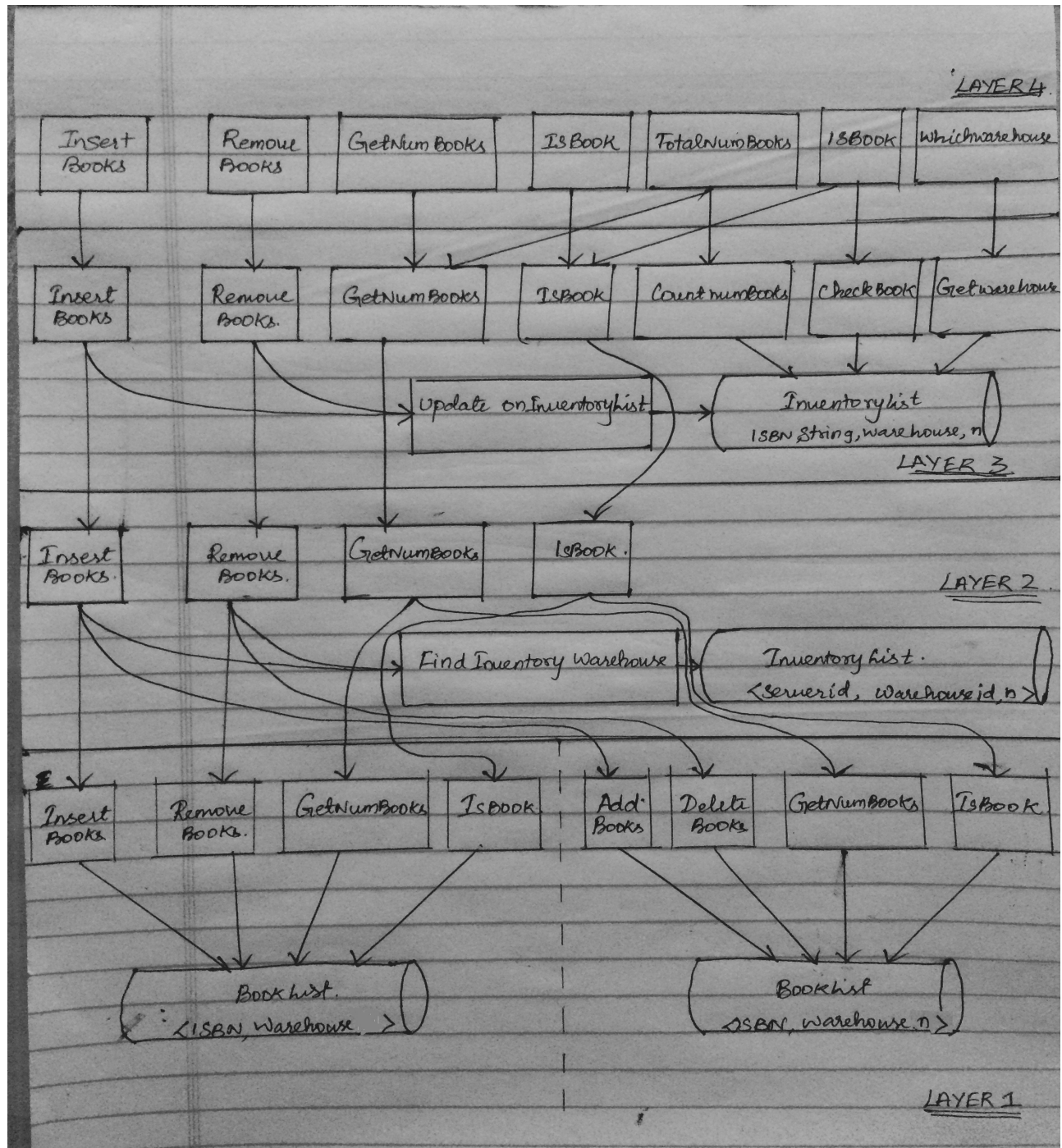
```
Class Acceptance_test_3:  
boolean test(int n, L[],m, SL[])  
{  
  
for i=1 to 3 // if the list contains negative elements  
if(SL[i] <0 )  
return false  
}
```

Sequence Diagram

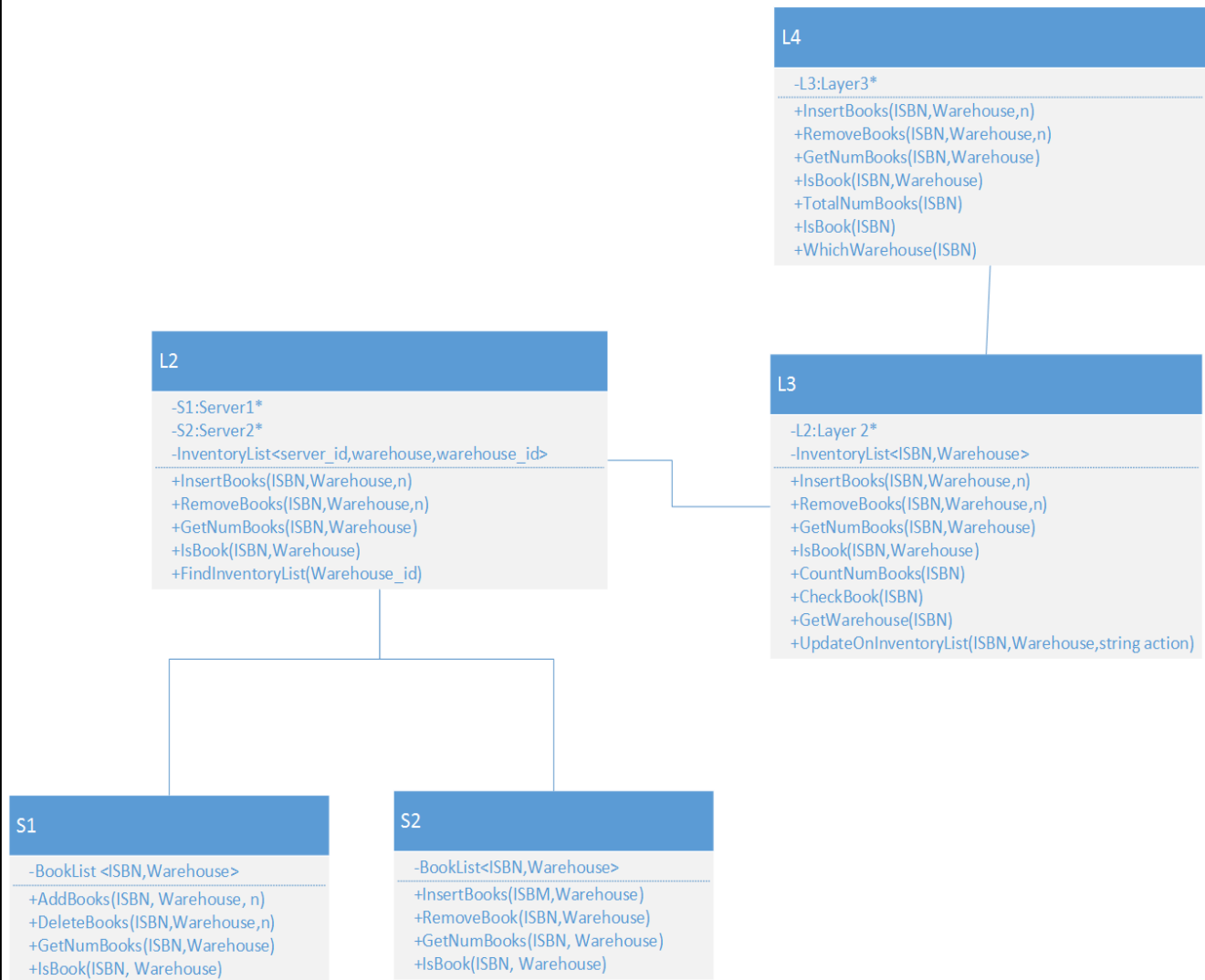


Problem #3

Strict Layered Architecture



Class Diagram



Pseudo-code

Layer 4

InsertBooks(ISBN, Warehouse, n)

{

L3 → InsertBooks(ISBN, Warehouse, n);

}

RemoveBooks(ISBN, Warehouse, n)

{

L3 → RemoveBooks(ISBN, Warehouse, n);

}

GetNumBooks(ISBN, Warehouse)

{

L3 → GetNumBooks(ISBN, Warehouse);

List the total number of books

}

IsBook(ISBN, Warehouse)

{

L3 → IsBook(ISBN, Warehouse);

}

TotalNumBooks(ISBN)

{

L3 → TotalNumBooks(ISBN);

Count the books available in all the warehouse

}

IsBook(ISBN)

{

boolean ans = L3 → IsBook(ISBN);

if (ans == true)

 L3 → TotalNumBooks(ISBN);

}

WhichWarehouse(ISBN)

{

L3 → Whichwarehouse(ISBN);

List the warehouse ID of the ISBN book

}

Layer 3

```

InsertBooks(ISBN,Warehouse,n)
{
update on InventoryList(ISBN,Warehouse,"in")
L2→ InsertBooks(ISBN,Warehouse,n);
}

RemoveBooks(ISBN,Warehouse,n)
{
update on InventoryList(ISBN,Warehouse,"out")
L2→ RemoveBooks(ISBN,Warehouse,n);
}

GetNumBooks(ISBN,Warehouse)
{
L2→ GetNumBooks(ISBN,Warehouse);
Return the count
}

IsBook(ISBN,Warehouse)
{
boolean ans= L2.IsBook(ISBN);
return ans;
}

CountNumBooks(ISBN)
{
onInventory List.update(ISBN,warehouse);
}

Checkbook(ISBN)
{
onInventory List.update(ISBN,warehouse);
}

GetWarehouse(ISBN)
{
go through the onInventory List, and return the warehouse
}

UpdateOnInventoryList(ISBN,Warehouse,string action)
{
if (action == "in") go through the InventoryList
if (ISBN exist in the OnInventory List)
    count the book and add to the totalnumbooks in the inventory list by n;
else if (action == "out")
    go through the OnInventory List

```

```

        if (ISBN exist in OnInventory List)
            count the book and reduce the totalnumbooks in the inventory list by n;
        return;
    }

Layer 2
InsertBook(ISBN, Warehouse_id, Warehouse, n)
{
    int id= FindInventoryList(Warehouse_id)
    if(id==1)
        server1.AddBook(ISBN, Warehouse, n);
    else if(id==2)
        get n //n→ number of books that needed to be inserted
    {
        If n!= 0
        {
            system2.InsertBook(ISBN, Warehouse);
            n=n--; // reduce the count of n by 1 until it becomes zero since the server 2 can add only one
            book at a time
        }
        if n=0;
        return;
    }

RemoveBook(ISBN, Warehouse, Warehouse_id, n)
{
    int id= FindInventoryList(Warehouse_id)
    if(id==1)
        server1.DeleteBook(ISBN, Warehouse, n);
    else if(id==2)
        get n→ number of books that needed to be removed
    {
        if n!=0
        {
            system2.RemoveBook(ISBN, Warehouse);
            n=n--; // reduce the count of n by 1 until it becomes zero since the server 2 can remove only
            one book at a time
        }
        if n=0;
        return;
    }

GetNumBooks(ISBN, Warehouse)
{
    Count List 1= Server1.GetNumBooks(ISBN, Warehouse)
    Count List 2= Server2.GetnumBooks(ISBN, Warehouse)

```

```
combine Count List 1 and Count List 2 and return the combined count of warehouse ;  
}
```

```
IsBook(ISBN,warehouse)  
{  
if(server1.IsBook(ISBN,Warehouse)==true)  
    return true;  
if(server2.IsBook(ISBN,warehouse)==true)  
    return true;  
return false  
}
```

```
FindInventoryList(Warehouse_id)  
{  
go through the InventoryList  
if(Warehouse_id is contained in Server 1)  
    return 1;  
else if(warehouse_id is contained in Server 2 )  
    return 2;  
}
```