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1. Create a new process by invoking the appropriate system call. Get the process identifier of the currently running process and its respective parent using system calls and display the same using a C program.

Aim:

To create a new process using the fork() system call, retrieve the process identifier (PID) of the current process and its parent process, and display them.

Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Use the fork() system call to create a new process.
 - o fork() returns:
 - 0 for the child process.
 - A positive PID for the parent process.
 - o A negative value indicates failure.
- 3. In the child process:
 - o Retrieve the PID using getpid().
 - o Retrieve the parent PID using getppid().
 - o Display the details.
- 4. In the parent process:
 - o Retrieve the PID using getpid().
 - o Retrieve the parent PID using getppid().
 - o Display the details.
- 5. End the program.

Procedure:

- 1. Include the necessary headers: <stdio.h> and <unistd.h>.
- 2. Use the fork() function to create a new process.
- 3. Use getpid() and getppid() to get the PID and parent PID.
- 4. Differentiate behavior for child and parent processes using the return value of fork().

5. Print the information to the console.

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CODE:
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```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main() {
  pid_t pid;
  printf("Before fork, PID of the current process: %d\n", getpid());
  printf("Before fork, PID of the parent process: %d\n\n", getppid());
  pid = fork();
  if (pid == -1) {
     perror("Fork failed");
     return 1;
  } else if (pid == 0) {
     printf("In the child process:\n");
     printf("Child's PID: %d\n", getpid());
     printf("Child's Parent PID: %d\n", getppid());
  } else {
     printf("In the parent process:\n");
     printf("Parent's PID: %d\n", getpid());
     printf("Parent's Child PID: %d\n", pid);
  }
  return 0;
}
```

Output:



