### Prim's Algorithm

#### Aim:

The aim of the provided code is to implement Prim's algorithm in C to find the minimum spanning tree (MST) of a given graph.

#### Algorithm:

- 1. Start
- 2. Input the number of vertices and the adjacency matrix representing the graph.
- 3. Find the vertex with the minimum key value among the vertices not yet included in the MST.
- 4. Initializes key values and mstset for all vertices, then iteratively select the vertex with the minimum key value and updates the key values of its adjacent vertices of a shorter edge is found.
- 5. Print the edges of the MST along with their weights.
- 6. End.

```
Program:
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#define MAX VERTICES 10
#define INF 999999
int graph[MAX_VERTICES][MAX_VERTICES];
int vertices;
void createGraph() {
  int i, j;
  printf("Enter the number of vertices: ");
  scanf("%d", &vertices);
  printf("Enter the adjacency matrix:\n");
  for (i = 0; i < vertices; i++) {
     for (j = 0; j < vertices; j++) {
        scanf("%d", &graph[i][j]);
     }
  }
}
int findMinKey(int key[], bool mstSet[]) {
  int min = INF, min index;
  for (int v = 0; v < vertices; v++) {
     if (mstSet[v] == false \&\& key[v] < min) {
        min = key[v];
        min_index = v;
```

```
}
  }
  return min_index;
void printMST(int parent[]) {
  printf("Edge \tWeight\n");
  for (int i = 1; i < vertices; i++) {
     printf("%d - %d \t%d \n", parent[i], i, graph[i][parent[i]]);
  }
}
void primMST() {
  int parent[vertices];
  int key[vertices];
  bool mstSet[vertices];
  for (int i = 0; i < vertices; i++) {
     key[i] = INF;
     mstSet[i] = false;
  }
  key[0] = 0;
  parent[0] = -1;
  for (int count = 0; count < vertices - 1; count++) {
     int u = findMinKey(key, mstSet);
     mstSet[u] = true;
     for (int v = 0; v < vertices; v++) {
        if (graph[u][v] \&\& mstSet[v] == false \&\& graph[u][v] < key[v]) {
           parent[v] = u;
           key[v] = graph[u][v];
        }
     }
  printMST(parent);
}
int main() {
  createGraph();
  primMST();
  return 0;
}
```

# Output:

Enter the number of vertices: 5

Enter the adjacency matrix:

02060

20385

03007

68009

05790

Edge Weight

0 - 1 2

1-2 3

0-3 6

1-4 5

## Result:

The output is verified successfully for the above program.