

# Voting System Project Using Django Framework

**Project Title:** Pollster (Voting System)  
web application using Django framework

**Type of Application (Category):** Web application.

**Introduction:** We will create a pollster (voting system) web application using Django. This application will conduct a series of questions along with many choices. A user will be allowed to give voting for that question by selecting a choice. Based on the answer the total votes will be calculated and it will be displayed to the user. Users can also check the result of the total votes for specific questions on the website directly. We will also build the admin part of this

project. Admin user will be allowed to add questions and manage questions in the application.

**Pre-requisite:** Knowledge of Python and basics of Django Framework. Python should be installed in the system. Visual studio code or any code editor to work on the application.

**Technologies used in the project:** Django framework and SQLite database which comes by default with Django.

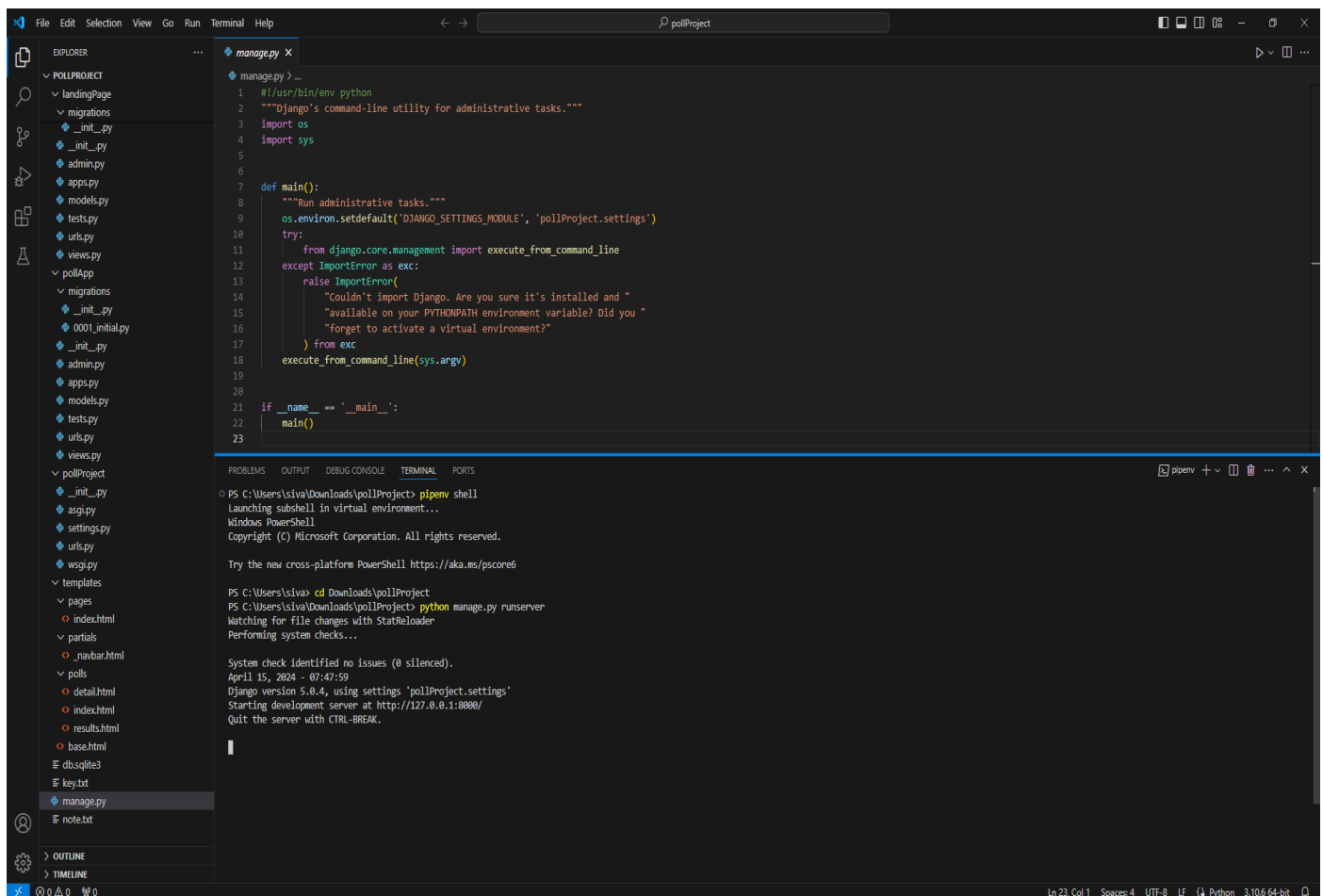
**Implementation of the Project**

# Creating Project

**Step-1:** Create an empty folder **pollster\_project** in your directory.

**Step-2:** Now switch to your folder and create a virtual environment in this folder using the following command.

```
pip install pipenv
pipenv shell
```



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code interface with the Explorer view on the left displaying the file structure of the 'pollProject' directory. The main editor shows the 'manage.py' file, which is a Django management utility. The terminal at the bottom shows the execution of 'pipenv shell' and 'python manage.py runserver', indicating the setup of a virtual environment and the starting of the Django development server.

```
manage.py X
1 #!/usr/bin/env python
2 """Django's command-line utility for administrative tasks."""
3 import os
4 import sys
5
6
7 def main():
8     """Run administrative tasks."""
9     os.environ.setdefault('DJANGO_SETTINGS_MODULE', 'pollProject.settings')
10    try:
11        from django.core.management import execute_from_command_line
12    except ImportError as exc:
13        raise ImportError(
14            "Couldn't import Django. Are you sure it's installed and "
15            "available on your PYTHONPATH environment variable? Did you "
16            "forget to activate a virtual environment?"
17        ) from exc
18    execute_from_command_line(sys.argv)
19
20
21 if __name__ == '__main__':
22     main()
23
```

```
PS C:\Users\siva\Downloads\pollProject> pipenv shell
Launching subshell in virtual environment...
Windows PowerShell
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Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6

PS C:\Users\siva\Downloads\pollProject> python manage.py runserver
Watching for file changes with StatReloader
Performing system checks...

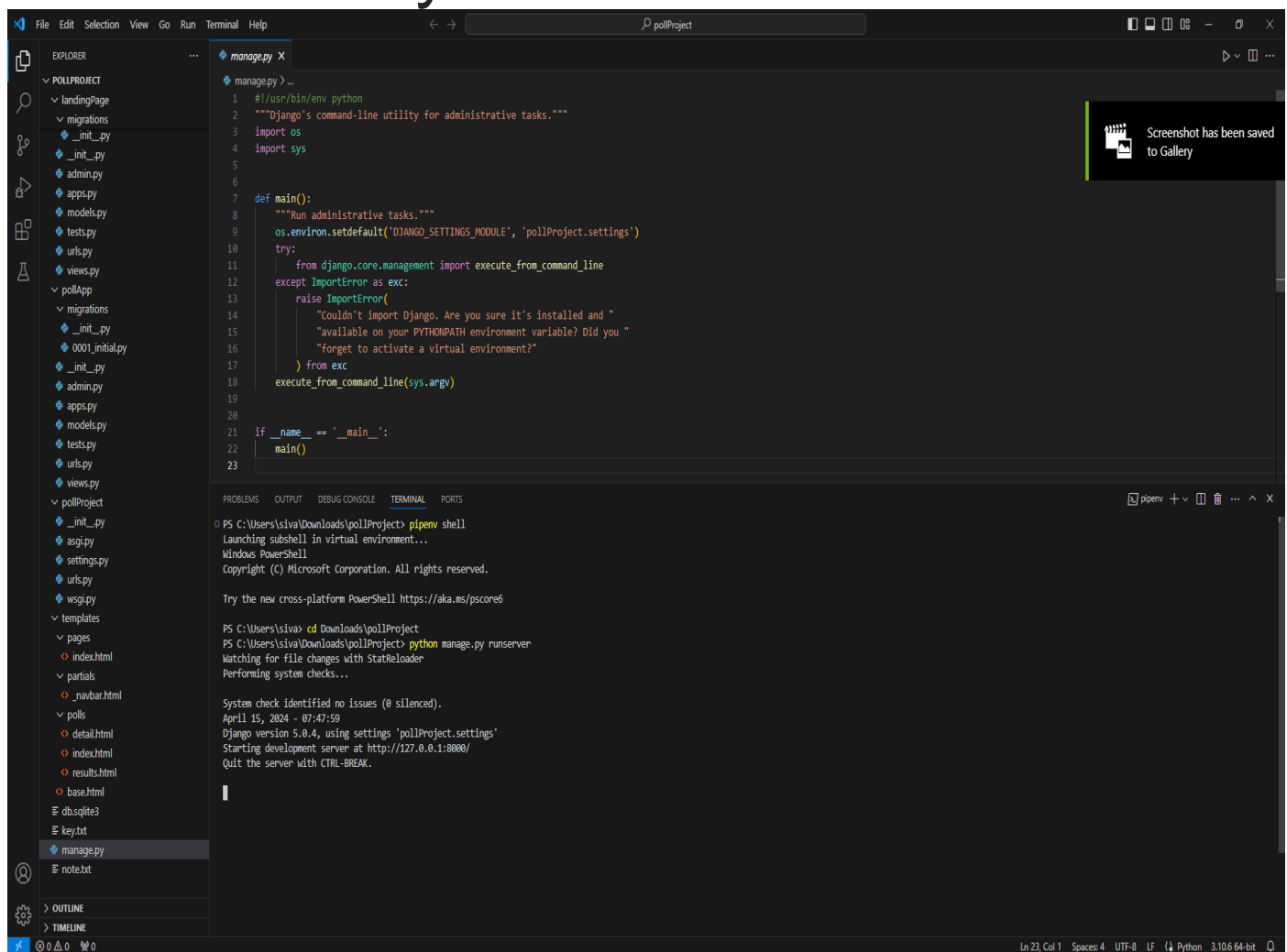
System check identified no issues (0 silenced).
April 15, 2024 - 07:47:59
Django version 5.0.4, using settings 'pollProject.settings'
Starting development server at http://127.0.0.1:8000/
Quit the server with CTRL-BREAK.

I
```

**Step-3:** A **Pipfile** will be created in your folder from the above step. Now install Django in your folder using the following command.

pipenv install django

**Step-4:** Now we need to establish the Django project. Run the following command in your folder and initiate a



```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help
pollProject

EXPLORER
  POLLPROJECT
    landingPage
    migrations
    _init_.py
    admin.py
    apps.py
    models.py
    tests.py
    urls.py
    views.py
    pollApp
      migrations
      _init_.py
      0001_initial.py
      _init_.py
      admin.py
      apps.py
      models.py
      tests.py
      urls.py
      views.py
    pollProject
      _init_.py
      asgi.py
      settings.py
      urls.py
      wsgi.py
    templates
      pages
        index.html
      partials
        _navbar.html
      polls
        detail.html
        index.html
        results.html
      base.html
    db.sqlite3
    key.txt
    manage.py
    note.txt

OUTLINE
TIMELINE

manage.py X
manage.py > ...
1 #!/usr/bin/env python
2 """Django's command-line utility for administrative tasks."""
3 import os
4 import sys
5
6
7 def main():
8     """Run administrative tasks."""
9     os.environ.setdefault('DJANGO_SETTINGS_MODULE', 'pollProject.settings')
10    try:
11        from django.core.management import execute_from_command_line
12    except ImportError as exc:
13        raise ImportError(
14            "Couldn't import Django. Are you sure it's installed and "
15            "available on your PYTHONPATH environment variable? Did you "
16            "forget to activate a virtual environment?"
17        ) from exc
18    execute_from_command_line(sys.argv)
19
20
21 if __name__ == '__main__':
22     main()
23
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL PORTS
PS C:\Users\siva\Downloads\pollProject> pipenv shell
Launching subshell in virtual environment...
Windows PowerShell
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Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6

PS C:\Users\siva\> cd Downloads\pollProject
PS C:\Users\siva\Downloads\pollProject> python manage.py runserver
Watching for file changes with StatReloader
Performing system checks...

System check identified no issues (0 silenced).
April 15, 2024 - 07:47:59
Django version 5.0.4, using settings 'pollProject.settings'
Starting development server at http://127.0.0.1:8000/
Quit the server with CTRL-BREAK.
```

Django project.

```
django-admin startproject pollster
```

A New Folder with name **pollster** will be created. Switch to the pollster folder using the following command.

```
cd pollster
```

The folder structure will look something like this

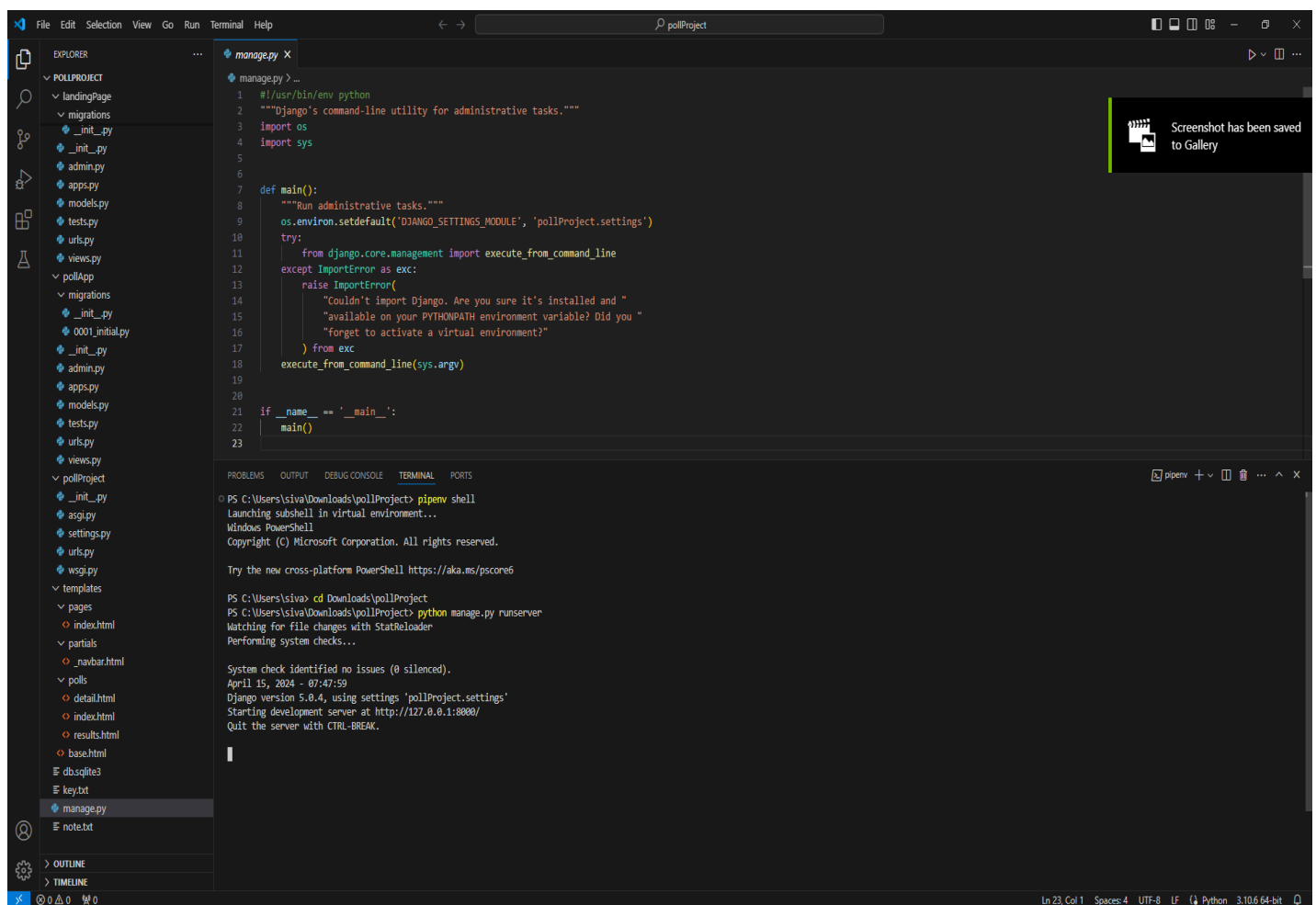
check if the application running or not using your **http://127.0.0.1:8000/** in your browser.

```
python manage.py runserver
```

# Step-5: Create an app 'polls' using the following command

python manage.py startapp polls

Below is the folder structure after creating "polls" app in the project.



# Create Models

**Step-1:** In your **models.py** file write the code given below to create two tables in your database. One is '**Question**' and the other one is '**Choice**'. 'Question' will have two fields of 'question\_text' and a 'pub\_date'. Choice has three fields: 'question', 'choice\_text', and 'votes'. Each Choice is associated with a Question.

Python Code:

```
from django.db import models
```

```
# Create your models here.
```

```
class Question(models.Model):
```

```
    question_text =  
models.CharField(max_length = 200)
```

```
    pub_date =  
models.DateTimeField('date published')
```

```
    def __str__(self):
```

```
        return self.question_text
```



```
class Choice(models.Model):

    question = models.ForeignKey(Question, on_delete = models.CASCADE)

    choice_text = models.CharField(max_length = 200)

    votes = models.IntegerField(default = 0)

    def __str__(self):
```

**Step-2:**Go to the **settings.py** file and in the

list, INSTALLED\_APPS write down the code below to include the app in our project. This will refer to the polls - apps.py -PollsConfig class.

Python3

```
INSTALLED_APPS = [  
  
    'polls.apps.PollsConfig',  
  
    'django.contrib.admin',  
  
    'django.contrib.auth',  
  
    'django.contrib.contenttypes',  
  
    'django.contrib.sessions',  
  
    'django.contrib.messages',
```

```
'django.contrib.staticfiles',
```

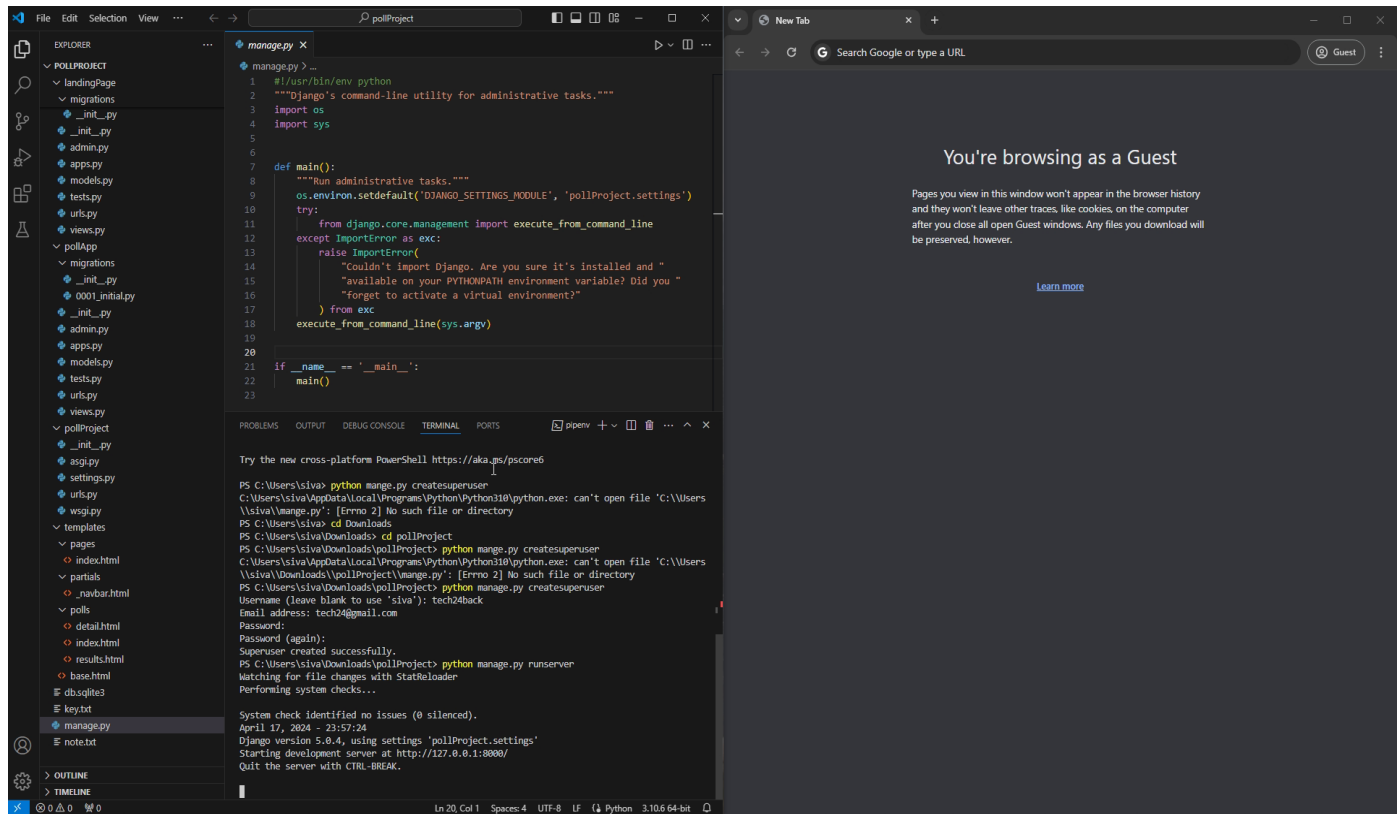
```
]
```

**Step-3:** We have made changes in our database and created some tables but in order to reflect these changes we need to create migration here and then Django application will stores changes to our models. Run the following command given below to create migrations.

```
python manage.py makemigrations polls
```

Inside `polls-migrations` a file **0001\_initial.py** will be created where you can find the database tables which we have created in our `models.py` file. Now to insert all the tables in our database run the command given below...

# python manage.py migrate



## Create an Admin User

**Step-1:** Run the command given below to create a user who can login to the admin site.

python manage.py createsuperuser

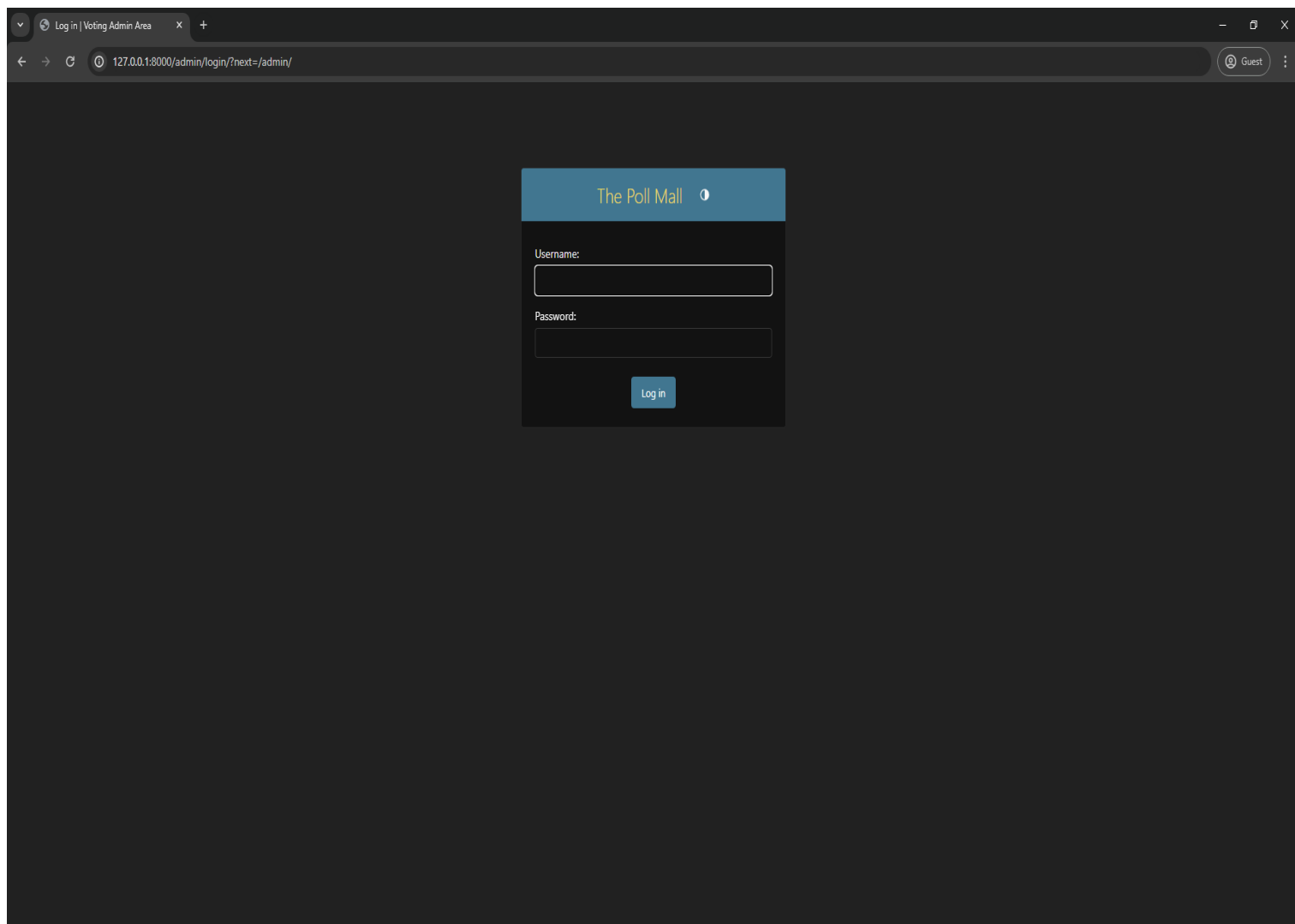
It will prompt username which we need to enter.

Username: geeks123

Now it will prompt an email address which again we need to enter here.

Email address: xyz@example.com

The final step is to enter the password.  
We



The screenshot shows a web browser window with a single tab titled 'Log in | Voting Admin Area'. The address bar displays the URL '127.0.0.1:8000/admin/login/?next=/admin/'. The page content is a dark-themed login form for 'The Poll Mall'. The form includes a header with the site name and a notification icon. Below this, there are two input fields: 'Username:' and 'Password:'. A 'Log in' button is positioned at the bottom of the form.

Log in | Voting Admin Area

127.0.0.1:8000/admin/login/?next=/admin/

Guest

The Poll Mall

Username:

Password:

Log in

need to enter the password twice, the second time as a confirmation of the first.

Password: \*\*\*\*\*

Password (again): \*\*\*\*\*

Superuser created successfully.

Now we can run the server using the same command **python manage.py runserver** and we can check our admin panel browsing the URL **http://127.0.0.1:8000/admin** .

**Step-2:** In the **admin.py** file we will write the code given below to map each question with choices to select. Also, we will write the code to change the site header, site title, and index\_title. Once this is done we can add questions and choices for the question from the admin panel.

# Python3

```
from django.contrib import admin
```

```
# Register your models here.
```

```
from .models import Question, Choice
```

```
# admin.site.register(Question)
```

```
# admin.site.register(Choice)
```

```
admin.site.site_header = "Pollster  
Admin"
```

```
admin.site.site_title = "Pollster Admin  
Area"
```



```
admin.site.index_title = "Welcome to the  
Pollster Admin Area"
```

```
class ChoiceInline(admin.TabularInline):
```

```
    model = Choice
```

```
    extra = 3
```

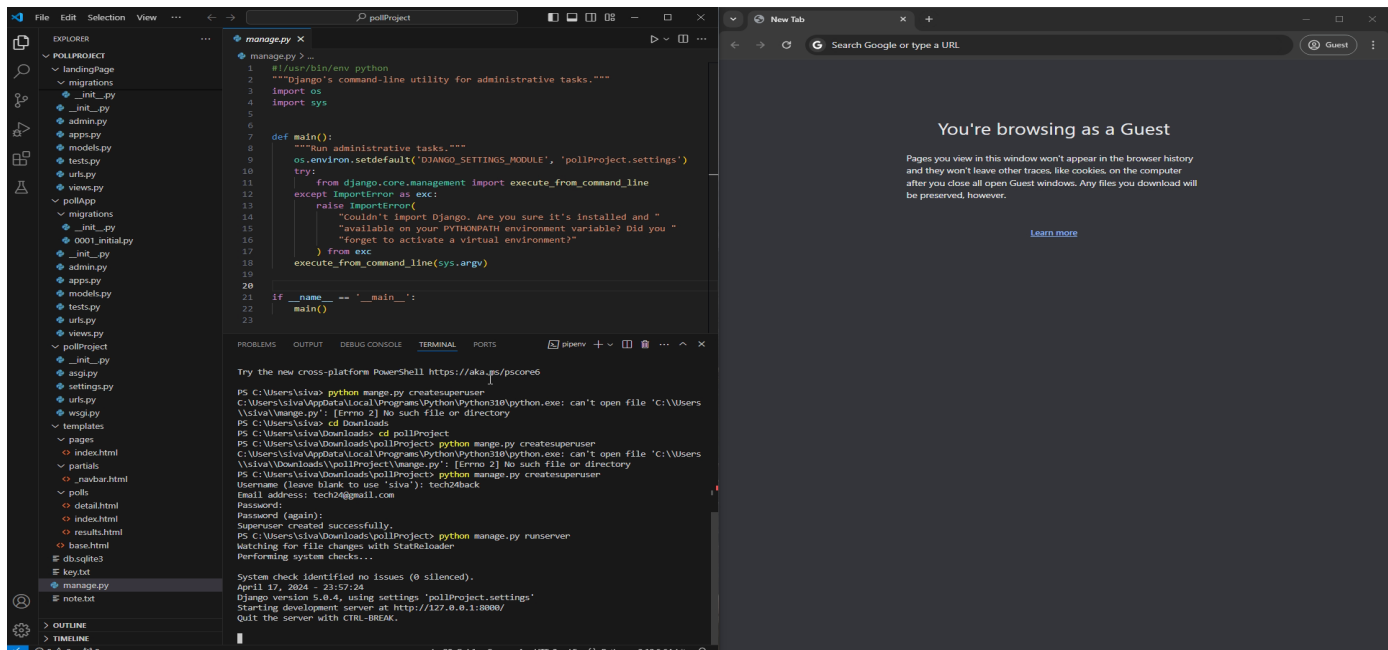
```
class
```

```
QuestionAdmin(admin.ModelAdmin):
```

```
    fieldsets = [(None, {'fields':
```

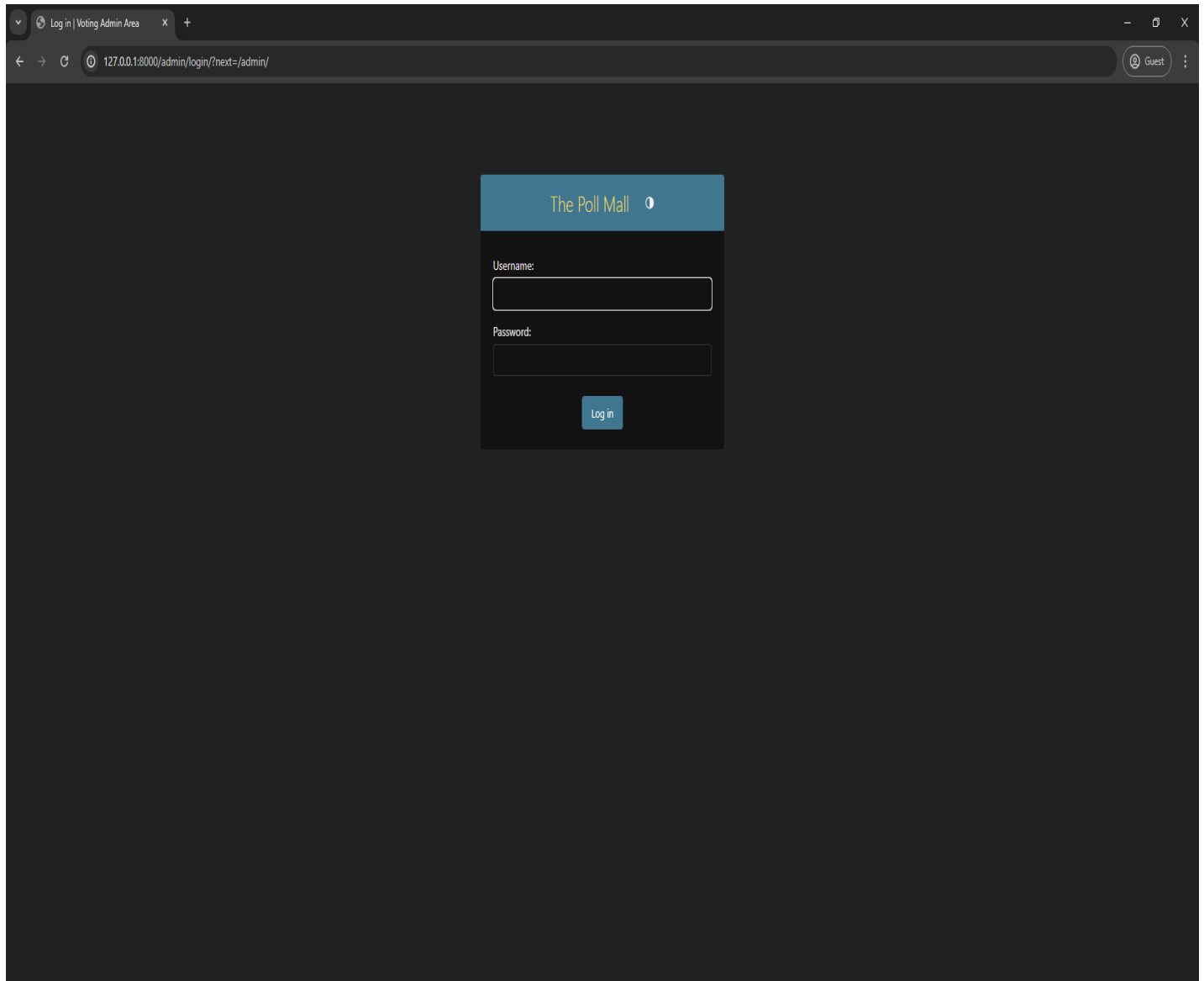
```
['question_text']})), ('Date Information', {  
  
    'fields':          ['pub_date'],          'classes':  
    ['collapse']})), ]  
  
inlines = [ChoiceInLine]
```

admin.site.register(Question,  
QuestionAdmin)



# Create Views

Now we will create the view of our



The screenshot shows a web browser window with a single tab titled "Log in | Voting Admin Area". The address bar displays the URL "127.0.0.1:8000/admin/login/?next=/admin/". The page content is a dark-themed login form for "The Poll Mall". The form includes a header with the site name and a notification icon, followed by "Username:" and "Password:" labels, each with a corresponding text input field. A "Log in" button is positioned at the bottom of the form.

Log in | Voting Admin Area

127.0.0.1:8000/admin/login/?next=/admin/

The Poll Mall

Username:

Password:

Log in

application that will fetch the data from our database and will render the data in the '**template**' (we will create 'template' folder and the files inside this folder in the next section) of our application to display it to the user.

**Step-1** Open **views.py** file and write down the code given below.

Python3

```
from django.template import loader
```

```
from django.http import HttpResponseRedirect,  
HttpResponseRedirect
```

```
from django.shortcuts import  
get_object_or_404, render
```

```
from django.urls import reverse
```

```
from .models import Question, Choice
```

```
# Get questions and display them
```

```
def index(request):
```

```
    latest_question_list =  
    Question.objects.order_by('-  
    pub_date')[:5]
```

```
    context = {'latest_question_list':  
    latest_question_list}
```

```
    return render(request, 'polls /  
index.html', context)
```

# Show specific question and choices

```
def detail(request, question_id):
```

```
    try:
```

```
        question = Question.objects.get(pk  
= question_id)
```

```
    except Question.DoesNotExist:
```

```
        raise Http404("Question does not
```

```
exist")
```

```
    return render(request, 'polls /  
detail.html', {'question': question})
```

```
# Get question and display results
```

```
def results(request, question_id):
```

```
    question =  
    get_object_or_404(Question, pk =  
    question_id)
```

```
    return render(request, 'polls /  
results.html', {'question': question})
```

# Vote for a question choice

```
def vote(request, question_id):
```

```
    # print(request.POST['choice'])
```

```
    question
```

=

```
    get_object_or_404(Question, pk=question_id)
```

=

```
    try:
```

```
        selected_choice
```

=

```
        question.choice_set.get(pk=request.POST['choice'])
```

=



```
except (KeyError,
Choice.DoesNotExist):
```

```
    # Redisplay the question voting
    form.
```

```
    return render(request, 'polls /
detail.html', {
```

```
        'question': question,
```

```
        'error_message': "You didn't
select a choice.",
```

```
    })
```

```
else:
```

```
    selected_choice.votes += 1
```

```
    selected_choice.save()
```

# Always return an

HttpResponseRedirect after successfully dealing

```
# with POST data. This prevents  
data from being posted twice if a
```

```
# user hits the Back button.
```

```
return
```

```
HttpResponseRedirect(reverse('polls:res  
ults', args =(question.id, )))
```

**Step-2:** Create a file **urls.py** inside the pollster-polls folder to define the routing for all the methods we have implemented in views.py file (don't get confused with the file inside the pollster-pollster-urls.py file). Below is the code of urls.py file...

Python3

```
from django.urls import path
```

```
from . import views
```

```
app_name = 'polls'
```

```
urlpatterns = [
```

```
    path("", views.index, name='index'),
```

```
    path('<int:question_id/', views.detail,  
name='detail'),
```

```
    path('<int:question_id/results/',  
views.results, name='results'),
```

```
    path('<int:question_id/vote/',  
views.vote, name='vote'),
```

]

## Create Templates

**Step-1:** Follow the steps given below to create the front layout of the page.

- . Create a folder '**templates**' in top-level pollster folder (alongside of polls and pollster) i.e. pollster-templates.
- . Create '**base.html**' file inside the template folder. We will define the head, body and navigation bar of our application in this file.
- . In the 'templates' folder create another folder '**polls**'. In 'polls' folder create three files '**index.html**', '**results.html**' and '**detail.html**'.

The folder structure will look like the image given below (we have highlighted the files which we have created in 'create views i.e urls.py' and 'create template' section)...

**Step-2:** By default Django will search the 'template' inside the 'polls' app but we have created a global 'template' folder which is outside the polls app. So in order to make it work, we need to define the 'template' folder path inside the settings.py file. Open **settings.py** file and add the code given below in the list 'TEMPLATES'. In order to make the given code work add "**import os**" in settings.py.

Python3

```
TEMPLATES = [
```

```
{
```

```
    # make changes in DIRS[].
```

```
    'BACKEND':
```

```
        'django.template.backends.django.DjangoTemplates',
```

```
        'DIRS':      [os.path.join(BASE_DIR,
        'templates')],
```

```
        'APP_DIRS': True,
```

```
        'OPTIONS': {
```

```
            'context_processors': [
```

```
                'django.template.context_processors.debug',
```

```
                'django.template.context_processors'
            ]
        }
```

```
ors.request',  
  
        'django.contrib.auth.context_pr  
ocessors.auth',  
  
        'django.contrib.messages.cont  
ext_processors.messages',  
  
    ],  
  
    },  
  
    },  
  
]
```

**Step-3:** Open **index.html** file and write the code given below. This file will display the **list of questions** which are stored in our database. Also, two buttons will be displayed to the user. One for



the **voting** (we will create a detail.html file for voting) and the other one is to check the **results** (we will create results.html file for results).

Python3

```
{% extends 'base.html' %}
```

```
{% block content %}
```

```
<h1 class="text-center mb-3">Poll Questions</h1>
```

```
{% if latest_question_list %}
```

```
{% for question in latest_question_list %}
```

```
<div class="card-mb-3">
```

```
<div class="card-body">
```

```
        <p                                class="lead"{{
question.question_text }}</p
```

```
        <a      href="{%      url      'polls:detail'
question.id  %}"  class="btn  btn-primary
btn-sm"Vote Now</a
```

```
        <a      href="{%      url      'polls:results'
question.id  %}"  class="btn  btn-secondary
btn-sm"Results</a
```

```
</div
```

```
</div
```

```
{% endfor %}
```

```
{% else %}
```

```
<pNo polls available</p
```

```
{% endif %}
```

```
{% endblock %}
```

```
<html lang="en"
```

```
    <link                                rel="stylesheet"  
    href="https://stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com  
/bootstrap/4.4.1/css/bootstrap.min.css"
```

```
        integrity="sha384-  
Vkoo8x4CGsO3+Hhxv8T/Q5PaXtkKtu6u  
g5TOeNV6gBiFeWPGFN9MuhOf23Q9Ifj  
h" crossorigin="anonymous"
```

```
<titlePollster {% block title %}{%
endblock %}</title

</head


<!--NavBar--

{% include 'partials/_navbar.html'%}

<div class="container"

    <div class="row"

        <div class=".col-md-6 m-auto"

            {% block content %}{%
endblock%}
```

</div

</div

</div

</body

</html

## Create Landing Page

The URL **http://127.0.0.1:8000/** should display a landing page for our web application. So to create a landing page we will follow the step given below.

**Step-1** Switch to the top-level pollster

folder and run the command given below to create an app '**pages**'.

```
python manage.py startapp pages
```

Below is the folder structure once the 'pages' app will be created.

**Step-2** Open '**views.py**' inside 'pages' folder i.e. pages-views.py. Write down the code given below to visit on landing page.

Python3

```
from django.shortcuts import render
```

```
# Create your views here.
```

```
def index(request):  
  
    return render(request, 'pages /  
index.html')
```

**Step-3** Create **urls.py** file inside the 'pages' folder i.e. pages-urls.py. Write the code given below to define the routing of pages-index.html file (check step-1).

Python3

```
from django.urls import path
```

```
from . import views
```

```
urlpatterns = [  
    path("", views.index, name='index'),  
]
```

**Step-4** Create a folder '**pages**' inside 'template' folder. Now inside 'pages' folder create a file **index.html**. Write down the code given below to display the landing page to the users.

Python3

```
{% extends 'base.html' %}
```

```
{% block content %}
```



```
<div class="card text-center"
```

```
<div class="card-body"
```

```
<h1>Welcome To Pollster!</h1
```

```
<p>This is an Polling Web  
Application built with Django</p
```

```
<a class="btn btn-dark" href="{% url  
'polls:index' %}"
```

```
View Available Polls</a
```

```
</div
```

```
</div
```

```
{% endblock %}
```

# Create routing inside the main `urls.py` file of the application

We have created two apps in our application '**polls**' and '**pages**'. We need to define the routing of these two apps inside the main **`urls.py`** file which is `pollster-pollster-urls.py` file. So open the main **`urls.py`** file inside the pollster folder and write down the code given below to define the routing of these two apps('polls' and 'pages').

Python3

```
from django.contrib import admin
```

```
from django.urls import include, path
```

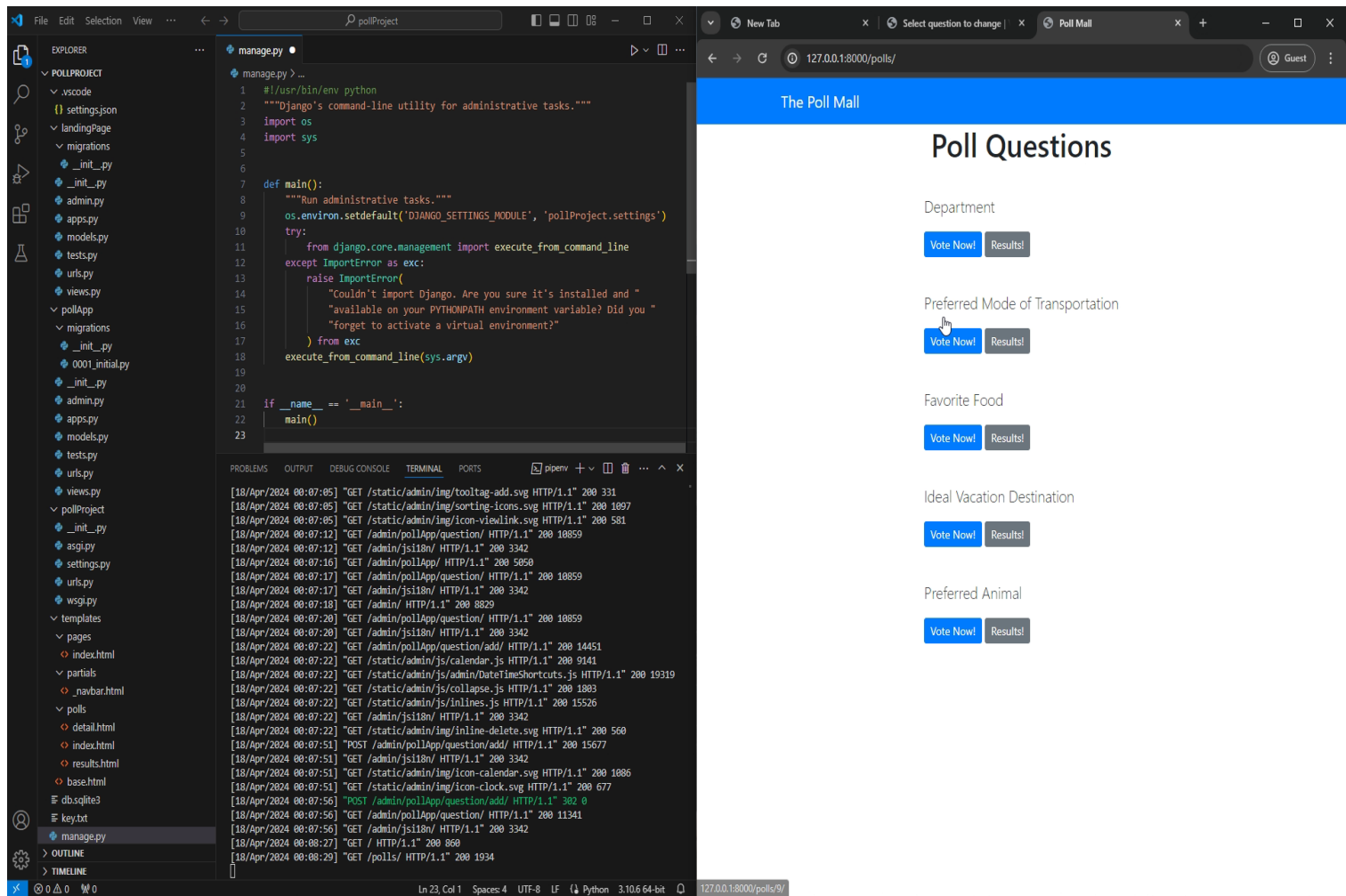
```
urlpatterns = [  
    path("", include('pages.urls')),  
    path('polls/', include('polls.urls')),  
    path('admin/', admin.site.urls),  
]
```

# Testing of the Application

## Admin Frontend

**Step-1** Run the server using the command **python manage.py runserver** and browse the URL **http://127.0.0.1:8000/admin/**. Now enter the

username and password to login into the system.



**Step-2** Click on ‘add’ button next to the ‘Questions’.

**Step-2** Now add question and choices for those questions. Also, mention the date and time and then click on the ‘save’ button. You can add as many

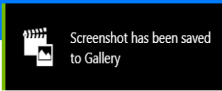
questions as you want. You will see a list of questions added in the database.

## User Frontend

**Step-1:** Browse the URL **`http://127.0.0.1:8000/`** and you will see the landing page of the application. Click on the “View Available Polls”

**Step-2:** You will see list of questions with

# Poll Questions



Who is the biggest ?

Vote Now!

Results!

What is the best JS Framework ?

Vote Now!

Results!

What is your favorite food ?

Vote Now!

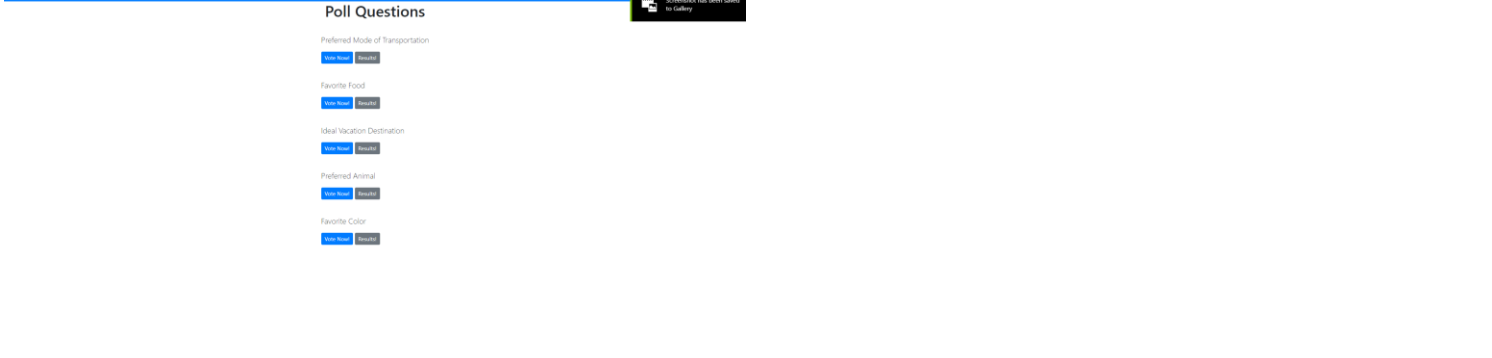
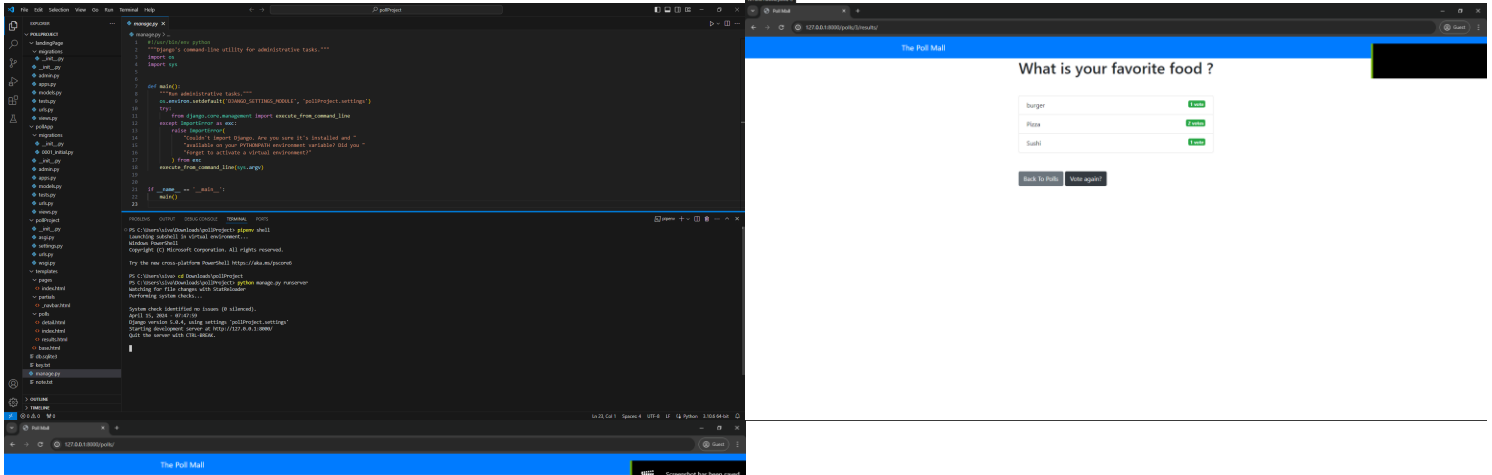
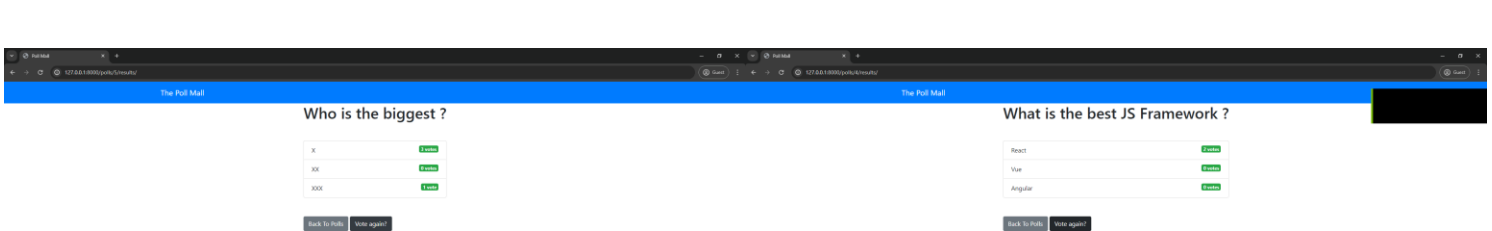
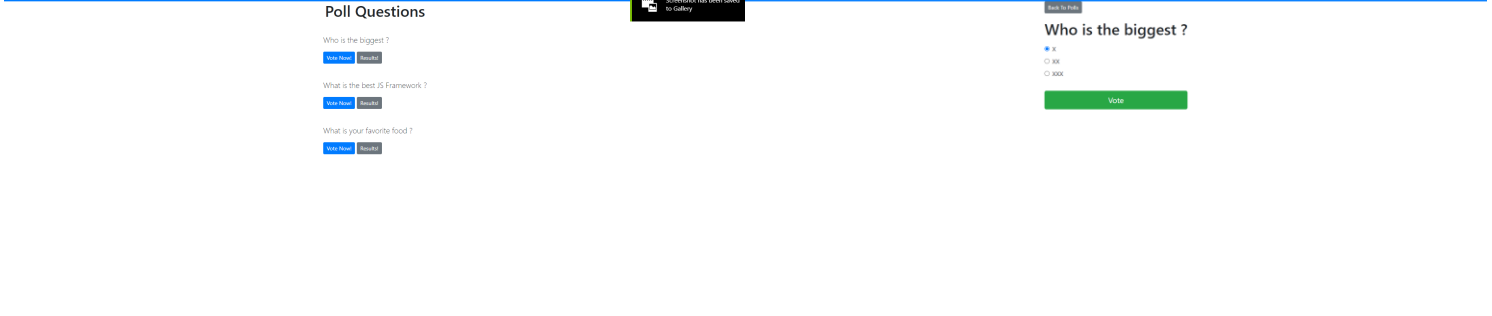
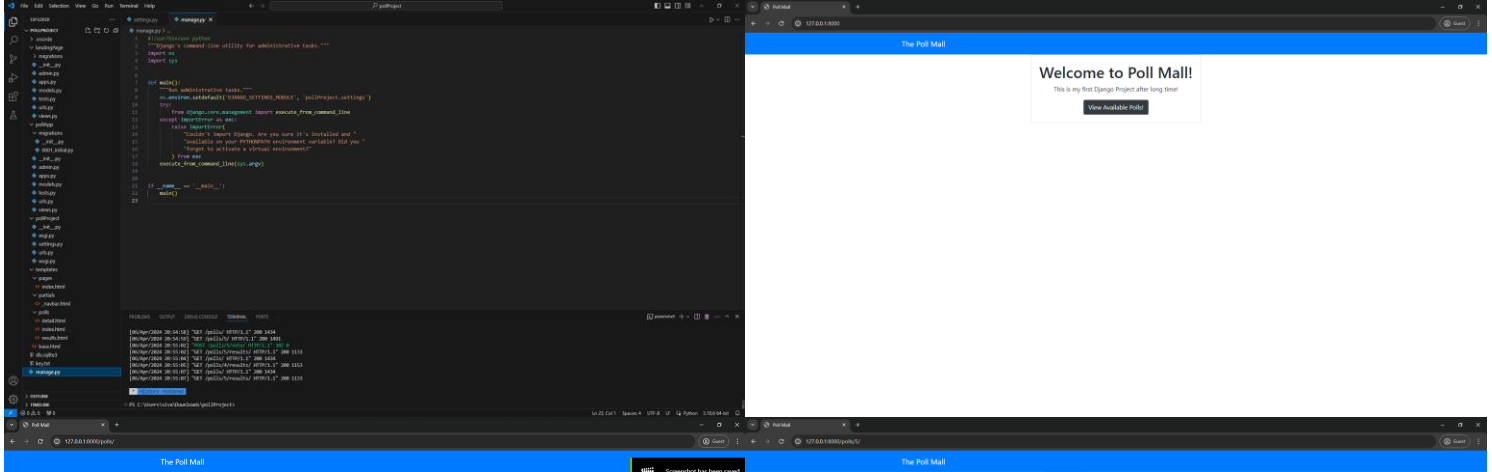
Results!

two options 'Vote Now' and 'Results'. From here you need to select one question and click on the 'Vote Now' button.

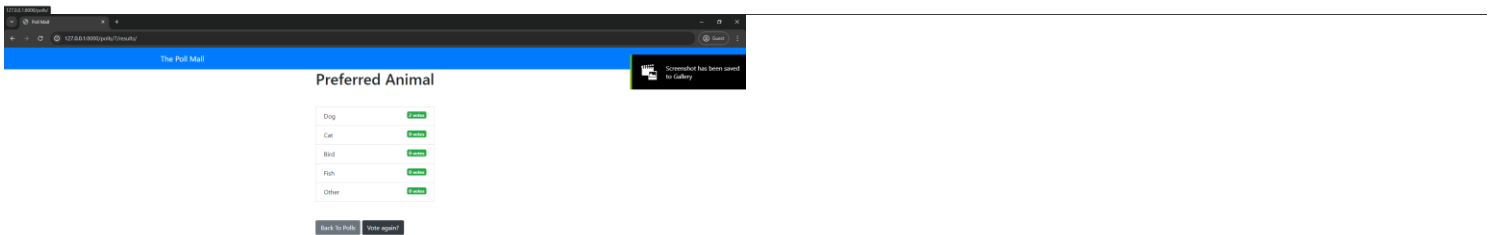
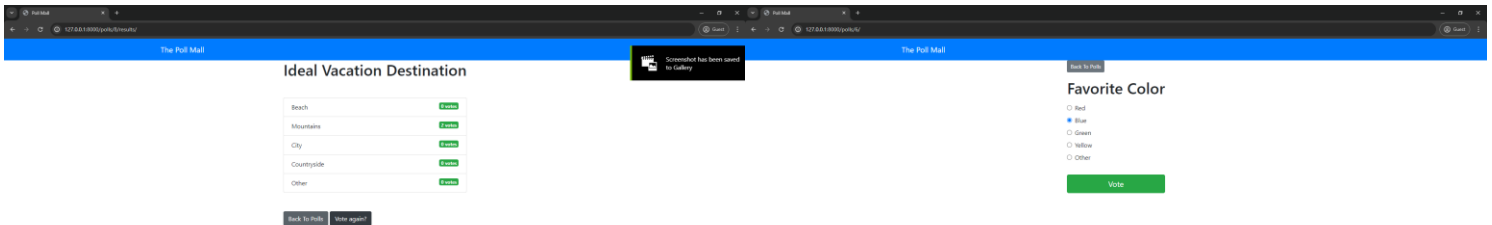
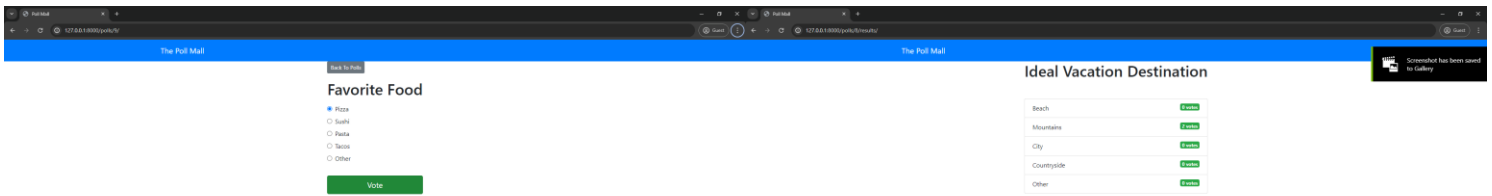
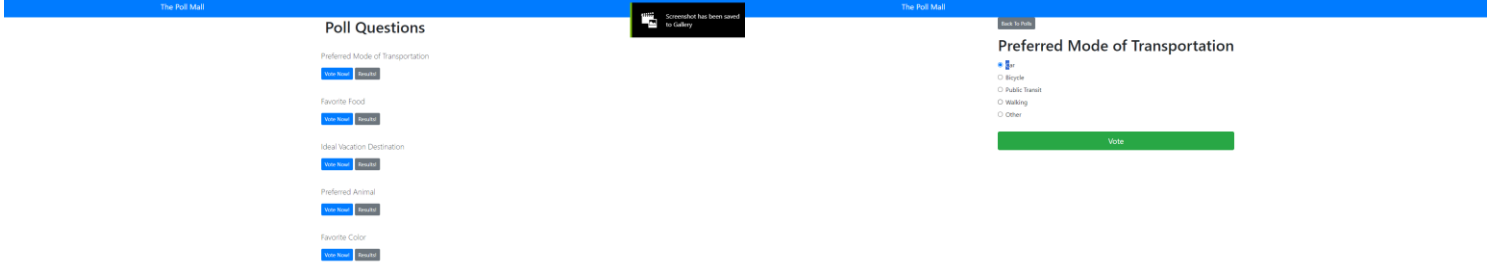
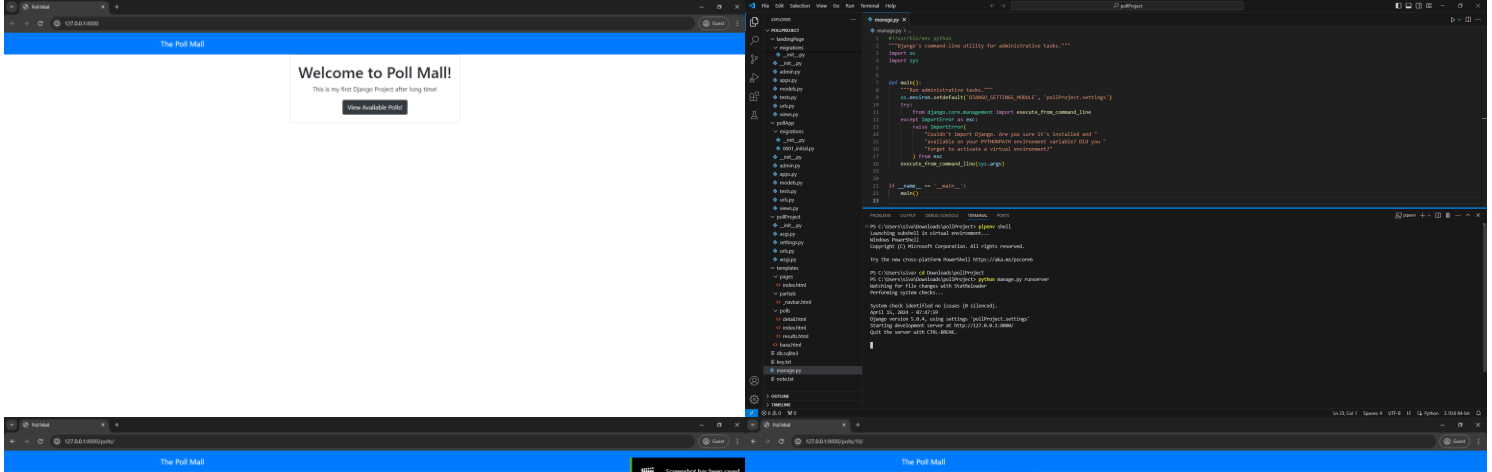
**Step-3:** Once this is done select any one choice and click on 'Vote' button. You can also go to the previous menu using the 'Back to Polls' button on the top.

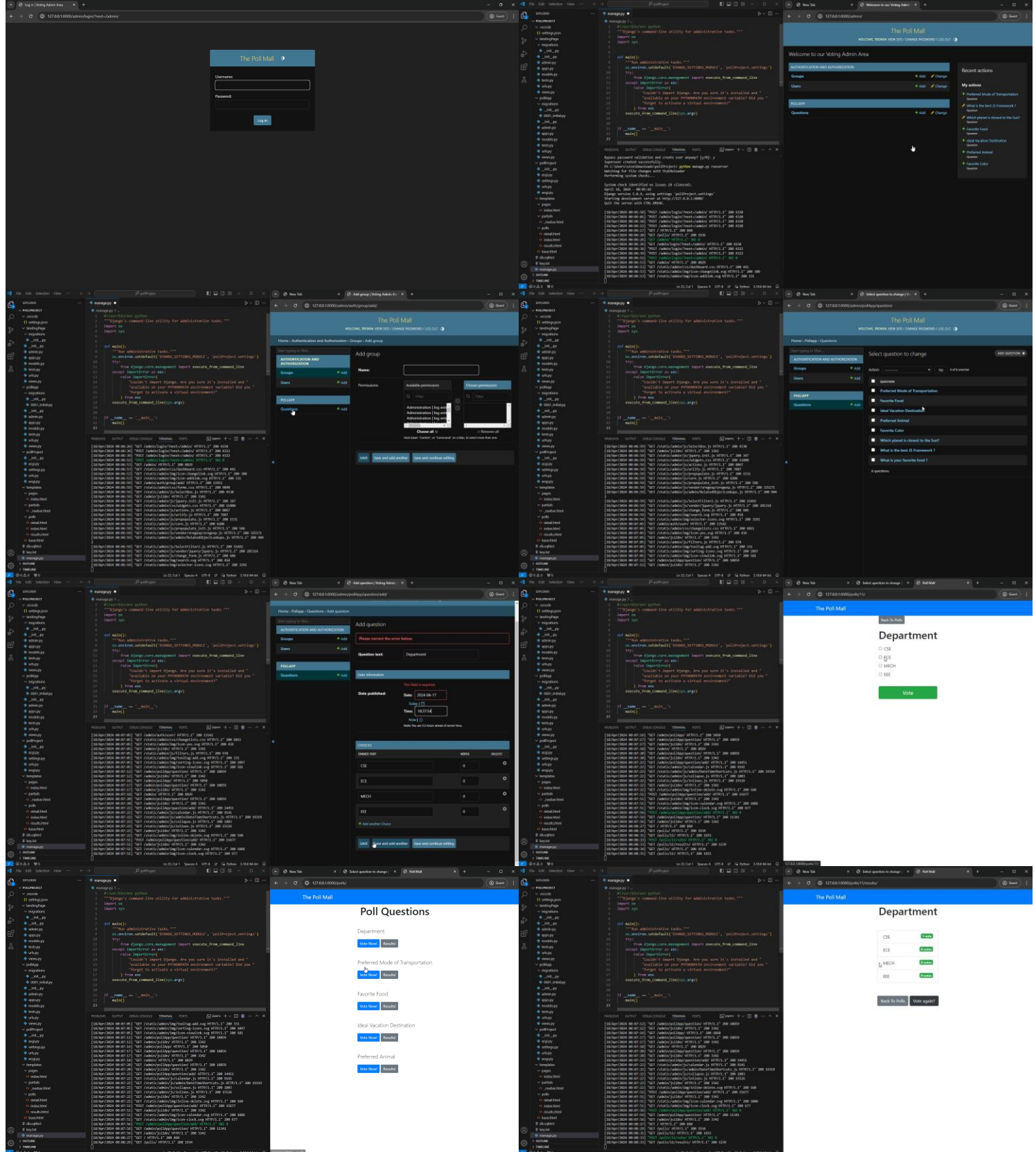
You will see the total voting result for the question you have selected.

You can also check the total votes for any question using the option 'Results' from the 'Poll Questions' page.









## Conclusion:

A voting application built with the Django framework could be a dynamic platform for conducting polls, surveys, or elections online. Users could register, create, and participate in various voting events. Features might include user authentication, multiple-choice or ranked voting options, real-time result tracking, and admin controls for managing polls and user data. Django's built-in security measures and flexibility make it well-suited for ensuring the integrity and reliability of such applications.