

Objects, Constructors and Error Handling



LESSON OBJECTIVES

Understand and implement objects

Implement Constructor functions

Understand and Implement error handling

Objects(Object Literal)

- An object in JavaScript (and many other languages), is like a real life object.
- Properties of an object
- Key Value pairs
- Accessing properties within objects
- Object methods(see code example after)

Syntax

```
let objectName = {
    property1: 'value',
    property2: 'value',
    property3: 'value'
}
```

Example

```
let person ={
   name:'Matthew',
   surname:'Brown',
   hairType:'curly'
}
```



















Factory and Constructor functions

- In order to prevent writing duplicate code for objects,
 we use factory or constructor functions.
- These functions create and return an object to us.
- We will be looking at factory functions first.



Factory Functions

- Returns an object
- Camelcase
- adding methods(see code example after)

function person(name,last,age,eye) { return{ name:name, last:last, age:age, eye:eye }

Example

```
let p = person('John','Adams',40,'blue')
```

Constructor Functions

- A constructor is a special function that creates and initializes an object instance of a class.
- Pascalcase
- 'this' keyword
- Key Value pairs
- adding methods constructors

Syntax

```
function Person(first, last, age, eye) {
   this.firstName = first;
   this.lastName = last;
   this.age = age;
   this.eyeColor = eye;
}
```

```
Example to create an object

let person1 = new Person('John','Adams','40','blue')
```

Error Handling

- Try and Catch
- Finally
- throw new Error(custom message)

```
try{
    // type code here
} catch(error){
    // handle error
} finally{
    // code will alwaysrun regardless
}
if(condition){
    throw new Error('Error message')
}
```

