CS 349 User Interfaces

Byron Weber Becker Spring 2009

Slides mostly by Michael Terry



Welcome!

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User Interfaces

How much of an interactive application's source code is dedicated to user interface concerns?



User Interfaces

 Significant portion of code in an interactive application dedicated to user interface and interaction



User Interfaces

- What is a user interface?
- What isn't a user interface?



Definition: User Interface

 A user interface is the method by which an individual communicates intention to an artifact, and the artifact responds to that action.



Interfaces

- A jet fighter? (Avro Arrow, next slide)
- Does a microwave have an interface?
- A refrigerator?
- A hammer?







Interface vs. Interaction

- What is the difference between an interface and interaction?
- In common usage, interface refers to the external presentation to the user
 - Controls (what you can manipulate to communicate intent)
 - Visual, physical, auditory presentation (what the program uses to communicate its response)
- Interaction is used to connote behavior: The actions the user must invoke to perform a task and the corresponding responses
 - Interaction is action
 - Unfolds over time



Interface / Interaction Design

- What makes a good interface?
- What is the best interface you have ever used?
 - What makes it so good?
- Why is interaction design so hard?



Interaction Design

- Challenging because of variability in users and tasks
 - Varying levels of expertise
 - Range of tasks performed with the same tool
 - Example: Excel
- No one right way to design an interface, interfaces can always be improved



Empowering Users

- Well designed interfaces empower users to do things they couldn't otherwise do
 - Desktop publishing, grassroots journalism (blogs), movie production, music production, image editing, assistive technologies...



Empowering Users 2

- A well designed tool can literally change the world
 - The web browser, Linux, original Napster, the spreadsheet, email, instant messaging...
- This class will help you on your path to changing the world through computation



Course Goals

- Primary focus is on how to *construct* user interfaces
 - Provide foundation for you to be able to build highly interactive, usable applications
 - Expose you to underlying architecture of modern GUI toolkits
 - Teach a set of strategies applicable across a range of interface problem types
- Give basic exposure to design process. How to design interfaces is covered in CS489 (offered in the Fall and perhaps Winter)



Course Topics

- History, basic parts of user interface
- Output and input devices
- Windowing systems
- **Event handling**
- User interface software architectures
- Design patterns
- Undo
- **Custom components**
- Constraints and layout managers
- Design process
- Visual design
- Timers and threading in interface design...

See the syllabus on the web site!



Assignments

- Assignments meant to provide meaningful, engaging experiences in constructing interfaces...
- ...while giving you the opportunity to create applications you will want to share with others
- Lots of room for creativity in assignments
- Assignments require *significant* time coding
 - Do not underestimate the time it takes to code interactive applications that are intuitive and easy-to-use



Course Marking

- 4 assignments, 40% of mark
 - 1 bonus assignment worth up to 3% of your course grade.
 - Assignments are important. Failing the assignments will be grounds for failing the course.
- 2 midterms, 20% of mark
 - In class, Friday, May 29
 - In class, Friday, July 3
- 1 final, 40% of mark



Course Policies / Info

- Course website:
 - http://www.student.cs.uwaterloo.ca/~cs349/s09/
- No late assignments accepted
 - Do not email assignments to instructor/TAs. They will be deleted
- Assignments must all compile and execute in undergraduate environment or a (provided) virtual machine
- About newsgroups...



Course Wiki

- A wiki for CS349 has been set up at http://crackle.cs.uwaterloo.ca/cs349-s09/
- To create an account:
 - Click the "Special:SpecialPages" link in the Accounts section
 - Log in using...
 - On the Special Pages page, click the "Log in / Create Account" link
 - Do the obvious stuff...
- Help each other... Keep the thing organized... Use the "Recent changes" page
- I have a family and a life outside of working hours...



Course Textbook

- Dan Olsen's Developing User Interfaces
- Course notes by Bill Cowan are available in Pixel **Planet**



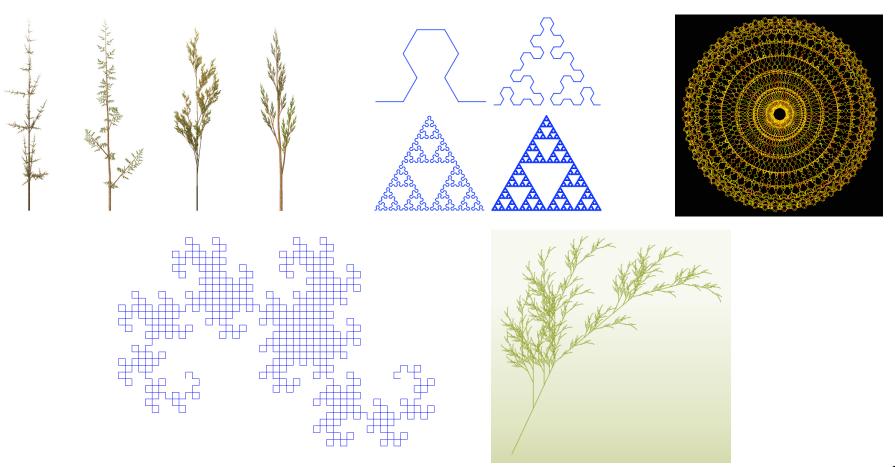
Responsibilities

- Mine...
- Yours...



Assignment 1

L-Systems/iterated systems interactive viewer



^{*} All images from Wikipedia. Your viewer will be black and white. We will provide algorithms to generate the systems.

Preparing for First Assignment

- X Windows assignment
- You will implement a rudimentary widget toolkit, from scratch, using X lib, in C++
- We will provide:
 - Example code, including a basic test harness
 - A virtual machine with Ubuntu and tools/X installed if your prefer to work on your own machine
- You will need to flesh out code, maintaining basic API
 - No guarantees the code is complete or bug free



Virtual Machine

- VMWare image
 - 2GB download
 - 4GB uncompressed, virtual disk can grow to 10GB, max
- For the adventurous only (although it was successful last term)
 - Otherwise, simply use undergrad environment as normal
- Your machine should have at least 1GB of RAM
- Drag and drop possible (tested on Windows and Mac), as is networking
- If you use the VM, note this fact and we will test it on the VM. Otherwise, it will be tested in the student environment.



Getting Started

- Decide on your development environment (UW machines, VM, your own). Get things set up.
- Get the provided code to compile. You will need to complete several classes first.
- Get an XWindow to show up when the program runs. This isn't hard, but you'll need to remember a couple of things from the X lecture (coming up).
- A Clock class is provided. Get it to show up in the window and update itself periodically to keep time.
- Display an L-System. Update it based on a Timer.
- You are now in a position to sit back and reflect on the rest of the job. Make a detailed list of what you need to Waterloo do. Then do it!

Think Aloud: Instructing Subject

- Ask participant to say whatever comes to mind as they use the application
- Indicate that anything that may be confusing is not their fault, but the fault of the application's design
 - You want them to feel comfortable criticizing the application
 - Shift blame from internal to external attribution (participant to designer)
- Be prepared to prompt subject to remind them to continue thinking aloud
 - "What are you thinking about now?"



Think Aloud Demo...

- Application: Keynote
- Task: Create two slides with animation in text and fancy slide transitions

