# CS 798 – Winter 2014 Assignment 2

Due: February 26, 2014

### Problem 1

You are given a fair die and a biased die. Let X be a random variable representing the value shown face up when a die is rolled. For the fair die, P(X=i) = 1/6, i = 1, 2, ..., 6; and for the biased die, P(X=1) = 3/4 and P(X=i) = 1/20, i = 2, 3, ..., 6. You have no way of telling which die is biased. Suppose you select a die at random and upon rolling it, you get a "5", what is the probability that you have selected the biased die?

#### Problem 2

Let X be a random variable representing the number of times a coin is tossed until for the first time the same result appears twice in succession. It is assumed that the tosses are independent of each other, and for each toss, P(head) = p and P(tail) = q = 1 - p.

- (a) Give an expression for P(X = 6).
- (b) For the special case p = q = 0.5, find the probability mass function of X.

## Problem 3

X and Y are exponentially distributed random variables with parameters  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$ , respectively. Suppose X and Y are independent. Derive an expression for P(X > Y).

## Problem 4

Let m and  $\sigma^2$  be, respectively, the mean and variance of a random variable X. Express  $E[(X-b)^2]$  as a function of b, m, and  $\sigma^2$ .

### Problem 5

Suppose  $Y = X_1 + X_2$  where  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are independent random variables.  $X_1$  has Poisson distribution with parameter  $\lambda_1$  and  $\lambda_2$  has Poisson distribution with parameter  $\lambda_2$ .

- (a) Show that Y also has Poisson distribution, with parameter  $\lambda_1 + \lambda_2$ .
- (b) Using the results in (a), show that the conditional distribution  $P(X_1 = k \mid Y = n)$  is Binomial.

#### Problem 6

X and Y are continuous random variables, both uniformly distributed between 0 and L. Suppose X and Y are independent. Let D = |X - Y|. Derive an expression for E[D].

## Problem 7

Suppose  $Y = X_1 + X_2, ... + X_N$  where  $X_1, X_2, ..., X_N$  are independent and identically distributed random variables with mean E[X] and variance var(X). N, the number of  $X_i$ 's in the sum, is also a random variable; the mean and variance of N are E[N] and var(N), respectively. Derive analytic expressions for E[Y] and var(Y).

# Problem 8

Suppose  $X_1, X_2, ..., X_n$  are independent random variables.

- (a) Let  $T = \max(X_1, X_2, ..., X_n)$ . Express  $F_T(x)$  as a function of  $F_{Xi}(x)$ , i = 1, 2, ..., n. [Hint: Interpret  $P(T \le x)$ .]
- (b) Let  $T = \min(X_1, X_2, ..., X_n)$ . Express  $F_T(x)$  as a function of  $F_{X_i}(x)$ , i = 1, 2, ..., n. [Hint: Interpret P(T > x).] Show further that if each of the  $X_i$ 's has exponential distribution, T is also exponential.