Implementing the Factory & Proxy patterns to replace applicationContext.xml & @Before Advice respectively

Consider that a bank offers multiple accounts. You must be able to create SavingAccount & CurrentAccount customers. Whenever an operation is performed on a Saving Account, record a specific log message as a pre-step before the actual operation execution.

- 1. Create a JAVA Project
- 2. Create a component:

Following is the Account.java file:

```
package com.demo.account;

public interface Account {
    String getTotalBenefits();
}
```

3. Create concrete components classes:

Following is the SavingAccount.java file:

```
package com.demo.account;

public class SavingAccount implements Account {
    @Override
    public String getTotalBenefits() {
        return "This account has 4% interest rate with per day $5000 withdrawal limit";
    }
}
```

4. Let's create another concrete class for Account component: Following is the CurrentAccount.java file:

```
package com.demo.account;

public class CurrentAccount implements Account {
    @Override
    public String getTotalBenefits() {
        return "There is no withdrawal limit for current account";
    }
}
```

5. Let's create a Factory class to obtain a specific bean object (SavingAccount / CurrentAccount) depending on user's request.

Please note that we are using a Proxy class for SavingAccount SavingAccountProxy to perform additional operation of logging on SavingAccount operation.

Following is the AccountFactory.java file:

```
package com.demo.factory;
import com.demo.account.Account;
import com.demo.account.CurrentAccount;
import com.demo.account.SavingAccount;
import com.demo.proxy.SavingAccountProxy;

public class AccountFactory {

    public Account getBean(String beanType) {
        if(beanType.equals("savings"))
            return new SavingAccountProxy();
        else if(beanType.equals("current"))
            return new CurrentAccount();

    return null;
}
```

6. Let's create an Aspect class which is supposed to be logging a logger message.

Following is the LoggingAspect.java file:

```
package com.demo.aspect;

public class LoggingAspect {
    public void loggingAdvice() {
        System.out.println("Logging from the Advice");
    }
}
```

7. Let's create a Proxy class for SavingAccount so that it can perform additional operations apart from traditional methods of business logic.

Note that it is invoking loggingAdvice() before the invocation of super class business method.

Following is the **SavingAccountProxy.java** file:

```
package com.demo.proxy;
import com.demo.account.SavingAccount;
import com.demo.aspect.LoggingAspect;

public class SavingAccountProxy extends SavingAccount {
    public String getTotalBenefits() {
        new LoggingAspect().loggingAdvice();
        return super.getTotalBenefits();
    }
}
```

8. Let's now write some test code to see how the Factory & Proxy pattens are working together:

Following is the App.java file:

```
package com.demo.main;
import com.demo.account.SavingAccount;
import com.demo.factory.AccountFactory;

public class App {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
            // TODO Auto-generated method stub
            AccountFactory accountFactory = new AccountFactory();
            SavingAccount savingAccount = (SavingAccount)
accountFactory.getBean("savings");
            System.out.println(savingAccount.getTotalBenefits());
        }
}
```

9. Let's run this demo class and see the following output at the console:

```
Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Console X

<terminated> App (1) [Java Application] /Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachines/jdk1.8.0_201.jdk/Contents/Home/bin/java (Oct 19, 2019, 8:52:15 PM)

Logging from the Advice
This account has 4% interest rate with per day $5000 withdrawal limit
```