

# **TMA4140 - Homework Set 2**

## Basic structures: Sets, Functions, Sequences and Sums

### **RETTES**

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## 1 Chapter 2.1 - Sets

### 1.1 Exercise 5

Determine whether each of these pairs are equal.

a)  $\{1, 3, 3, 3, 5, 5, 5, 5\}, \{5, 3, 1\} \Rightarrow \text{True}.$

b)  $\{\{1\}\}, \{1, \{1\}\} \Rightarrow \text{False}.$

c)  $\emptyset, \{\emptyset\} \Rightarrow \text{False}$

### 1.2 TODO: Exercise 24

Determine whether each of these sets is the power set of a set, where  $a$  and  $b$  are distinct elements.

a)  $\emptyset$

b)  $\{\emptyset, \{a\}\}$

c)  $\{\emptyset, \{a\}, \{\emptyset, a\}\}$

d)  $\{\emptyset, \{a\}, \{b\}, \{a, b\}\}$

## 2 Chapter 2.2 - Set Operations

### 2.1 TODO: Exercise 18c

Let A, B and C be sets. Show that:  $A \cap B \subseteq (A \cup B \cup C)$

$$A \cap B \subseteq (A \cup B \cup C) \quad (1)$$

### 2.2 TODO: Exercise 18d

Let A, B and C be sets. Show that:  $(A - B) - C \subseteq A - C$

$$(A - B) - C \subseteq A - C \quad (2)$$

### 2.3 TODO: Exercise 46

Show that if A, B, and C are sets, then: <sup>1</sup>

$$|A \cup B \cup C| = |A| + |B| + |C| - |A \cap B| - |A \cap C| - |B \cap C| + |A \cap B \cap C| \quad (3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} |A \cup B \cup C| &= |A| + |B| + |C| - |A \cap B| - |A \cap C| - |B \cap C| + |A \cap B \cap C| \\ |A \cup B \cup C| &= |A \cup B \cup C| \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

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<sup>1</sup>This is a special case of the inclusion-exclusion principle, which will be studied in Chapter 8.

### 3 Chapter 2.3 - Functions

#### 3.1 TODO: Exercise 12c

Determine whether each of these functions from  $Z$  to  $Z$  is one-to-one.

$$f(n) = n^3 \tag{5}$$

#### 3.2 TODO: Exercise 38

Let  $f(x) = ax + b$  and  $g(x) = cx + d$ , where  $a, b, c$ , and  $d$  are constants. Determine necessary and sufficient conditions on the constants  $a, b, c$ , and  $d$  so that  $f \cdot g = g \cdot f$ .

#### 3.3 TODO: Exercise 42

Let  $f$  be the function from  $R$  to  $R$  defined by  $f(x) = x^2$ . Find:

- a)  $f^{-1}(\{1\})$
- b)  $f^{-1}(\{x \mid 0 < x < 1\})$
- c)  $f^{-1}(\{x \mid x > 4\})$

## 4 Chapter 2.4 - Sequences and Summations

### 4.1 TODO: Exercise 12c

Show that the sequence  $a_n$  is a solution of the recurrence relation  $a_n = -3a_{n-1} + 4a_{n-2}$  if  $a_n = (-4)^n$

$$a_n = -3a_{n-1} + 4a_{n-2} = (-4)^n \quad (6)$$

### 4.2 Exercise 33d

Compute the double sum

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i=0}^2 \sum_{j=1}^3 ij &= (0 * 1 + 0 * 2 + 0 * 3) + (1 * 1 + 1 * 2 + 1 * 3) + (2 * 1 + 2 * 2 + 2 * 3) \\ &= (0 + 0 + 0) + (1 + 2 + 3) + (2 + 4 + 6) \\ &= 0 + 6 + 12 \\ &= 18 \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

## 5 Chapter 2.5 - Cardinality of Sets

### 5.1 TODO: Exercise 16

*Exercise:* Show that a subset of a countable set is also countable.

*Answer:* A set is countable if it is finite or is the same size as  $N$ . To show that  $A$  is countable, it is sufficient to show that there is an injection from  $A$  to  $N$ .