

Beyond Type Checking

Building Bulletproof TypeScript Applications



DevWorld Conference 2025

Today's Journey



The Problem

Compile-time type safety



The Solution

Runtime validation



Implementation

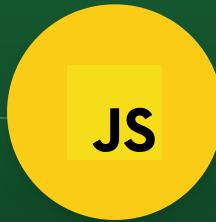
Real-world examples



Live Demo

End-to-end validation

JS Type Safety Journey



JavaScript's
"Trust Me" Era



TypeScript
Compile-Time Safety



Runtime
Safety Gap

From Blind Faith to Bulletproof Validation

Building Trust Through Runtime Validation

Learn how to protect your TypeScript applications from runtime type errors

The Trust Boundary

TS Trust Boundary

⌚
TypeScript
Application
(Frontend /
Backend)

❗
API /
3rd Party API

Session /
Local
Storage

❓
Path \ Query
Params

⚙️
ENV Vars

⚙️
File System

⚙️
Form Data

```
// JavaScript's "Trust Me" Era
const user = {
  id: '123',
  name: 'Alice'
} // Let's hope this is a user
```

Real-World Impact

Common Pain Points

- ✗ Type coercion errors in API responses
- ✗ Unexpected null/undefined values
- ✗ Invalid enum values from external systems
- ✗ Unable to access data due to security restrictions
- ✗ Cross-site scripting (XSS) from unvalidated data

The Cost

- 💸 Data-related bugs are costly
- ⌚ Significant debugging time
- 😡 User experience degradation
- 🔒 Potential security risks

```
// Example: API Response Validation
interface User {
  id: string;
  email: string;
  createdAt: Date;
  role: 'ADMIN' | 'USER';
  preferences: { theme: 'light' | 'dark' };
}

// What we receive from API
const apiResponse = {
  id: '123', // ✅
  email: 'not-valid', // ✗ Invalid format
  createdAt: '2024-13-45', // ✗ Invalid date
  role: 'admin', // ✗ Wrong case
  preferences: { theme: 'blue' } // ✗ Invalid theme
} as User // ✗ Type assertion!

// Runtime errors
apiResponse.email.includes('@') // ✳ Invalid email
new Date(apiResponse.createdAt) // ✳ Invalid date
apiResponse.role === 'ADMIN' // ✳ Case mismatch
```

The Runtime Validation Gap

```
// Real-world example
interface LoanStatusResponse {
  id: string
  loanStatus: {
    amount: number
    currency: 'USD' | 'EUR'
    status: 'pending' | 'approved' | 'rejected'
    interestRate: number
  }
  total: number
  createdAt: Date
}
```

What's Out There?

Schema Validation Libraries



Joi



Valibot

Yup



Zod

AT Arktype



INTRODUCING

Standard Schema

A common interface for TypeScript validation libraries

Go to repo

Standard Schema is a common interface designed to be implemented by JavaScript and TypeScript schema libraries.

The goal is to make it easier for ecosystem tools to accept user-defined type validators, without needing to write custom logic or adapters for each supported library. And since Standard Schema is a specification, they can do so with no additional runtime dependencies.
Integrate once. Validate anywhere.

Why Choose a library that supports Standard Schema?

Backed by Zod, Valibot, ArkType

Growing ecosystem adoption

Industry standardization

Shared best practices

Schema Validation: Why Zod?

- **Popular Choice:** Most widely adopted in the TypeScript ecosystem
- **Type Safety:** Seamless TypeScript integration
- **Developer Experience:** Intuitive API and excellent documentation
- **Performance:** Optimized for runtime validation
- **Ecosystem:** Rich set of utilities and community support

Schema Fundamentals



```
type Product = {  
  id: string  
  price: number  
  variants: {  
    size: "S" | "M" | "L"  
  }[]  
}
```

```
// Runtime Validation - No thrown error  
const result = ProductSchema.safeParse(data)  
if (result.success) {  
  // Success  
  console.log(result.data) // type Product  
}  
else {  
  // Detailed error reporting  
  console.log(result.error.format())  
}
```

```
// Runtime Validation - Throws error  
try {  
  const result = ProductSchema.parse(data) // ✗ Error  
  console.log(result) // type Product  
}  
catch (error) {  
  console.error(error)  
}
```

Schema Validation in Practice 🔧

```
// Environment Variables
const envSchema = z.object({
  DATABASE_URL: z.string().url(),
  PORT: z.number().min(1024).max(65535),
  NODE_ENV: z.enum([
    'development', 'production', 'test'
  ])
})
envSchema.parse(process.env)
```

```
// Query Parameters
const querySchema = z.object({
  page: z.number().min(1).default(1),
  limit: z.number().min(1).max(100).default(10),
  search: z.string().optional()
})
querySchema.parse(req.query)
```

```
// Form Validation with Veevalidate
const userSchema = z.object({
  username: z.string().min(3),
  email: z.string().email(),
  password: z.string().min(8)
})
const form = useForm({
  validationSchema: toTypedSchema(userSchema)
})
```

```
// API Response Validation
const apiSchema = z.object({
  data: z.array(z.object({
    id: z.string(),
    name: z.string(),
  })),
  meta: z.object({
    page: z.number(),
    total: z.number()
  })
})
const response = await fetch('/api/data')
const data = apiSchema.parse(await response.json())
```

Ecosystem Integration



API Validation

Seamless integration with frameworks like Express, Fastify, Nitro to validate incoming requests.

Frontend Safety

Type-safe forms with React Hook Form, FormKit, Veevalidate, Shadcn, etc.

Single Source of Truth

Zod schemas can be used in the frontend, backend, and generated from your database schema.

Type-safe API Clients

Auto-generate type-safe clients for your API with Zod.

Generate Mocks from Schemas

Generate realistic mock data for testing and development.

AI Data Generation

Use schemas to generate structured data with AI.

Tooling Support



API Frameworks

- H3
- tRPC
- oRPC
- express-zod-api
- Nitro
- Hono
- GQLoom

Form Libraries

- TanStack Form
- Veevalidate
- Regle
- React Hook Form
- Formwerk
- Superforms

UI Frameworks

- qwik** Qwik
- Nuxt UI
- Mage
- Shadcn
- renoun

HTTP Clients

- upfetch
- rest-client
- better-fetch
- make-service

Utilities

- T3 Env
- UploadThing
- cachified
- OpenAuth

Routing

- TanStack Router
- call-api

Live Demo 🚀

End-to-End Type Safety

Scan QR for demo repo



Nuxt



Nitro



Zod

Gemini

Vercel AI
with Browser
basedGemini



API Validation

Request/Response safety

Frontend Safety

Form & API client types

Schema Generation

Generate Data using Schema and AI

Developer Workflows



Schema-First Development

```
// 1. Define Schema
const todoSchema = z.object({
  title: z.string(),
  completed: z.boolean()
})

const updateTodoSchema = todoSchema.extend({
  title: z.string().min(1).max(100),
})

// 2. Generate Types
type Todo = z.infer<typeof TodoSchema>
type UpdateTodo = z.infer<typeof UpdateTodoSchema>
```

Implement Features

```
// 3. Implement Features
const getTodo = (id: string) => {
  const todo = db.getTodo(id)
  return todoSchema.parse(todo)
}

const updateTodo = (id: string, data: UpdateTodo) => {
  const updatedTodo = db.updateTodo(id, data)
  return updateTodoSchema.parse(updatedTodo)
}
```

Key Benefits



Fewer Production Bugs

Runtime validation catches issues pre-deployment



Faster Debugging

Detailed error paths & validation messages



DevEx Improvement

Autocomplete & type safety across boundaries



Schema Parity

Single source of truth across all layers

Joseph Anson

Senior Web Consultant at Passionate People
TypeScript Expert & Developer Experience
Advocate

 josephanson.com

 [josephanson](https://github.com/josephanson)



Thank You!

Let's Build Safer Systems Together

[□ josephanson.com](http://josephanson.com) |  [@josephanson](https://twitter.com/josephanson)

Slides & Resources:
josephanson.com/talks/beyond-type-checking

