# An Introduction To Interactive Programing In Python (Part 1)

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Quiz 1b – Logic and conditionals

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## Question 1

An if statement can have how many elif parts?

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
✓ Unlimited, i.e., 0 or more	Correct	10.00	Correct.
1			
1			
0			
Total		10.00 / 10.00	

Consider the Boolean expression not (p or not q). Give the four following values in order, separated only by spaces:

- the value of the expression when p is True, and q is True,
- the value of the expression when p is True, and q is False,
- the value of the expression when p is False, and q is True,
- the value of the expression when p is False, and q is False,

Remember, each of the four results you provide should be True or False with the proper capitalization.

Answer for Question 2

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
False	Correct	2.50	
False	Correct	2.50	
True	Correct	2.50	

False	Correct	2.50
Total		10.00 / 10.00

A common error for beginning programmers is to confuse the behavior of <a href="print">print</a> statements and <a href="return">return</a> statements.

- print statements can appear anywhere in your program and print a specified value(s) in the console. Note that execution of your Python program continues onward to the following statement. Remember that executing a print statement inside a function definition does **not**return a value from the function.
- for the expression that called the function. Note that executing a return statement terminates execution of the function definition immediately. Any statements in the function definition following the return statement are ignored. Execution of your Python code resumes with the execution of the statement after the function call.

As an example to illustrate these points, consider the following piece of code: def do\_stuff():

```
print "Hello world"
return "Is it over yet?"
```

print "Goodbye cruel world!"

print do\_stuff()

Note that this code **calls** the function do\_stuff in the last print statement. The **definition** of do\_stuff includes two print statements and one return statement.

Which of the following is the console output that results from executing this piece of code? While it is trivial to solve this question by cutting and pasting this code into CodeSkulptor, we suggest that you first attempt this problem by attempting to execute this code in your mind.

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
✓ Hello world Is it over yet?	Correct	10.00	
Hello world			
Hello world Is it over yet? Goodbye cruel world!			
Hello world Is it over yet?			

Goodbye cruel world!

Is it over yet?

Total

10.00 / 10.00

## Question 4

Given a non-negative integer n, which of the following expressions computes the ten's digit of n? For example, if n is 123, then we want the expression to evaluate to 2.

Think about each expression mathematically, but also try each in **CodeSkulptor**.

Your Answer	Sc	core	Explanation
✓ (n // 10) % 10	Correct 4.0	00	This expression computes the ten's digit correctly.
✓ ((n - n % 10) % 100) / 10	Correct 4.0	00	This expression computes the ten's digit correctly. This is a relative complicated expression to accomplish the goal.
(n % 10) / 10	Correct 2.0	00	This expression does not compute the ten's digit correctly. Remember, try the expression in CodeSkulptor.

Total 10.00 / 10.00

### Question 5

The function calls random.randint(0, 10) and random.randrange(0, 10) generate random numbers in different ranges. What number can

be generated by one of these functions, but not the other? (Refer to the CodeSkulptor documentation.)

By the way, we (and most Python programmers) always prefer to use random.randrange() since it handles numerical ranges in a way that is more consistent with the rest of Python.

Answer for Question 5

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
10	Correct	10.00	
Total		10.00 / 10.00	

Implement the mathematical function  $f(x) = -5x^5 + 69x^2 - 47$  as a Python function. Then use Python to compute the function values f(0), f(1), f(2), and f(3). Enter the maximum of these four values calculated.

Answer for Question 6

#### You entered:

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
69	Correct	10.00	
Total		10.00 / 10.00	

### Question 7

When investing money, an important concept to know is *compound interest*. The equation  $FV = PV (1+rate)^{periods}$  relates the following four quantities.

- The *present value (PV)* of your money is how much money you have now.
- The future value (FV) of your money is how much money you will have in the future.
- The *nominal interest rate per period* (*rate*) is how much interest you earn during a particular length of time, **before** accounting for compounding. This is typically expressed as a percentage.

• The number of periods (periods) is how many periods in the future this calculation is for.

Finish the following code, run it, and submit the printed number. Provide at least four digits of precision after the decimal point.

def future\_value(present\_value, annual\_rate, periods\_per\_year, years):

rate\_per\_period = annual\_rate / periods\_per\_year

periods = periods\_per\_year \* years

# Put your code here.

print "\$1000 at 2% compounded daily for 3 years yields \$", future\_value(1000, .02, 365, 3)

Before submitting your answer, test your function on the following example. future\_value(500, .04, 10, 10) should return 745.317442824.

Answer for Question 7

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
1061.83480113	Correct	10.00	Correct.
Total		10.00 / 10.00	

There are several ways to calculate the area of a regular polygon. Given the number of sides, n, and the length of each side, s, the polygon's area is

$$^{1}/_{4} n s^{2} / \tan(\pi/n)$$
.

For example, a regular polygon with 5 sides, each of length 7 inches, has area 84.3033926289 square inches.

Write a function that calculates the area of a regular polygon, given the number of sides and length of each side. Submit the area of a regular polygon with 7 sides each of length 3 inches. Enter a number (and not the units) with at least four digits of precision after the decimal point.

Note that the use of inches as the unit of measurement in these examples is arbitrary. Python only keeps track of the numerical values, not the units.

**Answer for Question 8** 

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
32.7052437114	Correct	10.00	Correct.
Total		10.00 / 10.00	

Running the following program results in the error SyntaxError: bad input on line 8 ('return'). Which of the following describes the problem?

```
def max_of_2(a, b):
    if a > b:
        return a
    else:
        return b

def max_of_3(a, b, c):
    return max_of_2(a, max_of_2(b, c))
```

Your Answer Score Explanation

Wrong number of arguments in function call

Misspelled keyword

Missing colon		
Missing parenthesis		
Misspelled function name		
✓ Incorrect indentation	Correct 10.00	Correct. The body of the function definition for max_of_3() should be indented, but it is not.
Misspelled variable name		
Extra parenthesis		
Total	10.00 / 10.00	

The following code has a number of syntactic errors in it. The intended math calculations are correct, so the only errors are syntactic. Fix the syntactic errors.

Once the code has been fully corrected, it should print out two numbers. The first should be 1.09888451159. Submit the **second**number printed in <u>CodeSkulptor</u>. Provide at least four digits of precision after the decimal point.

```
define project_to_distance(point_x point_y distance):
    dist_to_origin = math.square_root(pointx ** 2 + pointy ** 2)
    scale == distance / dist_to_origin
    print point_x * scale, point_y * scale

project-to-distance(2, 7, 4)
```

Answer for Question 10

Your Answer		Score	Explanation
3.84609579056	Correct	10.00	Correct.
Total		10.00 / 10.00	