Vava program to find roots of quadratic equations import java outil. Scanner; import static javaolang Mathox; class Quadratic & public static word main (String args[]) 2 Scarner Sc = new Scanner (Systemoin); System-out-print ("Enter the value of a?"); floata = sconextFloat(); System oout - print ("Enter the value of b:"); float b = scorextfloat(); System out print ("Enter the value of c:"); float c = Sconext Float (); if (a == 0) ¿ System-out-print ("Invalid! a cannot be zero"); float d= bxb-4xaxe! float Sqrt-val=(float) MathoSqrt (abs(d)); float root = (-b+sqrt\_val)/(2\*a); float root 2 = (-b-sqrt\_val)/(2\*a); ?f(d==0) Systemoout. print ("Roots are real and equal : "+root 1); elseif (d>G) Systemoout print ("Roots are real and unique");
Systemooutoprint (root 1+"\n"+root2); ¿ Systemoutoprint ("Roots are imaginary"); Systemocotoprint (-10/(2\*a)+"+i"+ sart val): Systemooutoprint (-b/(2\*a)+"+i"+ Sqrt: val);

> Batch: 2 USN: IBMIGCS137 Name: S Skanda

Algorithm

- in expression ax2+bx+c;
- 2) Calculate the value of discriminant
- 3) Calculate the value of the roots 1001 = -b+562-4ac root2=-b-162-9ac
- A) Il value of a is zero print invalid state ment and exit.
  - 5) If d is equal to zero print that the roots are real and equal and also point the roots
  - 6) If d is greater than zero print the roots with a message gaying the roots are real and unequal distinct
- If d is less than zero print the voots with a message saying that the roots are imaginary

Ostpot=

Enter value of a: 1 Enter value of b: 2 Enter value of c: 1

The roots are real and equal: -1.6

Enter value of a: 6 enter value of b; 2 enter value of c: 5 Invalid Input.

Develop a java program to create a class Student with members uso, name, an array credite and an array marks. Include methods to accept and display details and a method to calculate SGPA of a Student.

Algorithm = -

- 1) Define student class and declare variables name, usn, array of marks and credits, sppa.
- 2) Define function/method to read details from the user
- 3) Define function/method display details to display the user details and sapa-
- 4) Define function (method to salculate grade points for each subject and thus calculate the sgpa using following formula

  sgpa = Egrade points \* evedits ) / (z credits);

import java . util. scanner class student & string usn, name: int credits [] = new int [6]; int warks[] = new int [6]; float sapa; Scanner in = new Scanner (Systemain); void read-details() 2 Systemooutoprint ("Enter your Name: ") name = in = nextLine(); System out . print ("Enter your USN: "); usn = in nextline (); System. out. println ("Enter credits for each Sob:"); for (i=0; i<6; i++) & System. out . print ("Subject"+ (i+i)+":"); 2 Credits [i] = inpext Int(); For Ci=0; 1<6; 1++) ¿ Systemoort. print ('Subject Marks!'); morks[i]=inenext[nt(); void display-details() & System. outoprintln ("Name: "+ Name); System = outoprintln ("USN: "+USn); System. out print In ("Gedits"); tor(i=0; i<6; i++) E system. out oprint In ("Subject"+ (i+1)+":" + credits [i]); Systemooutoprintln ("Marks");

```
for (i=0; 126; 1++)
    ¿Systeme outoprint la ("Subject"+ (i+1) +
                "marks:"+ marks[i]);
    cale-sgpa();
    System-out-println ('Sgpa: + sgpa);
 void cale-sgral)
 Eint sumap=0, sumcred=0, gp;
   for (i=0; i<6; i++)
  ¿ if [marks[i]>=90) gp=10;
     else if Cmarks [i] >= 80) gp = 9;
     else if (marks [i] >= 70) gp = 8;
     else if (marks[i]>=60) gp=7;
     else if (marks (i)>=50) gp = 6;
     else ap = 5;
     sumgp = sumgp + (gp * Credits[i]);
     Sum cred = Sumcred + credits[i];
   sgpa = (sumgp / sumcred);
class student-mains
 public static void main (String args [])
 { student s = new student();
    So read - details()
    So display - details ();
```

Expected output: Enter your name : QWERTY Enter your USN: 123 Cradits for each subject: Subject 1 subject 2 Subject 3 subject 4: Subject 5: subject 6: Marks for each Subject: Subject 1 : 45 . 56 Subject 2 subject 3 = 67 : 78 Subject 4 subject 5 0 89 090 subject 6 Name : QWERTY USN: 123 Bobja+ Credits: Subject 1:2 Subject 2:4 Subject 3:4 Subject 4: 4 Subject 5:4 Subject 2:5 Morks: Subject1: 45 Subject 2:56 Subject 3: 67 Subject 6:90 SgPa: 7.0

Lab - 3 Name: S Skanda Batch 2 USN: IBMIGCS137 Create a class book which contains four members : name, author, price and num pages. Include a constructors to set values for the members. Include a toString() method that could display the complete details of the book. import java. util. Scanner; class book { String title, author int no- of-pages; float price; Scanner in = new Scanner (System. in); book () 2 System. out. print ("Title:"); title = in o nextLine(); System. out. print ("Author"); author = in next Line(); System. outoprint ("Number of pages:"); no- of-pages = in. next Int(); System. out. print ("Price ""); price = inonextfloat(); public String to String() 2 return ("In Book title: "+title +" \to Author"+ author+ "He Number of pages: "+ no-of-pages +"He Price: "+price); 3

Date: 16-10-20 20

Class books { public static roid main (String[] args) book [] b= new book[3]; int 1; for(i=0;i<3;i++) & System-out-priotln ("Enter book"+(i+1)+" details: "); b[i]=new book(); for (i=0; i<3; i++) { System. out. println ("The book + (i+1) + "cletails:"); System. outoprintln (bCIJ); 3 Output Enter book 1 details Title: 9 Author: a Number of pages: 45 Price: 56 6 He. book 2 details Title: W Author: 5 Nomber of pages: 23 Price: 12 The book 1 details: Title: 9 Author: a Number of pages: 45 Price: S6 The book 2 details: Title: W Authoris Number of pages: 23 Price: 12

Lab - 9

Name S Skande

USN: 1BM19CS 137

Batch - 2

To create abstract class shape with two integer members and create three class namely circle, rectargle and triangle to demonstrate to function overriding

abstract class shape () {

int dim 1;

int dim 2;

shape (int a, intb) {

dim1=a;

dim2=b;

class Rectangle extends shape?
Rectangle (inta, int b)?
Super (a, b);

Void area?

double area = diml\*dim2;

System. Out. println ("Area of Rectargle is "tarea);

class Triangle extends shape {
Triangle (int a, intb) {
Super (a,b);
}
roid area () {

double area = diml \* dim2/2;

System. out. println ("Area of Triangle is "+ area);

```
circle (int a, intb) {
  super (a, b);
  void areal) {
   double area = 3014 x dim 1 * dim 1;
   Systemo outopointln ("Area of circle is "+ area);
class shopes {
 public static void main (string args[]) {
  Rectargle r = new Rectargle (7,3);
   Triangle t = new Triangle (6,8);
   Circle ( = new Circle (5,5);
   Shape s;
   S=r!
    socreal);
    S = t;
    So area ();
    S= c'
    Soarea();
 Output
 Area of rectangle is 21
 Area of triangle is 24
 Area of
           circle is 78.5
```

class Circle extends shape &

```
void charle {
      if (balance = min_bal & charged == 0){
       balance = service;
charged = 1;
       System. out-println (Service + " deducted
                  due to low balance ");
     if (charged = = 1)
    & System. put. println ("your balance is low te
          avoid being fined again increase your balance");
 roid disp ball) {
   check ();
   System. out. println ("your balance is" + balance);
class sav-acct extends account ?
 sar-acet (String name, String acc-type) &
  Super (name, acc_no, acc_type);
 int given = 0;
 void interest () {
   if (balance > 10000 & fgiven == 0) {
      balance + = 0.007 * balance'
     System. out-printin ("0.7% interest credited");
     given += 1;
    if (balance > 100000 & & given = = 1) {
      balance + = 0.003 x balance: given +=1;
      System. out. printly ("0.5% intrest credited); }
    if (balance) 1000000 $4 given == 2) {
       balance += 0.002 * balance;
      Systemocotoprint In (10.21. Interest credeted)
      q'ventz'l;
```

void disp-ball) { interest(); System. out. println ("Your balance is "+ balance) class bank { public static void main (String[] args] { sav\_acct sav = new sav\_acct ('A', '1b', 'Savings') Systemoout- println ("Savings account function"). Sav . de posit (11000); Savo disp-bal (7) sav. withdraw (\$000); Corract cor = new corract (18, 126", "Corrent") Systemoutoprintln ("Current account functions") cor. deposit (5000); cur. withdraw (2500); cur. disp-ball); Output: Savings account functions: balance : 0.0 updated balance: 11000.0 your account has been cr. 0.7% interest credited your balance is 11077.0 balance : 11077.0 updated balance: 6077.0 Current account functions? balance: 0.0 updated balance : 5000,0 balance: 5000.0 opelated belonce: 2500 100.0 deducted due to low balance your balance is too low to avoid being fined again increase your balance