CS417 Lab 6

This lab is meant to get you started reading text files, and also working with text formatting. Your goal is to reflow the text in a file: you will print the text, inserting line breaks, so that the printed text is not too wide.

Getting Started

To begin the lab:

- Create a folder, in your Documents folder.
- Go to the mycourses.unh.edu, click on the unh.box.com linke find Lab07, and locate the program reflow.py. Download it into the folder that you just created. Also, download the file independence.py.
- Open the file independence.txt. Notice that it contains several lines of text. Each line has a different length.

Your Tasks

Edit the program reflow.py, and make these changes:

1. (5 points) Implement print_file, as follows:

```
handle = open(filename, 'r')
lines = handle.readlines()
handle.close()
print (lines)
```

Notice that lines is a list of strings. Each string is line from the file. Also, notice that each string ends with '\n'.

2. (10 points) **FIRST**: copy the body of print_file into print_lines. Create a for-loop:

```
for line in lines:
```

inside the for-loop, put print (line)

Notice that the lines are printed, but with a blank line each time. This is due to the "\n" at the end of each line: print() adds another "\n", so you get two "\n" per line.

Remove that "\n". You can do this in several ways:

```
line = line[:-1]
```

```
line = line.rstrip('\n\r')
```

The second choice is better: it works with all operating systems, regardless of the newline character they might use.

3. (5 points) **FIRST**: copy the body of print_lines into print_splits.

Instead of print (line), write

```
words_in_line = line.split()
print (words_in_line)
```

This shows that split() creates a list of strings, one for each word in the line.

4. (15 points) **FIRST**, copy the body of print_splits into print_words. Replace print (words) by a for-loop, that prints each word in words_in_line.

IMPORTANT: print the words on a single line, something like this:

```
print (word, end=' ')
```

At the very end of the function, add a single print() (at left-most indentation)

WHY?

You'll get one single long line of words, each separated by a space.

5. (10 points) How long is this output? **FIRST**, copy the body of print_words into words_length. At its top, initialize line_length to 0. Instead of print (word, end=' ') update line length:

```
line_length += len(word) + 1
```

(+ 1 because there is ONE space after each word). At the very end, put print (line length)

That's a VERY long line! We need to break it up.

6. (35 points) **FIRST**, copy the body of words_length into print_reflowed. Do the following for each word:

if line_length, plus 1, plus len(word), is bigger than width, then do a single print(), and reset line length to zero.

then, after the if, just print the word (using end=" "), and update line_length.

7. (Worth the last 20 points) Implement print_right_aligned. A right-aligned paragraph has spaces added at the beginning of each line, as in this example:

```
When in the Course of human events it
becomes necessary for one people to
dissolve the political bands which have
connected them with another and to
assume among the powers of the earth,
the separate and equal station to which
the Laws of Nature and of Nature's God
```

The problem is that you don't know how many spaces to add, until you have gathered all the words in the line.

I suggest you do the following:

- a. create a list of saved words, for each line.
- b. this list is initially []
- c. when the line length is about to exceed width, you should
 - 1. print exactly the right number of spaces: width line length
 - 2. print each of the words in the saved list
 - 3. print()
 - 4. reset the saved list to []
- d. where you used to do print (word, end=' '), simply append the word to the saved list.
- e. At the very end, the saved list will still have some words in it! Don't forget to print them.
- 8. (Bonus 10 points) Implement print_justified, which inserts extra spaces *between* words, just enough to create a perfect rectangle of text:

```
When in the Course of human events it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another and to assume among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the Laws of Nature and of Nature's God
```

Notice the first line: there are *two* extra spaces between the first few words, but a single space thereafter. You'll need a counter, which initially stores the # of extra spaces needed. As you print each word, decrement the counter. When it's zero, stop decrementing.

Turning in your work

When you are done, go to mycourses.unh.edu, and find the cs417, Modules, Labs, and Lab07. Click the Submit button, and upload reflow.py. You should turn in your work at the end of the lab session, even if you haven't completed it. You will have until midnight to turn in your work

