

IT 609

Network and System Administration

IPv6

Tuesday October 14, 2021

IPv6

Internet Protocol



IPv6

Much larger address space

128 bits --> 2^{128} addresses $\approx 3.4 \times 10^{38}$

About 5×10^{28} addresses for each person alive!

Simplified processing by routers

No fragmentation

Multicast support is built in

IPsec security - optional

Stateless address autoconfiguration

IPv6 Addressing

Eight groups of 4 hexadecimal values

```
2001:0db8:85a3:0000:0000:8a2e:0370:7334
```

Can be compressed by eliminating leading zeros and groups of zeros

```
2001:db8:85a3::8a2e:370:7334
```

Still contain a network part and a device part

The device or link-local part is always 64 bits

The device part can be based on the 48-bit MAC address converted to 64 bits

UNH's IPv6 Addresses

2606:4100/32

What's the mean?

2606:4100:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000

to

2606:4100:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff:ffff

How many?

128 bits - 32 bits for network = 96 bits

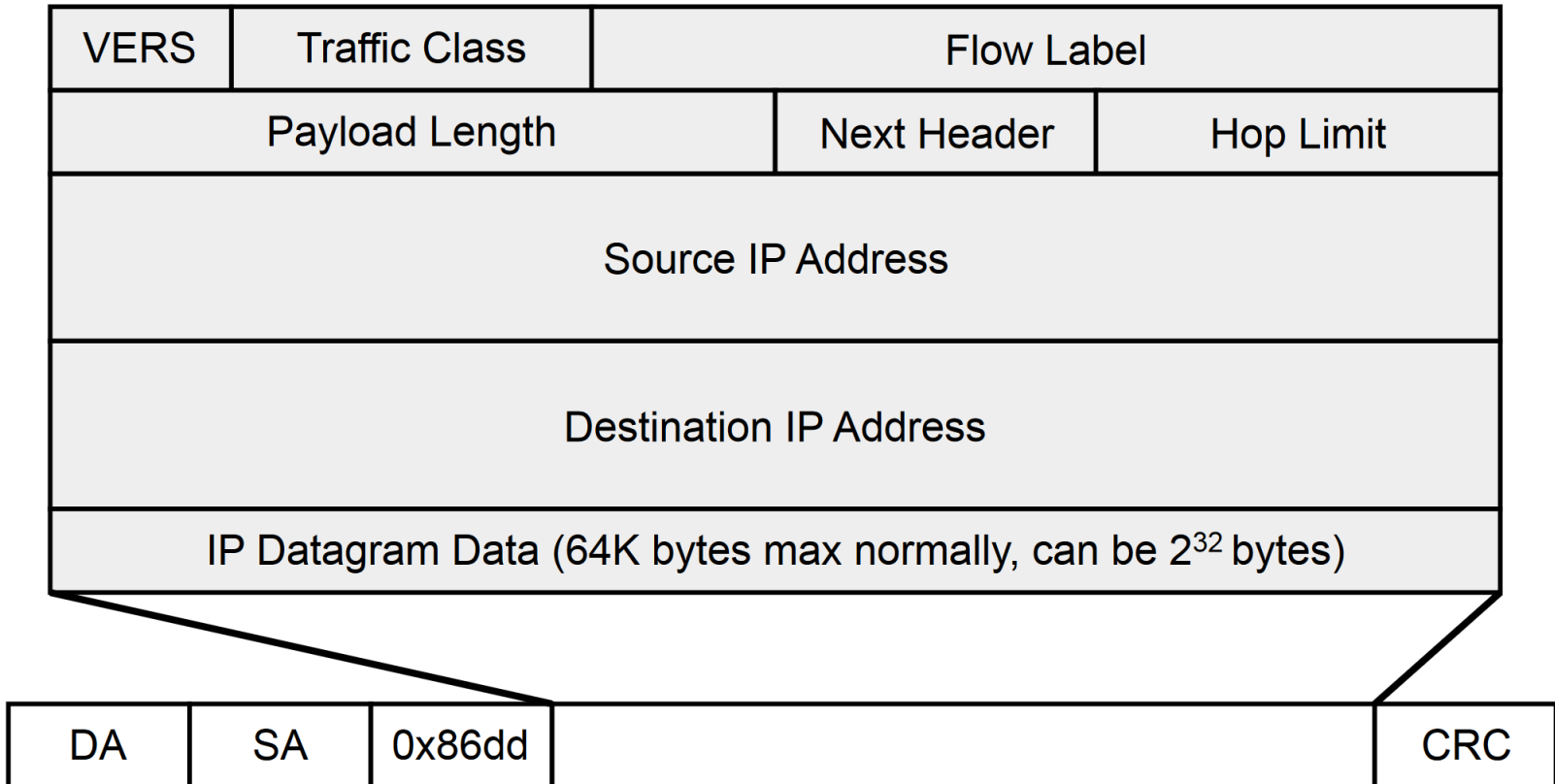
$2^{96} = 79$ octillion (more or less)

Equivalent to 64 IPv4 Internets!

Keep in mind that 64 bits are reserved for the link-local part of the address so UNH really has 128 bits - 32 bits fixed - 64 bits for local device address = 32 bits available for networks

That's still 1 IPv4 Internet worth of UNH subnets!

IPv6 Packets



IPv4 Packets

VERS	HLEN	Service Type	Datagram Length	
Identification			Flags	Fragment Offset
Time to Live	Protocol		Header CRC	
Source IP Address				
Destination IP Address				
IP Options (0 or more)			Padding	
IP Datagram Data (65535 bytes max, 576 bytes minimum)				

DA	SA	0x0800		CRC
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IPv6 History & Adoption

RFC 1883 published in 1996

Major OS's support IPv6 starting with Mac OS X in 2003 and going through Windows Vista in 2007

February 2008 - IPv6 added to 6 root name servers

Last IPv4 /8 blocks allocated in February 2011

June 8, 2011 - World IPv6 Day

Major providers turned on IPv6 support for 24 hours

Amazingly, nothing bad happened!

June 6, 2012 - World IPv6 Launch

Overall, adoption is still limited:

http://www.mrp.net/IPv6_Survey.html

IPv6 and IPv4

Dual stack

Side-by-side existence in the NIC, network, etc

IPv6 is preferred if both can work

Tunneling

Encapsulate IPv6 in IPv4 packets

6to4 is a frequently used one

Relay routers convert between

2002::/16 IPv6 addresses make to IPv4 addresses

NAT64

Network address translation plus protocol translation