IT 775 Database Technology

Data Stores Terms and Concepts

- Computer Data Storage a fundamental component and function of computers, it is computer components and recording media that are used to retain digital data.
- **Persistance** refers to any characteristic or state of a system that outlives (persists more than) the process that created it. This is achieved by saving the characteristic or state as data in computer data storage (a Data Store).
- Data Store a repository for persistently storing and managing collections of data which include not just databases, but also simpler store types such as directories, files, spreedsheets, emails etc.

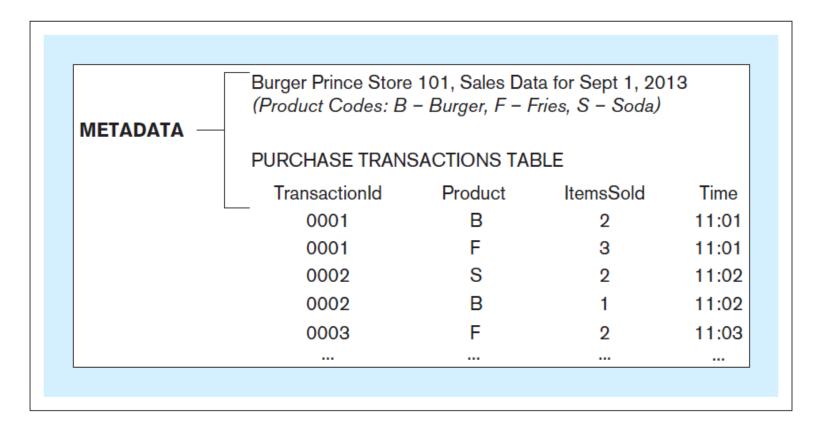
- Data facts that are recorded and can be accessed
 - Data formats text, numbers, figures, graphics, images, audio/video recordings and more
 - Data is recorded and kept because it is considered to be of use to an intended user
- Information refers to the data that is accessed by a user for some particular purpose
 - Typically, getting the needed information from a collection of data requires performing an activity, such as searching through, processing, or manipulating the data in some form or fashion

- Metadata data that describes the structure and the properties of the data
 - Metadata is essential for the proper understanding and use of the data

Data without metadata - example

```
0001
           2
               11:01
0001
               11:01
0002
               11:02
0002
               11:02
0003
               11:03
```

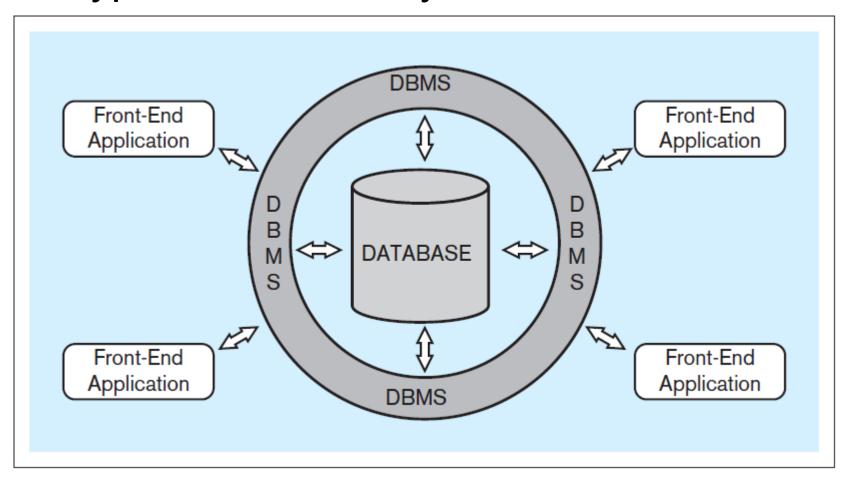
Data with metadata - example



- Database structured collection of related data stored on a computer medium
 - Organizes the data in a way that facilitates efficient access to the information captured in the data
- Database metadata represents the structure of the database
 - Database content that is not the data itself (data about the data)
 - Contains:
 - Names of data structures
 - Data types
 - Data descriptions
 - Other information describing the characteristics of the data

- Database management system (DBMS) software used for:
 - Creation of databases
 - Insertion, storage, retrieval, update, and deletion of the data in the database
 - Maintenance of databases
- Database system computer-based system whose purpose is to enable an efficient interaction between the users and the information captured in a database

Initial Terminology Typical database system architecture



- Front-end applications provide a mechanism for easy interaction between the users and the DBMS
- End-users (business-users) users using a database system to support their tasks and processes
- Indirect interaction end-user communicating with the database through front-end applications
- Direct interaction end-user communicating with the database directly through DBMS

Typical database system architecture

