Index of Veterinary Medical Terminology

Section 1: General Terms

(Word Structure & Directional Terms)

- 1. **Cranial** (KRAY-nee-uhl) Toward the head. (Prefix: Crani- (skull/head))
- 2. **Caudal** (KAWD-uhl) Toward the tail. (Prefix: Caud- (tail))
- 3. **Contralateral** (KAHN-trah-LAT-er-uhl) Opposite sides of the body. (Prefix: Contra-(opposite))
- 4. **Bilateral** (BYE-lat-er-uhl) Both sides of the body. (Prefix: Bi- (two))
- 5. **Medial** (MEE-dee-uhl) Toward the midline of the body.
- 6. Lateral (LAT-er-uhl) Away from the midline.
- 7. **Dorsal** (DOR-suhl) Toward the back.
- 8. **Ventral** (VEN-truhl) Toward the belly.
- 9. **Proximal** (*PROX-ih-muhl*) Closer to the point of attachment.
- 10. **Distal** (DIS-tuhl) Farther from the point of attachment.
- 11. **Palmar** (PAHL-mar) Palm-side of the front limbs.
- 12. **Acute** (*uh-KYOOT*) Sudden and severe.
- 13. **Chronic** (KRAH-nik) Long-lasting condition.

Section 2: Week 1 - Word Structure & Directional Terms

- 14. Intercostal (IN-ter-KOSS-tuhl) Between the ribs. (Prefix: Inter- (between) + Costal (ribs))
- 15. Intervertebral (IN-ter-VER-tuh-bruhl) Between the vertebrae.
- 16. **Intramuscular** (*IN-truh-MUS-kyuh-lar*) Within the muscle. (*Prefix: Intra- (within)* + *Muscular (muscle)*)
- 17. **Epaxial** (EP-ax-ee-uhl) Above the axis of the spine. (Prefix: Epi- (upon) + Axial (axis))
- 18. **Diaphysis** (*DY-af-ih-sis*) Shaft of a long bone.
- 19. **Epiphysis** (eh-PIF-ih-sis) End part of a long bone.
- 20. Aseptic (AY-sep-tik) Free from infection. (Prefix: A- (without) + Septic (infection))
- 21. **Transverse** (*TRANS-vers*) Across or at right angles.
- 22. Oblique (oh-BLEEK) Slanted.

- 23. **Hematoma** (*HEE-mah-TOE-mah*) Collection of blood outside blood vessels. (*Prefix: Hema-(blood)*)
- 24. **Arthro-** (AR-throw) Relating to joints. (Prefix: Arthro- (joint))
- 25. **-itis** (EYE-tis) Inflammation. (Suffix: -itis (inflammation))
- 26. -lytic / -lysis (LIH-tik / LIE-sis) Breakdown or destruction. (Suffix: -lytic/-lysis (breakdown))
- 27. **Osteo-** (OSS-tee-oh) Relating to bones. (*Prefix: Osteo- (bone)*)
- 28. **-scopy** (SKAW-pee) Visual examination. (Suffix: -scopy (to view))

Section 3: Week 2 - Urinary & Renal System

- 29. **Retroperitoneal** (*REH-tro-PEH-rih-toh-NEE-uhl*) Behind the peritoneum. (*Prefix: Retro-(behind*) + *Peritoneal (abdominal lining)*)
- 30. **Renal** (*REE-nuhl*) Related to the kidneys. (*Prefix: Ren- (kidney)*)
- 31. **Urethral** (yoo-REE-thruhl) Pertaining to the urethra. (Prefix: Urethr- (urethra))
- 32. **Cystocentesis** (SIS-toh-sen-TEE-sis) Surgical puncture of the bladder. (*Prefix: Cysto-(bladder) + Sentesis (puncture)*)
- 33. Oliguria (AH-lih-GYUR-ee-ah) Decreased urine output. (Prefix: Oligo- (few) + -uria (urine))
- 34. **Hematuria** (*HEE-mah-TYUR-ee-ah*) Blood in the urine. (*Prefix: Hema- (blood) + -uria (urine)*)
- 35. **latrogenic** (*EYE-at-roh-JEN-ik*) Caused by medical treatment. (*Prefix: latro-(physician/treatment)* + -genic (causing))
- 36. **Hemoglobinuria** (*HEE-moh-GLOH-bin-YUR-ee-ah*) Hemoglobin in urine. (*Prefix: Hemoglobin (protein in blood)* + -uria (urine))
- 37. **Urolithiasis** (YOO-roh-lih-THY-ah-sis) Stones in the urinary tract. (Prefix: Uro- (urine) + lithiasis (stone formation))
- 38. **Isosthenuric** (EYE-soh-sthen-YUR-ik) Urine with the same osmolality as plasma. (Prefix: Iso- (equal) + -sthenuric (urine concentration))
- 39. **Hyposthenuric** (*HY-poh-sthen-YUR-ik*) Urine with low concentration. (*Prefix: Hypo- (low) + -sthenuric (urine concentration*))
- 40. **Polyuria** (PAH-lee-YUR-ee-ah) Increased urine output. (Prefix: Poly- (many) + -uria (urine))
- 41. Polydipsia (PAH-lee-DIP-see-ah) Increased thirst. (Prefix: Poly- (many) + -dipsia (thirst))
- 42. **Neoplasia** (*NEE-oh-PLAY-zhah*) Abnormal growth of tissue. (*Prefix: Neo- (new) + -plasia (growth)*)

- 43. **Bacteriuria** (BAK-teer-ee-YUR-ee-ah) Bacteria in the urine. (Prefix: Bacteri- (bacteria) + uria (urine))
- 44. **Edema** (eh-DEE-mah) Swelling caused by fluid accumulation.
- 45. **Pollakiuria** (*PAH-lah-kee-YUR-ee-ah*) Frequent urination. (*Prefix: Pollaki- (frequent) + -uria (urine)*)
- 46. **Cystitis** (sis-TY-tis) Inflammation of the bladder. (*Prefix*: Cysto- (bladder) + -itis (inflammation))
- 47. **Idiopathic** (*ID-ee-oh-PATH-ik*) Disease with no known cause. (*Prefix: Idio- (unknown) + pathic (disease)*)
- 48. **Urethrostomy** (yoo-REE-thros-toh-mee) Surgical opening into the urethra. (*Prefix: Urethr-* (urethra) + -ostomy (opening))
- 49. **Nephritis** (neh-FRY-tis) Inflammation of the kidney. (Prefix: Nephr- (kidney) + -itis (inflammation))
- 50. **Azotemia** (*AZ-oh-TEE-mee-ah*) Excess nitrogen in the blood. (*Prefix: Azot- (nitrogen) + emia (blood condition)*)

Section 4: Week 3 – Integumentary & Cardiovascular System

- 51. **Epidermis** (*EP-ih-DUR-mis*) The outermost layer of skin. (*Prefix: Epi- (upon) + Dermis (skin)*)
- 52. **Dermis** (DUR-mis) The inner layer of skin beneath the epidermis.
- 53. **Epithelium** (*EP-ih-THEE-lee-um*) A tissue that lines the body's surfaces and cavities. (*Prefix: Epi- (upon) + -thelium (cell layer)*)
- 54. Malignant (mah-LIG-nant) Cancerous, harmful, and potentially spreading.
- 55. **Metastatic** (*MET-ah-STAT-ik*) Cancer that has spread from its original location. (*Prefix: Meta- (change) + -static (standing)*)
- 56. **Dermatitis** (*DER-mah-TY-tis*) Inflammation of the skin. (*Prefix: Derm- (skin) + -itis (inflammation)*)
- 57. **Pruritus** (proo-RYE-tus) Severe itching.
- 58. **Erythema/Erythematous** (*EHR-ih-THEE-mah / ehr-ih-THEM-ah-tus*) Redness of the skin due to irritation or injury. (*Prefix: Erythro- (red)*)
- 59. **Intradermal** (*IN-trah-DUR-muhl*) Within the skin layers. (*Prefix: Intra- (within) + Dermal (skin)*)
- 60. **Vasodilate/Vasoconstrict** (*VAY-zoh-DYE-late / VAY-zoh-kun-STRIKT*) Widening or narrowing of blood vessels. (*Prefix: Vaso- (vessel) + Dilate (widen) / Constrict (narrow)*)

- 61. **Piloerection** (*PY-loh-ee-REK-shun*) Hair standing on end due to muscle contraction. (*Prefix: Pilo- (hair)* + *-erection (standing up))*
- 62. **Subcutaneous** (SUB-kyoo-TAY-nee-us) Beneath the skin. (Prefix: Sub- (under) + Cutaneous (skin))
- 63. **Perianal** (PAIR-ee-AY-nuhl) Around the anus. (Prefix: Peri- (around) + Anal (anus))
- 64. **Interdigital** (*IN-ter-DIJ-ih-tuhl*) Between the digits (toes/fingers). (*Prefix: Inter- (between) + Digital (digits)*)
- 65. **Laminitis** (*LAM-ih-NYE-tis*) Inflammation of the hoof laminae in horses. (*Prefix: Lamin-* (thin layer) + -itis (inflammation))
- 66. Alopecia (AL-oh-PEE-shah) Hair loss.
- 67. Pyoderma (PYE-oh-DUR-mah) Skin infection with pus. (Prefix: Pyo- (pus) + Derma (skin))
- 68. **Purulent** (PYUR-yoo-lent) Containing pus.
- 69. Exudate (EK-syoo-date) Fluid that leaks from blood vessels during inflammation.
- 70. **Serous** (SEER-us) Clear, watery fluid.
- 71. **Dehisce** (deh-HISS) Separation of a wound's edges.
- 72. **Granulation tissue** (*GRAN-yoo-LAY-shun TISH-oo*) New tissue that forms during wound healing.
- 73. **Atopy** (*A-toh-pee*) Allergic hypersensitivity.

Section 5: Week 4 – Reproductive & Neurological System

Reproductive System (Chapter 9)

- 74. Oocyte (OH-oh-site) An egg cell.
- 75. **Endometrium** (EN-doh-MEE-tree-um) Lining of the uterus. (Prefix: Endo- (inside) + metrium (uterus))
- 76. **Anestrus** (AN-es-trus) Period of reproductive inactivity. (*Prefix: An- (without) + Estrus (heat cycle)*)
- 77. **Gestation** (*jes-TAY-shun*) Pregnancy period.
- 78. **Dystocia** (dis-TOH-shah) Difficult birth. (Prefix: Dys- (difficult) + -tocia (birth))
- 79. **Cryptorchidism** (*krip-TOR-kid-izm*) Condition where one or both testicles fail to descend. (*Prefix: Crypt- (hidden) + Orchid- (testicle)*)
- 80. **Spermatogenesis** (SPUR-mat-oh-JEN-eh-sis) Sperm production. (Prefix: Sperma- (sperm) + -genesis (formation))

- 81. **Ovariohysterectomy** (*OH-vay-ree-oh-HISS-ter-EK-toh-mee*) Surgical removal of ovaries and uterus (spay). (*Prefix: Ovario- (ovary) + Hyster- (uterus) + -ectomy (removal)*)
- 82. **Orchiectomy** (*OR-kee-EK-toh-mee*) Surgical removal of the testicles (castration). (*Prefix: Orchi-(testicle) + -ectomy (removal)*)

Neurology (Chapter 11)

- 83. **Cerebro-** (seh-REE-broh) Relating to the brain.
- 84. Hemi- (HEM-ee) Half.
- 85. -plegia (PLEE-jee-ah) Paralysis.
- 86. Ataxia (ah-TAK-see-ah) Lack of muscle coordination.
- 87. **Encephalitis** (en-SEF-ah-LYE-tis) Inflammation of the brain. (*Prefix: Encephalo- (brain) + itis (inflammation)*)
- 88. **Meningitis** (*MEN-in-JYE-tis*) Inflammation of the meninges. (*Prefix: Meningo- (meninges) + -itis (inflammation)*)
- 89. **Analgesia** (AN-al-JEE-zee-ah) Absence of pain sensation. (*Prefix: An- (without) + -gesia (pain)*)
- 90. Intracranial (IN-trah-KRAY-nee-uhl) Inside the skull. (Prefix: Intra- (inside) + Cranial (skull))
- 91. **Ototoxic** (OH-toh-TOK-sik) Harmful to the ear. (Prefix: Oto- (ear) + -toxic (poisonous))
- 92. Otitis (oh-TYE-tis) Inflammation of the ear. (Prefix: Oto- (ear) + -itis (inflammation))
- 93. **Exophthalmos** (eks-off-THAL-mos) Bulging of the eye. (*Prefix: Exo- (outside) + Ophthalmos (eye)*)
- 94. **Proptosis** (prop-TOH-sis) Displacement of the eyeball.
- 95. **Enucleation** (ee-NOO-klee-AY-shun) Removal of the eyeball. (*Prefix: E- (out) + -nucleation (nucleus/removal)*)

Section 6: Week 5 - Digestive & Pharmacology Terms

Digestive System (Chapter 7)

- 96. **Peritonitis** (*PEHR-ih-toh-NYE-tis*) Inflammation of the peritoneum. (*Prefix: Peritone-abdominal lining*) + -itis (inflammation))
- 97. **Abdominocentesis** (ab-DOM-ih-noh-sen-TEE-sis) Removal of fluid from the abdominal cavity. (*Prefix: Abdomino- (abdomen) + -centesis (puncture)*)
- 98. **Laparoscopy** (*LAP-ah-ROS-koh-pee*) Minimally invasive abdominal surgery. (*Prefix: Laparo- (abdomen) + -scopy (visual examination)*)

- 99. Mesentery (MEZ-en-tair-ee) Tissue that connects the intestines to the abdominal wall.
- 100. **Hepatomegaly** (*HEP-ah-toh-MEG-ah-lee*) Enlargement of the liver. (*Prefix: Hepato-(liver) + -megaly (enlargement)*)
- 101. **Icterus** (*IK-ter-us*) Jaundice, yellowing of the skin and eyes due to liver disease.
- 102. **Pancreatitis** (*PAN-kree-ah-TY-tis*) Inflammation of the pancreas. (*Prefix: Pancreat-* (pancreas) + -itis (inflammation))
- 103. **Dysphagia** (dis-FAY-jee-ah) Difficulty swallowing. (Prefix: Dys- (difficulty) + -phagia (eating/swallowing))
- 104. **Periodontal** (*PAIR*-ee-oh-DON-tuhl) Pertaining to the structures around the teeth. (*Prefix: Peri- (around) + -odontal (teeth)*)
- 105. **Antiemetic** (AN-tee-eh-MET-ik) Medication that prevents vomiting. (Prefix: Anti-(against) + -emetic (vomiting))
- 106. **Enteritis** (*EN-ter-EYE-tis*) Inflammation of the intestines. (*Prefix: Enter- (intestines)* + -itis (inflammation))
- 107. **Gastroenteritis** (*GAS-troh-en-ter-EYE-tis*) Inflammation of the stomach and intestines. (*Prefix: Gastro-(stomach) + Enter-(intestines) + -itis (inflammation)*)
- 108. **Intussusception** (*IN-tuh-suh-SEP-shun*) Telescoping of one part of the intestine into another.
- 109. **Ileus** (*IL*-ee-us) Lack of normal intestinal movement.
- 110. **Hematochezia** (*HEE-mat-oh-KEE-zee-ah*) Blood in the stool. (*Prefix: Hemato-(blood)* + -chezia (defecation))
- 111. **Nasogastric** (*NAY-zoh-GAS-trik*) Relating to the nose and stomach. (*Prefix: Naso-(nose) + Gastric (stomach)*)

Pharmacology (Chapter 12)

- 112. **Anthelmintic** (ANTH-hel-MIN-tik) Drug used to kill intestinal parasites. (Prefix: Anti- (against) + Helminth (worm))
- 113. **latrogenic** (EYE-at-roh-JEN-ik) Caused by medical treatment. (Prefix: latro-(physician/treatment) + -genic (causing))
- 114. **Antibiotic** (AN-tee-by-AH-tik) A drug that kills or inhibits bacteria. (Prefix: Anti-(against) + Biotic (life))
- 115. **Enteral** (*EN-ter-uhl*) Administration of drugs via the gastrointestinal tract. (*Prefix: Enter- (intestines)*)

- 116. **Parenteral** (pah-REN-ter-uhl) Drug administration that bypasses the intestines. (Prefix: Para- (beside) + Enteral (intestines))
- 117. **Intravenous** (*IN-trah-VEE-nus*) Administered into a vein. (*Prefix: Intra- (within) + Venous (vein)*)
- 118. **Per os (PO)** (Per OSS) Medication given by mouth. (Latin: "By mouth")
- 119. **Subcutaneous** (SUB-kyoo-TAY-nee-us) Under the skin. (Prefix: Sub- (under) + Cutaneous (skin))
- 120. **Transdermal** (*TRANS-DUR-muhl*) Medication absorbed through the skin. (*Prefix: Trans- (across) + Dermal (skin)*)
- 121. **Phlebitis** (FLEH-by-tis) Inflammation of a vein. (Prefix: Phleb- (vein) + -itis (inflammation))
- 122. **Aseptic** (AY-sep-tik) Free from infection. (Prefix: A- (without) + Septic (infection))
- 123. **Intranasal** (*IN-trah-NAY-zuhl*) Administered into the nose. (*Prefix: Intra- (inside) + Nasal (nose)*)
- 124. **Analgesic** (AN-al-JEE-zik) A drug that relieves pain. (Prefix: An- (without) + -gesic (pain))
- 125. **Ad libitum** (AD-LIB-it-um) Feeding or medication given as needed. (Latin: "At one's pleasure")
- 126. **NPO** (EN-PEE-OH) Nothing by mouth. (Latin: "Nil per os")
- 127. **PRN** (*P-R-N*) As needed. (*Latin*: "*Pro re nata*")
- 128. **CRI** (C-R-I) Continuous rate infusion.
- 129. **Hepatotoxic** (*HEP-ah-toh-TOK-sik*) Damaging to the liver. (*Prefix: Hepato- (liver) + toxic (poisonous)*)
- 130. **Nephrotoxic** (*NEF-roh-TOK-sik*) Damaging to the kidneys. (*Prefix: Nephro- (kidney)* + -toxic (poisonous))
- 131. **Antimicrobial** (AN-tee-my-KROH-bee-uhl) Kills or inhibits microbes. (Prefix: Anti-(against) + Microbial (microbes))
- 132. **Probiotic** (*PRO-by-OT-ik*) Supports beneficial bacteria. (*Prefix: Pro- (for) + Biotic (life)*)
- 133. **Antagonist** (AN-TAG-oh-nist) A drug that opposes another drug's action.
- 134. **Anesthetic** (AN-es-THET-ik) Induces loss of sensation. (Prefix: An- (without) + esthetic (feeling))
- 135. **Anti-inflammatory** (AN-tee-in-FLAM-ah-tor-ee) Reduces inflammation. (Prefix: Anti- (against) + Inflammatory (swelling))

136. **Antitussive** (AN-tee-TUSS-iv) – Medication that suppresses coughing. (Prefix: Anti-(against) + -tussive (coughing))

Final Count:

- **✓** General Course Terms (13)
- **✓** Highlighted Terms from Weekly Sections (123)
- ✓ Total Terms in Index: 136