



EMPOWERING GK

with

global
j.gyasa

3

Answer Key



A Note to All Students About the Answer Key & Book Series

Hello students!

I hope you are doing well and working towards enhancing your general knowledge and awareness through the ‘Empowering GK with Global Jigyasa’ series among other resources.

Before you open the answer key, **I just want to make sure that you have tried your best to find the answers for yourself!** All of us as human beings love getting answers to questions asked. It is human nature in fact.

However, when it comes to GK or any other subject, it is important to make sure that **we try our best to find the answers for ourselves before we use resources like answer keys.** Students, trust me when I say that you learn more while searching for answers than you do once you get them.

General knowledge and awareness are all about reading new things. The joy of *jigyasa* or the curiosity to learn is what will make you better at GK. Keep your eyes and ears open to learn about anything happening around you, in your society, your nation and the world. We don't always need to learn with a clear objective in mind like an exam, a test or school homework. **Learn for the fun of it! That's what GK is about.**

Google search, use Wikipedia or other modes to learn more about the topics covered. Discuss answers with your friends and more importantly, discuss all covered topics and chapters in greater detail. And then, once you are done with all of these things, access this answer key! *For students of younger grades (Grades 1 to 3), parents must help and be a part of this process.*

It is for this reason that the answer key has not been provided at the back of the GK book. **We also want you to access all resources on the online portal such as the Weekly Current Affairs Quizzes and Extra Questions (per chapter).** Only when you do this, will you be fully utilizing the book and ensuring that it not only helps you enhance your GK but also your current affairs knowledge.

That said, I hope the answers in this answer key provide you with a gateway to *global jigyasa!*

Stay updated! Stay enlightened!

Regards,
Anansh Prasad
Author – Empowering GK with Global Jigyasa
Founder and MD – SkillSphere Education

*One day our nation is sure to fly. With these wings which at present dormant lie.
And whether anyone else is there or not, we shall be there to see it off.....*

- Anansh Prasad

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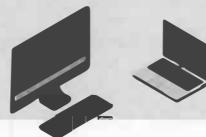
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CH 1

CIVIC SENSE

All of us citizens live in society and must have civic sense.

Civic sense is about respecting the rules and laws of society. It is also about respecting and understanding the feelings of others, and helping them. To be a good citizen, you must have good civic sense!

Provided below are many situations that we come across in society. If you have good civic sense, then what will you do in each situation?

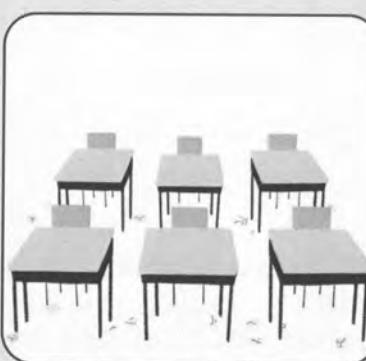


Write the answer in the blank provided. One example is given.



1. An old lady is unable to cross the street

I will help the old lady cross the street.



2. There are papers thrown on the floor of your class

I WILL PICK UP THE PAPERS & ASK MY CLASSMATES TO HELP TOO



3. There is a red light for people walking on the road

I WILL ENCOURAGE PEOPLE TO NOT CROSS THE ROAD



4. There is a lot of noise due to the party in your house

I WILL LOWER THE VOLUME SO THAT NEIGHBOURS ARE NOT DISTURBED



5. Your teacher is carrying a lot of items

I WILL OFFER TO CARRY SOME ITEMS



6. The policeman has helped you cross the street

I WILL THANK THE POLICEMAN



Jigyasu's Quizzes!

Being safe and protecting ourselves from injury, accident and illness is very important.
As they say - **SAFETY FIRST!**

Put a star ★ next to those statements which are examples of 'Safety First'! One example has been provided

1. Putting odemos (repellent cream) to protect yourself from mosquito bites
2. Crossing the road while cars are moving
3. Washing your hands with soap before eating
4. Touching light switches with wet hands
5. Wearing a mask in case Covid19 is spreading
6. Getting a health check-up done regularly



Jigyasu's Challenges!

Keeping a First Aid kit is also an important part of staying safe.

A First Aid kit has some basic medical items. They are used to provide immediate help and relief to an injured person before he/she is shown to a doctor.

Circle the items below that should be there in a First Aid kit.



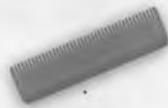
Band Aid



Thermometer



Pepsi



Comb



Dettol



Dolo 650
(Paracetamol Tablet)

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Safety and First Aid' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



My Digestive System

Have you ever wondered what happens to the food we eat? We eat everyday but where does the food disappear and how does it help us?

No living being can survive without **food** - especially us humans! The food we eat goes through the process of **digestion** - a way in which food gets converted into important nutrients required by our body.

Digestion is carried out by our **digestive system** which includes many body parts. It does not matter what we eat - dal-roti  , ice cream  or burgers  . All of it goes through the same process.

The **digestive system** starts right at the point where we take in food - our mouths. The liquid inside our mouth  is called **saliva**. It makes the food soft. Our teeth then break the food into smaller pieces which are easier to swallow.

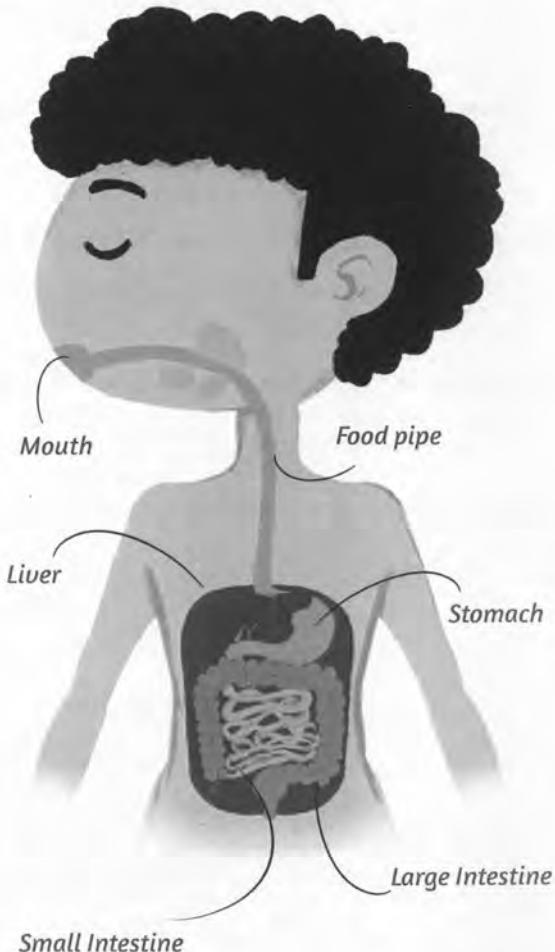
Once swallowed, the food goes down our **food pipe** which is also called the **esophagus**.

Passing through this pipe, the food pieces reach our **stomach**  which releases body juices to further break down the food. At this point, the food is partly digested.

- It then passes into our **small intestine** where the food is fully digested by other body juices. The **essential nutrients** are then absorbed from the digested food into our body parts.

Some of the leftover undigested food passes into the **large intestine** where water and salts from the food are absorbed. The remaining waste material is then passed out of our bodies.

It takes a long time for food to fully digest - **1 to 3 days!** Our digestive system works hard! Eat healthy and make its work easy!





Language Integrated Activity

Circle the correct answers in these questions that are related to the passage.

1. Which of these body parts helps us taste found inside our mouths?

a. Teeth ✓b. Tongue c. Saliva

2. What is another name for the pipe through which food enters the stomach?

✓a. Esophagus b. Tonsils c. Windpipe

3. Which of these parts of the digestive system produce juices for digestion?

a. Large Intestine ✓b. Liver c. Foodpipe

4. How long can it take for food to fully digest?

✓a. 3 days b. 10 days c. 13 days

5. Which of these food items is expected to digest the fastest?

a. ✓b. c.

6. Which of these body organs is not a part of our digestive system? .

a. Small intestine ✓b. Lungs c. Stomach

7. Why can't human beings survive without food?

a. It is tasty ✓b. It provides essential nutrients c. It breathes for us



If opened out, the small intestine is actually 22-23 feet long. That's 5-6 times your height! The second part of the intestine is called *jejunum*. Try saying that word very fast 10 times!

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Inside My Body - Digestion' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.





Jigyasu's Quizzes!

There are many different places of importance in society run by different people.

For each sentence Identify the person we need to take help from. Circle the correct option in the following questions. One example has been provided.

1. A **rakhi** from my sister needs to be posted to her brother in Mumbai.
 a. Postman/Postwoman b. Chemist c. Stationer
2. If I need to buy new spectacles, I will go to this person's shop.
 a. Optician b. Banker c. Baker
3. I have to deposit my money to keep it safe
 a. Banker b. Farmer c. Chemist
4. I need to buy more Dolo 650 tablets for my house
 a. Chemist b. Gardener c. Jeweller
5. I need a new pack of pencils and an eraser for school
 a. Stationer b. Grocer c. Farmer
6. My father has asked me to buy zucchini and asparagus
 a. Baker b. Jeweller c. Grocer
7. My mother wants to buy new earrings for herself
 a. Jeweller b. Farmer c. Plumber
8. I am sitting in a train and have a doubt about my seat.
 a. Banker b. Ticket checker (TC) c. Optician



What are the occupations of your mother and father?
 What do you find interesting about them?

Why was there thunder and lightning in the laboratory?

Answer: The scientists were brainstorming!



Got to find them all!

In the following word grid, hidden are the names of a few places that we commonly see in our villages/towns and cities. Try and find them all.

These sentence hints will help you in finding them

1. Apart from in the wild, you might find deer and elephants here
2. This place has a general ward and intensive care unit (ICU)
3. I want to watch the latest Alia Bhatt starrer in this place
4. My friends and I play football and take walks here
5. Many people go to this place to keep fit and workout
6. My mother wants to buy many plants for our garden
7. My family and I want to go out to eat Italian food
8. My friends and I want to see historical items and artefacts



C	J	N	P	R	H	F	Z	O	O	Q	L
D	C	H	O	S	P	I	T	A	L	N	B
N	U	R	S	E	R	Y	P	A	R	K	F
X	G	Y	M	N	A	S	I	U	M	Q	B
U	R	E	S	T	A	U	R	A	N	T	S
N	N	I	T	H	E	A	T	R	E	O	Y
Y	A	J	J	C	M	U	S	E	U	M	B
D	G	S	D	I	F	L	U	L	P	E	P

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Places and People' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3
You can also access them through the following QR Code.



We thank the Almighty in different ways

In places of worship, different people pray

Respect others' beliefs and their views

Let's make the world better for me and you!

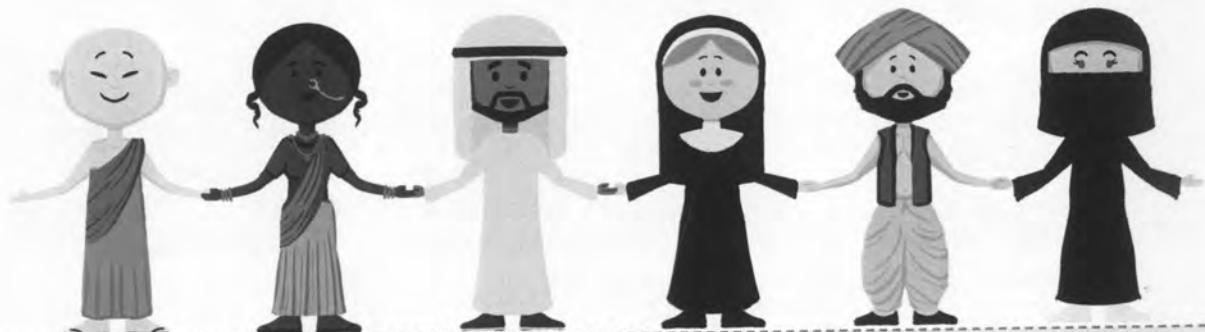
Everyone is different but together we are one

Live peacefully and happily. Make life fun!

- Anansh Prasad



What religion do you follow? Can you share an interesting teaching/story belonging to your religion?



Jigyasu's Quizzes!

Most religions have a holy book/books. People belonging to the religion follow their teachings.

Match the columns to connect religions with their holy books. Use the image hints to match. More than one holy book might be related to a religion.

The Holy Bible



The Vedas



The Tripitaka



The Quran



The Bhagavad Gita



Guru Granth Sahib



Zend-avesta



The Agamas



Jainism



Hinduism



Christianity



Sikhism



Islam



Zoroastrianism



Buddhism



Hinduism





Provided below are images of some of the most famous places of worship in India.

Fill in the blanks below them with the name of the religion they are associated with. The names in the box will help. One example is given

Hinduism Christianity Islam Zoroastrianism Sikhism
Jainism Buddhism Judaism (Jews) Baháí

Somnath Temple,
Veraval, Gujarat



Hinduism

Golden Temple,
Amritsar, Punjab



Palitana Temples,
Bhavnagar, Gujarat



JAINISM

Jama Masjid,
New Delhi



ISLAM

Saint Paul's Cathedral,
Kolkata, West Bengal



CHRISTIANITY

Banaji Limji Agiary,
Mumbai, Maharashtra



ZOROASTRIANISM

Ohel David Synagogue,
Pune, Maharashtra



JUDAISM

Lotus Temple,
New Delhi



BAHÁI

Namgyal Monastery, Dharamshala, Himachal Pradesh



BUDDHISM

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Places of Worship' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3
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A leader is an individual who is in charge of running an organization and guiding people.

Our nation India is also run by many leaders. They have the major responsibility of making sure that India runs well.



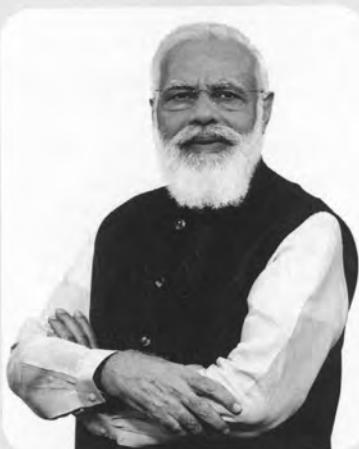
Jigyasu's
Quizzes!

Language Integrated Activity



In the following passages related to our leaders, strike off the incorrect words and the grammatical errors. One example has been shown.

The Prime Minister



The Prime Minister of India is the leader of India's government

He/she is responsible for ensuring India's growth and development

The standard term of the Prime Minister is around/round 5 years

As of September 2022, the Prime Minister of India is Shri. Narendra Modi

The Prime Minister of India as of today is

SHRI NARENDRA MODI

The President



The President is also called the 'First Citizen of India'

He/she is the Commander-in-chief of India's armed/army forces

The President is considered the head of state of the Republic of India. However he/she does not directly run the Indian government.

As of September 2022, India's President is Shrimati Draupadi Murmu

The current President is

SHRIMATI DRAUPADI MURMU

Chief Justice of India (CJI)



The Chief Justice of India is the chief judge in the Supreme Court of India

The Supreme Court is the highest ~~tennis court/court of law~~ in our country.

Lawyers ~~argue/carry~~ cases in front of judges. Judges give their verdicts in each case.

As of September 2022, the Chief Justice of India is Shri. Uday Umesh Lalit

The Current Chief Justice of India is

SHRI. UDAY UMESH LALIT

Chief of Defence Staff (CDS)



The Chief of Defence Staff is the head of India's armed forces

The armed forces ~~has/have~~ 3 major/small divisions – Army, Navy, Air Force

We must be very thankful to the armed forces for keeping us ~~safely/safe~~.

The first Chief of Defence Staff was Shri. Bipin Rawat

The current Chief of Defence Staff is

GENERAL ANIL CHAUHAN

Chief Election Commissioner (CEC)



The Chief Election Commissioner is the head of our Election Commission – it looks after ~~voting/vote~~ in elections.

The CEC is responsible for ensuring that free, fair and safe elections take place in India.

We Indians elect most of our leaders such as the members of our central and state governments by voting for them.

As of September 2022, the Chief Election Commissioner of India is Shri. Rajiv Sharma.

The current Chief Election Commisioner is

SHRI. RAJIV KUMAR

Every State has a Governor and a Chief Minister.

The Governor plays the same role at a state level as the President of India plays at a national level.

The Chief Minister plays the same role at a state level as the Prime Minister plays at a national level.

In case you live in a union territory, then the Lieutenant Governor is your leader.



Jigyasu's Challenges!

Answer the following questions related to your state/union territory by finding out some details either by asking people or on the Internet.

Name of State/Union Territory:

MAHARASHTRA

Capital of State/Union Territory:

MUMBAI

Governor of State:

BHAGAT SINGH KOSHYARI

Chief Minister of State:

EKNATH SHINDE

Lieutenant Governor of Union Territory:



The first and longest serving Prime Minister of India was Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru. He served for 16 years and 288 days.

Leadership is a very important trait that all of us must develop.

Do you think you are a good leader? If yes, then why? If not, then why?



For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Our Leaders' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasacom/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



CH 7 STATES OF INDIA: FESTIVALS

India has 28 States and 8 Union Territories. Each of them is unique in their own way.

With different languages, monuments, cultures, festivals, food and other traditions, they make India the most amazing country in the world!



While there are many festivals like Diwali and Christmas that are celebrated across India, every state has its own special festivals as well.

In this section, we are going to learn about the special festivals for different states!

Match the festivals with the state in which they are celebrated.

Use the hints for help. Next to each festival and state related images have been put. Connect them to get the answers! One example is given.



Bastar Dusshera



Gudi Padwa



Hornbill Festival



Onam



Kerala



Chhattisgarh



Maharashtra



Nagaland





Durga Puja



Tamil Nadu



Jagannath Rath Yatra



Sikkim



Losar



Odisha



Pongal



Kolkata



Jigyasu's Challenges!

All of us love different festivals. Can you draw what your favourite festival looks like? Explain what you have drawn in 1-2 lines.

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'States of India - Festivals' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasa.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



CH 8

RIVERS OF INDIA

Rivers are the major sources of water in India.

They provide water for many different uses. Can you think of 5 main uses of river water?



In the map of India below, 10 major rivers of India are marked with facts related to each of them.

In the box, there are names of different cities/regions in India. Put the name of the city/region closest to each river in the blanks below each river. Next to each blank there is an image on an object that starts with the same letter as the answer. One example is given.

Varanasi Agra Cuttack Guwahati Nashik Bharuch
Ladakh Tiruchirappalli

1. Indus Was home to the ancient Indus Valley Civilisation LADAKH	2. Ganga Longest and most revered river of India Varanasi
3. Yamuna The Taj Mahal is located on its banks AGRA	4. Brahmaputra Flows into India from China (called Tsang Po there) GUWAHATI
5. Narmada Also called the Rewa, it has many river branches BHARUCH	6. Mahanadi Flows through Odisha. Name means 'great river' CUTTACK
8. Kaveri Important water source for Karnataka and Tamil Nadu TIRUCHIRAPPALLI	7. Godavari 2nd longest river. Also called Dakshin Ganga NASHIK

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Rivers of India' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



CH 9

MONUMENTS OF INDIA

Across the world, India's known for its beautiful monuments!

They belong to different cities, many periods of history, and a variety of cultures and communities.

Can you think of 3 monuments in your village, town or city?



Jigyasu's Quizzes!

Let's learn about some of India's beautiful monuments! Provided below are sentences related to some monuments of India.

Use them and the hints to find the words in the crossword. One example is given.

DOWN

1. The Brihadisvara Temple located in Thanjavur in the state of TAMIL Nadu, is a beautiful Hindu temple dedicated to Lord Shiva
2. Located in the National Capital Territory of DELHI, the Qutb Minar is a beautiful 5 storey tower fully built by 3 different rulers of the Turkish Sultanate.
3. With one the largest domes in India, the Gol Gumbaz is a beautiful monument located in KARNATAKA, whose capital is Bengaluru.
6. By far Hyderabad's most famous monument, the Charminar literally means 'four pillars'. It is the state emblem of TELANGANA, the state it is located in.
7. Built in the memory of Queen Victoria, the former Empress of India, the Victoria Memorial is located in KOLKATA, capital of West Bengal.
9. The Konark SUN Temple in Odisha is an amazing stone temple in Odisha built like a giant chariot with 10 wheels. The SUN is a star in our solar system!

ACROSS

4. It was built by Emperor Shahjahan in memory of his beloved wife. The Taj MAHAL located in Agra is one of the New Seven Wonders of the World!
5. The Statue of Unity in Narmada (Gujarat) is the world's TALLEST statue and depicts Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel. The giraffe is the TALLEST animal.
8. The Tawang MONASTERY is the largest MONASTERY in India and is located in Arunachal Pradesh. A MONASTERY is a Buddhist worship place.
9. The Gateway of India is located in Mumbai on the banks of the Arabian SEA. It is a beautiful arch monument designed by George Wittet, an architect.



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Jigyasu's Challenges!

You can make your very own Qutb Minar at home by using cardboard paper, newspapers, glue, a pair of scissors, brown paint and a bottle cap! Watch this video to learn how - <https://bit.ly/3E0tl85>

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Monuments of India' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3
You can also access them through the following QR Code.



CH 10

INDIAN FOOD DELICACIES

The types of food can broadly be divided into 2 types - sweet (meetha) and savoury (namkeen).



Provided below are pictures of some of India's many food delicacies! Identify their names from the box provided.

Make a triangle next to them if they are sweet and a circle next to them if they are savoury. One example is given.

Samosa Rosogolla Gajar-Halwa Chhole-Bhature Medhu-Vada
Gulab-Jamum Dhokla Jalebi Dal-Bati-Churma Kulfi
Hyderabadi Biryani Kaju-Barfi



Rosogolla ▲



GULAB JAMUN▲ MEDHU VADA●



SAMOSA●



BIRYANI●



GAJAR HALWA▲



DHOKLA●



KAJUBARFI▲



JALEBI▲



KULFI▲



DAL-BATI-CHURMA▲



CHOLE BHATURE●



What is your favourite sweet dish and savoury dish and why?

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Indian Food Delicacies' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



Indus Valley Civilisation

Much before most other places, the India we live in today was home to one of the world's **oldest civilisations** - the **Indus Valley Civilisation!** It spread across large parts of modern day northern and western India about **4500 years** ago. In fact, it is believed to be the one that extended through the largest area among ancient civilisations!



A civilisation is a society which has a very developed culture and way of living. Also called the '**Harappan Culture**', the Indus Valley Civilisation was highly developed. Thousands of years ago when most parts of the world did not have cities, this civilisation had many well developed ones.

Three major cities of the Indus Valley civilization were **Mohenjo Daro, Harappa and Lothal**.

They had well developed water systems, governments and very advanced societies. The remains of the Indus Valley Civilisation have been found underground in parts of modern day India and Pakistan. Beautiful **pots and food utensils, childrens' toys, and sculptures** apart from well laid out roads have been found.



Some of its bigger cities like Mohenjo Daro had over **30000** people living in them. The houses found were well-built and organised. Some of the cities that have been found are even better organised than today's cities - **4500 years later!**

One of the most famous structures found from this civilisation is 'The Great Bath' found in the city of Mohenjo Daro. It is a huge public bathing place that is similar to swimming pools in today's times!

If you ever get the chance, do go and see the remains of the city called Lothal. It is located very close to the city of Ahmedabad in the state of Gujarat. Ancient India was truly marvelous!



Jigyasu's Quizzes!

Answer the following questions related to the passage in True or False

1. The Indus Valley civilisation was located in present day Canada **False**
2. Harappa as a city that formed a part of the Indus Valley civilisation **TRUE**
3. Lothal is located closer to Delhi than to Ahmedabad today **FALSE**
4. The Great Bath was found to be in Harappa **FALSE**
5. The Indus Valley Civilisation existed 1500 years ago **FALSE**
6. There were well laid out roads in the civilisation's cities **TRUE**
7. The city of Mumbai was in the Indus Valley Civilisation **FALSE**
8. Parts of this civilisation are in India and Pakistan **TRUE**

The Mesopotamian Civilisation and the Egyptian Civilisation were two other ancient civilisations



For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'A' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



India has seen many great women make the nation proud in different areas of life!

As we encourage women to chase their dreams, more of them are impacting our lives in wonderful ways!

All of us are surrounded by women who play an important role in our lives – our mothers, our sisters, our teachers and many others! We must always support them and respect them.



Jigyasu's Quizzes!

The following questions are related to some of India's most successful women in different areas of life.

Choose the correct option. One example has been provided.

1. PV Sindhu is one of India's greatest sportspersons. She is a two time Olympic medalist and the first Indian woman to win the world championship in which racket sport?

a. Tennis

b. Badminton

c. Squash



2. Kalpana Chawla was the first Indian woman to go on a space mission. An asteroid and a crater on the moon have been named after her. If she went to space, then what was her occupation?

a. Astronaut

b. Dentist

c. Optician



3. Annie Besant was one of India's greatest educators and freedom fighters during British rule in India. How many years after her birth did India get independence if she was born on 1st October, 1847?

a. 80

b. 90

c. 100



4. Lata Mangeshkar was one of India's greatest singers. Called the 'Queen of Melody', she sang in 26 different languages and recorded over 25000 songs! Which of these is **not** a regular musical instrument?

- a. Tabla b. Syringe c. Flute



5. Amrita Sher-Gil was one of India's most famous painters of all time. Her form of painting is called modern Indian art and 'Young Girls' is one of her most well known paintings. Which of these does a painter need?

- a. Brushes b. Combs c. Oil



6. Born in Chennai, Indra Nooyi was the first Indian woman to lead a global company. She was the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of a famous cola company. Which of these companies did she lead then?

- a. Airtel b. Parle G c. Pepsi

a. 80 b. 90 c. 100



7. Indira Gandhi was the first and till date only woman to be Prime Minister of India. She was often referred to as the 'Iron Lady of India' and was known for her confidence. Who is the **current Indian Prime Minister**?

- a. Narendra Modi b. Draupadi Murmu c. Sachin Tendulkar



8. Justice Anna Chandy was the first female judge in India. She inspired several other women to take up law and become judges. Which of these places would a judge carry out their duty at?

- a. Supreme Court b. Stadium c. Hospital



Can you think of other great Indian women and what they have done to make us proud in different areas of life? There are thousands of them!

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Indian Women Of Substance' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



CH 13 INSPIRING INDIAN SPORTSPERSONS



Read these sentences related to some of India's greatest sportspersons.

Answer these questions related to them. Also find the answers in the word grid on the next page. One example has been provided.

1. Kapil Dev is one of India's greatest cricketers of all time.

Under his captaincy, India won its first cricket World Cup in 1983. When a bowler hits the stump of a batsman, we say the batsman is **BO WL**E**D**



2. Saina Nehwal is India's first women's player to be ranked no 1 in the world in this sport. We play it with a shuttlecock. She also won a bronze medal at the Olympic games in 2012. This sport is **BAD MINT**O**N**



3. Mithali Raj is an Indian cricketer who has scored the most number of runs in the world in women's ODI cricket. When a batswoman hits the ball over the boundary line, we say she's scored **SIX** runs!



4. Sunil Chhetri is a famous Indian football striker. He has scored the most number of international goals for India. The only player who can touch the football with his/her hands in a game is the **GOAL KEEPER**



5. Vishwanathan Anand is India's greatest chess player of all time. He became India's first chess Grandmaster in 1988 and is a 5 time world champion. In the game of chess, the **QUEEN** is the most important piece





5. PR Sreejesh is one of India's greatest hockey players. He has won many medals for India in the sport. The number of players in a hockey team is the same as the number of players in a cricket team - ELEVEN players



6. Milkha Singh was one of India's greatest athletes. He was India's first runner to win a gold medal in the 400 metres race at the Asian Games in 1958 apart from many other medals. A short distance runner is also called a SPRINTER.



7. MC Mary Kom is India's greatest boxer of all time. She is the only woman to ever win 6 gold medals in the World Amateur Boxing championships. Imphal is the capital of the state she belongs to - MANIPUR.

Word Grid - words are hidden across, down and diagonally



For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Inspiring Indian Sportspersons' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasa.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



CH 14 INDIA'S FREEDOM FIGHTERS

Our fight for freedom from British rule majorly took place between 1857 and 1947 when we received independence.

There are many great Indians who fought for our independence from British rule. We live in a free country today because of their sacrifices.



Jigyasu's Quizzes! Language Intergrated Activity

Fill in the blanks in these passages with the correct words. One example is given.

Subhash Chandra Bose



He was popularly (popularly/slowly) known as Netaji

ALONG (In spite/Along) with his Azad Hind Fauj (Indian National Army), he fought for freedom from British rule

He made the SLOGAN (slogan/coin) 'Jai Hind' very popular

While FIGHTING (playing/fighting) for India's freedom, the British sent him to prison 11 times in 20 years!

He was born in Cuttack, a city in which Indian state?

Odisha

One of India's greatest freedom fighters, he sacrificed his LIFE (life/lives) at the young age of 23. He inspired thousands of Indians!

He fought BRAVELY (bravely/cowardly) for freedom as a part of the Hindustan Socialist Republican Association

When he was sent to prison, he went on a hunger STRIKE (strike/goal) for 116 days demanding better living CONDITION (conditions/foods) for Indian prisoners during British rule!

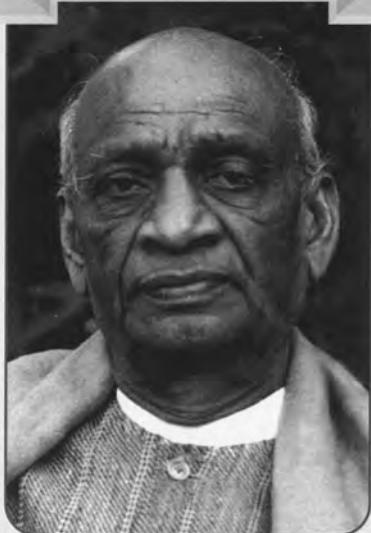
Isn't it difficult for us to stay hungry even for 1 day? Forget 116!

YES!

Bhagat Singh



Vallabhbhai Patel



RESPECTFULLY (Respectfully/Closely) known as 'Sardar' Vallabhbhai Patel, he is fondly known as the 'Iron Man of India'.

He fought with great **COURAGE** (courage/cowardice) and determination for India's independence.

He is known for his **ROLE** (role/silence) in the Bardoli Satyagraha - a farmers' revolt against taxes during the British rule

Post independence, he became India's first **DEPUTY** (deputy/passing) prime minister, and played a major role in uniting India and its states.

Which famous monument in Gujarat has been built in his honour?

STATUE OF UNITY

She is fondly **REMEMBERED** (remembered/forgotten) as the 'Nightingale of India'.

This name was **GIVEN** (given/taken) to her by Mahatma Gandhi, because of her beautiful poems **MOTIVATING** (motivating/stopping) people to fight for India's freedom

She inspired women to be a part of the **STRUGGLE** (struggle/tale) for India's freedom, and fought for their rights

She was **ALSO** (also/across) the first woman to become the governor of a state in independent India

Can you find out the names of 2 other famous lady freedom fighters?

RANI LAXMI BAI AND ANNIE BESANT

Sarojini Naidu



India's struggle for freedom began in a big way in 1857 with the 'Sepoy Mutiny'



For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'India's Freedom Fighters' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



CH 15 CONTINENTS AND COUNTRIES

Most of our planet Earth is covered by water from oceans, seas, rivers and other water bodies (71%). The rest of it is covered by land.

Land on Earth is divided into 7 major land masses.

These are called **continents**! It is believed that thousands of years ago, the Earth was a single large landmass before it slowly split into these seven continents. Which continent are you living in right now?



Jigyasu's
Quizzes!

Provided below are statements related to the 7 different continents. Can you match their number with the correct continent? One example is given.

1. Largest continent in the world. It's where you are right now! **ASIA**
2. Smallest continent in the world. **AUSTRALIA**
3. Known for its amazing wildlife and for having the most number of countries. **AFRICA**
4. Covered in ice with very few people staying on it. **ANTARCTICA**
5. Mexico, Canada and USA are some of the countries on it. **NORTH AMERICA**
6. Home to the beautiful Amazon rainforests, the Incas and other marvels. **SOUTH AMERICA**
7. France, Germany, Great Britain and other wealthy countries are on it. **EUROPE**



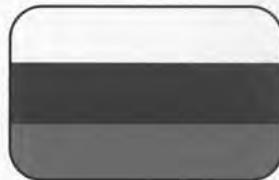


On every continent of the world, there are many countries. Each country has its own flag, languages, cultures and traditions.

Choose the correct option for each of these questions. One example is given.

1. This country is the largest country in the world. Its capital is Moscow and it spreads across 2 continents - Europe and Asia. Name it.

a. Russia b. USA c. China



2. Located in Europe, India got independence from this country in 1947. Its capital is London. Which country?

a. Belgium b. France c. Great Britain



3. This country is the largest country in South America. Its capital is Brasilia, and its football team is one of the best in the world. Name it.

a. Brazil b. Peru c. Chile



4. The world's second largest country, it is located in North America. Ottawa is its capital and we associate the maple leaf with it. Name it.

a. Mexico b. Canada c. USA



5. This country is also called the 'Land Down Under'. Located in the world's smallest continent, its capital is Canberra. Name it.

a. Australia b. New Zealand c. Madagascar



6. This country is also called the 'Land of the Rising Sun'. Its capital is Tokyo and it is an extremely clean country. Name it.

a. Sri Lanka b. Japan c. China



For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Continents and Countries' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.

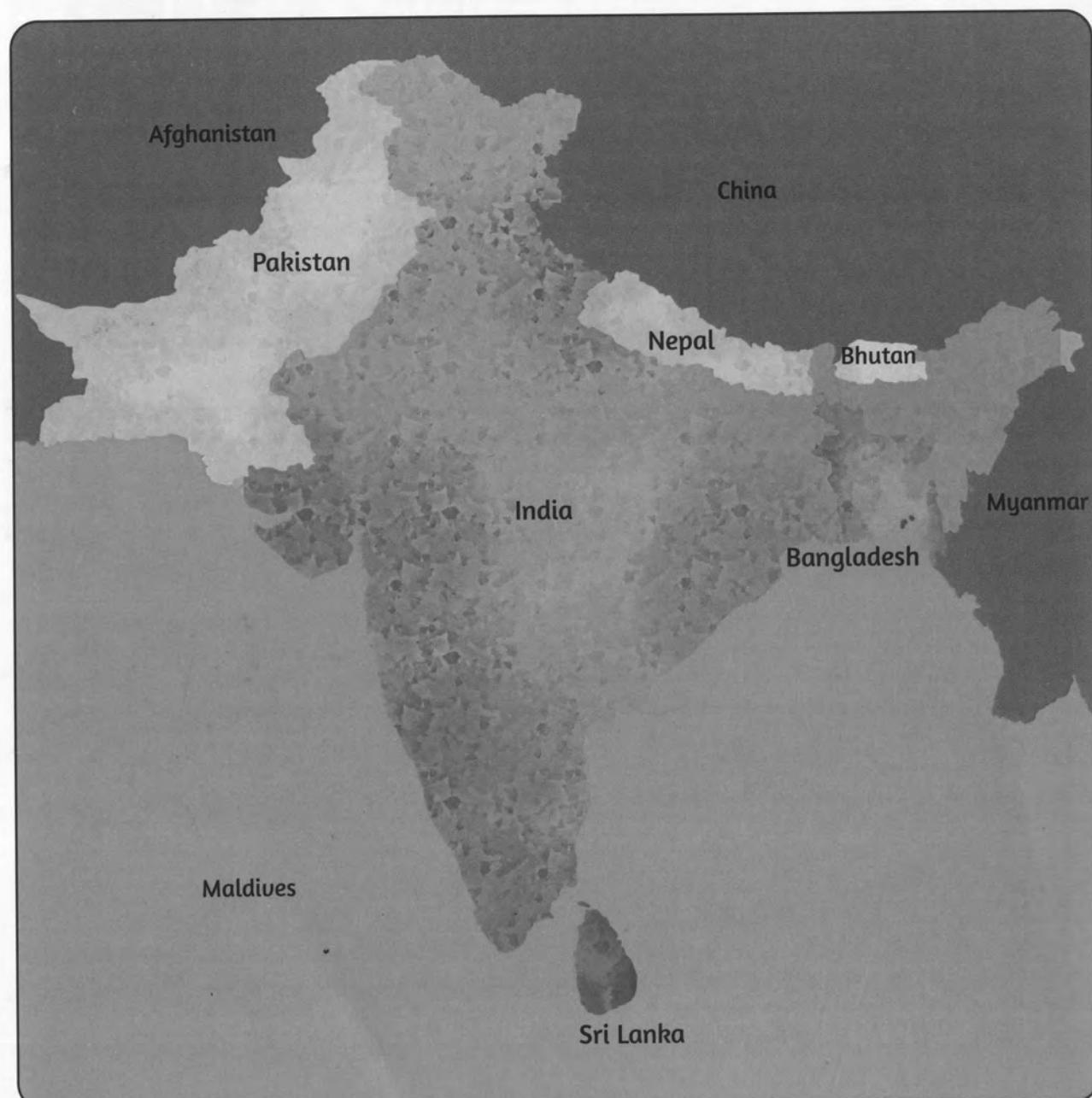


We all have neighbours who live next to us. Just like us, India also has neighbours!

India has 9 neighbouring countries which share a land or sea border with it.

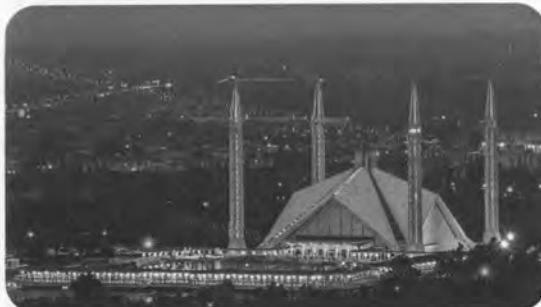
They are the countries of China, Pakistan, Afghanistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh, Nepal, Maldives, Myanmar and Bhutan.

Here is a map of India and its neighbours!





Answer the following questions related to some of India's neighbours. One example is given!



1. The capital of this neighbouring country of India is Islamabad. It neighbours India on its north western side. This country also loves the sport of cricket!

~~Islamabad~~ PAKISTAN



3. Colombo is the capital of this country. It is located to the south of India and is known for its beautiful beaches and marine life.

SRI LANKA



5. Dhaka is the capital of this country. Before India's independence in 1947, this region was a part of India and was called East Bengal.

BANGLADESH



2. Beijing is the capital of this country. Located to the North East of India, this country is the only place where giant pandas are found in the wild.

CHINA



4. Thimphu is the capital of this country. Known for its natural beauty, it is one of the happiest countries in the world. It is located to the east of India.

BHUTAN



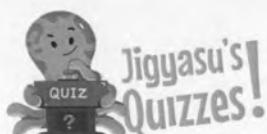
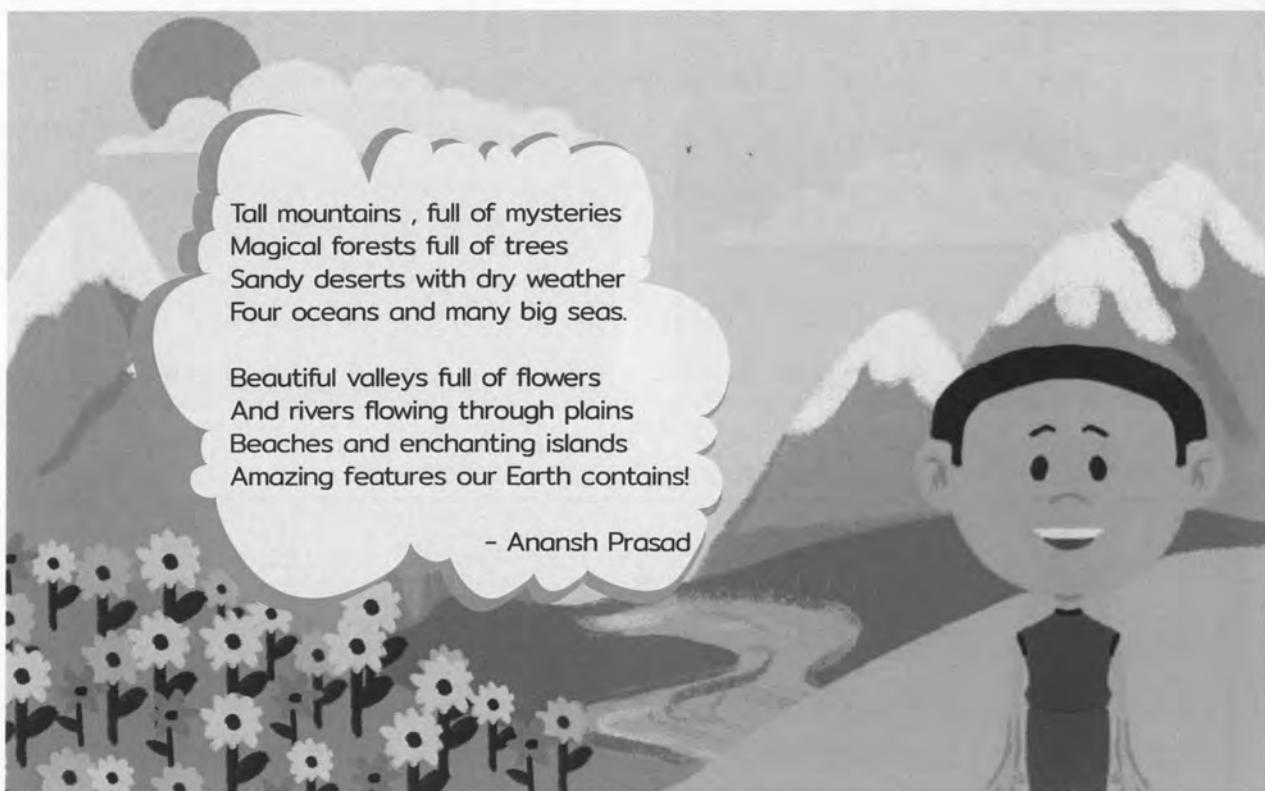
6. Kabul is the capital of this country. Located to the northwest of India, the country is known for its fruits such as grapes and pomegranates.

AFGHANISTAN

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'India's Neighbours' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3
You can also access them through the following QR Code.



CH 17 PHYSICAL FEATURES OF THE WORLD



Our Earth has so many different physical features! Can you identify them in the different pictures below? Use the box for reference. One example is given.

Glacier Mountain Valley Desert Hills Bay Beach Swamp



Everest Mountain



Juhu BEACH



Everglades SWAMP



BAY of Bengal



Thar DESERT



Gangotri GLACIER



Kathmandu VALLEY



Anantagiri HILLS

Answer the following questions in True or False.
One example has been given.



Jigyasu's Quizzes!

1. The Arabian Ocean is next to India.
2. Nile is the name of the longest river in the world.
3. The Sahara Desert is the smallest desert in the world.
4. The Himalayas are mountain ranges.
5. Pacific Ocean is the largest ocean in the world.
6. The Deccan Plateau is located in Japan.
7. Amazon is the name of a rainforest as well as a river.
8. Yamunotri is the name of desert.

False

TRUE

FALSE

TRUE

TRUE

FALSE

TRUE

FALSE



What would the smartest mountain in the world be called?

Mount Cl-Everest!

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Physical Features of the world' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



POLLUTION

The introduction of harmful materials into the environment which causes harm to all of us is called pollution.

Pollution is of many different types. Some of the most concerning ones are:



1. Air pollution



2. Water pollution



3. Soil pollution



4. Noise pollution

We are all guilty of causing pollution in many different ways – throwing of garbage, overusing plastic bags, increased usage of cars etc.



If we want Earth to remain a safe place for all of us to live in,

We must stop polluting the environment immediately!



Can you think of 5 activities we carry out which cause pollution and how we can change them to reduce pollution?



Provided below are some examples of activities which cause pollution.

Can you write which type of pollution is mainly caused in each case? Soil Pollution, Water Pollution, Air Pollution or Noise Pollution? One example is given.

1. Cars on the roads are honking horns too much
2. Harmful chemicals from factories entering into mud
3. Smoke coming out from the chimney of a building
4. Bursting of fireworks during festivals like Diwali
5. Plastic and other wastes being thrown into the sea
6. Mixing of harmful chemicals in the water we drink
7. Burning of waste material in villages
8. Using loudspeakers during festivals and events
9. Use of personal vehicles instead of public transportation
10. Machines at a construction site are very loud

Noise Pollution

SOIL POLLUTION

AIR POLLUTION

AIR AND NOISE

WATER POLLUTION

WATER POLLUTION

AIR & SOIL

NOISE POLLUTION

AIR POLLUTION

NOISE POLLUTION



Art Integrated Activity

We must all work towards stopping pollution of all kinds. Can you make a poster in the box below which encourages people to stop polluting? Show it to at least 10 people!

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Pollution' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.

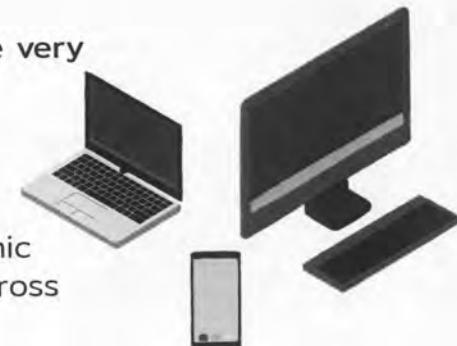


CH 19 COMPUTERS AND THE INTERNET

Computers, laptops and smartphones have become very important parts of our lives today.

Most people cannot do their work without them.

However, even more important than these electronic devices is a network that connects all of them across the world- the Internet!



The Internet is a huge network that connects all computers and electronic devices of the world.

It came into existence in 1983 and has changed the way we live since then.

The Internet allows us to do many important things. Some of them are:

1. We can send messages instantly to anyone in the world via electronic mail (e-mail) using the Internet.

There are many email service providers available on the internet like

Gmail, Outlook and YAHOO! MAIL.

Do you have an email account? You should make one for yourself!

2. The Internet also helps us search for information on any and every topic in the world! There are thousands of websites with information.

Internet search engines like **Google**, **Bing** and **Ask** help us search for information.

3. The Internet also helps us perform many other activities such as playing games; buying goods on online marketplaces like **amazon; and transferring money via digital payment websites like and portals like **Paytm**.**



Jigyasu's Challenges!

Either by yourself or with the help of your parents/teachers, go on to Google and search for answers to the following questions!

Google can help you learn more things about the world than anyone else if you use it right!

1. Who was the 3rd President of India? ZAKIR HUSAIN
2. In which continent is the country Zambia located? AFRICA
3. Who is the current captain of the Indian women's cricket team?
HARMANPREET KAUR
4. Who is the richest person in the world as of today? ELON MUSK
5. Name any animal that is found on the Galapagos Islands.
MARINE IGUANA
6. What is the capital city of Bolivia, a South American country?
LA PAZ
EUROPA
7. Name any moon of the planet Jupiter?
ZAKIR HUSSAIN
8. Name any famous Indian tabla player.
.....
9. What is the latest iPhone device available in the market?
IPHONE 14 PRO
.....
10. Who is the current President of the United States of America?
JOE BIDEN

How do trees get on the Internet?

They log in!



For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Computers and the Internet' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyastra.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



CH 20 VERTEBRATES AND INVERTEBRATES

Living things are broadly divided into 2 major groups - Vertebrates and Invertebrates.



Vertebrate



Invertebrate

Vertebrates have a spine and a backbone to protect them. Their bodies have many bones. If you touch your back and move your fingers from down to up along the centre, you will feel the backbone!



Most animals, birds and fishes we see around us are vertebrates. We humans, cows and dolphins are some examples.

Invertebrates on the other hand don't have a backbone to support their bodies. They do not have bones in general.

Instead, they develop a hard outer covering around their bodies to protect and support themselves. It is called the **exoskeleton**.



All insects like spiders and other living things like crabs are invertebrates.

Both vertebrates and invertebrates play a very important role in nature!

While vertebrates grow to larger sizes, invertebrates are much much larger in number than them - over 32 times more!

Jigyasu's Facts!

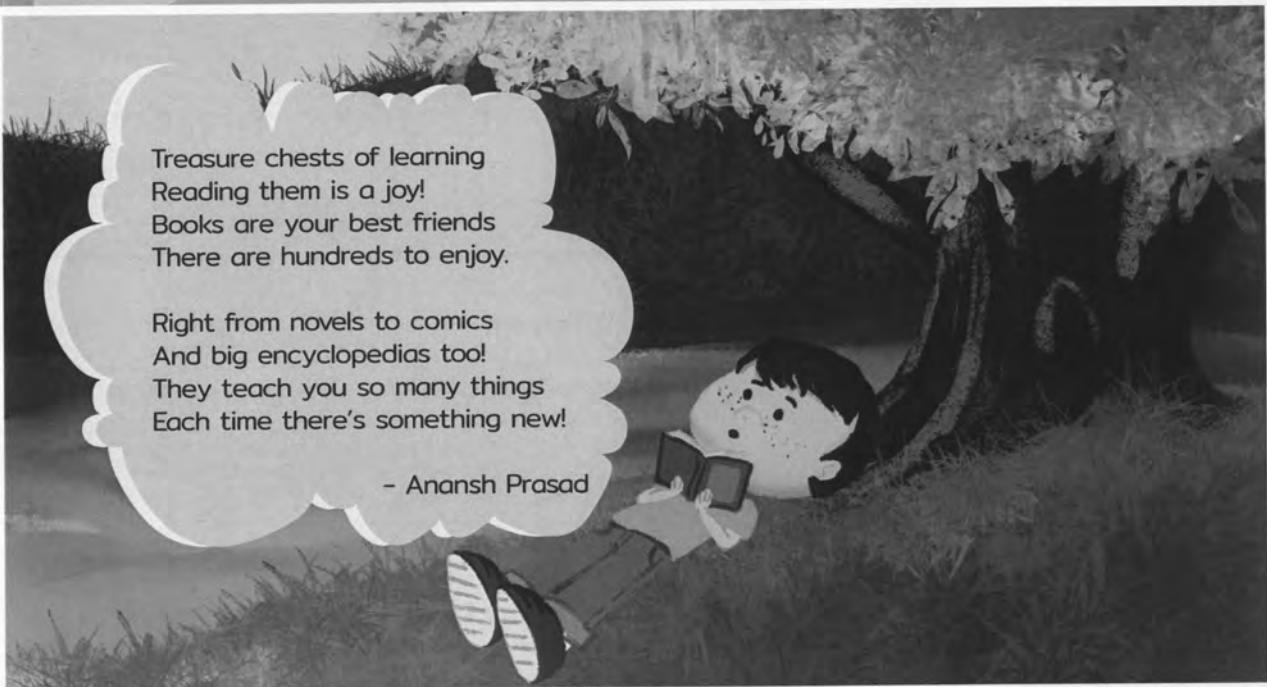
All across this page, you can see many different animals, birds, fishes and insects.

Write 'V' next to those that are vertebrates and 'INV' next to those that are invertebrates.



For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Vertebrates and Invertebrates' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.

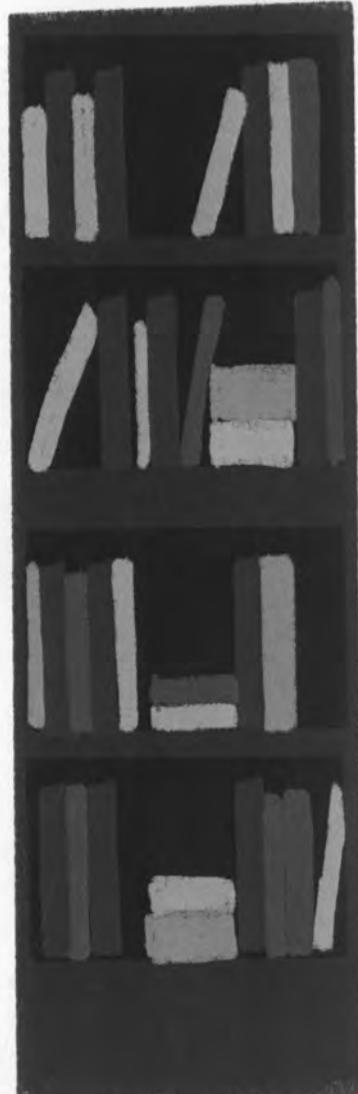




Language Integrated Activity

What is the name of your favourite book?

HARRY POTTER SERIE



Who is the author of this book?

J. K. ROWLING

Can you tell us what this book is about in a few sentences?

WIZARDS AND MAGIC.





A person who writes a book is called an author.

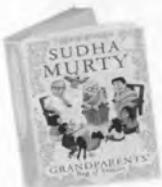
Match these famous books with their authors. Read these books as well. They are great! One example is given.



Malgudi Days



Charlie and the Chocolate Factory



Grandma's Bag of Stories



Noddy and Friends



The Blue Umbrella



Harry Potter and the Sorcerers Stone



The Jungle Book

Roald Dahl



Enid Blyton



RK Narayan



JK Rowling



Sudha Murty



Rudyard Kipling



Ruskin Bond



For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Books and Authors' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3
You can also access them through the following QR Code.



CH 22 CARTOONS AND CLASSICS



Can you unjumble the names of the cartoon characters shown below? One example is given.



IMYKCE UMOES
Mickey Mouse



HCOATH MEHEB
CHOTA BHEEM



MEDRONOA
DOREMON



YOEPPE
POPEYE



GOGY NAD HTE
SCOKCHCEOAR
OGGY AND THE
COCKROACHES



MTO NDA
RJEYR
TOM AND JERRY



RDAO HET
PXORELR
DORA THE
EXPLORER



TMOU UPALT
MOTU PATLU



JNNAI THIORTA
NINJA HATTORI



RM NBAE
MR BEAN



PPPAE GPI
PEPPA PIG



CANHHNSI
SHINCHAN

There are many wonderful storybooks that have been read by our grandparents, parents and now even us! They are called classics.

These classics have also been made into movies, cartoons and plays!

Can you identify the names of the classics from the image hints provided related to them. The names of all these classics have been mentioned in the box. One example is given.



Cinderella Lion King Jungle Book Finding Nemo Toy Story Kung-Fu Panda



Cinderella



KUNG-FU PANDA



TOY STORY



FINDING NEMO



LION KING



JUNGLE BOOK



Jigyasu's
Challenges!

Art Intergrated Activity

What is your favourite cartoon character? Draw his/her image and colour it in the box

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Cartoons and Classics' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



SIMILIES AND GROUPS

The English language has many types of **Figures of Speech**, in which words and sentences are used in interesting and creative ways.

One such **Figure of Speech** is a **Simile**.

A simile is a sentence or phrase that directly compares two things using words such as 'like' or 'as'.

E.g. As brave as a lion



Language Integrated Activity

Identify the following similes through the image hints provided next to the blanks. One example has been provided.

Also understand them, and try to use these similes in different sentences for practice!

- | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| 1. As cool as a cucumber | | 7. As bright as a <u>BUTTON</u> | |
| 2. As busy as a <u>BEE</u> | | 8. Moves like a <u>SNAIL</u> | |
| 3. Swims like a <u>FISH</u> | | 9. As wise as an <u>OWL</u> | |
| 4. As white as <u>SNOW</u> | | 10. As proud as a <u>PEACOCK</u> | |
| 5. Eats like a <u>PIG</u> | | 11. As light as a <u>FEATHER</u> | |
| 6. Chatters like a <u>MONKEY</u> | | 12. Runs like a <u>DEER</u> | |



Language Integrated Activity

Similes are fun to use and very creative.
Can you create a few similes of your own?

1. FIGHTING LIKE A SNAKE AND MONGOOSE
2. AS NOISY AS A FIRECRACKER
3. AS DANGEROUS AS A LANDMINE

A collective noun is a word that is used to refer to a collection of things. They help us describe a group of objects.

E.g. A swarm of bees

Swarm is the collective noun in this sentence



From the box provided, use the correct collective noun for each sentence. One example is given.

Hint: The image shown next to the blank starts with the same letter as the collective noun to be used

Pack Litter Flock Wad Band Bouquet Pair School Galaxy Army Pod Herd



1. An army of ants.



2. A FLOCK of birds



3. A POD of whales



4. A PACK of wolves



5. A BAND of musicians.



6. A GALAXY of stars.



7. A WAD of notes.



8. A BOUQUET of flowers.



9. A SCHOOL of fish.



10. A PAIR of shoes.



11. A HERD of elephants.



12. A LITTER of cubs.

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Similes and Groups' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3
You can also access them through the following QR Code.



MONEY AND SPENDING IT

Learning how to make use of our money smartly is very important!

Earning money by doing good work is important. Spending money wisely is equally important though.



Earning Money



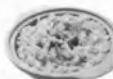
Spending Money

We spend our money on 2 kinds of things - **Needs and Wants**!

Needs are those things that we cannot function or live without. These are some of them:



Water



Food



Clothing

Wants are those things that improve our quality of living but we can function or live without. These are some of them:



Video games



Car



Shoes

While it is not a bad thing to spend on our wants, we must first spend on our needs.

Also, whatever pocket money we get, we must save a small part of it.

Saving is important! Money saved is money earned!





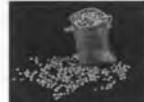
Math Intergrated Activity.

Answer the following questions related to spending, needs and wants. Circle all the correct answers for each option. One example is given

1. You have Rs. 100/- If you have to spend it only on needs, what will you spend it on?



Rs. 49/-



Rs. 51/-



Rs. 88/-

2. You have Rs. 125/- of your pocket money left. You must spend it on 1 need and 1 want. Which of the following should you buy?



Rs. 40



Rs. 75.



Rs. 200

3. You have been given Rs. 60/- for 5 days by your parents for traveling to school. Which of the following would be the best way to travel?



Rs. 9/- per day



Rs. 14/- per day



Rs. 20/- per day

4. If you have Rs. 300/- as pocket money, and you want to spend the entire amount on wants only, then what will you spend on?



Rs. 200/-



Rs. 100/-



Rs. 50/-

5. Akshay spent Rs. 40/- on ice cream while Mohit spent Rs. 40/- on a plate of dal-rice. Which of these statements is true?

a. Mohit spent on needs

b. Akshay spent on wants

c. Mohit spent on wants



It is a good idea to save a portion of your pocket money each month. How much do you save?

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Money and Spending It' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



CH 25 HOCKEY - INDIA'S DOMINANCE

Long long before cricket became the most popular sport in India, there was another sport that brought India the most pride and happiness - **hockey!** In fact, India has never been as dominant in any sport as it was in hockey between the years 1928 and 1960.



The **Olympics** are the **biggest sporting event** in the world. Winning a hockey medal at the event is considered the biggest achievement in the sport. Between **1928** and **1956**, India won every single Olympic gold medal! The Indian hockey team was so strong that it did not lose a single game at the Olympics between 1928 and 1960. It won **30 games in a row!** This level of brilliance has never been seen in any sport.



Dhyan Chand is considered the **greatest hockey player** of all time. He was unstoppable on the hockey field and scored hundreds of goals for India. Thanks to his efforts, India won the gold medal at the 1928, 1932 and 1936 Olympic Games. He was fondly called '**The Magician**' for his amazing hockey skills. **Roop Singh, Uddham Singh, Leslie Claudius and Balbir Singh Sr** are among some of India's greatest hockey players.



Balbir Singh Sr



Uddham Singh



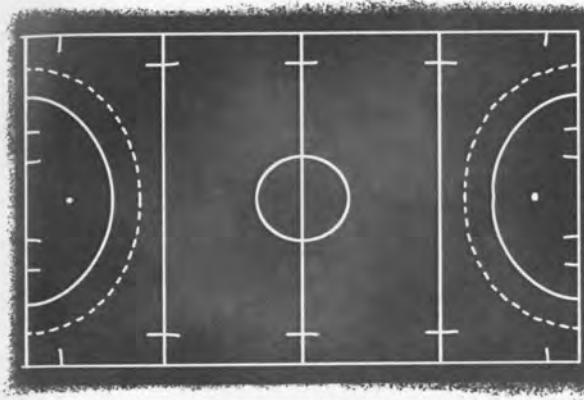
Leslie Claudius



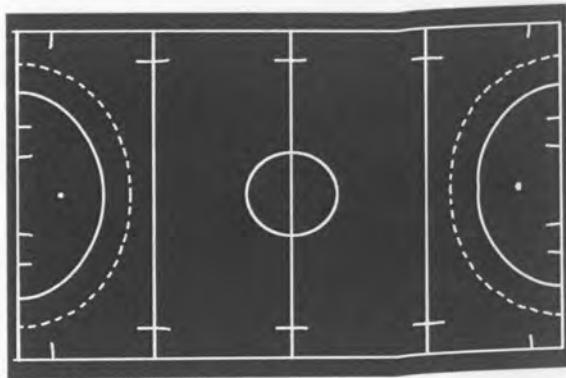
Roop Singh

In 1936, the leader of Germany asked Dhyan Chand to join the German hockey team and leave India. He also offered Dhyan a lot of money! Dhyan Chand being a true Indian flatly said NO!





Grass fields



Astroturfs

Evolution of Hockey Fields

India won 2 more Olympic gold medals in hockey in **1964** and **1980**. But after that, its performances started declining. This was majorly because of the introduction of a new playing surface called astroturf in **1976**. Hockey was no longer played on **grass fields** at international events. India did not have too many **astroturf** playing surfaces and couldn't afford to provide training to all hockey players on them. The team was no longer the best.

Slowly and steadily though, India has worked its way back to being a good hockey team in the world. Finally at the **Tokyo 2020 Olympic Games**, the Mens Indian Hockey team won a bronze medal in hockey after **40 long years!** It was a proud moment for our country. Let's hope we win the Olympic gold medal again very soon! *Jai Hind!*



Indian Team going through a rough patch



Bronze Medallists at the Tokyo 2020 Olympic Games!



Language Intergrated Acitivity

Refer to the passage related to Indian hockey and answer the following questions.

1. Which medal did the Indian hockey team win at the 1936 Olympics?

a. Bronze

b. Gold

c. Silver

2. Before the Tokyo 2020 Olympic games, when was the last time India won an Olympic hockey medal?

a. 1960

b. 1980

c. 2000

3. The introduction of which playing surface affected India's performances in hockey?

a. Wooden boards

b. Grass fields

c. Astroturfs

4. Who among these is one of India's great hockey players?

a. Balbir Singh Jr.

b. MS Dhoni

c. Neeraj Chopra

5. At the Olympics, how many hockey games did India win in a row between 1928 and 1960?

a. 30.

b. 28

c. 27

6. In India, which sport became more popular than hockey by the 1980s?

a. Cricket

b. Tennis

c. Volleyball

7. Who is the greatest hockey player of all time?

a. PR Sreejesh

b. Dhyan Chand

c. Leslie Claudio

8. Which of these would you associate with the game of hockey?

a. Goal

b. Bowled

c. Kick

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Hockey- India's Dominance' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



CH 26 EXOTIC FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Apart from the common fruits and vegetables that we eat as a part of our diet, there are some which are not so commonly grown.

These are called exotic fruits and vegetables.



Exotic Fruits!!

Fill in the blanks with their correct names of these exotic fruits.
Use the words in the box for help. One example is given.

Avocado Mangosteen Blueberries Passion Fruit Dragon Fruit
Kiwi Durian Starfruit Rambutan



Rambutan



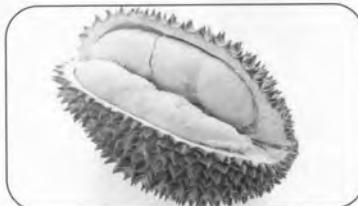
STAR FRUIT



MANGOSTEEN



KIWI



DURIAN



BLUE BERRIES



AVOCADO



PASSION FRUIT



DRAGON FRUIT



Exotic Vegetables!!

Fill in the blanks with their correct names of these exotic vegetables. Use the words in the box for help. One example is given.

Asparagus Broccoli Zucchini Cherry-Tomato Red Cabbage
Kale Bell-Pepper Celery Pak-Choi



Cherry-Tomato



BELL PEPPER



RED CABBAGE



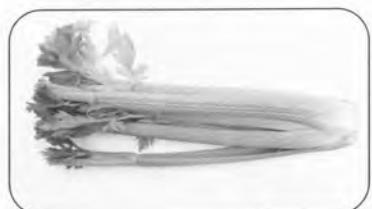
KALE



BROCCOLI



ASPARAGUS



CELERY



ZUCCHINI



PAK CHOI



What is your favourite fruit and favourite vegetable?

Favourite Fruit :

MANGO

Favourite Vegetable:

BROCCOLI

For answer keys, facts and more quizzes related to 'Exotic Fruits and Vegetables' & weekly current affairs quizzes, please visit the following link: globaljigyasu.com/books/grade3 You can also access them through the following QR Code.



MIXED BAG

Set 1 - Don't Leave Me Blank



Fill in the blanks with the correct words from the box. Choose the correct word from the ones provided in the box. One example has been provided.

Rasgulla Saina Nehwal Temple Water Pollution

Characters Created By Enid Blyton Noise Pollution Broccoli

Narendra Modi Church Gulab Jamun PV Sindhu South America



Narendra Modi



SAINA NEHWAL



TEMPLE



GULAB JAMUN



RASGULLA



BROCCOLI



CHURCH



PV SINDHU



WATER POLLUTION



SOUTH AMERICA



NOISE POLLUTION



CHARACTERS
BY ENID BLYTON

Mixed Bag Set 2 - Picture Perfect



In this mixed bag set, each question is related to a picture provided with it. Read the instructions and answer the questions.

1. This picture shows different parts of a very important part of our digestive system. Can you name it?

- a. Stomach
- b. Lungs
- c. Brain
- d. Heart



2. This is a picture of a Gudi which is raised during the festival of Gudi Padwa. It is celebrated in the biggest way in which Indian state?

- a. Tamil Nadu
- b. Rajasthan
- c. Maharashtra
- d. Nagaland



3. This is a picture of the world's tallest statue called the 'Statue of Unity'. It is located in a Western Indian state. Can you name a popular folk dance from this state?

- a. Bihu
- b. Dandiya
- c. Naga Dance
- d. Bhangra



4. This is a picture of a tablet that we commonly take when we have fever to reduce it. Name the tablet.

- a. Endemol
- b. Horlicks 100
- c. Dolo 650
- d. Perk 120



5. This is the Mysore Palace. It is located in a state famous for other monuments such as the Gol Gumbaz too. Name it.

- a. Kerela
- b. Maharashtra
- c. Karnataka
- d. Meghalaya



6. This is a picture of Manpreet Singh. He was the captain of the Indian team in this sport when it won the bronze medal at the Tokyo 2020 Olympics. Name the sport?

- a. Hockey
- b. Cricket
- c. Football
- d. Basketball



7. This is a picture of the remains of a city from the ancient Indus Valley Civilisation. These remains were found in modern day Gujarat. Name this ancient city?

- a. Lothal
- b. Beijing
- c. Cairo
- d. Chennai



8. This is the picture of a flag of one of India's neighbours. It is famous for cities such as Dhaka and Chittagong. Name it?

- a. Bangladesh
- b. Myanmar
- c. Nepal
- d. Pakistan



9. This is a picture of a common invertebrate seen in different waters of the world. Name it.

- a. Cuttlefish
- b. Starfish
- c. Crayfish
- d. Jellyfish



10. This is a picture of a very common medical instrument that is used by doctors to listen to sounds inside our body. Name it?

- a. Ruler
- b. Magnifying Glass
- c. Microphone
- d. Stethoscope



11. Can you name the physical feature shown in this picture? This one is located in Patagonia, Argentina.

- a. Desert
- b. Swamp
- c. Glacier
- d. Beach



12. This is a picture of a sportsperson who is considered the greatest hockey player of all time. Can you name him?

- a. Kapil Dev
- b. Milkha Singh
- c. Dhyan Chand
- d. Dara Singh



Mixed Bag Set 3 - Is it true?!



This mixed bag set consists of sentences - some of which are true while others are false. Identify each statement as true or false!

1. The river Ganga flows through large parts of North India True
2. We must always wear a helmet while sitting in a car FALSE
3. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel is a famous Indian freedom fighter TRUE
4. The Deccan plateau is located in Africa FALSE
5. We can buy clothes via the Internet using websites like Amazon TRUE
6. When there is more than one sheep, then we say there is pack of sheep FALSE
7. Popeye is a cartoon character who is a human TRUE
8. Red cabbage is the name of an exotic fruit FALSE
9. Visiting an amusement park is a need, not a want. FALSE
10. India has won the 3rd most number of Olympic Gold medals in hockey FALSE
11. The Qutub Minar is located in Maharashtra FALSE
12. The head of the Indian government is the Chief Minister FALSE

Mixed Bag Set 4 - Isn't it Odd?!



In each question there are 3 sets of words/images. Underline the odd one out in each set. The 1st question has been shown as an example. Refer to the words mentioned in brackets for help.

1. Mosque

Agiary

Mall

(Places of Worship)

2. Jalebi

Baklava

Rabdi

(Indian Sweets)

3. Pyramids

Sanchi Stupa

Meenakshi Temple

(Indian Monuments)

4. Lata Mangeshkar

MS Subbulakshmi

Sarojini Naidu

(Indian Singers)

5. RK Narayan

Roald Dahl

Anna Chand

(Children's Book Authors)

6. Pushkar Mela

Kumbh Mela

Lahore Mela

(Indian State Festivals)

7. Godavari

Cauvery

Vembanad

(Rivers)

8. Crab

Hippopotamus

Duck

(Vertebrates)

9. Noise

Stone

Air

(Types of Pollution)

10. Africa

Antarctica

Micronesia

(Continents)

11. Pakistan

China

Iran

(India's Neighbours)

12. Mohenjo Daro

Harappa

Ernakulam

(Cities of the Indus Valley Civilisation)

Mixed Bag Set 5 - Grid to Success!



There are 10 questions in this mixed bag set. Fill in the blanks with the correct letters to get the answer to each question. After that, look for each answer in the word grid. One example is given.

1. Indira **GANDHI** was the first lady Prime Minister of India
2. The Taj Mahal is a famous monument located in the state of **U T T A R** Pradesh
3. People who are **S I K H S** worship in a gurdwara
4. India and Iran are two countries located in the continent called **A S I A**
5. The river **G O D A V A R I** is also called the Dakshin Ganga.
6. Smoke from chimneys causes air **P O L L U T I O N**
7. Chhota Bheem is the name of a popular **C A R T O O N** character
8. Rohit Sharma is the name of a famous Indian **C R I C K E T** player
9. She smelled like a rose is an example of a **S I M I L E**
10. If I have a cavity in one of my teeth, I will go to a **D E N T I S T**

T	F	G	A	N	D	H	I	X	V	M	F	H	T	C	J	L	L
M	H	X	(S)	I	K	H	S	G	Q	G	C	A	W	H	J	U	Y
(A)	S	I	A	R	N	D	F	K	M	S	O	R	R	U	Y	U	K
M	L	C	W	I	U	L	U	H	V	Y	I	D	I	H	G	E	J
J	U	D	E	N	T	I	S	T	V	W	C	A	C	Q	Q	K	
D	H	P	O	L	L	U	T	I	O	N	S	A	V	V	K	K	Q
(U)	T	T	A	R	N	C	F	A	B	B	J	R	U	P	A	E	J
H	R	R	S	W	Y	I	N	F	T	N	F	T	T	V	M	R	T
H	S	I	N	V	J	W	E	L	Y	O	L	O	K	U	N	X	I
A	O	R	T	E	Z	T	I	Y	D	Y	X	O	T	C	X	F	F
D	J	F	P	L	(S)	I	M	I	L	E	W	N	K	Z	R	O	X
V	H	C	T	W	M	E	G	J	X	D	R	A	H	H	B	T	I