

**MACHINE LEARNING:
WHY SHOULD YOU JUMP
ON THE BANDWAGON?**

LET'S CONSIDER THE PROBLEM OF

SPAM DETECTION

YOU WORK AT A LARGE EMAIL SERVICE (SAY
GMAIL AT GOOGLE)

YOU NEED TO FIGURE OUT A WAY TO
TEST IF EMAILS COMING INTO INBOXES
ARE **SPAM** OR **HAM** (AS NON-SPAM
EMAILS ARE
CALLED)

ONE WAY OF DOING THIS -

DEFINE A SET OF **RULES**

"ANY EMAIL FROM A CERTAIN IP ADDRESS
OR EMAIL ID IS SPAM"

"ANY EMAIL ID FROM A CONTACT OF A
CONTACT IS NOT SPAM"

"ANY EMAIL CONTAINING A CERTAIN
SET OF WORDS IS SPAM"

THE PROBLEM WITH A RULE-BASED
APPROACH TO SUCH A PROBLEM IS
THAT THE RULES ARE RATHER

STATIC

AND CHANGE SLOWLY

WHILE THE BEHAVIOR PATTERNS
OF SPAMMERS ARE

DYNAMIC

AND CHANGE SUPER-FAST
IN RESPONSE TO THOSE RULES

AN ALTERNATIVE TO A RULE-BASED APPROACH MIGHT BE -

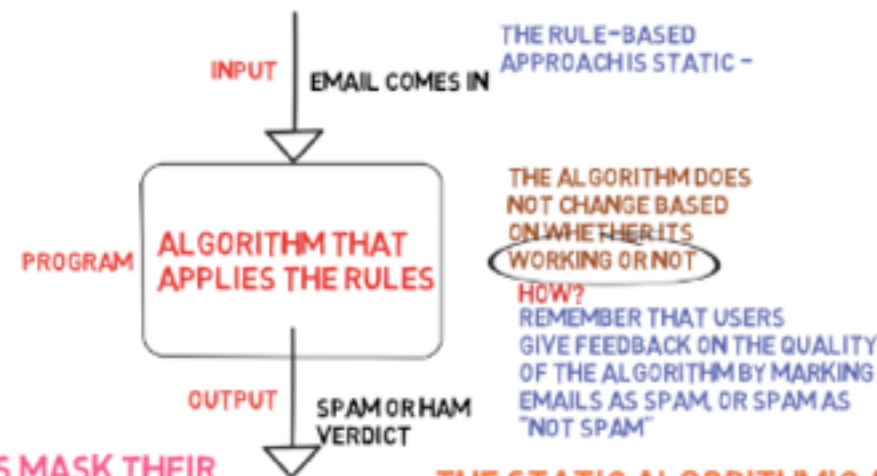
A MACHINE-LEARNING BASED APPROACH

FIGURE OUT PATTERNS IN THE KINDS OF EMAILS THAT ARE EXPLICITLY MARKED AS SPAM BY THE USER

THEN WHEN A NEW EMAIL COMES IN - CHECK TO SEE IF THIS EMAIL CONFORMS TO THOSE SAME PATTERNS

IF YES - MARK IT AS SPAM

THE RULE-BASED APPROACH



SO, AS SPAMMERS MASK THEIR IP ADDRESSES, CHANGE EMAIL IDS, AND ALTER WHAT THEY ARE SEEKING TO SELL, A RULE-BASED APPROACH WILL SLOWLY BUT INEVITABLY FALL BEHIND

THE STATIC ALGORITHMIC APPROACH IS MISSING OUT ON THE OPPORTUNITY TO IMPROVE ITSELF BASED ON THE FEEDBACK THAT USER ACTIONS PROVIDE

SPAM FILTER

THE ML-BASED APPROACH

INPUT

EMAIL COMES IN

ML-BASED SPAM CLASSIFIER

A LARGE BODY (CORPUS) OF SPAM AND HAM EMAILS

OUTPUT

SPAM OR HAM VERDICT

WHILE THE RULE-BASED ALGORITHM IS STATIC

THE KEY DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE ML AND THE RULE-BASED APPROACH IS:

THE ML-BASED APPROACH VARIES ITS ALGORITHM BASED ON WHAT THE DATA TELLS IT

WHAT IS MACHINE LEARNING?

NOTE THAT WE MADE NO STATEMENT
ABOUT WHICH IS MORE COMPLEX -

ITS ENTIRELY POSSIBLE THAT THE RULES-BASED
APPROACH IS ACTUALLY FAR MORE COMPLEX
THAN THE ML-BASED APPROACH

BUT THE DEFINING CHARACTERISTIC OF A
MACHINE-LEARNING APPROACH IS THAT
THE ALGORITHM ADJUSTS BASED ON DATA

WE SPOKE ABOUT HOW OUR
ML-BASED SPAM DETECTOR
COULD "LEARN FROM" A CORPUS
OF DATA

(THE CORPUS = EMAILS EXPLICITLY
MARKED BY USERS AS SPAM OR HAM)

WHAT ARE SOME OF THE WAYS IN WHICH
THIS LEARNING COULD HAPPEN?

LET'S CYCLE THROUGH A FEW DIFFERENT TECHNIQUES