Questions	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1 (a)	15.6/5.28=2.954545	2.9545	2	B2 for 2.9545 or better (B1 for 5.28 seen or 2.95 or 2.954(5))
(b)	60.00	2.95	1	B1 ft for 2.95
2	$60 \div 3 = 20$	9	2	M1 for \div 3 or 20 seen or $3(x+11)$
	20 – 11			A1 cao
3 (i)	180 – 90 – 38	52°	3	M1 for 180 – (90 + 38)
(ii)		Alternate angles on		A1 for $x = 52^{\circ}$
		parallel lines and		OR
		either angles in a		B1 for angle $QTU = 38^{\circ}$
		triangle or angles		B1 for $x = 52^{\circ}$
		on a straight line.		B1 for mention of alternate angles on parallel lines
4	0.3 + 0.25	0.45 oe	2	M1 for 1 – (0.3 + 0.25)
	1 - 0.55			A1 for 0.45 oe
				[SC:B1 for 0.72]
5 (i)	0 6889	Diagram	2	B2 for fully correct
	1 2 2 4 5 5 6 6 8 8	_		(B1 for 2 errors in leaves or omitted key or
	2 11125			unordered)
	3 24			
(ii)		16	2	B1 for putting in order
				A1 cao
6	$4.20 \div 3 \times 7$	9.80	3	M1 for 4.20 ÷ 3 or sight of 1.4
				M1 for "1.40" × 7
				A1 for 9.8 or equivalent

Questions	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
7	$8.80 \times \frac{17.5}{100} = 1.54$	£ 6 721	4	M1 for $8.80 \times \frac{17.5}{100}$ or 1.54 seen or 8.80×1.175 (oe) Award M1 for 10%, 5% and $2\frac{1}{2}$ % correctly calculated)
	8.80 + 1.54 = 10.34 $650 \times "10.34"$			M1 for $8.80 + "1.54"$ (dep on previous M1) M1 (indep) for $650 \times "10.34"$ or digits 6721 seen A1 cao OR M1 for 650×8.8 or 5720 seen M1 for " $5720" \times \frac{17.5}{100}$ or 1001 seen (Award M1 for 10% , 5% and $2\frac{1}{2}\%$ correctly calculated) M1 for " $5720" + "1001"$ (dep on both previous M marks) [or M2 for " $5720" \times 1.175$ (oe)] A1 cao
8	3.25×1000000	3250000	2	M1 for 3.25×1000000 or 3.25×100×100×100 A1 cao

Questions	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
9	$4y + 12 = 6$ or $y + 3 = \frac{6}{4}$ $4y = -6$ $y = \frac{6}{4} - 3$	-1.5	3	B1 for $4y + 12$ or $y + 3 = \frac{6}{4}$ M1 for a correct rearrangement of their 3 terms to isolate $4y$ or y A1 for -1.5 oe
10 (a) (b)		Reason Question Response	1 2	B1 Pass at 0.6 > Fail at 0.4 B1 Improved question B1 Response boxes
11		Rhombus	4	B1 for arcs to locate <i>D</i> B1 for <i>AD</i> drawn B1 for arcs to locate C B1 for complete rhombus, within guidelines [SC:B1 for one correctly drawn 2 nd side, if no marks awarded]
12	$\frac{180 \times 1000}{60 \times 60} = 50$	50	3	M2 for $180 \times 1000 \div 60 \div 60$ or $50 \times 60 \times 60 \div 1000$ or for a correct method to obtain two comparable values eg $50 \times 60 \times 60$ and 180×1000 A1 for final proof (M1 for $180 \div 60 \div 60$ or $50 \times 60 \times 60$ or 180000 seen or for 180×1000)
13	$2.5 \rightarrow 40.6 (25)$ $2.6 \rightarrow 43.5 (76)$ $2.7 \rightarrow 46.6 (83)$ $2.8 \rightarrow 49.9 (50)$ $2.9 \rightarrow 59.3 (89)$ $2.85 \rightarrow 51.6 (49)$	2.8	4	B2 for a trial between 2 and 3 exclusive (B1 for a trial at 2 or 3) B1 for a trial between 2.8 and 2.9 exclusive B1 (dep on at least one previous B1) for 2.8 NB trials should be evaluated to at least 1 dp truncated or rounded

Q	uestions	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
14	(a)	$48 \div (5+4+3)$	12	3	M1 for $48 \div (5+4+3)$
		"4" × 3			M1 (dep) for "4" × 3 or "4"×5 or "4"×4
					A1 cao
					[SC: B2 for 20:16:12 only]
	(b)	$1.24 \times \frac{95}{100} = 0.1178$	1.36 or 1.4	4	M1 for $1.24 \times \frac{95}{100}$ or $0.11(78)$ seen
		$1.24 \times \frac{100}{100} - 0.1178$	1.50 01 1.1		$\frac{1011011.24 \times \frac{100}{100}}{100}$ or 0.11(78) seen
		1.24 + 0.1178 = 1.3578			M1 (dep) for 1.24 +" 0.11(78)"
					A1 for 1.4 or better
					B1 (indep) for rounding their answer correctly to 1 or
					2dp
					OR
					M1 for $1.24 \times \frac{100 + 9.5}{100}$
					100
					M1 (dep) for 1.24 ×"1.095" or 0.0124 ×"109.5"
					A1 for 1.4 or better
					B1 (indep) for rounding their answer correctly to 1 or
					2dp
15	(a)		Angle between	1	B1
		22 2	tangent and radius.		
	(b)	$26^2 = 24^2 + r^2$ $\sqrt{26^2 - 24^2} = \sqrt{100}$	10	4	M1 for $26^2 = 24^2 + r^2$
		$\sqrt{26^2 - 24^2} = \sqrt{100}$			M1 for $\sqrt{676-576}$
					A1 cao
					B1 for <i>OQ</i> ="10"
	(a)		214	,	M1 for $\pi \times "10"^2$
	(c)	$\pi \times 10^2$	314	2	A1 for 314 – 315 inclusive

Question	S Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
16 (a)	$(1 \times 10) + (3 \times 20) + (5 \times 25) + (7 \times 40) + (9 \times 15) + (11 \times 10) = 720$ $"720" \div 120 = 6$	6	4	M1 for use of fx with x consistent within intervals (including end points) M1 (dep) for use of midpoints M1 (dep on 1 st M1) for use of $\sum fx/\sum f$ A1 cao
(b)		(10), 30, 55, 95, 110, 120	1	B1 for all correct
(c)		graph	2	B1 ft for 5 or 6 points plotted correctly $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square (1mm) at the end of interval; dep on a sensible table (condone 1 addition error) B1 (dep) for points joined by a curve or line segments provided no gradient is negative – ignore any part of graph outside range of their points (SC:B1 if 5 or 6 points plotted not at end but consistent within each interval and joined) M1 for reading from a cf graph at 5
(d)		39 – 44	2	A1 ft $\frac{1}{2}$ square (1mm) Or B2 for 39 – 44
17 (a)	$\tan x = 2.4/4.5$ $x = \tan^{-1}(2.4/4.5) = 28.1$	28.1	3	M1 for $\tan x = \frac{2.4}{4.5}$ or $\tan \frac{2.4}{4.5}$ M1 for $\tan^{-1} (2.4/4.5)$ A1 for $28.0 - 28.1$
(b)	90 + "28.1"	118	1	B1 (indep) ft for 90 + "28.1" rounded to 3 or 4 sf

Quest	tions	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
18 (a) (b) (c) 19))	Eqn[1] \times 2 then add eqn [2] leads to $7x = 14$ Eqn[2] \times 3 then subtract from eqn [1] leads to $-14y = -21$	a^{9} $12x^{3}y^{4}$ $(p-4q)(p+4q)$ $x=2$ $y=1.5$	2 3	B1 for a^9 , accept a^{4+5} B2 cao (B1 for two of $12, x^3, y^4$) B2 for $(p-4q)(p+4q)$ (B1 for $(p\pm 4q)(p\pm 4q)$) M1 for coefficients of x or y the same followed by correct operation, condone one arithmetical error M1 (dep) for substituting found value in one equation A1 cao (SC: B1 for one correct answer only if M's not
20		$D = 5t + \pi t + 5w$ $D - 5w = 5t + \pi t$ $D - 5w = (5 + \pi)t$ OR $D = t(5 + \pi) + 5w$ $\frac{D}{5 + \pi} = t + \frac{5w}{5 + \pi}$	$t = \frac{D - 5w}{5 + \pi}$ $t = \frac{D}{5 + \pi} - \frac{5w}{5 + \pi}$	3	awarded) M1 for subtracting $5w$ from both sides M1 for factorising to get $(5+x)t$ A1 for $t = \frac{D-5w}{5+\pi}$ oe [SC:M1 M1 A0 for $\frac{D-Sw}{8.14}$ oe]
21		Area $\triangle ABC = \frac{1}{2} \times 15 \times 9 \times \sin 110$	63.4	3	M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times 15 \times 9 \times \sin 110$ M1 (dep) for 67.5 × 0.939(69) or 126.85 A1 63.4 to 63.5 [SC:B2 for 126.9 or better]

Questions	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
22	$P = \frac{2}{6} \times \frac{3}{6} + \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{2}{6}$	$\frac{8}{36}$ oe	3	M1 for $\frac{2}{6} \times \frac{3}{6} \text{ or } \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{2}{6}$ or for clearly identifying in $P(R) \times P(R) + P(Y) \times P(Y)$ M1 for $P = \frac{"2"}{6} \times \frac{"3"}{6} + \frac{"1"}{6} \times \frac{"2"}{6}$ A1 for $\frac{8}{36}$ oe
23	600 × 1.055 ¹⁵ =1339.48	1339 to 1340	3	36 M1 for 5.5 seen M1 for 600×1.055 ¹⁵ A1 for 1339 to 1340 (SC:B1 for 739 to 740)
24 (a)	Graph translated 3 units to the left passing through the points $(-6, -3)$, $(-3, 0)$, $(0, 3)$, $(-1, 1)$, $(-5, -1)$		2	M1 for moving 3 horizontal A1 for translation left passing through 3 correct points
(b)	Graph reflected in x axis and translated 1 unit in the positive y -direction; passing through points $(3, -2), (0, 1), (-3, 4), (2, 0), (-2, 2)$		2	B1 for a reflection in x-axis B1 for translations of $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ passing through 3 correct points

Questions	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
25	Upper bound of 30 is 30.5 Lower bound of 9.8 is 9.75	11.1	4	B1 for 30.5 or 29.5 seen B1 for 9.85 or 9.75 seen
	$2 \times \pi \times \sqrt{\frac{30.5}{9.75}}$			M1 for $2\pi \sqrt{\frac{30.5}{9.75}}$
				A1 cao
26 (a)		$32x^{15}y^5$	2	B2 cao
	$\frac{x(x-4)}{(x-2)(x-4)}$	x		(B1 for two of 32, x^{15} , y^{5})
(b)	(x-2)(x-4)	$\frac{x}{x-2}$	3	B1 for $x(x-4)$
				B1 for $(x-4)(x-2)$
				B1 cao