Surname	Othe	er names
	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Edexcel GCSE		
Methods	in Math	nematics
Unit 2: Methods 2 For Approved Pilot	Centres ONLY	
	Centres ONLY	Higher Tie
For Approved Pilot Thursday 20 June 2013 –	Morning	Paper Reference
For Approved Pilot	Morning	

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.
- If your calculator does not have a π button, take the value of π to be 3.142 unless the question instructs otherwise.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
 use this as a quide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Questions labelled with an asterisk (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



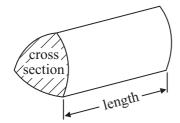


GCSE Mathematics 2MM01

Formulae: Higher Tier

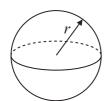
You must not write on this formulae page. Anything you write on this formulae page will gain NO credit.

Volume of prism = area of cross section \times length

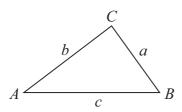


Volume of sphere =
$$\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$



In any triangle ABC

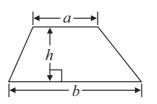


Sine Rule
$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Cosine Rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

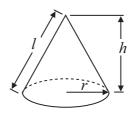
Area of triangle =
$$\frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$

Area of trapezium = $\frac{1}{2} (a+b)h$



Volume of cone =
$$\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

Curved surface area of cone = πrl



The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where $a \neq 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

Answer ALL questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all stages in your working.

1 Here is a solid cuboid.

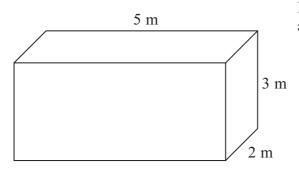


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Work out the total surface area of this cuboid.

.....

(Total for Question 1 is 3 marks)

2 8 cakes cost £11.60

Work out the cost of 12 cakes.

£.....

(Total for Question 2 is 2 marks)



(a	1) Increase 5 by 50%.	
		(2)
(b	b) Decrease £320 by one eighth.	
	${\mathfrak L}$	
		(3)
	(Total for Question 3	is 5 marks)
	(Total for Question 5	
14	here are 20 counters in a bag. 4 of these counters are red. of these counters are blue.	
14 6	here are 20 counters in a bag. 4 of these counters are red.	
14 6	here are 20 counters in a bag. 4 of these counters are red. of these counters are blue. 1) Write down the ratio of the number of red counters to the number of blue counters.	
1 ² 6 (a	here are 20 counters in a bag. 4 of these counters are red. of these counters are blue. 1) Write down the ratio of the number of red counters to the number of blue counters.	unters.
14 6 (a 5 TI	here are 20 counters in a bag. 4 of these counters are red. of these counters are blue. 1) Write down the ratio of the number of red counters to the number of blue congive your ratio in its simplest form.	unters.
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*5

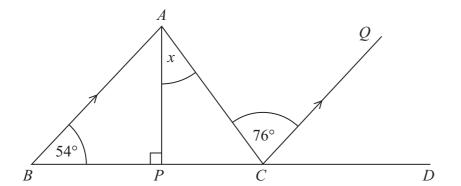


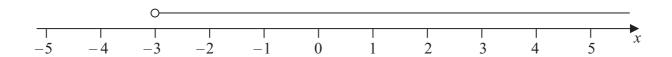
Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

BPCD is a straight line. BA is parallel to CQ. AP is perpendicular to BC. Angle $ABC = 54^{\circ}$ Angle $ACQ = 76^{\circ}$

Work out the size of the angle marked *x*. Give reasons for your answer.

(Total for Question 5 is 4 marks)

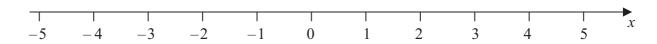
6 Here is a number line.



(a) Write down the inequality shown on the number line.

(1)

Here is a number line.



(b) On this number line, show the inequality $-1 \le x < 3$

(2)

(c) Solve 2p + 3 > 11

(2)

(Total for Question 6 is 5 marks)

7 Here is a rectangle.

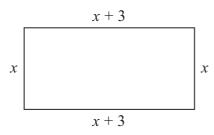


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

All measurements are in centimetres.

D cm is the total length of the four sides.

(a) Show that D = 4x + 6

(2)

(b) Make x the subject of the formula D = 4x + 6

(2)

(Total for Question 7 is 4 marks)

8
$$T = 3x - 2y$$

$$x = 5$$

$$y = -4$$

(a) Work out the value of *T*.

(2)

$$W = c^3$$

$$c = -2$$

(b) Work out the value of W.

(1)

$$s = \frac{1}{2}at^2$$

$$a = 9.8$$

$$t = 6$$

(c) Work out the value of s.

(2)

(Total for Question 8 is 5 marks)

9	The value of x is greater than 12
	(a) Write down an inequality for x.
	(a) Write down an inequality for x.
	(1)
	The value of y is less than or equal to 20
	(b) Write down an inequality for <i>y</i> .
	(1)
_	(Total for Question 9 is 2 marks)

10 Here is a cylinder.

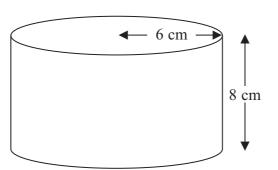


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

The formula to find the volume, V, of a cylinder is $V = \pi r^2 h$

The radius, r, of the cylinder is 6 cm. The height, h, of the cylinder is 8 cm.

(a) Work out the volume of the cylinder. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

.....cm³

(b) Work out the area of the curved surface of the cylinder. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

(4)

(Total for Question 10 is 6 marks)

11 Here is a right-angled triangle.

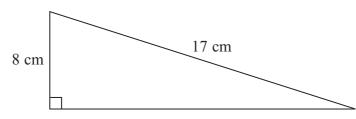


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Work out the area of the triangle.

.....cm²

(Total for Question 11 is 4 marks)

12 A number is decreased by 15%. The result is 323

What was the original number?

(Total for Question 12 is 3 marks)

13

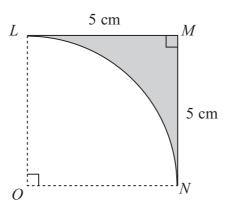


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

The arc LN is a quarter of a circle of radius 5 cm, centre O.

Find the perimeter of the shaded shape.

Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places.

.....(

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)

14 (a) Work out $\sqrt{1 - 0.45^2}$

Give your answer as a decimal correct to 3 decimal places.

(2)

(b) Find the value of $(5.0625)^{\frac{1}{4}}$

(1)

(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)

15 Here is a right-angled triangle.

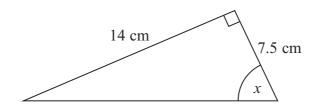


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Work out the size of the angle marked *x*. Give your answer to the nearest degree.

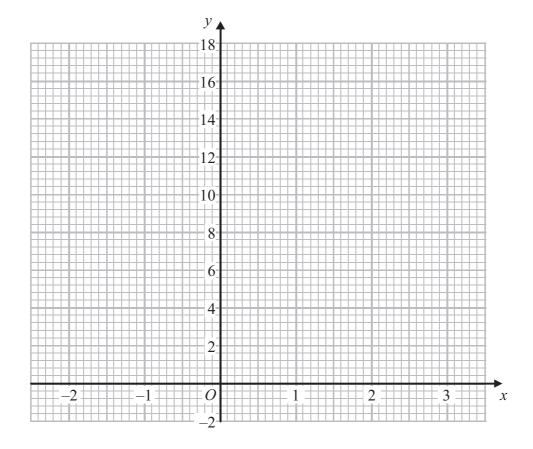
(Total for Question 15 is 3 marks)

16 (a) Complete this table of values for $y = 2x^2 - x$

X	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y		3	0		6	

(2)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of $y = 2x^2 - x$ for values of x from -2 to 3



(2)

(c) Solve the equation $2x^2 - x - 3 = 0$

(2)

(Total for Question 16 is 6 marks)

17 Solve the simultaneous equations. You must show all your working.

$$3x + 2y = 9$$
$$2x - 3y = 19$$

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)

18	T is	directly	proportional	to	d
10	1 13	unccury	proportionar	$\iota \upsilon$	и.

When
$$d = 6$$
, $T = 27$

Work out the value of d when T = 11.25

(Total for Question 18 is 3 marks)

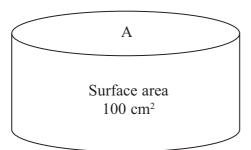
19	Jenny invested £10 000 at a compound interest rate of 3.5% per annum. At the end of n years the value of this investment is £ V .	
	(a) Work out the value of V when $n = 2$	
	$V = \dots $ (3	
	(b) Write down a formula for V in terms of n .	,,
	(2	
	(c) Work out the least value of n when the value of V is greater than 15 000	1)
	(2	2)
	(Total for Question 19 is 7 marks	s)

					•	
*20	x =		١	Λ	1	4
_ ZU	- A. —	v		11	- 1	

Prove algebraically that x can be written as $\frac{1}{66}$

(Total for Question 20 is 3 marks)

21 The diagram shows two similar solid cylinders made from the same metal.



The surface area of $A = 100 \text{ cm}^2$ The surface area of $B = 16 \text{ cm}^2$

The mass of B is 1.2 kg.

Work out the mass of A.

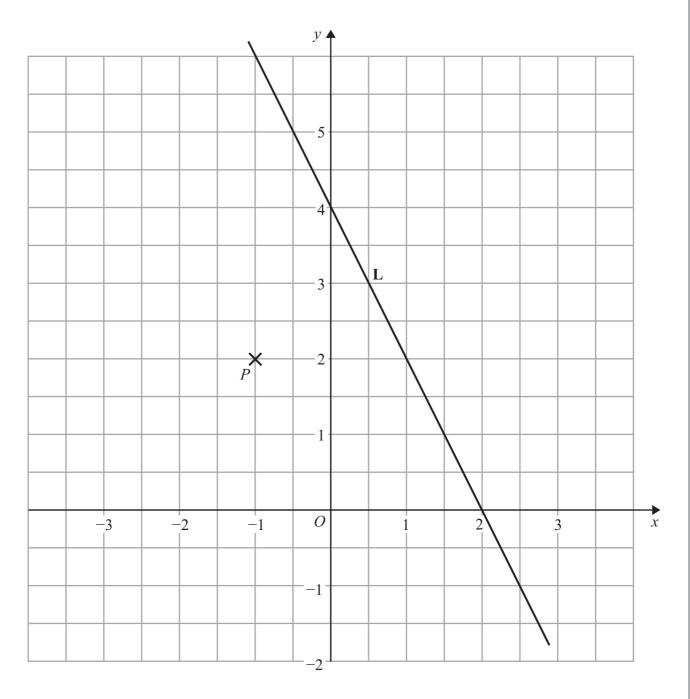
Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



.....kg

(Total for Question 21 is 4 marks)

22 The straight line L is drawn on the grid.



(a) Find an equation of L.

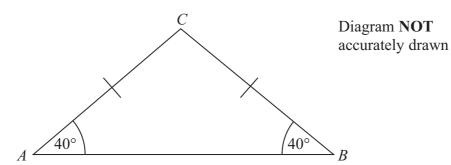
(3)

i) Find an equation of the straight line that is parallel to \mathbf{L} and passes through P .
, and I am I a
(ii) Find an equation of the straight line that is perpendicular to \mathbf{L} and passes through P .
(4)
(Total for Question 22 is 7 marks)
(

P 4 1 2 3 5 A 0 2 1 2 4

Turn over for Question 24

24 *ABC* is an isosceles triangle.



The area of this isosceles triangle is 25 cm².

Work out the length of each side of the triangle. Give your answers correct to 3 significant figures.

(Total for Question 24 is 6 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS

