

Edexcel GCSE

Mathematics A 1387

Paper 5525/ 05

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Mark Scheme

NOTES ON MARKING PRINCIPLES

1 Types of mark

M marks: method marks

A marks: accuracy marks

B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)

2 Abbreviations

cao –correct answer only

ft –follow through

isw –ignore subsequent working

SC: special case

oe –or equivalent (and appropriate)

dep –dependent

indep - independent

3 No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks

If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

4 With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the “correct” answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks. Send the response to review, and discuss each of these situations with your Team Leader.

Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the M marks. Discuss each of these situations with your Team Leader.

If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.

If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

5 Follow through marks

Follow through marks which involve a single stage calculation can be awarded without working since you can check the answer yourself, but if ambiguous do not award.

Follow through marks which involve more than one stage of calculation can only be awarded on sight of the relevant working, even if it appears obvious that there is only one way you could get the answer given.

6 Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

7 Probability

Probability answers must be given as fractions, percentages or decimals. If a candidate gives a decimal equivalent to a probability, this should be written to at least 2 decimal places (unless tenths). Incorrect notation should lose the accuracy marks, but be awarded any implied method marks.

If a probability answer is given on the answer line using both incorrect and correct notation, award the marks.

If a probability fraction is given then cancelled incorrectly, ignore the incorrectly cancelled answer.

8 Linear equations

Full marks can be gained if the solution alone is given on the answer line, or otherwise unambiguously indicated in working (without contradiction elsewhere). Where the correct solution only is shown substituted, but not identified as the solution, the accuracy mark is lost but any method marks can be awarded.

9 Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

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No.	Working	Ans.	Mark	Notes
1(a)	$\frac{9}{12} + \frac{8}{12} = \frac{17}{12} = 1\frac{5}{12}$	$6\frac{5}{12}$	3	M1 for using a common denominator M1 for either 9/12 or 8/12 or 33/12 or 44/12 or 17/12 oe A1 for $\frac{77}{12}$ or $6\frac{5}{12}$ Alternative M1 for converting 3/4 and 2/3 to decimals M1 for 0.75 + 0.66 or better A1 for 6.41 $\dot{6}$ oe
(b)	$\frac{1}{2} = 0.5, \frac{1}{3} = 0.\dot{3}, \frac{1}{4} = 0.25,$ $\frac{1}{5} = 0.2$	$\frac{1}{3}$	2	B1 for 1/3 oe B1 (dep) for valid reason e.g. it does not terminate, 1/3 = 0.333(3...), 3 does not divide exactly into 1
2(a)		$90 + 0.5m$	2	B1 for 0.5 <i>m</i> B1 for 90 + '0.5 <i>m</i> ' (NB: ignore any £ signs)
(b)	$240 = 90 + 0.5m$ $150 = 0.5m$	300	3	M1 for $240 = '90 + 0.5m'$ M1 for ' $0.5m' = 150$ A1 for 300 Alternative M1 for $240 - 90$ or 150 seen M1 for ' $150' \times 2$ oe A1 for 300

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No.	Working	Ans.	Mark	Notes
3(a)		8	2	M1 for attempt at prime factors of 24 and 64 A1 for 8 or 2^3 or $2 \times 2 \times 2$
(b)		192	2	M1 for attempting at least one multiple of 24 and 64 or for two prime factors of 24 and 64 A1 for 192 or $2^6 \times 3$ oe (SC B1 for 384 or $2^5 \times 3$ or $2^7 \times 3$)
4	Rotation 90° clockwise centre (-2, 3)		3	B1 for rotation B1 for 90 clockwise or -90 or +270 or 270 anticlockwise or quarter clockwise or three quarters anticlockwise B1 for (-2, 3) (B0 for a combination of transformations)
5	$60 \div 5 = 12$ $12 \times 2 =$	24	3	M1 for $60 \div 5$ M1 (dep) for '12' $\times 2$ A1 for 24 cao
6(a)	Continue sequence by +5	47	2	M1 for difference of 5 or for any term in the sequence or for $5n + a$ A1 for 47
(b)(i)		$3n - 7$	3	B1 for $3n - 7$
(ii)		2, 17. ...		B2 for 2 and 17 (or for any two of 2, 17, 32, 47, 62, ...) (B1 for one)

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No.	Working	Ans.	Mark	Notes
7			3	<p>M1 for arcs construction of 60° M1 for arcs bisector of '60°' (not 90°) A1 (dep on both M marks) for 30° within guidelines</p> <p>Alternative M1 for arc construction of 90° M1 for arcs construction of 60° based on perpendicular A1 (dep on both M marks) for 30° within guidelines</p>
8 (a)	$-3, \dots, 1, \dots, \dots, 7$	$-3, 1, 7$	2	B2 for all values correct (B1 for 2 values correct)
(b)			2	B2 for correct line between $x = -1$ and $x = 4$ B1 ft for 4 points plotted \pm one 2mm sq or for a line with gradient 2 or for a line through (0,-1)
(c)		$x = 1.5$ $y = 2$	2	B1 ft for x value = $1.5 \pm$ one 2mm sq B1 ft for y value = $2 \pm$ one 2mm sq (SC B1 for $y = 1.5$ and $x = 2$)
9(a)		$3a(a-2)$	2	B2 for $3a(a-2)$ (B1 for $3(a^2-2a)$ or $a(3a-6)$ or $3a$ (linear expression in terms of a))
(b)		$\frac{1}{2}(P-10)$	2	M1 for correctly isolating $2q$ or $-2q$ correctly dividing both sides by 2 or for a correct second step which may follow an incorrect first step A1 for $\frac{1}{2}(P-10)$ oe

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No.	Working	Ans.	Mark	Notes
(c)	$y^2 + 3y - 4y - 12$	$y^2 - y - 12$	2	B2 for $y^2 - y - 12$ (B1 for 3 out of 4 terms in $y^2 + 3y - 4y - 12$)
(d)		$(2p + 3q)(2p - 3q)$	2	M1 for $(2p \pm 3q)(2p \pm 3q)$ or $(2p)^2 - (3q)^2$ A1 for $(2p + 3q)(2p - 3q)$
10(a)(i) (ii)		7.9×10^3 3.5×10^{-4}	2	B1 cao B1 cao
(b)	$4 \div 8 = 0.5$ $10^3 \div 10^{-5} = 10^8$	5×10^7	2	M1 for $(4 \div 8 =) 0.5$ or $(10^3 \div 10^{-5} =) 10^8$ or $4000/0.00008$ or 5×10^x where $x \neq 7$ A1 for 5×10^7 cao
11(i) (ii)	$80 - 65$	73 15	3	B1 for 72 - 74 M1 for identifying 30 and 90 (check lines on diagram) A1 for 14 - 17
12(a)	$\frac{PQ}{2} = \frac{12}{3}$ $PQ = \frac{12 \times 2}{3}$	8	2	M1 for $\frac{12}{3}$ or $\frac{3}{12}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$ or 4 or 0.25 or $\frac{2}{3}$ or $\frac{3}{2}$ A1 for 8
(b)	$\frac{BC}{3} = \frac{10}{12}$ $BC = \frac{10 \times 3}{12} = 2.5$	12.5	3	M1 for $\frac{10}{12}$ or $\frac{12}{10}$ or $\frac{10}{4}$ or $\frac{4}{10}$ or 0.4 A1 for 2.5 A1 ft for '2.5' + 10 (dep on M1 awarded)

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No.	Working	Ans.	Mark	Notes
13(a)			2	B1 for appropriate question, e.g. which of these vegetables do you eat?, tick the boxes of the vegetables you eat B1 (dep) for response boxes or a list of vegetables (condone one vegetable missing and ignore additions)
(b)	$800 \times 30/50$	480	2	M1 for $800 \times 30/50$ or 800×0.6 or '800/50' $\times 30$ or $2400 \div 5$ or 60% of 800 A1 for 480 cao (SC B1 for 480/800)
14	$-3 \leq y < 2.5$	-3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2	3	M1 for dividing a list of integers by 2 or for $y \geq -3$ and/or $y < 5/2$ seen or implied A2 for all integers correct (A1 for 5 correct with no more than one extra)
15	$3^2 + 4^2 + 12^2 = 169$ $\sqrt{169}$	13	3	M1 for $3^2 + 4^2$ or $3^2 + 12^2$ or $4^2 + 12^2$ or $a^2 + 12^2$ (where a is the length of their base diagonal) M1 for $3^2 + 4^2 + 12^2$ A1 for 13 cao
16(a)		a^8	1	B1 for a^8 or $a^{2 \times 4}$
(b)	$2^{30} \div (2^3)^9 = 2^{30-27}$	3	2	M1 for $(2^3)^9$ or 2^{27} or 2^3 or 8^{10} A1 for 3 cao

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No.	Working	Ans.	Mark	Notes
17(a)		R	1	B1 for R or $y=x+5$
(b)		S	1	B1 for S or $y=-1/2x+6$
(c)(i) (ii)		(0, 5) (-2.5, 0)	2	B1 cao B1 for (-2.5, 0) oe
18	$n + (n+1) + (n+2) + (n+3) = 4n + 6$ $(n+3)(n+2) - (n+1)n = n^2 + 5n + 6 - n^2 - n = 4n + 6$		4	M1 for adding $n + (n + 1) + (n + 2) + (n + 3)$ M1 for writing $(n+3)(n+2) - (n+1)n$ M1 for 4 correct terms from $n^2 + 5n + 6 - n^2 - n$ ignoring signs A1 for establishing equality between LHS and RHS
19(a)		8, 6	2	B1 cao B1 cao
(b)		Bars of ht 4cm, 5cm	2	B1 for height = 4 ± 1 mm B1 for height = 5 ± 1 mm
20a(i) (ii) (iii)		5p 2q 4p - q	4	B1 for 5p or $\begin{pmatrix} 5p \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 5p \end{pmatrix}$ B1 for 2q or $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2q \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} 2q \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ B2 for 4p - q or $\begin{pmatrix} 4p \\ -q \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} -q \\ 4p \end{pmatrix}$ (B1 for 4p+q or -4p-q or PM + MQ or PM - QM)

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No.	Working	Ans.	Mark	Notes
(b)	$\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$ $RT = RP + PT$ \rightarrow $= -5\mathbf{p} + 2(PQ)$ $= -5\mathbf{p} + 2(4\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q})$ $= -5\mathbf{p} + 8\mathbf{p} - 2\mathbf{q}$	$3\mathbf{p} - 2\mathbf{q}$	4	B1 for $PT=2PQ$ or $PQ=QT$ seen or implied M1 for a valid vector journey, e.g. $RP+PT$ or $RM+MQ+QT$ seen or implied M1 for $-5\mathbf{p} + 2 \times '4\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q}'$ or $-\mathbf{p}-\mathbf{q}+4\mathbf{p}-\mathbf{q}'$ A1 for $-5\mathbf{p} + 2 \times 4\mathbf{p} - \mathbf{q}$ or $-\mathbf{p}-\mathbf{q}+4\mathbf{p}-\mathbf{q}$ or better
21	Volume 27 : 125 Length 3 : 5 Area 9 : 25	100	3	M1 for recognising need for cube root of 27 or 125 M1 for recognising need to square their scale factor A1 for 100
22	$3(x-3)-4(x+3) = 5x$ $3x-9-4x-12 = 5x$ $-x-21 = 5x$ $6x = -21$	-3.5	4	M1 for $\frac{3}{x+3} \times (x+3)(x-3) - \frac{4}{x-3} \times (x+3)(x-3)$ or $\frac{3(x-3)-4(x+4)}{(x+3)(x-3)}$ or $\frac{3}{x+3} \times \frac{x-3}{x-3} - \frac{4}{x+3} \times \frac{x+3}{x+3}$ or $\frac{5x}{x^2-9} \times (x+3)(x-3)$ M1 (dep) for $3(x-3)-4(x+3)$ or $5x$ M1 for $3x-9-4x \pm 12 = 5x$ A1 for -3.5
23	$\frac{50}{500} \times 50$	5	2	M1 for $\frac{50}{500} \times 50$ oe A1 for 5

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No.	Working	Ans.	Mark	Notes
24		C D A F B E	4	B4 for all 6 correct (B3 for 4 or 5 correct) (B2 for 2 or 3 correct) (B1 for 1 correct)