

**Матан 6**

$$\sim 6.1 \quad y'' + 2y' + 2y = e^x \sin x$$

$$\lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 2 = 0 \quad y_0 = C_1 e^{(-1+i)x} + C_2 e^{(-1-i)x}$$

$$(\lambda + 1)^2 = -1 \quad y_{00} = C_1 e^{-x} \cos x + C_2 e^{-x} \sin x$$

$$\lambda + 1 = \pm i$$

$$\lambda = -1 \pm i \quad C_1' e^{-x} \cos x + C_2' e^{-x} \sin x = 0$$

$$C_1' (-e^{-x} \cos x + e^{-x} (-\sin x)) + C_2' (-e^{-x} \sin x + e^{-x} \cos x) = e^x \sin x$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} e^{-x} \cos x & e^{-x} \sin x \\ e^{-x} (-\cos x - \sin x) & e^{-x} (\cos x - \sin x) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ e^x \sin x \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A = e^{-2x} (\cos x - \sin x) \cos x + e^{-2x} (\cos x + \sin x) \sin x =$$

$$= e^{-2x} (\cos^2 x - \cos x \sin x + \cos x \sin x + \sin^2 x) =$$

$$= e^{-2x}$$

$$A_1 = -\sin^2 x$$

$$C_1' = \frac{-\sin^2 x}{e^{-2x}}$$

$$A_2 = \cos x \sin x$$

$$C_2' = \frac{\cos x \sin x}{e^{-2x}}$$

$$y_{00} = C_1 e^{-x} \cos x + C_2 e^{-x} \sin x$$

$$y_1 = e^x \sin x$$

$$f \quad \lambda \quad \beta \quad \lambda + i\beta \quad \gamma \quad n$$

$$e^x \sin x \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad 1+i \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad e^x (A \cos x + B \sin x)$$

$$u' = (B-A) e^x \sin x + (B+A) e^x \cos x$$

$$y = u + v = e^x \cos x + e^x \sin x$$

$$y'' = 2Be^x \cos x - 2Ae^x \sin x$$

$$(4B - 4A)e^x \sin x + (4B + 4A)e^x \cos x = e^x \sin x$$

$$4B - 4A = 1 \quad A = -\frac{1}{8} \quad B = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$4B + 4A = 0 \quad y_{\text{part}} = e^x \left( \frac{\sin x}{8} - \frac{\cos x}{8} \right)$$

$$y_{\text{gen}} = \frac{C_1 \sin x}{e^x} + e^x \left( \frac{\sin x}{8} - \frac{\cos x}{8} \right) + \frac{C_2 \cos x}{e^x}$$

6.2

$$y'' - 6y' + 13y = 4 \cos 3x$$

$$\lambda^2 - 6\lambda + 13 = 0 \quad y_{\text{hom}} = C_1 e^{3x} \cos 2x + C_2 e^{3x} \sin 2x$$

$$(\lambda - 3)^2 + 4 = 0 \quad \lambda = 3 \pm 2i \quad y_{\text{part}}$$

$$\lambda - 3 = \pm 2i \quad 4 \cos 3x = 0 \quad 3 \quad 3i \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad A \cos 3x + B \sin 3x$$

$$\lambda = 3 \pm 2i \quad y_{\text{part}} = A \cos 3x + B \sin 3x$$

$$y'_{\text{part}} = -3A \sin 3x + 3B \cos 3x$$

$$y''_{\text{part}} = -9A \cos 3x - 9B \sin 3x$$

$$\underbrace{-9A \cos 3x - 9B \sin 3x + 18A \sin 3x - 18B \cos 3x + 13A \cos 3x + 13B \sin 3x}_{= 4 \cos 3x}$$

$$\cos 3x (-9A - 18B + 13A) + \sin 3x (-9B + 18A + 13B) = 4 \cos 3x$$

$$\begin{cases} 4A - 18B = 4 \\ B = -\frac{13}{11}A \end{cases} \quad A = \frac{4}{85}$$

$$\begin{cases} 4B + 18A = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$B = -\frac{18}{85}$$

$$y_{\text{part}} = -\frac{18}{85} \sin 2x + \frac{4}{85} \cos 2x + C_1 e^{3x} \sin 2x + C_2 e^{3x} \cos 2x$$

25.3

$$y'' - 4y' + 3y = \sin 2x$$

$$\lambda^2 - 4\lambda + 3 = 0 \quad y_{\text{hom}} = C_1 e^x + C_2 e^{3x}$$

$$(\lambda - 3)(\lambda - 1) = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = 1 \quad \lambda_2 = 3$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 e^x + C_2 e^{3x} = 0 \\ C_1 e^x + C_2 3e^{3x} = \sin 2x \end{cases}$$

$$2C_2 e^{3x} = \sin 2x$$

$$C_2 = \frac{\sin 2x}{2e^{3x}} \quad \text{опред.}$$

$$f \quad L \quad B \quad b + iB \quad r \quad n \quad y$$

$$\sin 2x \quad 0 \quad 2 \quad 2i \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad A \cos 2x + B \sin 2x$$

$$y_2 = A \cos 2x + B \sin 2x \quad -4A \cos 2x - 4B \sin 2x + 8A \sin 2x - 8B \cos 2x$$

$$y_2' = -2A \sin 2x + 2B \cos 2x \quad + 3A \cos 2x + 3B \sin 2x = \sin 2x$$

$$y_2'' = -4A \cos 2x - 4B \sin 2x \quad \begin{cases} -4B + 8A + 3B = 1 \\ -4A - 8B + 3A = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$A = \frac{8}{65} \quad B = -\frac{1}{65}$$

$$y = \frac{8}{65} \cos 2x - \frac{1}{65} \sin 2x + C_1 e^{3x} + C_2 e^x$$

$$y_{\text{part}} = \frac{1}{65} \omega \sin x - 65 \dots$$

$$\sim 6.4 \quad y'' - 3y' = 18x - 10 \cos x$$

$$\lambda^2 - 3\lambda = 0 \quad y_{\text{hom}} = C_1 + C_2 e^{3x}$$

$$\lambda(2-3) \quad \begin{cases} C_1' + C_2' e^{3x} = 0 \\ 3C_2' e^{3x} = 18x - 10 \cos x \end{cases}$$

$f$	$\lambda$	$\beta$	$\lambda + i\beta$	$r$	$n$	$y$
$18x$	$0$	$0$	$0$	$1$	$1$	$x(Ax + B)$

$-10 \cos x$	$0$	$1$	$i$	$0$	$0$	$C \cos x + D \sin x$
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$$y_1 = x(Ax + B)$$

$$y_1' = 2Ax + B$$

$$y_1'' = 2A$$

$$\begin{cases} -6A = 18 \\ 2A - 3B = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} A = -3 \\ B = -2 \end{cases}$$

$$y_2 = C \cos x + D \sin x$$

$$y_2' = D \cos x - C \sin x$$

$$y_2'' = -D \sin x - C \cos x$$

$$\begin{cases} -3B - A = -10 \\ 3A - B = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} A = 1 \\ B = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$y = 3 \sin x + \cos x + C_1 e^{3x} + (-3x - 2)x + C_2$$

$\sim 6.5$

$$y'' + y = \sec x$$

$$\lambda^2 + 1 = 0 \quad y_{\text{hom}} = C_1 \cos x + C_2 \sin x$$

$$\lambda = \pm i$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1' \cos x + C_2' \sin x = 0 \\ C_1' (-\sin x) + C_2' \cos x = \sec x \end{cases}$$

$$A = \begin{vmatrix} \cos x & \sin x \\ -\sin x & \cos x \end{vmatrix} = 1$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -\sin x & \cos x \\ 0 & \sin x \end{vmatrix} = -\tan x$$

$$A_1 = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & \sin x \\ \sec x & \cos x \end{vmatrix} = -\tan x$$

$$C_1' = -\tan x \quad C_1 = \ln |\cos x| + \tilde{C}_1$$

$$A_2 = \begin{vmatrix} \cos x & 0 \\ -\sin x & \sec x \end{vmatrix} = 1$$

$$C_2' = 1 \quad C_2 = x + \tilde{C}_2$$

$$y_{\text{part}} = (\ln |\cos x| + C_1) \cos x + (x + C_2) \sin x$$

16.5

$$y'' - 5y' = 1 - 75x^2 + 10 \sin 5x$$

$$\lambda^2 - 5\lambda = 0 \quad y_{\text{hom}} = C_1 + C_2 e^{5x}$$

$$\lambda_1 = 0, \lambda_2 = 5$$

f	L	B	$\lambda + iB$	r	n	y
$1 - 75x^2$	0	0	0	1	2	$x(Ax^2 + Bx + C)$
$10 \sin 5x$	0	5	5i	0	0	$D \cos 5x + E \sin 5x$

$$y_1 = Ax^3 + Bx^2 + Cx \quad \underbrace{6Ax + 2B + 1 - 15Ax^2 - 10Bx - 5C}_{= 1 - 75x^2}$$

$$y_1' = 3Ax^2 + 2Bx + C \quad \begin{matrix} 2B - 5C = 1 & A = 5 \\ -15A = -75 & B = 3 \\ 6A - 10B = 0 & C = 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$y_1'' = 6Ax + 2B + 1 \quad \begin{matrix} 6A - 10B = 0 & C = 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$y_1 = x(5x^2 + 3x + 1)$$

$$y_2 = A \cos 5x + B \sin 5x \quad (25A - 25B) \sin 5x + (-25B - 25A) \cos 5x = 10 \sin 5x$$

$$y_2' = -5A \sin 5x + 5B \cos 5x$$

$$A = \frac{1}{5} \quad B = -\frac{1}{5}$$

$$y_2'' = -25A \cos 5x - 25B \sin 5x$$

$$y_{part} = C_1 + C_2 e^{5x} + x(5x^2 + 3x + 1) + \frac{1}{5} \cos 5x - \frac{1}{5} \sin 5x$$

$$\sim 6.7 \quad y'' - 8y' + 17y = (2x - 13)e^{4x}$$

$$\lambda^2 - 8\lambda + 17 = 0 \quad y_{hom} = C_1 e^{4x} \cos x + C_2 e^{4x} \sin x$$

$$(\lambda - 4)^2 + 1 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 4 \pm i$$

$f$	$L$	$B$	$b + iB$	$r$	$n$	$y$
$(2x - 13)e^{4x}$	$4$	$0$	$4$	$0$	$1$	$e^{4x}(Ax + B)$

$$y = e^{4x}(Ax + B)$$

$$y' = 4e^{4x}Ax + Ae^{4x} + 4e^{4x} = e^{4x}(4Ax + 4B + A)$$

$$y'' = e^{4x}(16Ax + 16B + 8A)$$

$$A_x e^{4x} + B e^{4x} = (2x - 13)e^{4x}$$

$$A = 2 \quad B = -13$$

$$y_{part} = C_1 e^{4x} \cos x + C_2 e^{4x} \sin x + (2x - 13)e^{4x}$$

$$\sim 6.8 \quad y'' + 3y' + 2y = \frac{1}{e^x + 1}$$

$$\lambda^2 + 3\lambda + 2 = 0 \quad y_{hom} = C_1 e^{-2x} + C_2 e^{-x}$$

$$(\lambda + 2)(\lambda + 1) = 0$$

$$\begin{cases} C_1 e^{-2x} + C_2 e^{-x} = 0 \\ C_1 (-2e^{-2x}) + C_2 (-e^{-x}) = \frac{1}{e^x + 1} \end{cases}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-2x} & e^{-x} \\ -2e^{-2x} & -e^{-x} \end{pmatrix} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{e^x + 1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Delta = -e^{-3x} + 2e^{-3x} = e^{-3x}$$

$$\Delta_1 = -\frac{e^{-x}}{e^x + 1} = \frac{-1}{e^x(e^x + 1)}$$

$$C_1' = \frac{\Delta_1}{\Delta} = -\frac{e^{3x}}{e^{2x} + e^x}$$

$$\Delta_2 = \frac{1}{e^{3x} + e^{2x}}$$

$$C_2' = \frac{\Delta_2}{\Delta} = \frac{e^{3x}}{e^{3x} + e^{2x}}$$

$$C_1 = -\int \frac{e^{3x}}{e^{2x} + e^x} dx = \ln|e^x + 1| - e^x + \tilde{C}_1$$

$$C_2 = \int \frac{e^{3x}}{e^{3x} + e^{2x}} dx = \ln|e^x + 1| + \tilde{C}_2$$

$$y = (\ln|e^x + 1| - e^x + C_1) e^{-2x} + (\ln|e^x + 1| + C_2) e^{-2x}$$

$$\int \frac{e^{3x}}{e^{2x} + e^x} dx = \int \frac{u^2 du}{u^2 + u} = \int \left(1 - \frac{u}{u^2 + u}\right) du = \int \left(1 - \frac{1}{u+1}\right) du =$$

$$= u - \ln|u+1| + C$$

$$\int \frac{e^{3x}}{e^{3x} + e^{2x}} dx = \int \frac{u^2 du}{u^3 + u^2} = \int \frac{du}{u+1} = \ln|u+1| + C$$

~ 6.9

$$y'' + 9y = \frac{1}{\sin 3x}$$

$$\lambda^2 + 9 = 0 \quad y_{\text{hom}} = C_1 \cos 3x + C_2 \sin 3x$$

$$\lambda = \pm 3i \quad \int C_1' \cos 3x + C_2' \sin 3x = 0$$



$$\int C_1'(-3 \sin x) + C_2'(5053x) = \csc^3 3x$$

$$A = 3\cos^2 x + 3\sin^2 3x = 3$$

$$A_1 = -\csc^2 3x$$

$$C_1 = -\int \frac{1}{3} \csc^2 3x dx = \frac{-\frac{1}{3} \cot 3x}{\frac{1}{3}} + C_1$$

$$A_2 = \csc^2 3x \csc 3x$$

$$C_2 = \frac{1}{3} \int \cos^2 3x \, dx = \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{x}{1} - \frac{1}{18} \cos^2 3x \right)$$

$$y_{\text{part}} = \left( \frac{49 \sin x}{9} + C_1 \right) \cos 3x + \left( C_2 - \frac{1}{18} \cos^2 3x \right)$$

~6.10