Source: [KBHistoryMasterIndex]

## 1 | Bulliet, Chapter 19

## #disorganized

- · Ottoman empire grew from small size
- With Syria and Egypt shrinking 16th century, Ottomans became the biggest Muslim empire
- · Less medieval, and represented more the new age centralized monarchyi
- Beginnings
  - Turkish Nomads + Muslim Warriors + Christian Islamic Converts
  - · 3 factors of growth
    - · Original leader was quite shrewd
    - · Strategic link between Europe + Asia at the Daranelles strait
    - · Creation of army combining Trukish techniques + high tech gunpowder
  - Eventually in 1453 conquerered Constantinople, which ended Byzantine rule + gave a pretty good capital
  - · Schedule of Battlings
    - Conquered Safavid Empire => 1514
    - Conquered Egypt => 1516-1517
  - Eastern frontier => where Safavid was
  - · Southern frontier => red sea
- · Seeked control of the Mediterranean
- · (Unsuccessfullyl) tried to fight Venice
  - Initial fight => reduced millitary power + tribunage
  - Finally fell another century later, but due to unrelated reasons
- · Fough the Porchugueses, too!
  - Tried to deter porchuguese threats
  - · Sucessfully prevented them from closing in, but ultimately did not conqur into parchugal
- · Millitary might
  - · Used traditional mounted warriors
  - · Also gained Christian POWs
    - · Lived in barracks and trained all year round
    - · Barred from jobs or marryingLived in barracks and trained all year round
    - · Barred from jobs or marrying
    - · Learned to use guns to support horseback solders
- · A cosmopolitan empire
  - · Sophisticated language
  - · Advanced class system
  - · "Most powerful and best organized"
    - · Advanced land forces aforementioned

- · Heavy military technology
- Millitaryistic government?
  - · Cavalrymen admisitered th erural land
  - · Maintained order, collected taxes, and, come summer, fought