Source: [KBhBIO101Carbs]

1 | Structures of Carbohydrates

Each carbohydrate could be a monomer (6 carbons, simple structure). A carbohydrate monomer (simple sugar) is called a "monosacharide"

- · Two monomers could be chained to build a more complicated structure named Disachoride
- · Monomers could be chained to build "polymers"
- · Complicated polymers is what forms the energy builds of life
- · The same atoms, with different bonds and hence a different species, result in "isomers"

General chemical formula: $C_nH_{2n}O$

- Monosacharride => a monomer of carbohydrates
- Disachoride => a dinomer (?) of carbohydrates
- Polysachride => a polymer of carbohydrates

The mer-library

Name	Note	Composition	
Sucrose	Common Sugar	Disachoride: Glucose + Fructose	
Lactose	The thing that's in milk	Disachoride: Glucose + Galactose	
Cellose	We can't digest this, but plants	Polysacharides: Glucose + Glucose + Glucose +	
	use it	+ Glucose	
Glucose	Bulding block of sugar	Monomer	
Galactose		Monomer	
Fructose	Controvercial	Monomer	

Making and Breaking -mers

Creating a polymer ("dehydration")

- · Take monomers
- · Remove water molecules
- · Fill the now-gaping hole with the next monomers

Breaking a polymer ("rehydration")

- · Take polymers
- · Add water
- · Get Glucose
- Profit!

Hence, you get thirsty after around 45mins whenever you eat lots of sugar — ye gotta get that water to rehydrate and break down those polymers.

Bonds are called "glycocidic" bonds

And now, a note on energy	'.		
[[KBhBiO101Enthalpy]			
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You could add even more monosachrides/disacharides up to get polysacharides (starch, fiber, glycogen)

- We get energy for lots of glucose (whose polysacharide is starch), but we can't get any from cellulose (whose polysacratide is fiber)
- We eat fiber to maintain gut health + poop goodly. Cellulose is hydrophillic, meaning that fiber makes your guts lubricated.
- Polysaccharides linked together by glycosidic bonds.

NOTE! Whichever carbohydrates you are using, you get energy from breaking its bonds.