Source: [KBhHIST201Kissinger]

1 | The Holy Roman Empire

Attempted to adopt the model of European universality => one church, one emperor.

But... They didn't! Because...

1.1 | Reasons for non-universality

@_[KBhHIST201Kissinger]]

- 1. Lack of transportation and communication systems made tying large countries together difficult
- 2. HRE had separation between church and state, which makes the authority less authoritative
- 3. Pope + emperor constantly fought
 - · Need constitution to settle
 - · Enabled fuetal rulers to enhance autonomy
 - Hasburg dynasty + combination with Spanish royalty => Über powerful HRE => Almost centralized nation
 - Yet, eventually weakened pope brought end to religious universality, which brought end to that centralized Europe idea

Meanwhile, in France... [KBhHIST201RaisonDeEtat]

1.2 | Counter-Reformation

A process of "revving Catholic universality".

See [KBhHIST201CounterReformation]

1.3 | Emperor Ferdinand II

Practiced the... well... opposite of ||KBhHIST201RaisonDeEtat|| => Religion + Morality > state interest

- Refused to treaty with Muslim Turks + Protestant Swedes
- "Less concerned with the Empire's welfare than that of the will of God ... The state existed to serve the religion ... for Ferdinand" [KBhHIST201Kissinger]