Source:

1 | **What is a function?**

A function $f : D \to C$ is a unary operation that takes every element in the domain D to exactly one element in the codomain C.

$f(x) = x^2$ is a function over the domain of reals.

2 | **A 1:1 function or injective function**

A 1:1 function takes at most one element in the domain to any element in the codomain. A bijective function is a function f for which there exists a function g such that $g\left(f(x)\right) = x$ for all $x \in D$.

$f(x) = x^2$ is not a 1:1 function, because both $-1^2 = 1$ and $1^2 = 1$.

3 | **What is an inverse function**

An inverse function $g : C \to D$ is a function such that $g(f(x)) = x$ and $f(g(x)) = x$