Source: [KBHistoryMasterIndex]

## 1 | The Old Regime + The Enlightenment

- 18th Century Monarchies
  - · Comprised of absolute monarchies
  - Crown passed to the eldest son or daughter
  - Glorious revolution => 1688
    - Struggle between parlament vs. stuart kings result in constitutional monarchy in England
    - Powers of European monarchs increased after centralization of power
    - · Created unified modern states
  - Old France
    - "Acien régime" => 1789 to 1800s france
    - · Strict grid of social hierarchy resulted due to birthright
    - · Societal organization explained by Great Chain of Being
      - · Entire world organized structurally
      - · God at the top, rocks at the bottom
        - In which, King on the top God's divine representative ("L'état c'est moi" the state is me)
        - French societies organized into three castes "estates"
          - First Estate => clergy; enjoyed high status
          - Second Estate => aristocracy; provided military and monetary support
            - Les Grands: largest landholders w/ large houses
            - · Seigneurs: provincial nobles who simply owned estates in the countryside
          - Third Estate => 97% of the population
            - · Production!
            - Reproduction!
            - · Work!
            - Relatively prosperous, but <40% owned land</li>
            - Most rented land from lords as tenant farmers/sharecroppers
          - Economy generally rural + dominate by subsistence farming
    - · No national currency, nor system of weights and measures, nor a market
    - · Network of highways existed, but not very efficient
    - · Economic policy guided by merchanitilist theory
      - Notion that precious metals holdings is the ultimate goal
      - Encouraged development of manufacturing to provide for global market
      - Development of the new bourgeoisie class small merchants and shopkeepers
    - · Theory came under challenge by newer things like the free market theory
      - Adam Smith's free market economy/baurseiosie challenged mercantilistic economy
      - · Old France very Roman Catholic
        - Church owned large amount of resources => almost 10%
        - · Monarchs crowed in cathedrals
- 1700s balance of power
  - European nations began to make international alliances
  - Shifted power to prevent any one country from becoming too powerful
  - Whole economic system begins to be challenged by the end of the 18th century, when KBHHIST201TheEnlightenment happened, followed by French Revolution, Industrial Revolution, and solidification of the middle class

- KBhHIST201Enlightenment
  - Applied methods of scientific revolution to study of society
  - Believed natural laws governed human behavior + human institutions
  - · John Locke
    - · Got on the notion that reason was derived from experience
    - · Human nature is essentially good, and character is shaped by education and upbringing
    - · Hence, good societies w/ good education will create a better society
    - Man process natural + inalienable rights to life, liberty, and... property?
    - · Political communities are formed by popular consent
    - · Had huge influence across the Atlantic
  - · Jean-Jaques Rousseau
    - "Man is born free, and everywhere he is shackled"
    - · Believes that society corrupts and distorts man's natural freedom and equality
    - · Negotiated by social contract
  - · Adam Smith
    - Applied Enlightenment ideas to economy and market
    - Argued that government inference in the economy violated natural forces of competition, supply, and demand
    - · Self-interest could work for the common good
    - Individual greed + private accumulation of wealth => free market forces are at play
    - Argued for system of laissez-faire => daoistic management of economy
    - · Ideas ultimately influence the development of capitalism
- · Perhaps one of the causes of the French Revolution
  - Ideas raised by Enlignment => profoundly setting the direction of social order
  - · Attacked basis of acien régime
- Enlightment Influence
  - · Introduced governmental reforms
  - · Created new ideas on goverment: liberalism, socialism, communism.
- French Revolution => 1789
  - Although year for the declaration of the Rights of Man, 1789 is overshodowed by a whole timeline
    - 1792 => Louis XVI dethroned
    - 1793 => Louis XVI executed
    - 1799 => Napoleon
    - 1815 => Monarchy is back
  - During the revolutionary period, France perhaps was the most significant country
    - · Louis XIV established France as centre of power
      - · Most populous
      - Leading in arts and sciences
      - Leading in philosophical thought a la Enlightenment
    - · Cause of revolution
      - · Long term
        - Socioeconomic change of the 18th century
        - The Freaking Enlightment
        - · Weakening monarchy
      - · Short term
        - Inefficient tax system got the country stripped of money

- France also dumped a lot of money on Amercias
- · Created economic depression
  - 1726-1789 => cost of living +62%, wages only +25%
  - · British textile caused massive unempolyment
  - 1788 brought with it famine
  - · Louis XVI himself is also quite weak
- The Revolution
  - Third estate (peseant) general decided to go rougue when called by the King to discuss tax plans and come up with their own National Assembly
    - "Whenever we meet, there is the nation."
    - The King, noticing this, took the army to quell the third estate generals
    - Millitias began forming throughout the city
    - July 14th, 80,000 people stored Bastille prision + seized the governor of the fortress. This became **Bastille day**, a French holiday!
    - · With this example, peseants began raiding their landlords
  - The suddenly official National Assembly abolished lordish feutal payments + freed the peseants
  - August 16th, the Dec. of the Rights of Man was published => the French Dec. of Indp.
  - Reflects Enlightenment Ideals => "natural, inalienable, and sacred rights of man... Liberty, property, security, and resistance to oppression"
  - 6000 woman... just decided to chuck the King back into Paris. #how???

.