Source: [KBhBIO101Enzymes]

## 1 | Entropy

#flo #disorganized

Startistical measure of randomness in a reaction of systems.

Entropy measured in microstates — the spead of energy in states. Greater numbers of microstates means that there is more entropy

To think about this, think about states of matter:

- Gas => Most Entropy
- Water => Meh Entropy
- Solids => Least Entropy

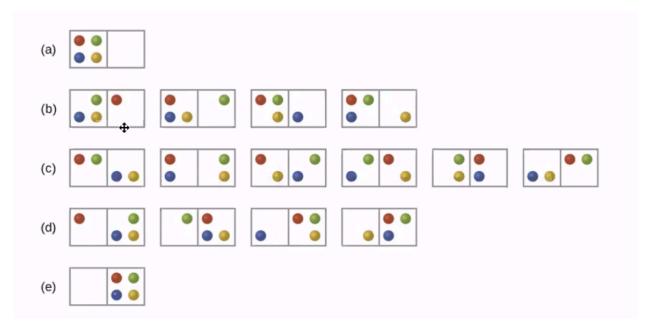


Figure 1: Screen Shot 2020-10-02 at 2.29.24 PM.png

In this image, states (a) and (e) are least likely. This is because the greater the spread, the greater the entropy; systems like to have an increase of entropic state as much as it is possible.

**Definition 1** · **Second Law of Thermodynamics** In the universe, entropy is increasing due to chemical processes.

## 1.1 | Gibbs Free Energy

 $\Delta G = \Delta H - t \Delta S$ 

Change in gibbs free energy is equal to change in enthalpy minus the change in entropy multiplied by the temperature.

$\Delta H$	$\Delta S$	$-T\Delta S$	$\Delta G$	Spontanety? Examples?
+	-	+	+	Non- TBD Favorable Nonsponta- neus: creating less entropy, heat is going in.
-	+	-	-	Favorable Combustion Spontenous: Reactions ( creating more blowing things entropy, heat up) is flowing out.
-	-	+	±	Low Temp: Spontaneous High Temp: Nonspontaneus
+	+	-	±	High Temp: Spontaneous Low Temp: Nonspontaneus