1 | Axler6.45 orthogonal complement, U^\perp

if U is a subset of V, then the orthogonal complement of U, denoted U^{\perp} , is the set of all vectors in V that are orthogonal to every vector in U:

$$U^{\perp} = \{ v \in V : \langle v, u \rangle = 0 \forall u \in U \}$$

1.1 | results

1.1.1 | Axler6.46 basic properties

- 1. complement is a subspace: if U is a subset of V, then U^{\perp} is a subspace of V
- 2. $\{0\}^{\perp} = V$
- 3. $V^{\perp} = \{0\}$

Taproot · 2020-2021 Page 1 of 1