Source: [KBHistoryMasterIndex]

1 | Mughals in the 1600s

#flo #disorganized

- · Akbar's rule of the Mughals
 - · Tried to align his subject's interests to the Mughal's interest
 - Goal was to maintain adequate compensation and preventing officials form unjust enrichment by overtaxing the peasants who could then not work on government projects
 - · Directed administration to award land revenue salary instead of assigning land
 - · Value of government official based on cost w.r.t. operating military men
 - a local commander = 500 men
 - a provincial government = 5000 men
 - · First model of separation of powers between government and military
 - · Prevented financial corruptiona
 - · Made constant transfers and deferrals
 - · Prevented passing on of wealth to offspring
 - His minister, Todar Mal, made tax collection proportional to value generation
 - · So bad crop year could pay less tax
 - · Prevented overluxuriation and benefitted peseants
 - Favored appointement of native born over foreign due to pledges of loyalty to Mughal state: promoting religious indignity
- CLAIM: Melded together Mughal and indigenous elites
 - · Encouraged intermarriage
 - · Reformes aimed at selling Mughal to other people
 - All official appointments are treated as gifts from the emperor
 - Gave grants to Muslim and Hindu cultural institutions
 - Supported the arts and sciences
- Akbar made empire popular by pimping it up
 - Improved living quaters
 - Regulation of school
 - · System of laws
 - · Challenged the patriarchy and improved the role of woman
 - Discouraged child marriages and encouraged remarrying of widowns
- Intended all of his social reform to support his object of *sulh-i-kul* => universal harmony. (Not a fan of *raison d'etat*, *I* see)
- · The Porchuguese
 - · Acted as middlemen between Venitians, Arabs, and Turks
 - · Traded spices and cotton
 - · Served as foundation of Western medicines
 - · De Gama's Explorations
 - Invaded port of good hope in Africa
 - · Disguised as Muslim traders

- · When about to be kicked out, fought and burned the city
- · Zamorin also got scammed by de Gama too
 - Convinced that he was a pirate
 - · Did not drive off, and permitted to trade
 - · Kidnapped some local fishermen for crew along the way
- · Evenutally, setup a larger network of trade
- · Mughals saw the Porchuguese, and wanted to curtail them
 - Resorted to a model of compromise => "Gave free passage to ships in exchange for pilgrims on their way to Mecca
 - · Porchuguese, Dutch, and English collectively tried te "interfere in international shiping
 - · Seisure of a ship by practicing Hindu
 - Mughals eventually partnered with english and dutch to try to curtail the porchuguese and create competition
 - English and Dutch both adopted the porchuguese model
 - Mugals tried to create strategic partnership with European cultures
 - · Ordered christian symbolism to be painted
 - · Europeans impressed with Mugal style that Mogul became associated with power
- · Aurangzeb's rule
 - · Orthodox muslim
 - Took religious values over tradition
 - · Dismaltiled Mughal's multicultralism
 - · Banned music and dance
 - · Enforced islam codes of pubilc conduct via censors
 - · Halt constructions of new Hindu temples
 - · Attack established structuers
 - Reimposed the jizya payment in leu of state service that is demanded from non-muslims
 - · Enforced system of jizya payments that had to be done while chanting about inferoity
 - Opposed appointing hindus to highest ranks
 - · Hindus and other non-muslim cultural icons lamented this
 - Shah Janan's army campaigns increased tax revenue to meet higher expectations
 - Hindu agricultural exploration fell hardest
 - · Shivaji contradicted the Mughal court
 - · Which means, he got quickly struck down
 - · Escaped the court, and went to the Marathas
 - 1674-1680 started invading Mughals in gurilla campaigns
 - Which, is a self-deprecating loop causing Auranzb to invest even MORE moneyon fighting
 - Created the Marathas empire
 - · Muhammed Akbar opposed his fathers rules
 - Fled to Arabia
 - · Tortured and killed son of Shiviaji
 - Also started a struggle with the Briting East India Company
 - Started complaining of higher taxes
 - Interpreted their license to say that they would only need to pay taxes at major international ports
 - · In defense, the company declared war against the Mughals
 - · The Mughals retailated by destroying corporate stations

- Eventually forced negotiations to sink Muslim ships bound for Mecca
- · Eventually forced back into trade negotiations after a larger fine
- This incident humiliated both the Mughals and the company displeasing European directors
- Fights of independence broke out amoung the Marathas and the Hindu-predominant north between 1674-1680
- In the end, Aurangzeb ended his life noting "I don't know who I am, nor what I have been doing"
- · Marathas won great parts of Mughal territory
 - Empire's rulers force to pay tribute to Marathas
 - · Others paid a largely symbolic to the Mughals

#disorganized #flo

- · India is very hard to rule in a very centralized way
 - · Deccan plateu to the south
 - · Hard to conquer
 - · Have to re-conquer because people did not respect his rule
 - · Gangatic plain to the north
 - · Easy to conquer
 - Rajputs
 - · Small city-states with isolated rules
 - · With independent principalities

And now, we are comparing palaces?

· Chende constructed to match people's religions