Source: [KBHistoryMasterIndex]

1 | Bulliet, Chapter 19

#disorganized

- · Ottoman empire grew from small size
- With Syria and Egypt shrinking 16th century, Ottomans became the biggest Muslim empire
- · Less medieval, and represented more the new age centralized monarchyi
- Beginnings
 - Turkish Nomads + Muslim Warriors + Christian Islamic Converts
 - · 3 factors of growth
 - · Original leader was quite shrewd
 - · Strategic link between Europe + Asia at the Daranelles strait
 - · Creation of army combining Trukish techniques + high tech gunpowder
 - Eventually in 1453 conquerered Constantinople, which ended Byzantine rule + gave a pretty good capital
 - · Schedule of Battlings
 - Conquered Safavid Empire => 1514
 - Conquered Egypt => 1516-1517
 - Eastern frontier => where Safavid was
 - · Southern frontier => red sea
- · Seeked control of the Mediterranean
- · (Unsuccessfullyl) tried to fight Venice
 - Initial fight => reduced millitary power + tribunage
 - Finally fell another century later, but due to unrelated reasons
- · Fough the Porchugueses, too!
 - Tried to deter porchuguese threats
 - · Sucessfully prevented them from closing in, but ultimately did not conqur into parchugal
- · Millitary might
 - · Used traditional mounted warriors
 - · Also gained Christian POWs
 - · Lived in barracks and trained all year round
 - · Barred from jobs or marryingLived in barracks and trained all year round
 - · Barred from jobs or marrying
 - · Learned to use guns to support horseback solders
- · A cosmopolitan empire
 - · Sophisticated language
 - · Advanced class system
 - · "Most powerful and best organized"
 - · Advanced land forces aforementioned

- · Heavy military technology
- Millitaryistic governmentment?
 - · Cavalrymen admisitered th erural land
 - · Maintained order, collected taxes, and, come summer, fought
- Model of government => "Taxes help fund military and sultan which provides justice for the people"
- Reality => Government had little actual involvement
 - · Local customs prevailed
 - · Looked to religous leaders that is not necsissarily muslim for guidance
- · Beginnig of problems
 - [KBhHIST201ProblemsWithSilver] Problems with Silver
 - · Affected landowners
 - Could not build stronger millitary
 - Caused the weakening of calvalrymen + increase in reliance on POWs
 - · CLAIM: "Religious laws ... constrained the ottomans from reforming the tax system"
 - Levied surtaxes
 - · Caused rebellions + banditry
 - POWS took advantage of influence to gain the ability to marry and do business, but overall caused deterioation of the quality of the millitary (less professionals, more POWs)
- · Declining government, too!
 - · Sultans kept to themselves
 - · Prevented male relatives from leaving the palace
 - Females gained larger rule + chief administrators oversaw the actual government **important!**: CLAIM sterotipically, muslim culture had fears of woman in politics

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