Source:

1 | sources source

1.1 | assignment: `https://nuevaschool.instructure.com/courses/3087/assignments/56036`

1.2 | reading: Hallmarks of Cancer PDF

2 | Flow

2.1 | Abstract

2.1.1 | hallmarks include

1. sustaining proliferative signaling
2. evading growth suppressors
3. resisting cell death
4. enabling replicative immortality
5. inducing ingiogenesis
6. activating invasion and metastasis

2.1.2 | theese hallmarks are newer

1. reprogramming of energy metabolism
2. evading immune destruction

2.1.3 | underlying

1. genome instability
   (a) genetic diversity that expedites acquisition of hallmarks
2. inflammation
   (a) ”fosters multiple hallmark functions”

2.2 | Introduction

2.2.1 | Cancer cells evolve into cancer cells because they need to be cancer cells??

1. TODO why do tumors have ”the need … to acquire the traints that enable them to become tumorigenic and ultimately malignant”? question

2.2.2 | **tumors are not simple / idle 'insular masses of proliferating cancer cells'**

2.2.3 | **"recruited" normal cells (or 'stromal cells') are active parts of the tumor**

2.2.4 | **'the biology of tumors can no longer be understood simply by enumerating the traits of the cancer cells but instead must encompass the contributions of the "tumor microenvironment" to tumorigenesis.'**

2.3 | **section**

3 | Vocab

3.1 | **TODO neoplastic disease**

3.2 | **ostensibly**

3.2.1 | **maybe 'technically'?**

3.3 | **tumor microenvironment**

3.3.1 | **presumably inflammation, recruited normal cells, and other stuff that helps the tumor grow**

3.4 | **pathogenisis**

3.4.1 | **evolution of 'pathogen' (cancer)**

3.5 | **ancillary proposition**

3.5.1 | **maybe the starting / base proposition**

3.6 | **insular masses**

3.6.1 | **stagnant or something, simple**

3.7 | **heterotypic interactions**

3.7.1 | **many types of interactions**