

Source: [KBhPHYS201QuantumWorldBookNotesIndex](#)

1 | Meet the Leptons

- There are three families of subatomic particles
 - Flavor 1: the electron and it's nuetrino
 - Flavor 2: the Muon and it's nuetrino
 - Flavor 3: the the tau lepton and it's nuetrino
- Leptons carry one-half unit of spin and are either neutral or have 1 negative charge
- For every lepton there's an anti-lepton with an opposite unit of charge and the same mass
- Leptons have no known size and in all theories describing them are point particles

1.1 | Particles

- **Leptons**

1.2 | Electrons

- Electrons are Leptons
- Has an opposite which is the positron
- Effectively launched particle physics as we know it
- Is beta radiation
- Equations to bridge relativity and quantum mechanics in order to describe the electron predicted 1/2 spin and also anti-matter
 - Some particles are their own anti-particles

1.2.1 | Radioactivity

- They realized that helium nucleus's shouldn't be able to escape the nucleus of a particle and that it would have to escape through quantum tunneling
- Gamma radiation is produced by a change in quantum state of the protons
- Neutrino was suggested as a way to solve some of beta decay's issues
 - So was neutron
- There are 3 types of neutrinos known
- We detected Nuetrinos through weak interactions with things around them

1.3 | Muons

- Cosmic radiation kept giving rise to the theory that there were charged particles around 200x more massive than an electron
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