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1 | overview

- 1.1 | fall of Qing
- 1.1.1 | Manchu 12-yo boy emperor Puyi abducted in 1912
- 1.1.2 power vacuum competed for by 'regional warlords, loose alliance of students, politicians, secret societes, japanese, communist movement'
- 1.1.3 |internal divisions and foreign influences paved the way for the ult victory of Mao Zedong claim
- 1.2 | warlord cliques
- 1.2.1 | dominated chinese politics for next 3 decades
- 1.2.2 most powerful clique was in north china headed by Yuan Shikai
- 1.2.3 | Shanghai and Canton made second power center, favored politicians like Sun Yat-sen
- 1.3 university students, teachers, and intellectuals
- 1.3.1 | played critical roles in civilization but were defenseless in force
- 1.4 | secret societies
- 1.4.1 envisioned restoration of monarchical rule under a Chinese dynasty
- 1.5 western power intervention and japan
- 1.5.1 wanted to capitalize on power vacuum
- 1.5.2 | japan from mid-1890s to 1945 (end of WWI)
- 2 | may fourth movement
- 2.1 | Sun Yat-sen headed Revolutionary Alliance loose combo of anti-Qing political groups that started the 1911 revolt
- 2.2 claimed mandate of heaven but warlords had true power
- 2.3 | set up a Parliament and elected cabinets but had minimal actual effect
- 2.4 | Sun Yat-sen resigned in favor of Yuan Shikai in 1912 (northern warlord)
- 2.4.1 | Yuan Shikai pretended to be democratic but built up military
- 2.4.2 | few years later, used military and assassinations to remove opposition
- 2.5 | Japan and WWI

⊉aBraotia 2028 derman concessions in China after WWI

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2.5.2 | gave Yuan the 21 demands in early 1915, which would reduce china to a 'dependent protectorate'

- 2.5.4 | after the war (1919), japan won german concessions
 - 1. this made the students upset -> protests and mass boycotts
- 2.6 | democracy and individualism popular in urban youth
- 2.6.1 | democratic thinkers toured china
- 2.6.2 | novel by Ba Jin depicts boy ignoring arranged marriage
- 2.6.3 | however, elections and stuff didnt work because warlords were in control
 - 1. so they decided more radical action was needed
- 2.7 | Bolshevik victory in Russia
- 2.7.1 | chinese seriosuly considered marxism
- 2.7.2 Li Dazhao decided to interpret marxism for china's situation
 - 1. he saw the pheasants as the vanguard of urban change

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- 2.7.3 | all chinese as proletarian, and bourgeois was the industrialized West (unification)
- 2.8 | marxist study club (including Mao Zedong)
- 2.8.1 | also believed in authoritarian state that intervened helpfully in many aspects of life
- 2.9 | summer of 1921
- 2.9.1 |a handful of marxist leaders from different parts of China met secretly in Shanghai
- 2.9.2 | Communist party of China born
- 2.9.3 | few supporters but provided new ideology over confucianism
- 3 | Seizure of Power by the Guomindang (nationalist party, Sun Yatsen)
- 3.1 | promised international and domestic change, but only implemented international change
- 3.1.1 | pushed foreigners out but didnt implement land reform which is what the pheasants cared about
- 3.2 | slowly forged alliances with 'key social groups' and built an army in south of china
- 3.3 | nationalists used communists as major link to peasants and urban workers
- 3.4 also asked soviets for help
- 3.5 | soviet military academy
- 3.5.1 | first headed by Chiang Kai-shek who didnt like the communists
- 3.5.2 but he had to wait for the army to be trained
- 3.6 | after Sun yat-sen dies in 1925, Chaing kai-shek captures and bribes warlords
- 3.6.1 | becomes the head of a warlord hierarchy, essentially controlling china
- 4 | mao and the peasant option
- 4.1 mao background
- 4.1.1 | father was a prosperous peasant, but mao rebelled early
- 4.1.2 | believed revolution was violent and peasants needed to use force to overthrow landlords

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- 4.2 | after Chaing seized control, he massacared communists in Shanghai in 1927
- 4.3 | a later attack to communists in south central china caused Mao to spearhead

- 2. runaway spiral of loans from the US to european countries + postwar inflation?
- 3. optimized exploitation of colonies to produce coffee sugar rubber production worsened the same cycle

5.3.2 poor leadership

- 1. leaders were interested in their own debts being paid than facilitating balanced econ growth
- 2. protectionism reduced market opportunities and made it worse

5.4 the formal advent of the Depression (October 1929)

5.4.1 us stock market crash brings everything down

- 1. bc the US gave out so many loans
- 2. people trying to cut losses made things worse
- 3. thus lower production levels and rising unemployment

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