Source: KBhHIST201Ottomans1500

1 | The Ottomans' Fall

Problems with Silver [KBhHIST201ProblemsWithSilver]

@ KBhHIST201BullietCh19 Bulliet Chapter 19

- · Affected landowners
- · Could not build stronger millitary
- Caused the weakening of calvalrymen + increase in reliance on POWs

Overconservatism

@ KBhHIST201KennedyCh1 Kenedy, Chapter 1

"Natural consequences of earlier Turkish successes"

- Got Romanitus expanded too much to the point of unmanagability => "Strategical Overextension"
- Switched to an "Iron Fist" management style of crushing dissidents, encouraging the Persians to ally with the Europeans to crush the Ottomans
- Suffered from being centralized, despotic, and severly orthodox
 - · Emperor had to much power
 - · Country became over-conservative #why
 - · Bureaucracy became too heavy
- · Heavy internal plundering
 - · High taxes
 - · Seizures of property
 - Depopulated towns
 - Unorderly soldiers
 - Bribery

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"Religious laws ... constrained the ottomans from reforming the tax system"

- · Levied surtaxes
- · Caused rebellions + banditry
- POWS took advantage of influence to gain the ability to marry and do business, but overall caused deterioation of the quality of the millitary (less professionals, more POWs)

Declining government

@[KBhHIST201BullietCh19]]

Sultans kept to themselves

- · Prevented male relatives from leaving the palace
- Females gained larger rule + chief administrators oversaw the actual government important!: CLAIM
 sterotipically, muslim culture had fears of woman in politics

Dismantling original systems

- · Land grants for millitary services disappeared
- Abolished devshirme system which selected POW officers
- Tax farming became allowed
 - · Tax collectors are allowed to pre-paid tax and collect any amount to recouperate
 - · Caused local administration to suffer due to the above
- Corruption within the government lead them to give power to tax collectors
 - · Causing them to control the incomes and expenses of a regions
 - · Which turns them into large private landowners

The armies kept deteriorating

- Resorted to hiring substitutes
- · Also relied partially on trained seasonal recruits

European trade capitulations

- Europeans took control of Ottomans' overseas trade "Capitulations" special trade agreements
 - European domination of Ottoman seaborne trade
 - · Muslim merchants are trading at a disadvantage due to this domination
- · Few Ottoman statesmen observed the change, but they are generally disregarded
- "Tulip Craze" => European integration
 - · Early sign of destruction shown with the Ottomans' craze on Tulips
 - European cultures integrated into the Ottoman culture clothing, books, furtinutes
 - · At gala soirees, Janissaries revolted, causing the abdication of Sultan Ahmed III
- Eventually, Janissary commanders became independent rulers, causing a slip of control
- · Rural disorder also caused new economic opportunities
 - CLAIM: ottoman's lack of control brings other European costal regions to resume originally Ottoman controlled trades
 - Local farmers shifted growth to cash crops (tobacco, cotton, oil, etc.)