Source: [KBHistoryMasterIndex]

## 1 | Roberts Ch. 5

## 1.1 | India

- · England challenged the "Indian Ocean supremacy"
  - England had before sought to enter spice trade of India, but had issues trying to do so
  - · Had French interference when trying to do business in India
  - · For a century held only Fort St. George and Bombay
  - · Conducted trade in Coffee and Textiles
- Coffee!
  - · Establishment of coffee-houses of London brought popularity of the drink
  - · Tea drinking was also growing at the time
- · Company growth
  - East India Co. 1689 defeat pivoted direction to use non-force strategies
  - Collapse of Mughals after 1707 brought energy and land to the British Trade
    - · Increased polarity between the Marathas Hindus and the Mughals caused distress
    - Sikhs formed their own sect of Hinduism, detaching from both true Hindu ideology and Islamic ideology
    - 1730s Persian invasion caused loss in territory
  - Britian did not invade the Indian region until much later than the 1740s => CLAIM: because it considered trade very important
    - Finally decided to take action due to CLAIM: hostility towards the French
    - · Ownership of station at Calcutta provided access to riches part of India
    - Wanted not to interfere with Indian politics, and instead employ the Mughal model of acceptanceand-profit
  - · British vs French conflict
    - · Supported opposite Indian princes
    - Brought armed struggle between French and British forces
    - · French governor Dupleix controlled brilliantly, but was recalled
    - Provincial government of Bengal attacked + captured Calcutta
    - East India Co.'s army recaptured the city + recaptured both territory of he French and of the governors
    - Recapturing opened the way to British monopoly in India + diminishing of French dominance
  - British Raj
    - · Britian proper sent an army to India, legetimizing the corporate armies of the Co.
    - The Co. formally became ruler of Bengal in 1764
      - · French bases became scattered/useless
      - Peace of 1763 left only 5 French trading posts
      - 1769 Compagnie des Indies dissolved
    - Took Cerlon from Dutch year after #verify?
    - Growth => Decline
      - The company turned a bit too territorialist
      - Gave employees too many opportunities to cheat/bribe, and not enough profit for the company itself
      - British government began nationalizing
        - Set up system of "dual control" in 1784 => lasted until 1858

## 1.2 | Carribeans

- · Brazil and Carribeans boomed due to sugar crops
- · Main crops: tobacco, hardwood, coffee
- · Spanish influence on Caribbean agriculture
  - · Began with growth of fruit + cattle
  - · Sugar and Rice was then introduced, but production was slow
- European settlements later appeared with the usual suspects => Netherlands, England, French \*
  England established 2 colonies => St. Christopher + Barbados \* St. Christopher => 3000, Barbados
  => 2000
  - · Early successes due to tobacco: "tobacco colonies"
    - · Supplied great customs values to England
    - Left the French with 7,000 and England, 50,000 in the island
  - Introduction of sugar crops lead to shift towards Slave trade
    - · Tobacco economical if cultivated in small quantities
    - · Sugar needed large plantation
    - => Contributed to the overall demographic change in North America
  - · Spanish control now vested on its control of the slave trade
- Eventually, North Amercia emerged to be a bigger economy than that of new Spain

## 1.3 | Impacts

- · Colonies had extracted varied economic benefit from their colonies
  - Spanish => Silver from South America: broke the world economy
  - England => Stimulated European exports + manufacturing: leading people to flow from Europe to Africa to Asia
  - · CLAIM: colonization of Americas brought huge, incalculable economic benefits
- The Western hemisphere is decidedly European
  - · Organized under European legal system
  - Christanized

Europeans did not just conquer; they exterminated local cultures and peoples and replaced them with their own.