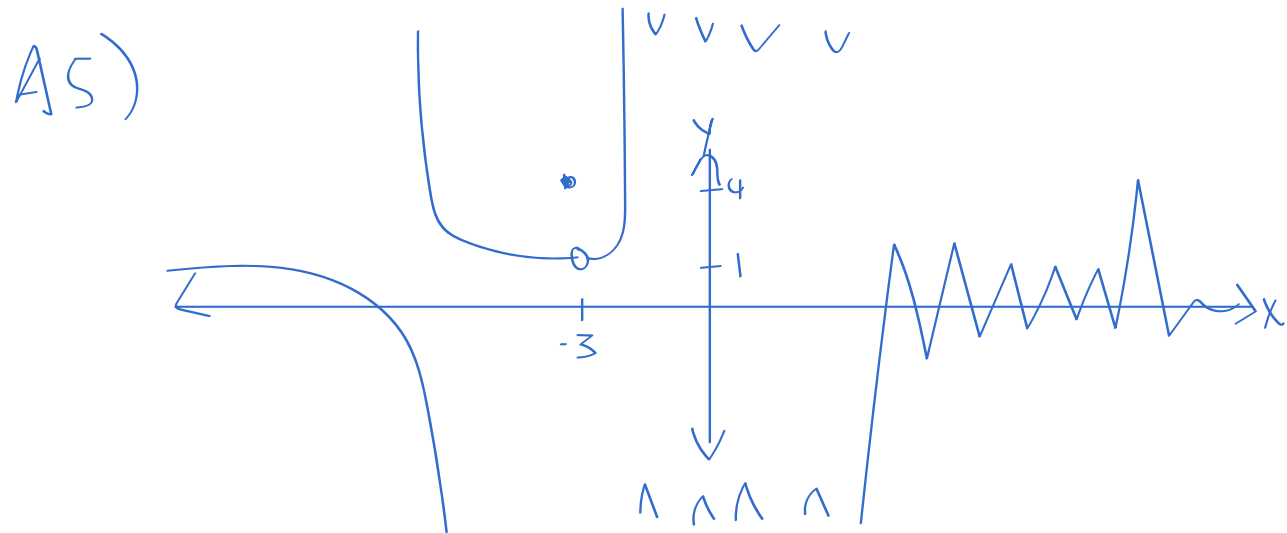
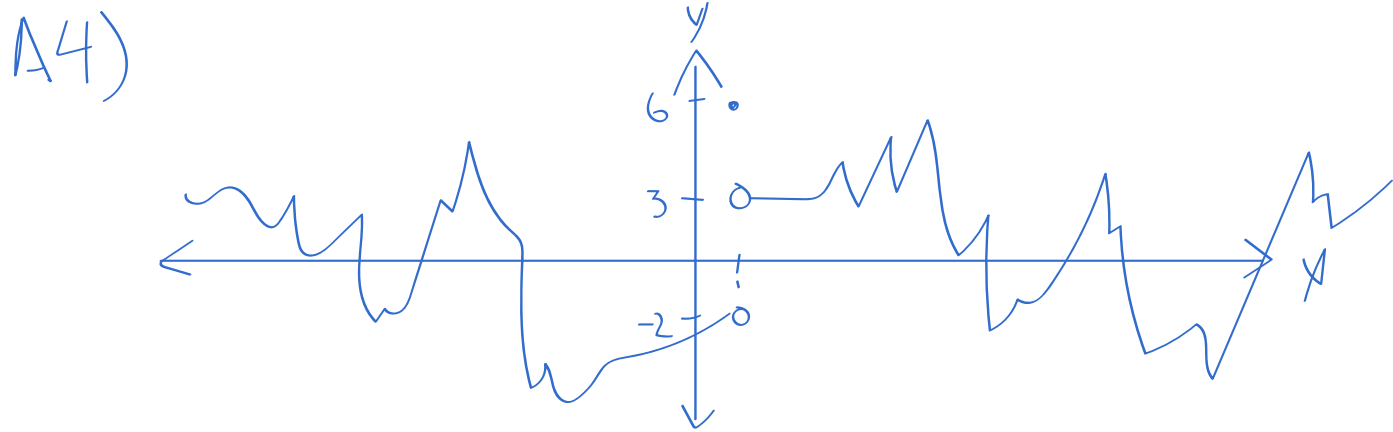
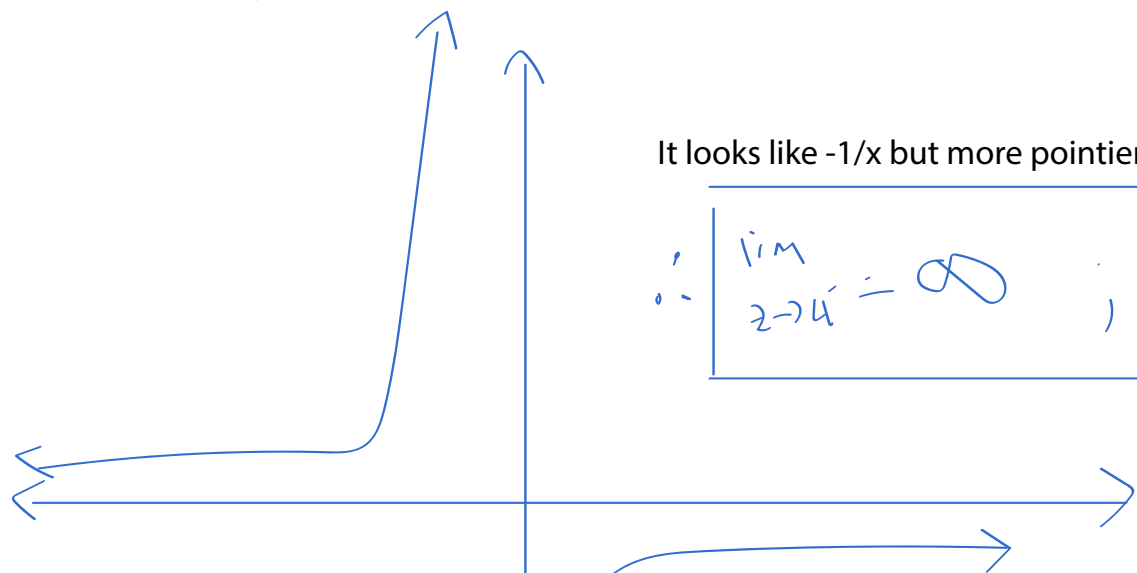


- A3 a) $f(-3) = 5$; $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} = 2$
- b) $f(1) = 4$; $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} = 4$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} = -3$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} = DNE$ (left and right hand limits have different values)
- c) $f(1) = DNE$; $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} = -1$
it's a hole!
- d) $f(2) = 0$; $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^-} = 0$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} = \lim_{x \rightarrow a} = DNE$ (doesn't approach a value)



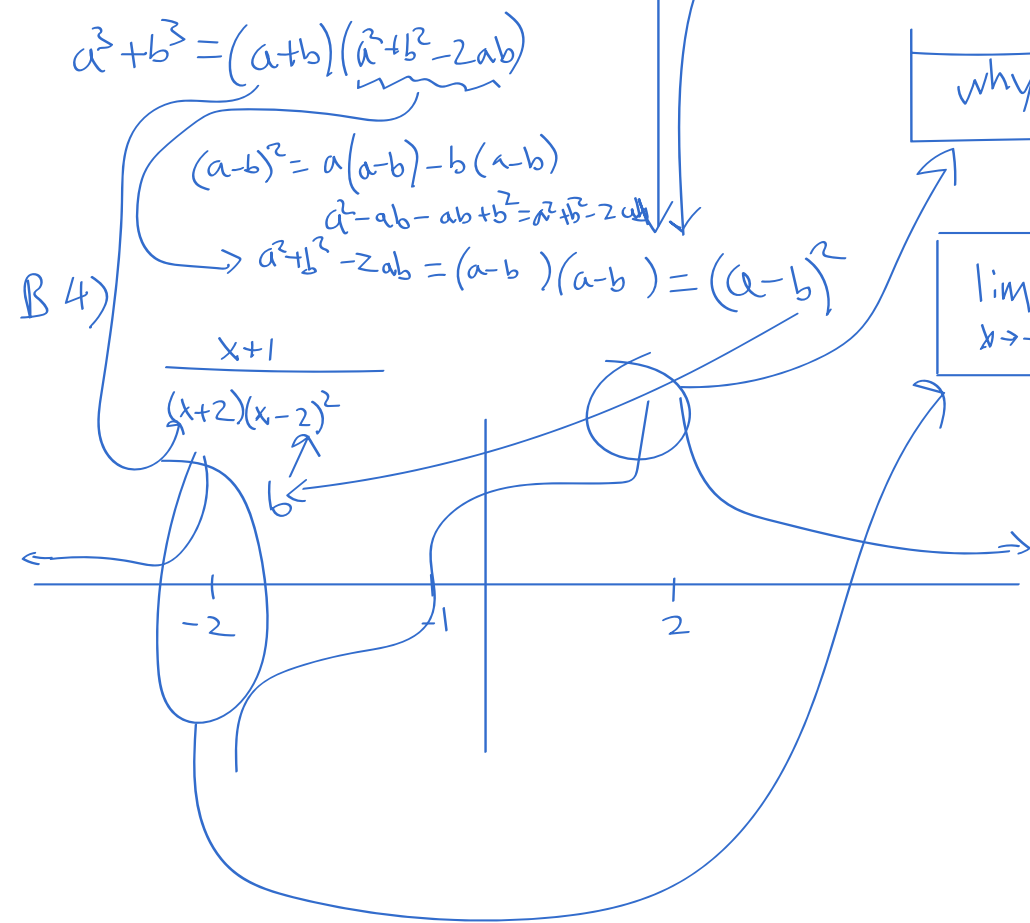
B2) $\frac{17}{(4-z)^3} = \frac{17}{(4-z)(4^2+z^2-2*4z)} = \frac{17}{I \text{ give up}}$

$17x \frac{1}{(-z+4)^3} = 17 \frac{1}{(z-4)^3} = \frac{-17}{z^3}$ shifted by 4 $\approx \frac{-1}{x^3}$ around $x=0$



It looks like $-1/x$ but more pointier

$\therefore \lim_{z \rightarrow 4^-} = \infty$; $\lim_{z \rightarrow 4^+} = -\infty$; $\lim_{z \rightarrow 4} = DNE$



why no asymptote here?

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} = \infty$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} = -\infty$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} = DNE$

C4) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} = \frac{10}{7}$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} = \frac{10}{7}$ $h_{asym} = y = \frac{10}{7}$

C8) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} = \infty$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} = \infty$ $h_{asym} = y = 7x^4?$

