Source: KBHistoryMasterIndex

## 1 | **Qing**

## #flo #disorganized

- · The Manchus!
  - · Powerful army took China
    - Professional military organized under 8 banners
    - · Took Beijing
    - · Restored order
    - · Proclaimed that the mandate passed to them
  - · Assured that Chinese culture would continue, but those who resisted are punished
    - · Yangzhou refused to surrender
    - · So Manchus took the city and instantiated the purge
- · Hairstyle submission
  - Forced Chinese men to submit to a Manchu hairstyle
  - · Present symbol of Manchu rule
  - · Took a whole generation to solidify rule
- · Three great emperors
  - Kangxi Emperor
    - · One of the most effective rulers of China
    - · Held the throne for 60 years
    - Financials
      - Froze tax assessment in 1712
      - · Made tax increase no longer a threat
    - Regions
      - Extended the empire northward + establish borders with Korea + Russia
      - · Lead campaigns against Mongols and occupied Tibet
    - · CLAIM: why he was great
      - Great guy
        - · Dilligent
        - · Good judge of character + warrented honest answers
        - · Did not fight Ming loyalists as long as they break no laws
      - · Promoted liberal arts
        - · Held examinations to promote scholars
        - · Patronized art, philosophy, and poetry
        - Interested in Western learning
          - · Learned through Jesuit missionaries
          - · Jesuits saw worship as a ceremony and not rites
          - · However, was not fully accepted by the Emperor after the early 18th century
  - · Yongzheng Emperor
    - · More guarded and suspicious than Kangxi
    - · Anti-corruption efforts
      - Expanded secret memorial system
      - · A new tax reform that prevented tax evasion

- · Qianlong Emperor
  - · Reigned for 60 years
  - · Emulated Kangxi
    - Intensified Qing involvement in Tibet
    - Expanded into Turkestan
    - · Patron of culture and arts
      - · Compiled collection of Chinese work
      - · Supressed anti-Manchu, anti-Confucion, and heretics by burning them
- Extended Chinese model of leadership + united the Chinese Mongols Uighurs and Tibetans
- 18s Century
  - · Happy times
  - · Prosperous and peaceful
  - · Conservatively confusion
  - Two great novels written
- · Beginning of decline
  - · Govmn't did not keep pace with rapid population growth
  - · :Qianlong became fond of his bodyguards, who embezzled silver

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