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assignment: [https://docs.google.com/document/d/18pAQO6g8R1x7d8ufiJEgW8v3zi-qmJeRJX5nueh9W\\_Y/edit](https://docs.google.com/document/d/18pAQO6g8R1x7d8ufiJEgW8v3zi-qmJeRJX5nueh9W_Y/edit)

image links

third synth third historyagrophy third lit review

<https://www.jstor.org/stable/2936421?seq=1>

title?

Powers Edge: Ideological Manipulation in Foreign Countries

instating leaders in foreign countries -> dictators that we can't do anything about dictators because fighting against the wants of the people

## 0.1 | **Note-taking, begin!**

- America overthrew Sukarno in 1965, and replaced him with the right wing Suharto who was big bad news
- evidence that america was involved?
- america had already participated in a revolt against sukar in 1958
- america congratulated suharto and themselves when he smashed the commies
- this guy argues that america didn't play a large role
- america prodded the army to take down sukaro but it didn't work
  - they had "basically given up"
- America gave up, the coup caught the CIA by surprise
- lyndon b johnson and w post watgate means we get info
- cia was on a short leash, if they had plans to move against, then washington would know
  - he didn't, and thus, CIA was not involved.
  - cia admitted that they didn't have a connection
- indonesia was important because:
  - the sprawling archipelago bestrode the sea lanes connecting the Indian Ocean to the Pacific;
  - outflanked vietnam
  - it threatened havoc on the security of the Philippines and the American bases there
  - had a wealth of natural resources
- sukarno was super charismatic, let him rise to the top
  - survived a coup, and a buncha other things
- america doesn't want to push sukarno into greater reliance on the Chinese and the Russians (commies)