Source: [KBHistoryMasterIndex]

## 1 | Mason, Ch 8

#### #flo #disorganized

=> Imperialism: advanced contry control weak one

- · Imperialism: driven by compettion + diplomacy.
- Europeans had massive land control at the height of imperialism.
- · But! Imperialism was short; African nationalism sprung up quickly.

## 1.1 | Rise of Imperialism

CLAIM: Reasons for african scramble: national pride, stsrategic competition, new markets, raw material, and labor! => Used colonies as effective tax-evasion zones free of tariffs

- European depression from 1873-1890 became the drive for overseas imperialistic ventures.
- · Also, Europeans felt taking over other countries is also humanitarian.
- · Self-imposed tariffs lead to "economic protectionism, which furthered the decline in trade
- Thayer Mahan recognized the importance of having a navy to colonization (Big Brit Navy => Big Brit Colony); so, Amercia and Germany beefed up tehir navy and began a series of naval-based conquests.
- Social darwinism: the survival of the fittest applies to natinos hence advocates for imperilasm
- Spread of imperialism began from spain => French => dutch => England.
- communists claimed that imperialism is the natural consiquence of capitalism
- First to colonize is the first to rebel. Case and point: Amercia.

### 1.1.1 | The History

- Africa was largely unexplored before the 19th century before, africa was only "expoited" by means
  of slave trade.
- Construction of the Suez canal created a boom in shipping.
- Belgian king Leopold's assignment of journalist Henry Stanley established the Congo Free State.
- Alarmed, other nations joined in and established guidelines for how to divide the continent into effective sizes.
- 2 countries spared from the scramble: Ethiopia, a native empire, and Liberia: a colony for freed american slaves.
- the dutch Boers and the british fought over who cotrolled South Africa and surrounding diamond mines. Eventually, the brits won.

### 1.2 | **Asia**

- Britian Asian colonization: India! Rich source of manpower and resources.
- The French took Vietnam, but strong nationalism drove them out in the 1950s.
- Pressure from all fronts lead china to establish interlocking treaties that gave europeans de facto control to key trade regions. => CLAIM: this eventually lead to the death of China, the Empire

# 1.3 | Models and Results of Imperialism

- European colonizations usually started with Nationally chartered exploratory companies (think: BEIC); evenutally, governments take over.
- through imperialism, European culture became the dominant viewpoint in much of the southern hemisphere.
- Cities show up, and so did production of cash crops + a cash economy.
- · European education stimulated literacy.
- European colonization created weak governments when independence finally was achieved.
- · Direct effect of imperialism: land holdings and timezones.
- After the rapid de-colonization in the 20th century, the Third World was established and CLAIM: was pivital during the cold war.
- European thinking lead to European nationalist ideals, which CLAIM: contributed to the downfall of European colonies.