## 1 | Axler6.45 orthogonal complement, $U^\perp$

if U is a subset of V, then the orthogonal complement of U, denoted  $U^{\perp}$ , is the set of all vectors in V that are orthogonal to every vector in U:

$$U^{\perp} = \{ v \in V : \langle v, u \rangle = 0 \forall u \in U \}$$

## 1.1 | results

## 1.1.1 | Axler6.46 basic properties

- 1. complement is a subspace: if U is a subset of V, then  $U^{\perp}$  is a subspace of V
- **2.**  $\{0\}^{\perp} = V$
- 3.  $V^{\perp} = \{0\}$
- 4. If U is a subset of V, then  $U \cap U^{\perp} \subseteq \{0\}$

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