Source: [KBHistoryMasterIndex]

1 | The Old Regime + The Enlightenment

- · 18th Century Monarchies
 - · Comprised of absolute monarchies
 - Crown passed to the eldest son or daughter
 - Glorious revolution => 1688
 - Struggle between parlament vs. stuart kings result in constitutional monarchy in England
 - · Powers of European monarchs increased after centralization of power
 - · Created unified modern states
 - Old France
 - "Acien régime" => 1789 to 1800s france
 - · Strict grid of social hierarchy resulted due to birthright
 - · Societal organization explained by Great Chain of Being
 - · Entire world organized structurally
 - · God at the top, rocks at the bottom
 - In which, King on the top God's divine representative ("L'état c'est moi" the state is me)
 - French societies organized into three castes "estates"
 - First Estate => clergy; enjoyed high status
 - Second Estate => aristocracy; provided military and monetary support
 - Les Grands: largest landholders w/ large houses
 - Seigneurs: provincial nobles who simply owned estates in the countryside
 - Third Estate => 97% of the population
 - · Production!
 - · Reproduction!
 - · Work!
 - Relatively prosperous, but <40% owned land
 - Most rented land from lords as tenant farmers/sharecroppers
 - Economy generally rural + dominate by subsistence farming
 - · No national currency, nor system of weights and measures, nor a market
 - · Network of highways existed, but not very efficient
 - Economic policy guided by merchanitilist theory
 - · Notion that precious metals holdings is the ultimate goal
 - Encouraged development of manufacturing to provide for global market
 - Development of the new bourgeoisie class small merchants and shopkeepers
 - Theory came under challenge by newer things like the free market theory
 - · Adam Smith's free market economy/baurseiosie challenged mercantilistic economy
 - · Old France very Roman Catholic
 - Church owned large amount of resources => almost 10%
 - · Monarchs crowed in cathedrals