1 | Silicon

- 1.1 | refirenry
- 1.1.1 | **from sand**
- 1.1.2 | **melted**
- 1.1.3 | small molten crystal "seed" lower into a vat
- 1.1.4 | crystal forms
- 1.1.5 | pull cylander from molten reigon
- 1.1.6 ground to form ingots
- 1.1.7 | sawed with diamond blade to form wafers
- 1.1.8 | wafer scrubbed
- 1.1.9 edges rounded and surfaces ground smooth and to create uniform thickness
- 1.1.10 | rinsed and etched in "chemicals" to remove impurities
- 1.1.11 | final polish on one side of the wafer
- 1.1.12 | all so that there are no scratches or contamination
- 1.1.13 | then, measured for resistivity
 - 1. function of dopant concentratian
- 1.1.14 electron beam machine
 - 1. etches patterns onto chrome plated glass plates in clean room
 - 2. glass plates become masks used to transfer the circuit pattern onto the wafer
- 1.2 | **design**
- 1.2.1 | circuit design
- 1.2.2 organization of design team
 - 1. based on organization of the chip
 - 2. establish microarchitecture that regulates sequences and timings
 - 3. design divided into areas
 - (a) each unit given to logic designer
 - (b) each functional block given to circuit designer who works at transistor level

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4. mask designer draws out blueprints on paper

1.2.3 | transistors

- 1. represents digital zero or one
- 2. C-MOS transistors
 - (a) complementary metal oxidized transistor
 - (b) n type transistor
 - i. surrounded by n-type
 - ii. sandwhiching a p-type layer
 - iii. gate electrode is near but not connect to the p type reigon
 - iv. a positive charge in gate attracts electrons and allows electrons to pass
 - (c) both types can be made on the same chip using "complementary manufacturing?"
 - (d) signals propogate through complex maze of switches

1.3 | structure

- 1.3.1 | cubic atomic structure
- 1.3.2 | 4 electrons valence shell
- 1.3.3 perfect crystal will have no holes
- 1.3.4 | but at room temperature, free electrons can conduct
- 1.4 | impurities called dopants

1.4.1 | negative

- 1. arsenic or phospherus
- 2. one more valence
- 3. n type crystal because negative free carriers

1.4.2 | positive

- 1. boron
- 2. missing electron acts like positive carrier, "hole"
- 1.4.3 | silicon can be either good or poor conductor (semiconductor)

1. controlled by concentration of dopant

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