## 1 | Axler6.56 Minimizing the distance to a subspace

Suppose U is a finite-dimensional subspace of V,  $v \in V$ , and  $u \in U$ . Then,

$$||v - P_U v|| \le ||v - u||$$

Because we often end up having to find the minimal v-u where  $u\in U$ , this result makes linear algebra applicable to numerous real-world applications.

## 1.1 | **Proof**

$$\|v - P_U v\|^2 \le \|v - P_U v\|^2 + \|P_U v - u\|^2$$
 by  $0 \le \|P_U v - u\|^2$  by the Pythagorean Theorem  $= \|v - u\|^2$ 

Inequality is an equality only when  $u = P_U v$ .

## 1.2 | An example

First define an inner product that will be our cost function. In this case, they use the integral of f(x)g(x) on the range  $[-\pi,\pi]$ 

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