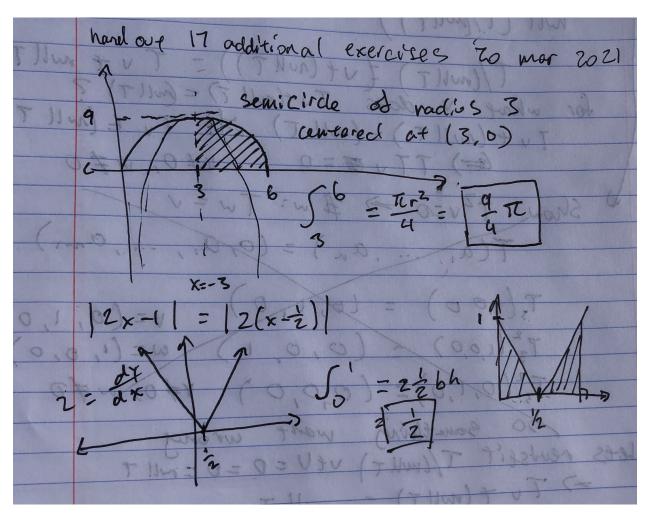
## 1 | Exercises

## 1.1 | **1.1 and 1.2**



## 1.2 | 1.3

I expect

$$\int_{1}^{2} f(x)dx = \int_{1}^{5} f(x)dx - \int_{2}^{5} f(x)dx = -3 - 4 = -7$$

In fact, I expect

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x)dx + \int_{b}^{c} f(x)dx = \int_{a}^{c} f(x)dx$$

Exr0n · 2020-2021 Page 1 of 2

## 1.3 | 1.4

$$\int_{a}^{b} x^{2} dx = \lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=0}^{n} \frac{b-a}{n} \left(a+k\frac{b-a}{n}\right)^{2}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{b-a}{n} \sum_{k=0}^{n} \left(a+k\frac{b-a}{n}\right)^{2}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{b-a}{n} \sum_{k=0}^{n} a^{2} + 2ak\frac{b-a}{n} + \left(k\frac{b-a}{n}\right)^{2}$$

$$= \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{b-a}{n} \sum_{k=0}^{n} a^{2}$$

Exr0n · 2020-2021 Page 2 of 2