--- author: Exr0n title: 20hist201 Unit 1 Essay Outline source: context: 20hist201 ---

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e#+TITLE: 20hist201 Unit 1 Essay Outline e#+AUTHOR: Exr0n e#+CONTEXT: 20hist201

This is attempt 9

1 | Thesis Ideas

"kennedy said that the ming and the ottomans suffered the same downfall, and while they did both ultamately struggle due to spanish silver inflation and european traders, the inflationary loop started with emperors in ming china while the ottomans just kinda got stomped + janissaries weren't vere patriotic"

Although the economies of both the Ottoman and Ming empires suffered due to spiraling inflation and European trade, their misfortunes were not as similar as Kennedy suggests: the Ottomans' overstretched military was undermined by Europeans trading silver while the Mings' internal inflation spiral forced trade with and ultimately destruction by Europeans.

2 | Body 1 Choice A

2.1 | **Topic**

Kennedy said the ming and the ottomans suffered the same downfall due to centralization and economic troubles.

2.2 | Evidence

- "the ottomans were to falter ... strikingly similar Ming decline" (Kennedy 11)
- "The system as a whole, like that of Ming China, increasingly suffered from some of the defects of being centralized, despotic, and severely orthodox in it's attitude toward initiative dissent, and commerce." (Kennedy 11)
- · "dislike trade" similarities
 - "Merchants ant entrepreneurs (nearly all of whom were foreigners), who earlier had been encouraged, now found themselves subject to unpredictable taxes and outright seizures of property" (Kennedy 12)
 - "The mandarins had a suspicion of trader" (Kennedy 8)
 - "The mandarins dislike of commerce and private capital ..." (Kennedy 8)

3 | Body 1 Choice B

3.1 | **Topic**

Both the Ming and Ottoman empires suffered from viscious cycles of economic weakness and civil unrest.

3.2 | Evidence

3.2.1 | Ming

1. Mann inflation ming: civil unrest

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- "The entirely unsurprising result was a delirium of smuggling (if business is outlawed, only outlaws will do business)." (Mann 128)
- 1557 wokou struck back, "overwhelming all the resistence, the wokou 'abducted more than a thousdand people and burned more than a thousand homes.'" (Mann 133)
- 2. Mann ming trade: unstable economy
 - "'Coins recieved in the morning couldn't be used by evening,' explained a central-China gazetteer 1606." (Mann 137)
 - "the preferred money flipped arbitrarily from one Song emperor to another."

4 | **Body 2**

4.1 | **Topic**

Europeans used soft power to force the Ottoman empire into trading agreements that caused cripling inflation.

4.2 | Evidence

5 | **Body 3**

5.1 | **Topic**

China opened up to European trade to reverse it's existing deflationary spiral.

5.2 | Evidence

5.2.1 | **DBQ doc 3**

Paraphrase: grain price dropped despite poor havests due to the deflation of silver. "As the price of grain falls, tillers of the soil recieve lower returns on their labors, and thus less land is put into cultivation."

6 | Conclusion

China's new link with Europe ultamately resulted in Europe targeting and destroying China with hard power

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