#### Source:

# 1 | Definitions

# 1.1 | Linear Map

A linear map is a function/map from one vector space to another such that it satisfies the properties of additivity and homogeneity. Notationally, a linear map  $T \in \mathcal{L}(V,W)$  satisfies  $T(a)+T(b)=T(a+b): a,b \in V$  and  $\lambda Ta=T(\lambda a): \lambda \in \mathbb{F}, a \in V$ 

## 1.2 | Null Space

The null space of a linear map is the space of vectors that are sent to 0 by T, aka  $\{v: v \in V \land Tv = 0\}$ 

### 1.3 | Column Space

The column space of a linear map is the subspace of the codomain that is an output to the map, aka  $\{w: Tv=w, v\in V, w\in W\}$ 

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