

## 1 | Problem

Suppose  $T \in \mathcal{L}(V)$ . Prove that  $T/(\text{null } T)$  is injective if and only if  $(\text{null } T) \cap (\text{range } T) = \{0\}$

## 2 | Proof

First, we will rewrite the problem as logical statements for easier manipulation. The left-hand side " $T/(\text{null } T)$  is injective" is equivalent to:

$$\begin{aligned} T/(\text{null } T)(v + (\text{null } T)) &= (\text{null } T) \iff v + (\text{null } T) = (\text{null } T) \\ Tv + (\text{null } T) &= \text{null } T \iff \end{aligned}$$