Source: [KBHistoryMasterIndex]

## 1 | Qing in the 1500s

## #flo #disorganized

- · Akbar's rule of the Mughals
  - · Tried to align his subject's interests to the Mughal's interest
  - Goal was to maintain adequate compensation and preventing officials form unjust enrichment by overtaxing the peasants who could then not work on government projects
    - · Directed administration to award land revenue salary instead of assigning land
    - · Value of government official based on cost w.r.t. operating military men
      - a local commander = 500 men
      - a provincial government = 5000 men
    - · First model of separation of powers between government and military
    - · Prevented financial corruptiona
      - · Made constant transfers and deferrals
      - · Prevented passing on of wealth to offspring
    - · His minister, Todar Mal, made tax collection proportional to value generation
      - So bad crop year could pay less tax
      - · Prevented overluxuriation and benefitted peseants
  - Favored appointement of native born over foreign due to pledges of loyalty to Mughal state: promoting religious indignity
- · CLAIM: Melded together Mughal and indigenous elites
  - Encouraged intermarriage
  - · Reformes aimed at selling Mughal to other people
  - All official appointments are treated as gifts from the emperor
  - · Gave grants to Muslim and Hindu cultural institutions
  - · Supported the arts and sciences
- · Akbar made empire popular by pimping it up
  - · Improved living quaters
  - Regulation of school
  - System of laws
  - · Challenged the patriarchy and improved the role of woman