

Source:

1 | **rand ideas in other sciences**

1.1 | **theory of matter**

1.2 | **big bang theory**

1.3 | **newtons laws**

1.4 | **conservation of matter / energy**

1.5 | **cell theory**

1.6 | **evolution**

1.7 | **math**

1.7.1 | **finding relationships (abstract things)**

2 | **what do those grand theories do?**

2.1 | **describe invariant relationships like $E=mc^2$**

2.2 | **define limits on what is possible and what isn't**

2.3 | **emergent properties from computational systems that are difficult to predict**

3 | **how does computing let us do similar things to laws and theories in science?**

4 | **computational complexity theory**

4.1 | **how long it takes to compute the answer as a function of the input size**

4.2 | **overview of presentation**

4.2.1 | **methods for determining computational complexity**

4.2.2 | **wide variation in complexity of diff problems**

4.2.3 | **computationally hard problems are very difficult**

4.2.4 | **some problems have not yet been proven**

4.2.5 | **problems have been grouped into equivalence classes**

5 | **big O notation**

5.1 | **approximate run time (not exact)**

5.2 | **how the time scales/changes**

2. structure and interpretation of computer programs source recommended