## 1 | Silicon

- 1.1 | refirenry
- 1.1.1 | from sand
- 1.1.2 | melted
- 1.1.3 | small molten crystal "seed" lower into a vat
- 1.1.4 | crystal forms
- 1.1.5 | pull cylander from molten reigon
- 1.1.6 | ground to form ingots
- 1.1.7 | sawed with diamond blade to form wafers
- 1.1.8 | wafer scrubbed
- 1.1.9 edges rounded and surfaces ground smooth and to create uniform thickness
- 1.1.10 | rinsed and etched in "chemicals" to remove impurities
- 1.1.11 | final polish on one side of the wafer
- 1.2 | structure
- 1.2.1 | cubic atomic structure
- 1.2.2 4 electrons valence shell
- 1.2.3 perfect crystal will have no holes
- 1.2.4 | but at room temperature, free electrons can conduct
- 1.3 | impurities called dopants
- 1.3.1 | negative
  - 1. arsenic or phospherus
  - 2. one more valence
  - 3. n type crystal because negative free carriers
- 1.3.2 positive
  - 1. boron
  - 2. missing electron acts like positive carrier, "hole"

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## 1.3.3 | silicon can be either good or poor conductor (semiconductor)

1. controlled by concentration of dopant

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