Source: [KBhPHYS201CircuitCalculations]

# 1 | Kirkoff's Laws

Here's a circuit:

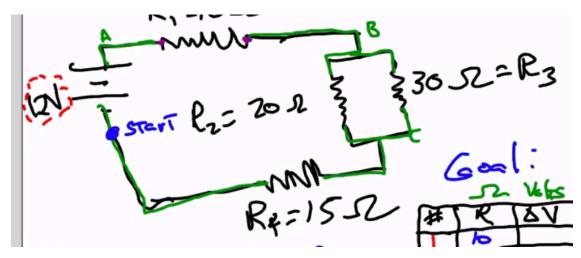


Figure 1: Screen Shot 2020-09-14 at 10.38.44 AM.png

## Kirkoff's First Law

### Sum of voltage in any closed loop should add up to 0

As in, the sum of all voltage changes from Start => Start will add up to 0.

#### Kirkoff's Second law

#### Net current flowing into a node is 0

With a current  $i_0$ , when it flows into a junction like B, the current  $i_0$  splits into  $i_2$  and  $i_3$  So, to calculate the resistance and current at every point o

START at start

- +12•  $-I_1*10$  (per  $I=\frac{\Delta V}{resistance}$ )
   $-I_2*20$
- $-I_1 * 15$
- $\bullet = 0$

 $I_1 - I_2 - I_3 = 0$ , per Kirerbab's Second Law.