Revolving Shapes May 11, 2021

## 1 | an example: semicircle revolved around the x-axis to create a sphere

We can make cuts perpendicular to the axis of rotation. In this case, you end up with a bunch of circular disks, where the height of each slice is your semicircle function.

Thus, the volume of the disk is

$$\pi f^2(x_i)\Delta x = (a^2 - x^2)\pi \Delta x$$

This is kinda like a Riemann Sum, but with more stuff added on. We can take the limit of the sum

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sum_{k=1}^{n} \pi (a^2 - x_i^2) \Delta x$$

Where  $\Delta x = \frac{1}{n}$  and  $x_i = -a + \frac{2ak}{n}$ 

Expressed as an integral:

$$\int_{-a}^{a} \pi(a^{2} - x^{2}) dx \to \int \pi a^{2} dx - \int \pi x^{2} dx$$

$$= \pi a^{2} x - \pi \frac{1}{3} x^{3}$$

$$\to \pi a^{3} - \pi \frac{1}{3} a^{3} + \pi a^{3} + \pi \frac{1}{3} (-a)^{3}$$

$$= 2\pi a^{3} - \pi \frac{2}{3} a^{3}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3} \pi a^{3}$$

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