Source:

## 1 | cube root

## 1.1 | approximation

$$(1+x)^{\frac{1}{3}} \to \frac{1}{3}(1+x)^{\frac{-2}{3}}$$

at x = 0 is

$$\frac{1}{3}(1+0)^{...} = \frac{1}{3}$$

so the linear approximation is

$$y = m(x - 0) + f(0) = \frac{1}{3}x + 1$$