

Desmos graphs

4 | witch of Maria Agnesi

Let B be the center of the orange circle with radius a , let D be the closest point to C on the x-axis, and let Q be the closest point to A on the y-axis.

4.1 | $x(t)$

$$\begin{aligned}\tan \theta &= \frac{\overline{CD}}{\overline{OD}} \\ \cot \theta &= \frac{\overline{OD}}{\overline{CD}} \\ \overline{CD} \cot \theta &= \overline{OD} \\ 2a \cot \theta &= x\end{aligned}$$

4.2 | $y(t)$

First, note that the distances

$$\overline{AB} = \overline{BO} = a$$

$$\begin{aligned}\angle AOB &= 90 - \theta \\ \angle OAB &= 90 - \theta \quad (\text{isocelase triangle}) \\ \angle ABO &= 2\theta\end{aligned}$$

5 | something

8 | swallowtail catastrophe curves

Defined by

$$\begin{aligned}x &= 2ct - 4t^3 \\ y &= -ct^2 + 3t^4\end{aligned}$$

8.1 | features

8.1.1 | approaches a parabola-like shape above the y-axis

8.1.2 | approaches a parabola-like shape below the x-axis if $c > 0$

8.1.3 | has a cross-over in a triangle shape

1. gets bigger when c gets bigger

8.1.4 | it looks like a dorito that scales with the value of c

1. as c approaches zero from the positive direction, the swallowtail gets smaller

9 | Lissajous Figures

Defined by

$$\begin{aligned}x &= a \sin(nt) \\ y &= b \cos t\end{aligned}$$

9.1 | features

9.1.1 | **spring-like coil shape (almost like standing waves) with tighter "loops" at the ends**

9.1.2 | a, b **control the size of the coil (default $-1 \leq x, y \leq 1$ because of range of \sin, \cos)**

9.1.3 | **number of y-intercepts is $n + 1$ except in the degenerate cases $n \leq 0$**