

Metadasses

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Metaclasses How to Silently Extend Classes (Part 2)

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Metaclasses The Metaclass Model

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Classes Are Instances of type

[11:44]cazzola@ulik:-/esercizi-pa>python3
>>> from circle import *
>>> type(circle)
<class 'type'>
>>> circle..._class...
<class 'type'>
>>> c ericle(3)

>>> type(c)
<class 'circle.circle'>
>> c._class_'
<class 'circle.circle'>
>> type([])
<class 'list'>
>>> type(type([]))
<class 'type'>

Metaclasses Are Subclasses of type

- type is a class that generates user-defined classes.
- Metaclasses are subclasses of the type class.
- Class objects are instances of the type class, or a subclass thereof.
- Instance objects are generated from a class.

Class Statement Protocol

- at the end of class statement, after filling __dict__, python calls

class = type(classname, superclasses, attributedict)

to create the class object.

type Object defines a __call__ operator that calls __new__ (to create class Objects) and __init__ (to create instance Objects) when type Object is called



Metaclasses What's a Metaclass?

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Metaclasses are a mechanism to gain a high-level of control over how a set of classes work.

- They permit to intercept and augment class creation;
- they provide an API to insert extra-logic at the end of class statement;
- they provide a general protocol to manage class objects in a pro-

Note.

- the added logic does not reaind the class name to a decorator callable, but rather routes creation of the class itself to specialized logic
- metaclasses add code to be run at class creation time and not at instance creation time

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Metaclasses

The Metaclass Declaring & Coding

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Declaring Metaclasses

To create a class with a custom metaclass you have just to list the desired metaclass as a keyword argument in the class header.

class Spam(metaclass=Meta): pass

Coding Metaclasses

- subtype type
- override __new__, __init__ and __call__ operators



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Metaclasses The Metaclass Declaring & Coding (Cont'd)

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```
class MetaOne(type):
    def __new__(meta, classname, supers, classdict):
         print('In MetaOne.new: ', classname, supers, classdict, sep='\n...')
          return type.__new__(meta, classname, supers, classdict)
    def __init__(Class, classname, supers, classdict):
         print('In \ MetaOne \ init:', \ classname, \ supers, \ classdict, \ sep='\n...')
         print('...init class object:', list(Class.__dict__.keys()))
class Eggs: pass
print('making class')
class Spam(Eggs, metaclass=MetaOne):
                                            # Inherits from Eggs, instance of Meta
    data = 1
                                            # Class data attribute
    def meth(self, arg): pass
                                            # Class method attribute
print('making instance')
X = Spam()
nrint('data:' X data)
[17:13]cazzola@ulik:~/esercizi-pa/metaclass>python3 metaone.py
making class
In MetaOne.new
...(<class '__main__.Eggs'>,)
 ...{'__module__': '__main__', 'data': 1, 'meth': <function meth at 0xb79d99ac>}
In MetaOne init:
...Spam
...(<class '__main__.Eggs'>,)
...{'__module__': '__main__', 'data': 1, 'meth': <function meth at 0xb79d99ac>}
 ...init class object: ['__module__', 'data', 'meth', '__doc__']
making instance
data: 1
```

Metaclasses Metaclass-Based Augmentation

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```
def eggsfunc(obj): return obj.value * 4
def hamfunc(obj, value): return value + 'ham'
class Extender(type):
    def __new__(meta, classname, supers, classdict):
        classdict['eggs'] = eggsfunc
        classdict['ham'] = hamfunc
        return type.__new__(meta, classname, supers, classdict)
class Client1(metaclass=Extender):
    def __init__(self, value): self.value = value
    def spam(self): return self.value * 2
class Client2(metaclass=Extender): value = 'ni?'
X = Client1('Ni!')
print(X.spam())
print(X.eggs())
print(X.ham('bacon'))
Y = Client2()
print(Y.eggs())
print(Y.ham('bacon'))
[18:01]cazzola@ulik:~/esercizi-pa/metaclass>python3 extender.py
NilNil
NilNilNilNil
baconham
ni?ni?ni?ni?
```



Metaclasses Metaclasses vs Superclasses

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In spite of the syntax meta- and superclasses are quite different

- Metaclasses inherit from the type class
- Metaclass declarations are inherited by subclasses
- Metaclass attributes are not inherited by class instances

```
class MetaOne(type):
    def __new__(meta, classname, supers, classdict):
                                                                     # Redefine type method
        print('In MetaOne.new:', classname)
         return type.__new__(meta, classname, supers, classdict)
    def toast(self):
        print('toast')
class Super(metaclass=MetaOne):
                                            # Metaclass inherited by subs too
                                            # MetaOne run twice for two classes
    def spam(self):
        print('spam')
class C(Super):
                                           # Superclass: inheritance versus instance
    def eggs(self):
                                           # Classes inherit from superclasses
         print('eggs')
                                           # But not from metclasses
X = C()
X.eggs()
                # Defined in C
X.spam()
               # Inherited from Super
               # Not inherited from metaclass
X.toast()
```

[17:29]cazzola@ulik:~/esercizi-pa/metaclass>python3 MetaAndSuper.py In MetaOne.new: Super In MetaOne.new: C eggs Traceback (most recent call last): File "MetaAndSuper.py", line 16, in <module> X.toast() # Not inherited from metaclass AttributeError: 'C' object has no attribute 'toast'

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Metaclasses Applying Decorators to Methods

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[21:18]cazzola@ulik:~/aux_work/projects/python/esercizi-pa/metaclass/decorators>ls __init__.py timer.py tracer.py

```
import time
                                                          onCall.alltime = 0
                                                          return onCall
def timer(label='', trace=True):
                                                        return onDecorator
 def onDecorator(func):
   def onCall(*args, **kargs):
                                                      def tracer(func):
     start = time.clock()
                                                        calls = 0
     result = func(*args, **kargs)
                                                        def onCall(*args, **kwargs):
     elapsed = time.clock() - start
                                                          nonlocal calls
     onCall.alltime += elapsed
                                                          calls += 1
     print('{0}{1}: {2:.5f}, {3:.5f}'.format(
                                                          print('call {0} to {1}'.\
       label, func.__name__, elapsed, onCall.alltime))
                                                               format(calls, func.__name__))
      return result
                                                          return func(*args, **kwargs)
                                                        return onCall
```



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```
from decorators.tracer import tracer
class Person:
    def __init__(self, name, pay):
        self.name = name
        self.pay = pay
    @tracer
    def giveRaise(self, percent): # giveRaise = tracer(giverRaise)
        self.pay *= (1.0 + percent) # onCall remembers giveRaise
    @tracer
    def lastName(self):
                                     # lastName = tracer(lastName)
        return self.name.split()[-1]
bob = Person('Bob Smith', 50000)
sue = Person('Sue Jones', 100000)
print(bob.name, sue.name)
                                     # Runs onCall(sue. .10)
sue.giveRaise(.10)
print(sue.pay)
print(bob.lastName(), sue.lastName()) # Runs onCall(bob), remembers lastName
[21:30]cazzola@ulik:~/esercizi-pa/metaclass>python3 Person1.py
call 1 to __init__
call 2 to __init__
Bob Smith Sue Jones
call 1 to giveRaise
110000.0
call 1 to lastName
call 2 to lastName
Smith Jones
```

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```
from types import FunctionType
                                                        print(bob.name, sue.name)
from decorators.tracer import tracer
                                                        sue.giveRaise(.10)
from decorators timer import timer
                                                        print(sue.pay)
                                                        print(bob.lastName(), sue.lastName())
def decorateAll(decorator):
  class MetaDecorate(type):
    def __new__(meta, classname, supers, classdict):
                                                           metaclass=decorateAll(timer(label='**'))):
      for attr. attrval in classdict.items():
       if type(attryal) is FunctionType:
          classdict[attr] = decorator(attrval)
                                                       print('--- timer')
                                                        bob = Person('Bob Smith', 50000)
        type.__new__(meta, classname, supers, classdict)sue = Person('Sue Jones', 100000)
  return MetaDecorate
                                                       print(bob.name, sue.name)
                                                        sue diveRaise( 10)
class Person(metaclass=decorateAll(tracer)):
                                                       nrint(sue.pay)
                                                        print(bob.lastName(), sue.lastName())
                                                        print('{0:.5f}'.format(Person.__init__.alltime))
                                                        print('{0:.5f}'.format(Person.giveRaise.alltime))
print('--- tracer')
bob = Person('Bob Smith', 50000)
                                                       print('{0:.5f}'.format(Person.lastName.alltime))
sue = Person('Sue Jones', 100000)
[21:47]cazzola@ulik:~/esercizi-pa/metaclass>python3 Person3.py
--- tracer
                                                        --- timer
call 1 to __init__
                                                        **__init__: 0.00000, 0.00000
call 2 to __init__
                                                        **__init__: 0.00000, 0.00000
Bob Smith Sue Jones
                                                        Bob Smith Sue Jones
call 1 to giveRaise
                                                        **giveRaise: 0.00000, 0.00000
110000.0
                                                        110000.0
call 1 to lastName
                                                        **lastName: 0.00000, 0.00000
call 2 to lastName
                                                        **lastName: 0.00000, 0.00000
Smith Jones
                                                        Smith Jones
                                                        0.00000
                                                        0.00000
                                                        0 00000
```



Metaclasses Applying Decorators to Methods

Metaclasses from types import FunctionType from decorators.tracer import tracer Natter Cazzola class MetaTrace(type): def __new__(meta, classname, supers, classdict): for attr, attrval in classdict.items(): if type(attrval) is FunctionType: classdict[attr] = tracer(attrval) return type.__new__(meta, classname, supers, classdict) class Person(metaclass=MetaTrace): def init (self, name, nav): self name = name metadasses at work self.pav = pav def giveRaise(self, percent): self.pay *= (1.0 + percent)def lastName(self): return self.name.split()[-1] bob = Person('Bob Smith', 50000) sue = Person('Sue Jones', 100000) print(bob.name, sue.name) sue.giveRaise(.10) print(sue.pay) print(bob.lastName(), sue.lastName())

> call 2 to __init__ Bob Smith Sue Jones call 1 to giveRaise 110000.0

[21:45]cazzola@ulik:~/esercizi-pa/metaclass>python3 Person2.py

110000.0 call 1 to lastName call 2 to lastName Smith Jones

call 1 to __init__

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