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// This program uses a selection sort to arrange an array of integers in
// ascending order
// MICHAEL STEELE
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
// function prototypes
void selectionSortArray(int[], int);
void displayArray(int[], int);
const int SIZE = 8;
int main()
{
       int values[SIZE] = { 23, 0, 45, -3, -78, 1, -1, 9 };
       cout << "The values before the selection sort is performed are:" << endl;</pre>
       displayArray(values, SIZE);
       selectionSortArray(values, SIZE);
       cout << "The values after the selection sort is performed are:" << endl;</pre>
       displayArray(values, SIZE);
       return 0;
}
//*********************
//
       displayArray
// task: to print the array
// data in: the array to be printed, the array size
// data out: none
void displayArray(int array[], int elems) // function heading
      // Displays array
       for (int count = 0; count < elems; count++)</pre>
             cout << array[count] << " ";
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cout << endl;
}
//************************************
       selectionSortArray
// task: to sort values of an array in ascending order
// data in: the array, the array size
// data out: the sorted array
void selectionSortArray(int array[], int elems)
{
       int seek;
                           // array position currently being put in order
       int minCount; // location of smallest value found
       int minValue; // holds the smallest value found
       for (seek = 0; seek < (elems - 1); seek++) // outer loop performs the swap</pre>
                                                                                   // and
then increments seek
              minCount = seek:
              minValue = array[seek];
              for (int index = seek + 1; index < elems; index++)</pre>
                     // inner loop searches through array
                     // starting at array[seek] searching
                     // for the smallest value. When the
                     // value is found, the subscript is
                     // stored in minCount. The value is
                     // stored in minValue.
                     if (array[index] > minValue)
                            minValue = array[index];
                            minCount = index:
                     }
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}
               // the following two statements exchange the value of the
               // element currently needing the smallest value found in the
               // pass(indicated by seek) with the smallest value found
               // (located in minValue)
               array[minCount] = array[seek];
               array[seek] = minValue;
               for(int i = 0; i < elems; i++)
               {
       cout << array[i] << " ";
               cout << "swap " << seek+1 << endl;</pre>
       }
The values before the selection sort is performed are:
23 0 45 -3 -78 1 -1 9
45 0 23 -3 -78 1 -1 9 swap 1
45 23 0 -3 -78 1 -1 9 swap 2
45 23 9 -3 -78 1 -1 0 swap 3
45 23 9 1 -78 -3 -1 0 swap 4
45 23 9 1 0 -3 -1 -78 swap 5
45 23 9 1 0 -1 -3 -78 swap 6
45 23 9 1 0 -1 -3 -78 swap 7
The values after the selection sort is performed are:
45 23 9 1 0 -1 -3 -78
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 0.062 s
Press any key to continue.
```