

```

#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
using namespace std;

// This program reads records from a file. The file contains the
// following: student's name, two test grades and final exam grade.
// It then prints this information to the screen.

// Michael Steele

const int NAMESIZE = 15;
const int MAXRECORDS = 50;

struct Grades // declares a structure
{
    char name[NAMESIZE + 1];
    int test1;
    int test2;
    int final;
    char letter;
};

typedef Grades gradeType;
// This makes gradeType a data type
// that holds MAXRECORDS
// Grades structures.

// FILL IN THE CODE FOR THE PROTOTYPE OF THE FUNCTION ReadIt
// WHERE THE FIRST ARGUMENT IS AN INPUT FILE, THE SECOND IS THE
// ARRAY OF RECORDS, AND THE THIRD WILL HOLD THE NUMBER OF RECORDS
// CURRENTLY IN THE ARRAY.
void readIt(ifstream &.gradeType *, int &);
char letter(int test1, int test2, int final);

int main()
{
    ifstream indata;

    indata.open("graderoll.txt");

    int numRecord;        // number of records read in

```

```

gradeType studentRecord[MAXRECORDS];

if (!indata)
{
    cout << "Error opening file. \n";
    cout << "It may not exist where indicated" << endl;

    return 1;
}

readIt(indata,studentRecord,numRecord);

// output the information
for (int count = 0; count < numRecord; count++)
{
    cout << studentRecord[count].name << setw(10)
        << studentRecord[count].test1
        << setw(10) << studentRecord[count].test2;
    cout << setw(10) << studentRecord[count].final ;
    cout << "          " << "Final grade " << studentRecord[count].letter << endl;
}

return 0;
}

//*****
//      readIt
//
//      task:   This procedure reads records into an array of
//              records from an input file and keeps track of the
//              total number of records
//      data in: data file containing information to be placed in
//              the array
//      data out: an array of records and the number of records
//
//*****

void readIt(ifstream &indata, gradeType *gradeRec ,int &total)// FILL IN THE CODE FOR THE
FORMAL PARAMETERS AND THEIR
// DATA TYPES.
// inData, gradeRec and total are the formal parameters
// total is passed by reference)

```

```

{
    total = 0;

    indata.get(gradeRec[total].name, NAMESIZE);

    while (indata)
    {
        // FILL IN THE CODE TO READ test1
        indata >> gradeRec[total].test1;

        // FILL IN THE CODE TO READ test2
        indata >> gradeRec[total].test2;

        // FILL IN THE CODE TO READ final
        indata >> gradeRec[total].final;
        gradeRec[total].letter =
letter(gradeRec[total].test1, gradeRec[total].test2, gradeRec[total].final);
        total++;          // add one to total

        // FILL IN THE CODE TO CONSUME THE END OF LINE
        char eat;
        indata.get(eat);

        // FILL IN THE CODE TO READ name
        indata.get(gradeRec[total].name, NAMESIZE);

    }
}

char letter(int test1, int test2, int final)
{
    int avg = 0.3 * test1 + 0.3 * test2 + 0.4 * final;
    if (avg >= 90)
        return 'A';
    else if (avg >= 80)
        return 'B';
    else if (avg >= 70)
        return 'C';
    else if (avg >= 60)
        return 'D';
    else
        return 'F';
}

```

}